

**Test Bank for Deviance Conformity and Social Control
in Canada Canadian 4th Edition by Bereska ISBN
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Chapter 2: Explaining Deviance: The Act

- 1) Social theories of crime largely replaced biological theories of crime by the mid-20th century. a. True
b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Easy

Type: TF

Page Reference: 33 Skill:

F

- 2) In the social sciences multiple theories exist simultaneously. a.
True
b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Easy

Type: TF

Page Reference: 33

Topic: F

3) Deviance specialists who lean toward the more “objective” side of the objective/subjective continuum find *interpretive* theories to be the most useful in their analyses. a. True
b. False

Answer: b

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 33-35

Skill: C

4) Positivist theorists attempt to understand deviant acts by looking to cause and effect relationships. a. True
b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 36 Skill:

C

5) According to Emile Durkheim, a certain level of deviance is functional for society.
a. True
b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Easy

Type: TF

Page Reference: 37-41

Skill: F

6) In Robert Merton’s *anomie* and *strain* theories, “deinstitutionalization of the means” refers to cases where society’s emphasis on the legitimate means is greater than its emphasis on the institutionalized goals. a. True
b. False

Answer: b

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 43

Skill: C

7) According to Agnew’s *general strain theory*, strain must be accompanied by negative emotions in order for deviance to emerge. a. True

b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 46

Skill: C

8) According to empirical tests of Agnew's *general strain theory*, women who are very successful at goal achievement are more likely to engage in purging, because of their intense perfectionism. a. True

b. False

Answer: b

Diff: Challenging

Type: TF

Page Reference: 46-47

Skill: C

9) Cohen's theory of status frustration is categorized as both a *subcultural theory* and a *functionalist theory*.

a. True

b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Easy

Type: TF

Page Reference: 47

Skill: F

10) One of the weaknesses of Merton's *strain theory*, *differential association theory*, and Cohen's theory of *status frustration* is that they all traditionally identify deviance and criminality as lower-class phenomena. a. True

b. False

Answer: b

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 48

Skill: C

11) According to Parnaby and Sacco's (2004) research on celebrity and strain, *culture jamming* is an example of Merton's "rebellion" mode of adaptation. a. True

b. False

Answer: a
Diff: Moderate
Type: TF
Page Reference: 51
Skill: C/A

12) Lauritsen (1994) found that *strain* increases sexual activity among African-American females, but not among African-American males. a. True
b. False

Answer: a
Diff: Moderate
Type: TF
Page Reference: 60
Skill: F

13) According to Sutherland's *differential association theory*, deviant behaviour is learned through the same process through which conforming behaviour is learned. a. True
b. False

Answer: a
Diff: Easy
Type: TF
Page Reference: 53
Skill: C

14) According to *social learning theory*, all behaviour is due, in part, to differential association. a. True
b. False

Answer: a
Diff: Easy
Type: TF
Page Reference: 53
Skill: C

15) In exploring how techniques of neutralization may vary across contexts, Buzzell (2005) found that fireworks consumers who lived where fireworks were illegal were more likely to agree with the statement that fireworks "don't really hurt anyone" than were consumers who lived where fireworks were legal. a. True
b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 58

Skill: F

16) *Social learning theory* has been criticized for conflating pre-act techniques of neutralization with post-act techniques of justification. a. True
b. False

Answer: b

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 58 Skill:

F

17) The *general theory of crime* is also known as *self-control theory*. a.
True
b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Easy

Type: TF

Page Reference: 61

Skill: F

18) Social control theorists claim that deviant behaviour is inherently unattractive, so strong motives for deviance must be learned before deviant behaviour will occur. a.
True
b. False

Answer: b

Diff: Moderate

Type: TF

Page Reference: 59

Skill: C

19) The concept of *self-control* is central to the explanation of deviance found in Hirschi's *social bonds theory*. a. True
b. False

Answer: b Diff:

Easy

Type: TF

Page Reference: 60

Skill: C

20) According to the *general theory of crime*, low levels of self-control are relatively stable throughout life. a. True
b. False

Answer: a
Diff: Moderate
Type: TF
Page Reference: 61
Skill: C

21) Jones and Quisenberry (2004) found that low levels of self-control are associated with antisocial deviant behaviours (e.g. risky driving) in some people, but with adventure-seeking behaviours (e.g. skydiving) in others. a. True
b. False

Answer: a
Diff: Moderate
Type: TF
Page Reference: 61
Skill: F

22) According to the *general theory of crime*, deviance is the result of learning within small groups. a. True
b. False

Answer: b Diff:
Easy
Type: TF
Page Reference: 61-62
Skill: C

23) Modern research using Sykes and Matza's theory on the techniques of neutralization have mostly explored major forms of law breaking such as murder. a. True
b. False

Answer: b
Diff: Challenging
Type: TF
Page Reference: 54
Skill: A

24) Positivist theories are fundamentally interested in explaining why people act in particular ways. a. True
b. False

Answer: a

Diff: Easy

Type: TF

Page Reference: 36 Skill:

C

- 25) Which of the following types of theories are utilized in the study of deviance? a.
general sociological theories
b. criminological theories
c. interdisciplinary theories
d. feminist theories
e. sociological theories, criminological theories, interdisciplinary theories, and feminist theories are all used in the study of deviance

Answer: e

Diff: Easy Type:

MC

Page Reference: 33 Skill:

C

- 26) Which category of theory is most concerned with *why* people act in deviant ways? a.
Positivist
b. Interpretive
c. Critical
d. Marxist
e. Postmodern

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 35 Skill:

C

- 27) Which of the following is a characteristic of *positivist* theories? a.
emancipatory interest
b. technical interest in the mastery of the environment
c. value-orienting foundation
d. foundation in symbolic dialogue
e. interest in events that may be unique and unrepeatabe

Answer: b

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 36 Skill:
C

- 28) Which theories are the most concerned with the maintenance of the social order? a. social control theories
b. learning theories
c. functionalist theories
d. postmodern theories
e. power-reflexive theories

Answer: c

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 37

Skill: C

- 29) What is the functionalist perspective of society's rules? a. rules are made to be broken
b. society's rules reproduce patriarchy
c. society's rules are determined by powerful groups in society
d. there is general consensus about what society's rules should be
e. there is conflict over what society's rules should be

Answer: d

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 37

Skill: C

- 30) Which of the following theories includes the claim that traditional gender roles, wherein women perform expressive tasks and men perform instrumental tasks, ensure that the family division of labour is done efficiently? a. functionalist theories
b. learning theories
c. social control theories
d. power-reflexive theories
e. feminist theories

Answer: a

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 41 Skill:

A

- 31) According to functionalist theorists, after people “let off steam” through minor acts of deviance, various processes motivate them to return to their acceptable roles in society. Which process would include sending someone to jail? a. Socialization
b. profit
c. persuasion
d. Coercion
e. Internalization

Answer: d
Diff: Moderate
Type: MC
Page Reference: 38
Skill: A

- 32) Which function of deviance is served by collectively manufacturing an *evil enemy image* directed at “terrorists”?
a. helping society determine its moral boundaries
b. reducing societal tensions by “letting off steam”
c. increasing social solidarity
d. testing society’s boundaries
e. preventing harm

Answer: c
Diff: Challenging
Type: MC
Page Reference: 38-39
Skill: A

- 33) In some communities in Russia today, there is a growing problem of substance abuse, due to
a. enhanced social cohesion under capitalism.
b. greater moral regulation under capitalism.
c. more freedom of travel across borders under capitalism.
d. anomic disorder creating a greater demand for substances.
e. the need to reduce societal tensions by “letting off steam.”

Answer: d
Diff: Challenging
Type: MC
Page Reference: 41
Skill: A

34) According to Durkheim's functionalist theory, in what type of society is deviance the most likely to exceed functional levels?

- a. society characterized by mechanical solidarity
- b. society characterized by rapid social change
- c. society where a small group of people have most of the social power
- d. society where social bonds become too tight
- e. society characterized by multiple dimensions of inequality

Answer: b

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 41 Skill:

C

35) According to Merton's *strain theory*, what causes deviance?

- a. a gap between institutionalized goals and illegitimate means of achieving those goals b. structure of society
- c. availability of illegitimate opportunities
- d. breakdown of social bonds due to rapid social change
- e. the need to reduce societal tensions by "letting off steam."

Answer: b Diff:

Easy Type: MC

Page Reference: 42 Skill:

C

36) Despite his best efforts, Chris has been unemployed for more than two years. He has finally decided that there is no point in pursuing the "American Dream" anymore. He stops looking for a job, and sits at home drinking beer all day long. Which *mode of adaptation* is he engaging in?

- a. conformity
- b. rebellion
- c. ritualism
- d. retreatism
- e. innovation

Answer: d

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 44

Skill: A

37) How does Cloward and Ohlin's *differential opportunity theory* compare to Merton's *strain theory*?

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- a. strain theory proposes that there are structural differences in access to legitimate opportunities, but differential opportunity theory disagrees
- b. strain theory proposes that there are structural differences in access to legitimate opportunities, and differential opportunity theory agrees
- c. strain theory proposes that there are structural differences in access to illegitimate opportunities, but differential opportunity theory disagrees
- d. strain theory proposes that there are structural differences in access to illegitimate opportunities, and differential opportunity theory agrees
- e. differential opportunity theory proposes that there are structural differences in access to legitimate opportunities, but strain theory disagrees

Answer: b

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 45-46

Skill: C

- 38) Cherise lives in a neighbourhood where there is an organized group of people involved in selling illegal weapons to rival gangs. Seeing an opportunity to make some money, Cherise joins this group of weapons dealers. According to Cloward and Ohlin's *differential opportunity theory*, what type of group has Cherise joined? a. "conflict gang"
- b. "retreatist gang"
 - c. "criminal gang"
 - d. "criminal collectivity"
 - e. "conflict collectivity"

Answer: c

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 46

Skill: A

- 39) Which of the following theories best explains why university students who place a high value on academic work, but have GPAs below 3.0 and score high on measures of depression, are most likely to use "homework drugs"? a. differential opportunity theory
- b. Agnew's general strain theory
 - c. self-control theory
 - d. social learning theory
 - e. Merton's strain theory

Answer: b

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 46-47 Skill:

A

40) Which of the following statements about *microanomie* is true?

- a. microanomie refers to a state wherein self-enhancement values are exceeded by self-transcendence values
- b. due to gender differences in socialization, females experience more microanomie than do males
- c. self-enhancement values include equality and social justice
- d. microanomie refers to a state wherein self-transcendence values are exceeded by self-enhancement values
- e. strain results in deviance only when accompanied by negative emotions, such as anger or depression

Answer: d

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 50 Skill:

C

41) When does *status frustration* emerge?

- a. when lower-class boys are unable to live up to the middle-class measuring rod in schools
- b. when upper-class boys are unable to live up to the high expectations their parents have of them
- c. when there is a gap between institutionalized goals and the legitimate means of achieving those goals
- d. when lower-class boys who get high grades in school become outcasts among their lower-class peers
- e. when members of the upper-class feel they must turn to corporate crime in order to achieve the goals of the corporation

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 47 Skill:

C

42) What criticisms have been directed at functionalist theories? a.

- a. they are teleological
- b. they are tautological

- c. they have a conservative bias
- d. they have an androcentric bias
- e. functionalist theories have been criticized for being teleological, tautological, conservative, and androcentric

Answer: e

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 48-49

Skill: C

- 43) Which of the following theories have been criticized for identifying deviance and criminality as lower-class phenomena? a. Merton's *strain theory*
- b. differential association theory
 - c. social bonds theory
 - d. social learning theory
 - e. self-control theory

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 50 Skill:

C

- 44) Which theory does not identify deviance and criminality as lower-class phenomena?
- a. Merton's theory of strain
 - b. differential opportunity theory
 - c. Cohen's theory of status frustration
 - d. Agnew's general strain theory
 - e. Merton's theory of anomie

Answer: d

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 49-50

Skill: C

- 45) According to Lauritsen (1994), for which of the following groups of adolescents does *strain* increase the frequency of unprotected sexual activity? a. African-American females
- b. African-American males
 - c. Caucasian females
 - d. Caucasian males

e. African-American females and males

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 60

Skill: F

46) Which of the following statements is a component of Sutherland's *differential association theory*?

- a. television, music, and movies have a substantial impact on the learning of deviance
- b. large groups have more of an influence on the learning of deviance than small groups do
- c. the more important a particular group is to the individual, the greater the influence that group will have on the learning of deviance
- d. the skills needed for deviance are learned within groups, but the motives for deviance are derived from personality factors
- e. shorter periods of interaction have more of an influence on the learning of deviance than long periods of interaction do

Answer: c

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 52-53

Skill: C

47) Sutherland's *differential association theory* proposes that groups we interact with early in life have more of an influence on the learning of deviance than groups we interact with later in life do. This is known as a. duration.

- b. priority.
- c. intensity.
- d. frequency.
- e. primacy.

Answer: b Diff:

Easy Type: MC

Page Reference: 52-53

Skill: C

48) In an interview, one female exotic dancer states the following when asked about her career: "You should see the cops when they come in. They watch us dance for an hour or two before they bust anybody...there's usually a half dozen of 'em at a time. How many cops does it take to write a ticket for lewd dancing...?" Which technique of neutralization is she using?

- a. condemning the condemners
- b. denial of the victim
- c. denial of injury
- d. denial of responsibility
- e. appealing to higher loyalties

Answer: a

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 55

Skill: A

- 49) In response to the accusation that child beauty pageants attract pedophiles, the pageant contestants' mothers typically say that only someone who is "sick" themselves would even suggest that people would find these little girls "sexy". Which technique of neutralization are these mothers using?
- a. denial of injury
 - b. denial of responsibility
 - c. condemnation of the condemners
 - d. denial of the victim
 - e. appealing to higher loyalties

Answer: c

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 55

Skill: A

- 50) Some individuals who download music illegally defend their actions by saying that the music industry makes more than enough profit from the pockets of consumers. Which technique of neutralization are these individuals using?
- a. denial of injury
 - b. denial of responsibility
 - c. condemnation of the condemners
 - d. denial of the victim
 - e. appealing to higher loyalties

Answer: d

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 55 Skill:

A

- 51) Which of the following scenarios reflects *social learning theory*?
- a. Alexei begins taking anabolic steroids when he notices the muscular, popular boys at school taking them

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- b. Kristin has always had a bad relationship with her parents, and begins taking drugs
- c. a male cross-dresser rationalizes his behaviour by saying to himself, "I'm not hurting anyone"
- d. a group of low-income boys who are failing their classes start hanging out together, and begin vandalizing property
- e. Erika decides that if she is ever going to achieve the "American Dream", she is going to have to break a few rules at work

Answer: a

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 56

Skill: A

- 52) Which two theories did Piquero, Tibbits, and Blankenship integrate to explain why some MBA students said they would continue to distribute a suspected dangerous pharmaceutical, while other MBA students said they would recall that pharmaceutical? a. neutralization theory and social learning theory
- b. differential association theory and the general theory of crime
 - c. Merton's strain theory and social learning theory
 - d. neutralization theory and differential association theory
 - e. Merton's strain theory and differential association theory

Answer: d

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 59

Skill: F

- 53) During an interview for the school paper, the local high school valedictorian is asked how he managed to stay out of trouble during his teenage years. He replies, "Are you kidding? I was so busy studying, playing basketball on the school team, participating in the debating club, and volunteering with the Boys' and Girls' Club, I didn't have any time to get into trouble!" Which one of Hirschi's social bonds is reflected in his statement? a. belief
- b. involvement
 - c. commitment
 - d. attachment
 - e. self-control

Answer: b

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 60 Skill:

A

- 54) Which of the following theories is a *social control theory*? a.
differential opportunity theory
b. differential association theory
c. general theory of crime
d. general strain theory
e. neutralization theory

Answer: c

Diff: Easy Type:

MC

Page Reference: 59-62

Skill: F

- 55) According to *social bonds theory*, some people abstain from deviance because they would have too much to lose in their lives if they became deviant. This refers to the social bond of
a. belief.
b. involvement.
c. commitment.
d. attachment.
e. self-control.

Answer: c

Diff: Easy Type:

MC

Page Reference: 60

Skill: C

- 56) Which of the following statements reflects Gottfredson and Hirschi's *general theory of crime*?
a. level of self-control varies significantly during a person's lifetime
b. low levels of self-control are the result of participation in deviant peer subcultures
c. people with low levels of self-control are more likely to adhere to authority, and therefore follow society's rules
d. low levels of self-control are primarily the result of ineffective parenting
e. low levels of self-control are associated with violent crime, but high levels of self-control are associated with white-collar crime

Answer: d

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 61

Skill: C

- 57) Empirical research using the *self-control theory* has found that low levels of selfcontrol are associated with
- a. purging.
 - b. risky sexual behaviour.
 - c. a greater likelihood of being a victim of crime.
 - d. spreading rumours about others.
 - e. low levels of self-control are associated with purging, risky sexual behaviour, a greater likelihood of being a victim of crime, and spreading rumours about others.

Answer: e

Diff: Easy Type:

MC

Page Reference: 61 Skill:

F

- 58) Which theory of deviance emphasizes *self-control*? a.
- a. social learning theory
 - b. pluralist conflict theory
 - c. general theory of crime
 - d. social bonds theory
 - e. labelling theory

Answer: c

Diff: Moderate

Type: MC

Page Reference: 61

Skill: C

- 59) Kenny has just graduated University. To celebrate his recent success Kenny goes to the car dealership to purchase a car. He finds one he likes and uses the money left over from his schooling tuition that he made from selling marijuana to students to pay for it. According to Merton which mode adaption was Kenny? a. Conformity
- b. Innovation
 - c. Ritualism
 - d. Retreatism
 - e. Rebellion

Answer: b

Diff: Challenging

Type: MC

Page Reference: 42-45

Skill: A

- 60) Gottfredson and Hirschi's General Theory of Crime holds that what is central in explaining why some people are pre-disposed to deviant acts while others are not? a. Involvement
b. Commitment
c. Parent-child relationship
d. Self-Control
e. Both A and B

Answer: d Diff:
Easy Type: MC
Page Reference: 61 Skill:
C

- 61) In his *general strain theory*, Agnew believes that these 3 things cause strain: a. Unequal opportunities, status frustration and retreatism
b. Not able to achieve goals, valued stimuli are presented and negative stimuli are removed
c. Not able to achieve goals, valued stimuli are removed and negative stimuli are presented
d. When innovated adaptations occur, status frustration and when a middle class measuring rod occurs

Answer: c
Diff: Moderate
Type: MC
Page Reference: 46-47
Skill: C

- 62) Identify what *positivist*, *interpretive*, and *critical* theories each focus their analytical attention on.

Answer:
Diff: Moderate
Type: ES
Page Reference: 33-36
Skill: C

- 63) List the five techniques of neutralization addressed in *neutralization theory*, and describe the techniques that are used by individuals who download music illegally.

Answer:
Diff: Moderate
Type: ES
Page Reference: 54-56
Skill: C/A

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64) Explain the use of “homework drugs” among university students, according to Agnew’s *general strain theory*. Answer:

Diff: Easy

Type: ES

Page Reference: 46-47

Skill: C

65) Explain how Emile Durkheim would likely answer the question, “Why do people engage in deviance?” Answer:

Diff: Moderate

Type: ES

Page Reference: 38-41

Skill: C

66) According to *social learning theory*, what are the four sources of all behaviour and how can this lead to deviance?

Answer:

Diff: Moderate

Type: ES

Page Reference: 56-58

Skill: C

67) Differentiate between the behavioural and the psychological measurements of *selfcontrol*.

Answer:

Diff: Challenging

Type: ES

Page Reference: 61-62

Skill: C

68) *Differential association theory* maintains that the group interactions to which one is exposed have an impact on the learning of deviance. Explain the various types of group interactions, according to this theory.

Answer:

Diff: Moderate

Type: ES

Page Reference: 52-53

Skill: C

69) Briefly explain the difference between mechanical solidarity and organic solidarity and how the societal type would impact deviance.

Answer:

Diff: Moderate

Type: ES

Page Reference: 39-41

Skill: C/A

70) Choose a behaviour, attitude or characteristic that is often promoted and reinforced as deviant through media. Use *social learning theory* to explain how a person learns deviance through this message.

Answer:

Diff: Challenging

Type: ES

Page Reference: 56-57

Skill: A

71) Explain what Merton means when he says that the structure of society creates deviance. Describe the five modes of adaptation included in Merton's *strain theory*, and give an example of each, based upon the pursuit of fame and celebrity.

Answer:

Diff: Moderate

Type: ES

Page Reference: 42-45

Skill: C/A

72) Identify the different types of research interests of deviance specialists that lean toward the more objective end of the objective-subjective continuum and those that lean toward the more subjective end of the continuum. Explain why each of these groups of deviance specialists tends to utilize different types of theories, identify those theories, and describe how those types of theories are related to the differential interests of each of these deviance specialists.

Answer:

Diff: Challenging

Type: ES

Page Reference: 33-36

Skill: C

73) Consider the example of marijuana use. Compare and contrast the types of explanations of this behaviour that might emerge from *social learning theory* and *neutralization theory*.

Answer:

Diff: Challenging

Type: ES

Page Reference: 54-58

Skill: A

74) Select the ONE positivist theory that you think *best* explains underage drinking. Use that theory to explain underage drinking, and clarify the reason why you think this is the best theory in this particular instance.

Answer:

Diff: Challenging

Type: ES

Page Reference: 37-48

Skill: A

75) Social Control theories postulate that deviant behaviour is inherently attractive, exciting and appealing. Given the appeal of deviant behaviour, explain how *social bond theory* explains restraint from deviant behaviour.

Answer:

Diff: Challenging

Type: ES

Page Reference: 60-61

Skill: A

76) Do you agree with Durkheim's theory that a certain level of deviance is actually functional for society? Justify your position by first summarizing the theory and then supporting your argument with examples or references to other theories.

Answer:

Diff: Challenging

Type: ES

Page Reference: 38-42

Skill: C/A