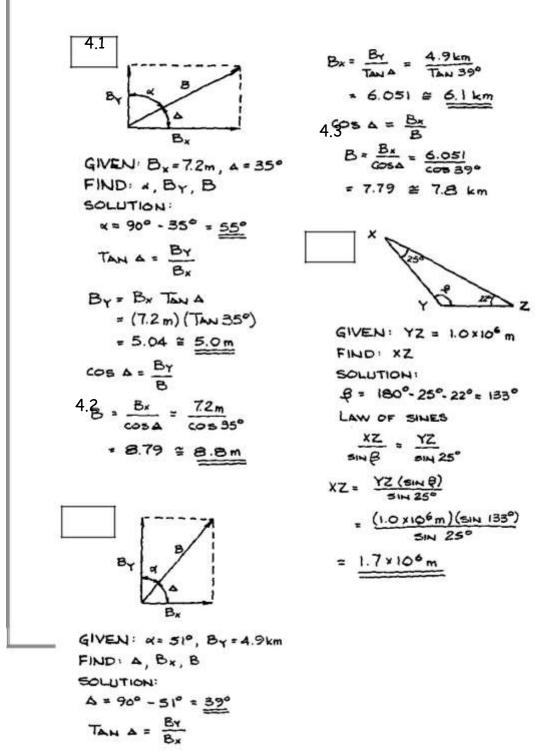
Solution Manual for Engineering Fundamentals and Problem Solving 7th Edition by Eide Jenison Northup Mickelson ISBN 0073385913 9780073385914

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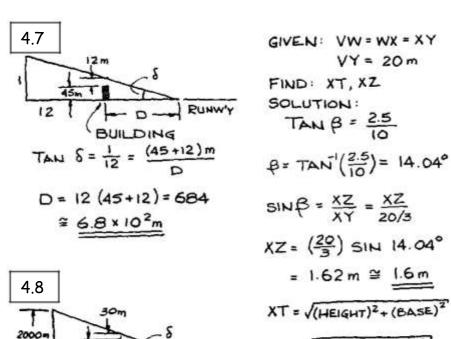
4.4 101 = 101 SIN 8 = (29m)(SIN 127°) SIN 8 = SIN 22° A 310 GIVEN : AC = 3.6 x 103 m FIND: AB SOLUTION : 8 = 180°- 31°- 23°= 126° LAW OF SINES AB = AC SIN 8 = SIN 23° AB = AC (SIN 8) SIN 23° = (3.6 × 103 m) (SIN 126°) SIN 23° = 7.5 ×10 3 m 4 4.5 GIVEN : B IS HORIZONTAL I x=31°, ₽=22°, |B|=29m 1 FIND: IAI, ICI 11 SOLUTION : 1 LAW OF SINES 8= 180°- x - B = 180° - 31° - 22° = 127° ICI IBI R = 24

= 61.83
AND

$$\frac{|\bar{A}|}{|\bar{S}|_{N}|_{q}} = \frac{|\bar{B}|}{|\bar{S}|_{N}|_{B}}$$

 $|\bar{A}| = \frac{|\bar{B}|}{|\bar{S}|_{N}|_{B}}$
 $= \frac{(29 \text{ m})(\underline{S}|_{N}|_{3}|^{9})}{|\bar{S}|_{N}|_{22}^{9}}$
 $= 39.87$
 $\bar{A} = 40 \text{ m} \frac{53^{9}}{|\bar{S}|_{N}|_{22}^{9}}$
 $\bar{C} = 62 \text{ m} \frac{23^{19}}{|\bar{S}|_{22}^{9}}$
 $\bar{C} = 62 \text{ m} \frac{23^{19}}{|\bar{S}|_{22}^{9}}$
 $\bar{S} 21 \text{ cm}$
FIND: \bar{R}
SOLUTION:
LAW OF COSINES
 $\bar{R}|_{2}^{2} |\bar{S}|_{2}^{2} + |\bar{T}|_{2}^{2} |\bar{S}||_{1}^{2} |\bar{C}|_{2}^{2} |\bar{S}||_{1}^{2} |\bar{C}|_{2}^{2} |\bar{S}||_{2}^{2} + (2)(21)(38)\cos 35^{9}}$
 $\bar{R}|_{2}^{2} : 577.63$
 $\bar{R}|_{2}^{2} : 577.63$
 $\bar{R}|_{2}^{2} : 24.03$
LAW OF SINES
 $\frac{SIN \alpha}{21} = \frac{SIN 35^{9}}{24.03} = 30.0^{9}$

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RUNWAY

6500

20 000

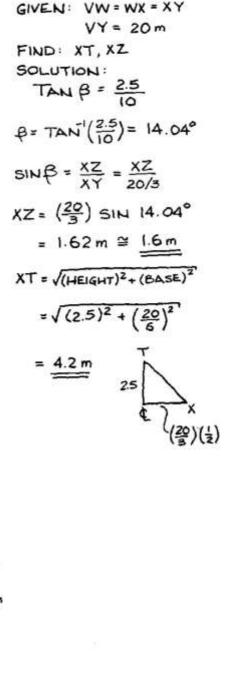
TAN S= 2000 = H+30 20000 = 6500

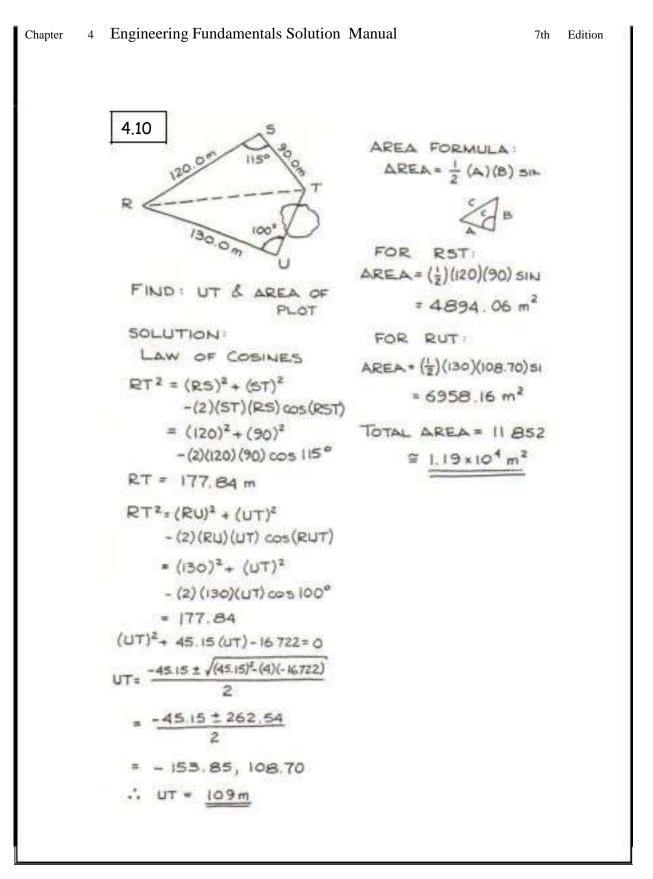
H= (2000) (6500) - 30

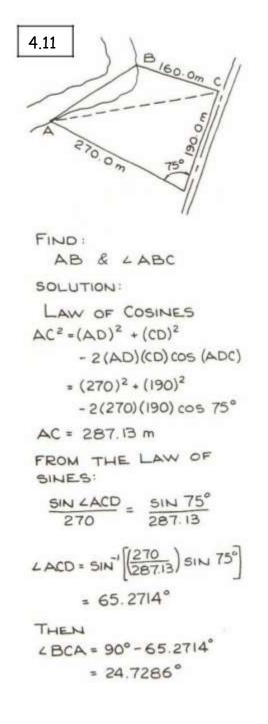
20m

 $= 6.2 \times 10^2 m$

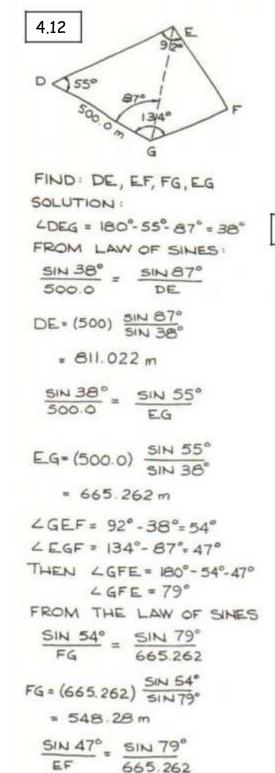
4.9





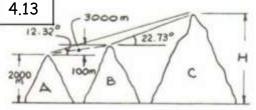


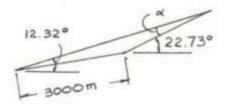
AGAIN FROM THE LAW OF COSINES $(AB)^2 = (AC)^2 + (BC)^2$ - 2(AC)(BC) cos(BCA) = (287.13)² + (160)² -2(287.13)(160)cos 24.7286° AB = 156.80m ≅ 156.8 m FROM LAW OF SINES: SIN ABC = SIN BCA LABC = SIN TAB SIN BCA = 51N1 [287.13 156.80 SIN 24.7286 = 130.0°



$$EF = (665.262) \left(\frac{51H 47^{\circ}}{51H 79^{\circ}} \right)$$

= 495.65 m
RESULTS:
DE = 811.0 m
EF = 495.7 m
FG = 548.3 m
EG = 665.3 m







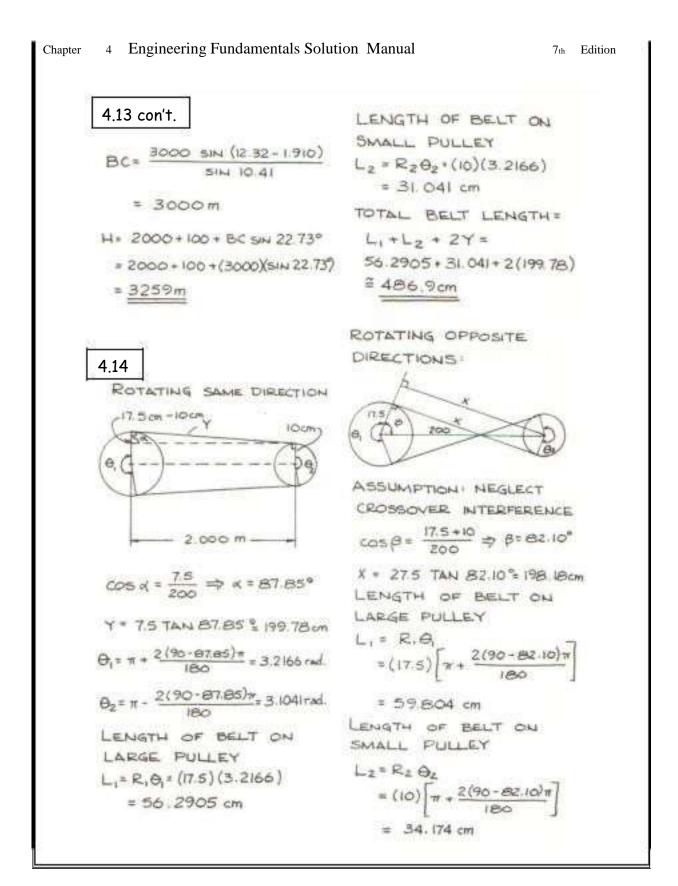
DETERMINE : H

$$\beta = \frac{100}{3000}$$

 $\beta = \sin^{-1}\left[\frac{100}{3000}\right] = 1.910^{\circ}$

$$x = 22.73^{\circ} - 12.32^{\circ} = 10.41^{\circ}$$

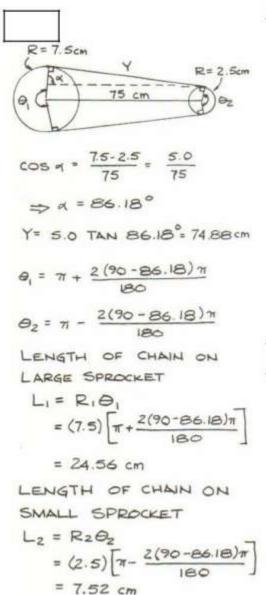
Chapter 4



4.10 con't.

TOTAL CHAIN LENGTH (NO SLACK) = $L_1 + L_2 + 2Y$ = 24.56 + 7.52 + 2(74.88) = 1.8 × 10² cm

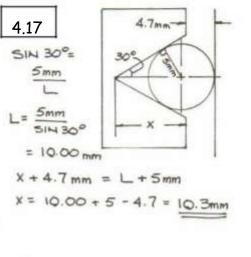


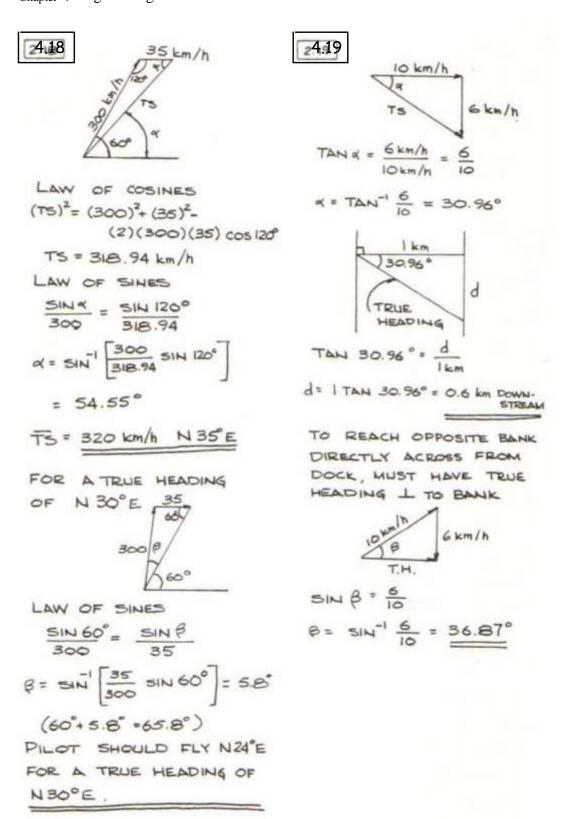


$$L = \frac{1 \text{ cm}}{51 \text{ N} 45^{\circ}} = 1.414 \text{ cm}$$

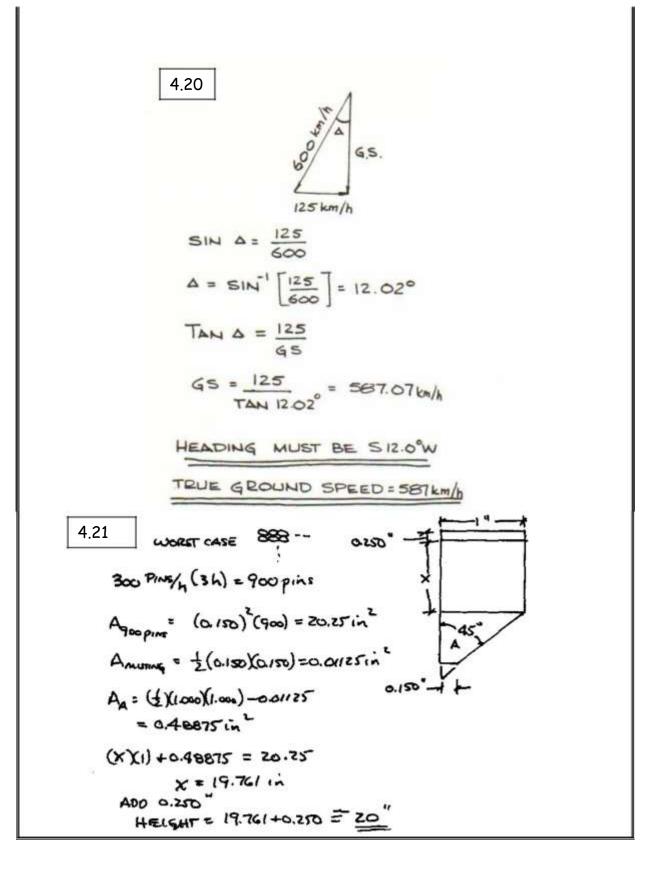
$$x + 1.3 cm = L + 1 cm$$

$$x = 1.414 + 1 - 1.3 = 1.1$$
 cm





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4.22
(A)
$$C = \pi d = \pi (26) = 81.68/4 \text{ in}$$

 $\frac{480 \text{ mi} (5200 \text{ ft}) 12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ mi} (1 \text{ H})} = 3.04/28 \times 10^{7} \text{ in}}$
REVOLUBBLUS = $\frac{3.04/28 \times 10^{7}}{8.04/28 \times 10^{7}} = 372 334 \text{ rev}$
 100.81×6^{3}
 $C = \pi (27) = 84.8230 \text{ in}}$
 $C = \pi (27) = 84.8230 \text{ in}}$
REVOLUTIONS = $\frac{3.04/28 \times 10^{7}}{8.48230 \text{ m}} = 358544 \text{ rev}$
REVOLUTIONS = $\frac{3.04/28 \times 10^{7}}{8.48230 \text{ m}} = 358544 \text{ rev}$
(b) 21 TEETH : 42 TEETH
 $1 \text{ Rev} : 2 \text{ Rev}$
(c) 170mm = (6.6929 in)
 $S = 2\pi \text{ y} = 42.0520 \text{ in}$
MOUNTRIMU:
REV of CHANNARDES = $(0.5)(372334)(0.85^{-1})$
 $= 105.027 \text{ mi}$
 $MA = \frac{480 \text{ mi}}{105.027 \text{ mi}} = \frac{457\%}{1578}$
TOURING :
REV OF CHANNARDES = $(0.5)(358544)(0.85^{-1}) = 152381 \text{ REV}$
TOTAL PEDAL TRAVEL = $(15238)(42.0528) \text{ in}$
 $= 101.137 \text{ mi}$
 $MA = \frac{480 \text{ mi}}{101.137 \text{ mi}} = \frac{475\%}{1578}$

Chapter 4 Engineering Fundamentals Solution Manual

$$T_{0} = Editor$$

$$4.23$$

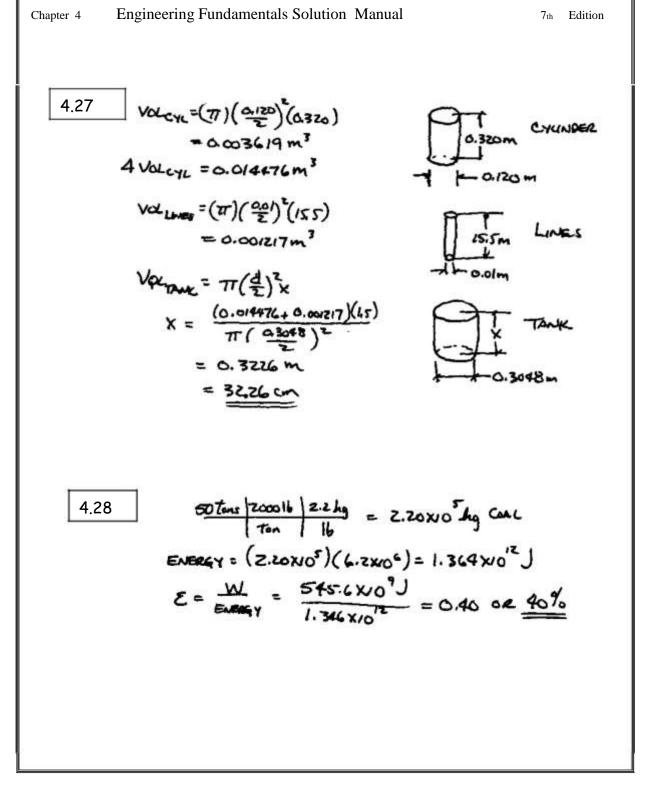
$$x = \left((2.400)^{e} - (1.200)^{e} + \frac{1}{2} \ge 0.78 \text{ i.h.} \\ Fore (austrisouration) stateword, sta$$

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Chapter 4

Chapter 4 Engineering Fundamentals Solution Manual
4.25 Assume No Are Fraction
(4)
$$V = Om/S$$

(b) $V^{\frac{1}{2}}V_0^{\frac{1}{2}}+2a(x-x_0)$
 $x = \frac{V - V_0^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2a(2807)} + 0 = 11.5m}$
(c) $i5m/S$ Downward
(d) $V^{\frac{1}{2}}v_0^{\frac{1}{2}}+2a(x-x_0)$
 $V = [(15)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2(2807)(40-0)]$
 $= 31.8 m/S$
(e) $V = V_0 + at$
 $t = \frac{V - V_0}{a} = \frac{31.77 + 15}{9.807} = 4.775$
4.26
 $V_g = (28) Y \sin 15^3) = 7.2963 m/S$
 $V_g = (28) Y \sin 15^3) = 7.2963 m/S$
 $V_g = (28) Y \sin 15^3) = 7.2963 m/S$
 $V_g = [(72449)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2a(y-y_0)]$
 $V_g = [(72449)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2x(y-y_0)]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 $V_g = (23.2879 - 7.2463 m/S)$
 $V = V_0 + at$
 $t = -23.2797 - 7.2463 m/S$
 $V = V_0 + at$
 $t = -23.2797 - 7.2463 m/S$
(a) $(3.113) X 2705 m/S) = 84.1255m$
 $\frac{V = Swart Hom To Stable}{(b) 3.115}$



4.29 Provides =
$$li72 \times 10^{\circ} \Lambda \cdot m$$
 V=110V
PAL = $2.75 \times 0^{\circ} \Lambda \cdot m$ $d = 0.005 m$
 $L = 10000m$
V=IR, $R = \frac{\rho L}{A}$
 $I = \frac{VA}{\rho L}$, $A = \pi (\frac{d}{2})^{2}$
 $I = \frac{V\pi (\frac{d}{2})^{2}}{\rho L}$
 $I copper = \frac{(10 \sqrt{\pi} (\frac{0.005}{2})^{2}}{(1.72 \times 10^{\circ})(10000)} = 12.52A$
 $I_{AL} = \frac{(10 \sqrt{\pi} (\frac{0.005}{2})^{2}}{(2.75 \times 10^{\circ})(10000)} = 7.85A$
 $D_{L} = \frac{12.52}{(2.75 \times 10^{\circ})(10000)}$
 $D_{L} = 12.52 - 7.957 = \frac{4.71A}{7.78}$
(1) $\sin 38^{\circ} = \eta_{0} \sin 23^{\circ}$
 $h_{b} = \underline{1.58}$