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CHAPTER 2 ANALYZING TRANSACTIONS

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- 1. An account is a form designed to record changes in a particular asset, liability, stockholders' equity, revenue, or expense. A ledger is a group of related accounts.
- **2.** The terms *debit* and *credit* may signify either an increase or a decrease, depending upon the nature of the account. For example, debits signify an increase in asset, expense, and dividends accounts but a decrease in liability, common stock, retained earnings, and revenue accounts.
- **3. A.** Assuming no errors have occurred, the credit balance in the cash account resulted from writing checks for \$1,850 in excess of the amount of cash on deposit.
 - **B.** The \$1,850 credit balance in the cash account as of December 31 is a liability owed to the bank It is usually referred to as an "overdraft" and should be classified on the balance sheet as a liability.
- **4. A.** The revenue was earned in October.
 - **B.** (1) Debit Accounts Receivable and credit Fees Earned or another appropriately titled revenue account in October.
 - (2) Debit Cash and credit Accounts Receivable in November.
- 5. No. Errors may have been made that had the same erroneous effect on both debits and credits, such as failure to record and/or post a transaction, recording the same transaction more than once, and posting a transaction correctly but to the wrong account.
- **6.** The listing of \$9,800 is a transposition; the listing of \$100 is a slide.
- **7. A.** No. Because the same error occurred on both the debit side and the credit side of the trial balance, the trial balance would not be out of balance.
 - **B.** Yes. The trial balance would not balance. The error would cause the debit total of the trial balance to exceed the credit total by \$90.

- **8. A.** The equality of the trial balance would not be affected.
 - **B.** On the income statement, total operating expenses (salary expense) would be overstated by

\$7,500, and net income would be understated by \$7,500. On the retained earnings statement, the beginning and ending retained earnings would be correct. However, net income and dividends would be understated by \$7,500. These understatements offset one another, and thus, ending retained earnings is correct. The balance sheet is not affected by the error.

- **9. A.** The equality of the trial balance would not be affected.
 - **B.** On the income statement, revenues (fees earned) would be overstated by \$300,000, and net income would be overstated by \$300,000. On the retained earnings statement, the beginning retained earnings would be correct. However, net income and ending retained earnings would be overstated by \$300,000. The balance sheet total assets is correct. However, liabilities (notes payable) is understated by \$300,000, and stockholders' equity (retained earnings) is overstated by \$300,000. The understatement of liabilities is offset by the overstatement of stockholders' equity (retained earnings), and thus, total liabilities and stockholders' equity is correct.
- 10. A. From the viewpoint of Surety Storage, the balance of the checking account represents an asset.
 - **B.** From the viewpoint of Ada Savings Bank, the balance of the checking account represents a liability.

BASIC EXERCISES

BE 2-1

- 1. Debit and credit entries, normal credit balance
- 2. Debit and credit entries, normal debit balance
- 3. Debit entries only, normal debit balance
- 4. Debit entries only, normal debit balance
- 5. Debit entries only, normal debit balance
- 6. Credit entries only, normal credit balance

BE 2-2

Mar.	9	Office Supplies	1,775	
		Cash		275
		Accounts Payable		1,500

BE 2-3

Aug.	13	13 Cash		
		Fees Earned		9,000

BE 2-4

June	30	Dividends	11,500	
		Cash		11,500

BE 2-5

Using the following T account, solve for the amount of supplies expense (indicated by ? below).

	Supp	lies	
Aug. 1 Bal.	1,025	?	Supplies expense
Supplies purchased	3,110		
Aug. 31 Bal.	1,324		_

\$1,324 = \$1,025 + \$3,110 - Supplies expenseSupplies expense = \$1,025 + \$3,110 - \$1,324 = \$2,811

BE 2-6

- A. The totals are equal because both the debit and credit entries were journalized and posted for \$12,900.
- B. The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$1,656 (\$1,840 \$184).
- C. The totals are unequal. The debit total is higher by \$4,500 (\$8,300 \$3,800).

BE 2-7

A.	Cash	8,400	
	Accounts Receivable		8,400
B.	Supplies	2,500	
	Office Equipment		2,500
	Supplies	2,500	
	Accounts Payable		2,500

Note: The first entry in (B) reverses the incorrect entry, and the second entry records the correct entry. These two entries could also be combined into one entry as shown below; however, preparing two entries would make it easier for someone to understand later what happened and why the entries were necessary.

Supplies	5,000	
Office Equipment		2,500
Accounts Payable		2,500

EXERCISES

Ex. 2-1

Balance Sheet Accounts	Income Statement Accounts
<u>Assets</u>	<u>Revenue</u>
Advanced Payments for Equipment ^a	Cargo Revenue
Cash	Passenger Revenue
Flight Equipment	
Fuel Inventory	
Parts and Supplies Inventories	
Prepaid Expenses	
<u>Liabilities</u>	<u>Expenses</u>
Accounts Payable	Aircraft Fuel (Expense)
Air Traffic Liability ^b	Aircraft Maintenance (Expense)
Frequent Flyer (Obligations) ^c	Aircraft Rent (Expense)
Taxes Payable	Contract Carrier Arrangements (Expense)d
	Landing Fees (Expense) ^e
	Passenger Commissions (Expense) ^f
0, 11 11 15 1	

Stockholders' Equity

None

Ex. 2-2

	Account
Cash Common Stock Dividends Fees Earned Land Miscellaneous Expense Retained Earnings Supplies Expense	Number
Accounts Develop	04
Accounts Payable	21
Accounts Receivable	12
Cash	11
Common Stock	31
Dividends	33
Fees Earned	41
Land	13
Miscellaneous Expense	53
Retained Earnings	32
Supplies Expense	52
Wages Expense	51

Note: Expense accounts are normally listed in order of magnitude from largest to smallest with Miscellaneous Expense always listed last. Since Wages Expense is

^a Advance payments (deposits) on aircraft to be delivered in the future

^b Passenger ticket sales for future flights

^c Obligations to provide frequent flyers future travel and other benefits

^d Payments to other airlines for passenger travel under Delta tickets

^e Fees paid to airports for landing rights

f Commissions paid to travel agents for passenger bookings

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin4yn7atayzisragctTroanssactions

normally larger than Supplies Expense, Wages Expense is listed as account number 51 and Supplies Expense as account number 52.

Ex. 2-3

Balance Sheet Accounts Income Statement Accounts 1. Assets 4. Revenue 11 Cash 41 Fees Earned 12 Accounts Receivable 13 Supplies 5. Expenses 14 Prepaid Insurance 51 Wages Expense 15 Equipment **52 Rent Expense** 53 Supplies Expense 2. Liabilities 59 Miscellaneous Expense 21 Accounts Payable

- 22 Unearned Rent

3. Stockholders' Equity

- 31 Common Stock
- 32 Retained Earnings
- 33 Dividends

Note: The order of some of the accounts within the major classifications is somewhat arbitrary, as in accounts 13-14, accounts 21-22, and accounts 51-53. In a new business, the order of magnitude of balances in such accounts is not determinable in advance. The magnitude may also vary from period to period.

2–4

A.	debit	G.	credit
B.	credit	H.	debit
C.	credit	I.	debit
D.	credit	J.	credit
E.	debit	K.	debit
F.	credit	1.	debit

Ex. 2-5

- 1. debit and credit entries (C)
- 2. debit and credit entries (C)
- debit and credit entries (C) 3.
- 4. credit entries only (B)
- 5. debit entries only(A)
- debit entries only(A) 6.
- 7. debit entries only(A)

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin4yn7atayzisragctTroanssactions

Ex. 2-6

- A. Liability—credit
- B. Asset—debit
- C. Asset—debit
- D. Stockholders' equity (Common Stock)—credit
- E. Stockholders' equity (Dividends)—debit

- F. Revenue—credit
- G. Asset—debit
- H. Expense—debit
- I. Asset—debit
- J. Expense—debit

Ex. 2-7

2018				
March	1	Rent Expense	4,000	
		Cash		4,000
	3	Advertising Expense	1,350	
		Cash		1,350
	5	Supplies	1,800	
		Cash		1,800
	6	Office Equipment	11,500	
		Accounts Payable		11,500
	10	Cash	8,600	
		Accounts Receivable		8,600
	15	Accounts Payable	3,180	
		Cash	·	3,180
	27	Miscellaneous Expense	700	
		Cash		700
	30	Utilities Expense	550	
		Cash		550
	31	Accounts Receivable	37,200	
		Fees Earned	1,200	37,200
	31	Utilities Expense	830	
		Cash		830

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin4gnTataynzisragctTooanssactions

	31	Dividends	2,000	
		Cash		2,000

Ex. 2-8

A.

JOURNAL

Page _____91

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Oct.	3	Supplies	15	3,600	
		Accounts Payable	21		3,600
		Purchased supplies on account.			

B., C., D.

Account: Supplies

Account No. 15

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1	Balance	✓			770	
	3		91	3,600		4,370	

Account No. 21

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1	Balance	✓				26,200
	3		91		3,600		29,800

E. Yes, the rules of debit and credit apply to all companies.

Ex. 2-9

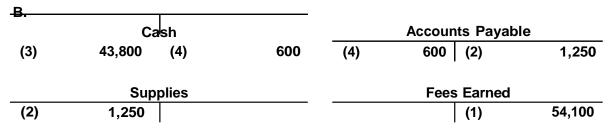
A.	(1)	Accounts Receivable	54,100	
		Fees Earned		54,100
	10 \		4.050	
	(2)	Supplies	1,250	
		Accounts Payable		1,250

(3)	Cash	43,800	
	Accounts Receivable		43.800

(4)	Accounts Payable	600	
	Cash		600

CHAPTER 12 PTER 12 PTE

Ex. 2-9 (Concluded)



(1)	54,100	(3)	43,800

C. No, an error may not have necessarily occurred. A credit balance in Accounts Receivable could occur if a customer overpaid his or her account. Regardless, the credit balance should be investigated to verify that an error has not occurred.

Ex. 2-10

- A. The increase of \$140,000 (\$515,000 \$375,000) in the cash account does not indicate net income of that amount. Net income is the net change in all assets and liabilities from operating (revenue and expense) transactions.
- B. \$60,000 (\$200,000 \$140,000)

or

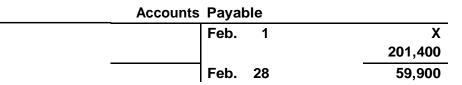
$$X + $515,000 - $375,000 = $200,000$$

$$X = $200,000 - $515,000 + $375,000$$

$$X = $60,000$$

Ex. 2-11

A.



$$X + $201,400 - $186,500 = $59,900$$

$$X = $59,900 + $186,500 - $201,400$$

X = \$45,000

B.

		Accounts F	Receivable
Oct.	1	115,800	449,600
		X	
Oct.	31	130,770	

$$115,800 + X - 449,600 = 130,770$$

$$X = $130,770 + $449,600 - $115,800$$

X = \$464,570

C.

	Cash			
Apr.	1	46,220	Х	
		248,600		
Apr.	30	56,770	<u> </u>	

$$$46,220 + $248,600 - X = $56,770$$

$$X = $46,220 + $248,600 - $56,770$$

X = \$238,050

Ex. 2-12

- A. Debit (negative) balance of \$16,000 (\$314,000 \$10,000 \$320,000). This negative balance means that the liabilities of the business exceed the assets.
- B. Yes. The balance sheet prepared at December 31 will balance, with Retained Earnings being reported in the stockholders' equity section as a debit (negative) balance of \$16,000.

Ex. 2–13 A. and B.

A. and B.	Account	Debited	Account Cred	lited
Transaction	Туре	Effect	Туре	Effect
(1)	asset	+	stockholders' equity	+
(2)	asset	+	asset	_
(3)	asset	+	asset	_
			liability	+
(4)	expense	+	asset	-
(5)	asset	+	revenue	+
(6)	liability	_	asset	-
(7)	asset	+	asset	-
(8)	expense	+	asset	_
(9)	dividend	+	asset	-
Ex. 2–14				
(1) Cash			50,000	
Common	Stock			50,000
(2) Supplies			3,400	
Cash				3,400
(3) Equipment			15,000	
Accounts	Payable			10,000
Cash				5,000
(4) Operating Ex	penses		4,850	
Cash				4,850
(5) Accounts Re	ceivable		18,200	
Service R	evenue			18,200
(6) Accounts Pa	yable		2,500	
Cash				2,500
(7) Cash			8,700	
Accounts	Receivable			8,700
(8) Operating Ex	penses		1,100	
Supplies				1,100
(9) Dividends			1,000	
Cash				1,000

Ex. 2-15

A.	Napa Tours Co.		
	Unadjusted Trial Balance		
	April 30, 2018		
		Debit	Credit
		Balances	Balances
	Cash	41,950	
	Accounts Receivable	9,500	
	Supplies	2,300	
	Equipment	15,000	
	Accounts Payable		7,500
	Common Stock		50,000
	Dividends	1,000	
	Service Revenue		18,200
	Operating Expenses	5,950	
		75,700	75,700

B. Net income, \$12,250 (\$18,200 - \$5,950)

Ex. 2-16

Atlantic Furniture Compan	у	
Unadjusted Trial Balance		
July 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	207,325	
Accounts Receivable	483,600	
Supplies	3,975	
Prepaid Insurance	21,600	
Land	50,000	
Accounts Payable		92,400
Unearned Rent		6,000
Notes Payable		25,000
Common Stock		75,000
Retained Earnings		311,600
Dividends	24,000	
Fees Earned		2,750,000
Wages Expense	2,250,000	
Rent Expense	140,000	
Utilities Expense	49,100	
Supplies Expense	11,200	
Insurance Expense	9,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	10,200	
	3,260,000	3,260,000

 $\begin{aligned} \mathsf{Cash} &= \$3,\!260,\!000 - \$10,\!200 - \$9,\!000 - \$11,\!200 - \$49,\!100 - \$140,\!000 - \$2,\!250,\!000 - \$24,\!000 - \$50,\!000 - \$21,\!600 - \$3,\!975 - \$483,\!600 = \$207,\!325 \end{aligned}$

Ex. 2-17

Inequality of trial balance totals would be caused by errors described in (C) and (E). For (C), the debit total would exceed the credit total by \$9,900 (\$4,950 + \$4,950). For (E), the credit total would exceed the debit total by \$17,100 (\$19,000 - \$1,900).

Errors (B), (C), (D), and (E) would require correcting entries. Although it is not a correcting entry, the entry that was not made in (A) should also be entered in the journal.

Ex. 2-18

Trial Balance August 31, 2018	 Debit	
2018	Debit	
	Debit	
		Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	15,500	
Accounts Receivable	46,750	
Prepaid Insurance	12,000	
Equipment	190,000	
Accounts Payable		24,600
Unearned Rent		5,400
Common Stock		
Retained Earnings		70,000
Dividends	13,000	
Service Revenue		385,000
Wages Expense	213,000	
Advertising Expense	16,350	
Miscellaneous Expense	18,400	
	525,000	525,000

Ex. 2-19

	(A)	(B)	(C)
Error	Out of Balance	Difference	Larger Total
1.	yes	\$6,000	debit
2.	no	_	_
3.	yes	5,400	credit
4.	yes	480	debit
5.	no	-	_
6.	yes	90	credit
7.	yes	360	credit

Ex. 2-20

- 1. The Debit column total is added incorrectly. The sum is \$1,098,500 rather than \$1,801,500.
- 2. The trial balance should be dated "December 31, 2018," not "For the Year Ending December 31, 2018."
- 3. The Accounts Receivable balance should be in the Debit column.
- 4. The Accounts Payable balance should be in the Credit column.
- 5. The Dividends balance should be in the Debit column.
- 6. The Advertising Expense balance should be in the Debit column.

A corrected trial balance would be as follows:

Ensemble Co.		
Unadjusted Trial Balance		
December 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	42,900	
Accounts Receivable	123,500	
Prepaid Insurance	27,000	
Equipment	300,000	
Accounts Payable		52,000
Salaries Payable		4,800
Common Stock		40,000
Retained Earnings		137,200
Dividends	5,000	
Service Revenue		1,216,000
Salary Expense	660,000	
Advertising Expense	275,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	16,600	
	1,450,000	1,450,000

Ex. 2-21

A. The correction could be made with one or two entries as shown below.

Prepaid Insurance	36,000	
Insurance Expense		18,000
Cash		18,000

or (reverses original entry)

Prepaid Insurance	18,000	
Insurance Expense		18,000
Prepaid Insurance	18,000	
Cash		18,000

B.	Dividends	10,000	
	Wages Expense		10,000

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin4yn7arbyzisragctTroanssactions

Ex. 2-22

A.	Cash	17,600	
	Fees Earned		8,800
	Accounts Receivable		8,800
B.	Accounts Payable	1,760	
	Supplies Expense		1,760
	Supplies	1,760	
	Cash		1,760

Note: The first entry reverses the original entry. The second entry is the entry that should have been made initially.

PROBLEMS

Prob. 2–1A 1. and 2.

Cash				<u>Equi</u> p	ment		
(A)	30,000	(B)	2,500	(D)	8,000	_	
(G)	9,000	(C)	6,000				
		(E)	2,100		Notes F		
		(F)	3,600	(J)	1,875	(C)	22,500
		(H)	2,600			Bal.	20,625
		(I)	4,000				
		(J)	1,875		Accounts	Payable	
		(M)	6,000	(I)	4,000	(D)	8,000
		(N)	1,300			(K)	5,500
Bal.	9,025					Bal.	9,500
	Accounts	Receivable			Commo	n Stock	
(L)	31,400					(A)	30,000
Supplies			Professional Fees				
(E)	2,100					(G)	9,000
		•				(L)	31,400
						Bal.	40,400
	Prepaid I	nsurance			Salary E	Expense	
(F)	3,600		_	(M)	6,000		
	Auton	nobiles			Blueprint	Expense	
(C)	28,500			(K)	5,500		
					Rent Ex	xpense	
				(B)	2,500		
					Automobile	e Expense	
				(N)	1,300		
					B4:!!	. =	
					Miscellaneo	us Expense)

Prob. 2-1A (Concluded)

3.	Knaus Architects		
	Unadjusted Trial Balance		
	January 31, 2018		
		Debit	Credit
		Balances	Balances
	Cash	9,025	
	Accounts Receivable	31,400	
	Supplies	2,100	
	Prepaid Insurance	3,600	
	Automobiles	28,500	
	Equipment	8,000	
	Notes Payable		20,625
	Accounts Payable		9,500
	Common Stock		
	Professional Fees		40,400
	Salary Expense	6,000	
	Blueprint Expense	5,500	
	Rent Expense	2,500	
	Automobile Expense	1,300	
	Miscellaneous Expense	2,600	
		100,525	100,525

4. Net income, \$22,500 (\$40,400 - \$6,000 - \$5,500 - \$2,500 - \$1,300 - \$2,600)

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

Prob. 2-2A

1. (A)	Cash	40,000	
. ,	Common Stock		40,000
(B)	Rent Expense	4,800	
()	Cash		4,800
(C)	Supplies	2,150	
, ,	Accounts Payable		2,150
(D)	Accounts Payable	1,100	
, ,	Cash		1,100
(E)	Cash	18,750	
	Sales Commissions		18,750
(F)	Automobile Expense	1,580	
. ,	Miscellaneous Expense	800	
	Cash		2,380
(G)	Office Salaries Expense	3,500	
	Cash		3,500
(H)	Supplies Expense	1,300	
	Supplies		1,300
(I)	Dividends	1,500	
``	Cash		1,500

Prob. 2-2A (Continued)

	_, (())	· · · ·					
2.		1					
Cash					Sales Con	nmissions	
(A)	40,000	(B)	4,800			(E)	18,750
(E)	18,750	(D)	1,100				
		(F)	2,380		Rent Ex	pense	
		(G)	3,500_	(B)	4,800		
		(I)	1,500				
Bal.	45,470						
Supplies				Office Salari	es Expens	se	
(C)	2,150	(H)	1,300	(G)	3,500		
Bal.	850					Т	
	Accounts	s Payab	le		Automobile	 e Expense)
(D)	1,100	(C)	2,150	(F)	1,580		
		Bal.	1,050				
	Commo	n Stock	•		Supplies	Expense	
		(A)	40,000	(H)	1,300		
	Divid	lends			Miscellaneo	us Expens	se .
(I)	1,500			(F)	800		

Prob. 2-2A (Concluded)

3.	Affordable Re	alty	
	Unadjusted Trial	Balance	
	October 31, 2	018	
		Debit	Credit
		Balances	Balances
	Cash	45,470	
	Supplies	850	
	Accounts Payable		1,050
	Common Stock		40,000
	Dividends		
	Sales Commissions		18,750
	Rent Expense	4,800	
	Office Salaries Expense	3,500	
	Automobile Expense	1,580	
	Supplies Expense	1,300	
	Miscellaneous Expense	800	
		59,800	59,800

- 4. A. \$18,750
 - B. \$11,980 (\$4,800 + \$3,500 + \$1,580 + \$1,300 + \$800)
 - C. \$6,770 (\$18,750 \$11,980)
- 5. \$5,270, which is the excess of net income of \$6,770 over the dividends of \$1,500.

Prob. 2-3A

1.

JOURNAL

Page _____1

			Post.		
Date)	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Nov.	1	Cash	11	36,000	
		Common Stock	31		36,000
	1	Rent Expense	53	4,000	
		Cash	11		4,000
	6	Equipment	16	16,000	
		Accounts Payable	22		16,000
	8	Truck	18	43,000	
		Cash	11		4,300
		Notes Payable	21		38,700
		-			
	10	Supplies	13	1,860	
		Cash	11		1,860
	12	Cash	11	8,000	
		Fees Earned	41	·	8,000
					·
	15	Prepaid Insurance	14	2,400	
		Cash	11	·	2,400
					-
	23	Accounts Receivable	12	15,500	
		Fees Earned	41		15,500
					, -
	24	Truck Expense	55	1,250	
		Accounts Payable	22	.	1,250
		<u> </u>			

JOURNAL

Page 2

			Post.		
Date	•	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Nov.	29	Utilities Expense	54	3,660	
		Cash	11		3,660
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,700	
		Cash	11		1,700

Prob. 2-3A

1. Prob. 2–3A(Continued)

^^^^^^^^

30	Cash	11	10,500	
	Accounts Receivable	12		10,500
30	Wages Expense	51	4,750	
	Cash	11		4,750
30	Accounts Payable	22	4,000	
	Cash	11		4,000
30	Dividends	33	1,600	
	Cash	11		1,600

2.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account: Cash Account No. 11

			Post.		Balance		
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	1		1	36,000		36,000	
	1		1		4,000	32,000	
	8		1		4,300	27,700	
	10		1		1,860	25,840	
	12		1	8,000		33,840	
	15		1		2,400	31,440	
	29		2		3,660	27,780	
	29		2		1,700	26,080	
	30		2	10,500		36,580	
	30		2		4,750	31,830	
	30		2		4,000	27,830	
	30		2		1,600	26,230	

Account: Account Receivable Account No. 12

			Post.			Balance	
Date	,	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	23		1	15,500		15,500	
	30		2		10,500	5,000	

CHAPTERN2APTERn2alyzin4gnTatayzisragctToxanssactions

30

Prob. 2	5~	(Continued)					
Account	: .	Supplies				Account No.	13_
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	,	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	10		1	1,860		1,860	
Account	: .	Prepaid Insurance			_	Account No.	14
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	,	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	15		1	2,400		2,400	
Account	: .	Equipment				Account No.	16_
			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	<u>.</u>	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018	ĺ		11011	200.1	0.00.0		
Nov.	6		1	16,000		16,000	
A		Tarrele					
Account	:	Truck				Account No.	18
Account		Truck	Post.			•	18 ance
Date			Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	•	_
		Item		Debit	Credit	Bala	ance
Date		Item		Debit 43,000	Credit	Bala	ance
Date 2018	8	Item	Ref.		Credit	Bala Debit 43,000	ance
Date 2018 Nov.	8	Item	Ref.		Credit	Bala Debit 43,000	credit
Date 2018 Nov.	8	Item	Ref.		Credit	Bala Debit 43,000 Account No.	credit
Date 2018 Nov.	8	Item Notes Payable	Ref.	43,000		Bala Debit 43,000 Account No.	Credit 21
Date 2018 Nov. Account	8	Item Notes Payable	Ref.	43,000		Bala Debit 43,000 Account No.	Credit 21
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018	8	Item Notes Payable	Post.	43,000	Credit	Bala Debit 43,000 Account No.	21 Ince Credit 38,700
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov.	8	Notes Payable Item	Post.	43,000	Credit	Bala Debit 43,000 Account No. Bala Debit	credit 21 credit 38,700
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov.	8	Notes Payable Item	Post. Ref.	43,000	Credit	Bala Debit 43,000 Account No. Bala Debit Account No.	credit 21 credit 38,700
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov. Account	8	Notes Payable Item Accounts Payable	Post. Ref.	43,000 Debit	Credit 38,700	Bala Debit 43,000 Account No. Bala Debit Account No.	credit 21 credit 38,700 22
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov. Account	8	Notes Payable Item Accounts Payable	Post. Ref.	43,000 Debit	Credit 38,700	Bala Debit 43,000 Account No. Bala Debit Account No.	credit 21 cnce Credit 38,700 22 cnce Credit
Date 2018 Nov. Account 2018 Nov. Account 2018 Account 2018	8	Notes Payable Item Accounts Payable	Post. Ref. 1 Post. Ref. Ref.	43,000 Debit	Credit 38,700 Credit	Bala Debit 43,000 Account No. Bala Debit Account No.	credit 21 credit 38,700 22

4,000

13,250

CHAPTERN2APTERn2alyzin4gnTatayzisragctToxanssactions

Prob. 2-3A(Continued)

Prob. 2	-3A	(Oontinaca)					
Account	: .	Common Stock				Account No.	31
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	,	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	1		1		36,000		36,000
Account	: .	Dividends				Account No.	33
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	30		2	1,600		1,600	
Account	:	Fees Earned				Account No.	41
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	12		1		8,000		8,000
	23		1		15,500		23,500
Account:							
Account	: .	Wages Expense				Account No.	51_
Account	: . 	Wages Expense	Post.				51 nnce
Account		Wages Expense	Post.	Debit	Credit		
				Debit	Credit	Bala	nce
Date				Debit 4,750	Credit	Bala	nce
Date 2018	30		Ref.		Credit	Bala Debit	nnce Credit
Date 2018 Nov.	30	ltem	Ref.		Credit	Bala Debit 4,750 Account No.	nnce Credit
Date 2018 Nov.	30	ltem	Ref.		Credit	Bala Debit 4,750 Account No.	credit
Date 2018 Nov.	30	Item Rent Expense	Ref.	4,750		Bala Debit 4,750 Account No.	Credit 53
Date 2018 Nov. Account	30	Item Rent Expense	Ref.	4,750		Bala Debit 4,750 Account No.	Credit 53
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018	30	Item Rent Expense	Post. Ref.	4,750 Debit		Bala Debit 4,750 Account No. Bala Debit	Tredit 53 Ince Credit
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov.	30	Rent Expense	Post. Ref.	4,750 Debit		Bala Debit 4,750 Account No. Bala Debit 4,000 Account No.	53 Ince Credit
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov. Account	30	Item Rent Expense Item Utilities Expense	Post. Ref.	4,750 Debit 4,000	Credit	Bala Debit 4,750 Account No. Bala Debit 4,000	53 Ince Credit
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov.	30	Rent Expense	Post. Ref.	4,750 Debit		Bala Debit 4,750 Account No. Bala Debit 4,000 Account No. Bala	53 Ince Credit 53 Ince Credit
Date 2018 Nov. Account Date 2018 Nov. Account	30	Item Rent Expense Item Utilities Expense	Post. Ref.	4,750 Debit 4,000	Credit	Bala Debit 4,750 Account No. Bala Debit 4,000 Account No. Bala	53 Ince Credit 53 Ince Credit

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin4yn7arbyzisragctTroanssactions

Prob. 2-3A(Continued)

Account: Truck Expense Account No. 55

			Post.	Post.		Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	24		1	1,250		1,250	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense Account No. 59

			Post.			Bala	nce
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	29		2	1,700		1,700	

Prob. 2-3A (Concluded)

Mode	ern Designs	Modern Designs						
Unadjusted Trial Balance								
November 30, 2018								
	Account	Debit	Credit					
	No.	Balances	Balances					
Cash	11	26,230						
Accounts Receivable	12	5,000						
Supplies	13	1,860						
Prepaid Insurance	14	2,400						
Equipment	16	16,000						
Truck	18	43,000						
Notes Payable	21		38,700					
Accounts Payable	22		13,250					
Common Stock	31							
Dividends	33	1,600						
Fees Earned	41		23,500					
Wages Expense	51	4,750						
Rent Expense	53	4,000						
Utilities Expense	54	3,660						
Truck Expense	55	1,250						
Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,700						
		111,450	111,450					

- 4. \$8,140 (\$23,500 \$4,750 \$4,000 \$3,660 \$1,250 \$1,700)
- 5. Some supplies may have been used during November, but no supplies expense has been recorded.

As will be discussed in Chapter 3, adjustments are necessary at the end of the accounting period to bring the accounts up to date. For example, adjustments for supplies used, insurance expired, and depreciation would probably be required by Modern Designs.

Note to Instructors: At this point, students have not been exposed to depreciation, but some insightful students might recognize the need for recording supplies used and insurance expired. You might use this as an opportunity to discuss what is coming in Chapter 3.

Prob. 2–4A 2. and 3.

JOURNAL

Page <u>18</u>

			Post.		
Date	•	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Apr.	1	Rent Expense	52	6,500	
		Cash	11		6,500
	2	Office Supplies	14	2,300	
	_	Accounts Payable	21	2,000	2,300
	5	Prepaid Insurance	13	6,000	
		Cash	11		6,000
	10	Cash	11	52,300	
		Accounts Receivable	12		52,300
	15	Land	16	200,000	
		Cash	11		30,000
		Notes Payable	23		170,000
	17	Accounts Payable	21	6,450	
		Cash	11		6,450
	20	Accounts Payable	21	325	
		Office Supplies	14		325
	23	Advertising Expense	53	4,300	
		Cash	11		4,300

JOURNAL

Page <u>19</u>

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Apr.	27	Cash	11	2,500	
		Salary and Commission Expense	51		2,500
	28	Automobile Expense	54	1,500	
		Cash	11		1,500

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,400	
	Cash	11		1,400

Prob. 2-4A(Continued)

^^^^^^^^

30	Accounts Receivable	12	57,000	
	Fees Earned	41		57,000
30	Salary and Commission Expense	51	11,900	
	Cash	11		11,900
30	Dividends	33	4,000	
	Cash	11		4,000
30) Cash	11	10,000	
	Unearned Rent	22		10,000

1. and 3.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account: Cash Account No. 11

			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			26,300	
	1		18		6,500	19,800	
	5		18		6,000	13,800	
	10		18	52,300		66,100	
	15		18		30,000	36,100	
	17		18		6,450	29,650	
	23		18		4,300	25,350	
	27		19	2,500		27,850	
	28		19		1,500	26,350	
	29		19		1,400	24,950	
	30		19		11,900	13,050	
	30		19		4,000	9,050	
	30		19	10,000		19,050	

Account: Account Receivable Account No. 12

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			61,500	
	10		18		52,300	9,200	
	30		19	57,000		66,200	

Prob. 2-4A(Continued)

Account:	` Prepaid Insurance	Account No.	13

			Post.			Balance	
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			3,000	
	5		18	6,000		9,000	

Account: Office Supplies Account No. 14

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			1,800	
	2		18	2,300		4,100	
	20		18		325	3,775	

Account: Land Account No. 16

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	15		18	200,000		200,000	

Account: Account Payable Account No. 21

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				14,000
	2		18		2,300		16,300
	17		18	6,450			9,850
	20		18	325			9,525

Account: Unearned Rent Account No. 22

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	30		19		10,000		10,000

Account: Notes Payable Account No. 23

			Post.			Balance	
Date	,	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	15		18		170,000		170,000

CHAPTER 1/2 PTER 1/2 alyzin & natyzis auctions

Prob. 2-4A(Continued)

Prob. 2-4A(Contin	ued)	١
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Account:	Common Stock		Account No.	31
		Post.	Balance	

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				10,000

Account: Retained Earnings Account No. 32

		Post.				Balance		
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	
2018								
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				36,000	

Account: Dividends Account No. 33

			Post.			Bala	nce
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			2,000	
	30		19	4,000		6,000	

Account: Fees Earned Account No. 41

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				240,000
	30		19		57,000		297,000

Account: Salary and Commission Expense Account No. 51

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			148,200	
	27		19		2,500	145,700	
	30		19	11,900		157,600	

Account: Rent Expense Account No. 52

			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			30,000	
	1		18	6,500		36,500	

Prob. 2-4A(Continued)
Account: Advertising Expense

53 Account No.

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			17,800	
	23		18	4,300		22,100	

Automobile Expense 54 Account: Account No.

		Post.			Bala	ince	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	1			5,500	
	28		19	1,500		7,000	

Miscellaneous Expense 59 Account: Account No.

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	1			3,900	
	29		19	1,400		5,300	

4.

Elite Realty	/ Unadjusted		
Trial Balar	nce April 30,		
2	018		
	Account No.	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	11	19,050	
Accounts Receivable	12	66,200	
Prepaid Insurance	13	9,000	
Office Supplies	14	3,775	
Land	16	200,000	
Accounts Payable	21		9,525
Unearned Rent	22		10,000
Notes Payable	23		170,000
Common Stock	31		10,000
Retained Earnings	32		36,000
Dividends	33	6,000	
Fees Earned	41		297,000
Salary and Commission Expense	51	157,600	
Rent Expense	52	36,500	
Advertising Expense	53	22,100	
Automobile Expense	54	7,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	5,300	
		532,525	532.525

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin & nTatyzis auctions

Prob. 2-4A(Continued)

Prob. 2-4A (Concluded)

- 5. (A) The unadjusted trial balance in (4) still balances because the debits equaled the credits in the original journal entry.
 - (B) The correcting entry for \$7,200 (\$19,100 \$11,900) would be as follows:

JOURNAL

Page

19

Date	Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018				

30 Salary and Commission Expense 51 7,200 Apr. Cash 11 7,200

(C) Transposition

Prob. 2-5A

1.

The Lexington Group		
Unadjusted Trial Balance		
May 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	18,750	
Accounts Receivable	53,500	
Supplies	2,225	
Prepaid Insurance	7,400	
Equipment	171,175	
Notes Payable		45,00
Accounts Payable		36,00
Common Stock		50,00
Retained Earnings		89,15
Dividends	20,000	
Fees Earned		429,85
Wages Expense	270,000	
Rent Expense	60,300	
Advertising Expense	25,200	
Gas, Electricity, and Water Expense	16,350	
Miscellaneous Expense	5,100	
	650,000	650,00

Cash = \$20,350 - \$7,000 (A) + \$5,400 (B) = \$18,750

2. No. The trial balance indicates only that the debits and credits are equal. Any errors that have the same effect on debits and credits will not affect the balancing of the trial balance.

Prob. 2–1B 1. and 2.

Cash				Accounts Payable				
(A)	18,000	(B)	2,500	(H)	1,800	(E)	6,500	
(G)	12,000	(C)	3,150			(J)	2,500	
		(D)	1,450			Bal.	7,200	
		(F)	2,400					
		(H)	1,800		Commor	Stock		
		(I)	375			(A)	18,000	
		(L)	2,800			•		
		(M)	200		Profession	nal Fees		
		(N)	300			(G)	12,000	
		(0)	550			(K)	15,650	
Bal.	14,475					Bal.	27,650	
	Accounts I	Receivab	le	Rent Expense				
(K)	15,650		_	(C)	3,150			
	Supp	olies			Salary E	xpense		
(D)	1,450			(L)	2,800			
	Prepaid I	nsurance	!		Blueprint	Expense		
(F)	2,400			(J)	2,500			
	Autom	obiles			Automobile	Expense	9	
(B)	19,500			(O)	550			
	Equip	ment			Miscellaneo	us Expens	se	
(E)	6,500			(I)	375	1		
	•	•		(M)	200			
	Notes F	Payable		Bal.	575			
(N)	300	(B)	17,000					
		Bal.	16,700					

Prob. 2-1B (Concluded)

3.	Jones Architects		
	Unadjusted Trial Balance		
	April 30, 2018		
		Debit	Credit
		Balances	Balances
	Cash	14,475	
	Accounts Receivable	15,650	
	Supplies	1,450	
	Prepaid Insurance	2,400	
	Automobiles	19,500	
	Equipment	6,500	
	Notes Payable		16,700
	Accounts Payable		7,200
	Common Stock		
	Professional Fees		27,650
	Rent Expense	3,150	
	Salary Expense	2,800	
	Blueprint Expense	2,500	
	Automobile Expense	550	
	Miscellaneous Expense	575	
		69,550	69,550
		_	

4. Net income, \$18,075 (\$27,650 - \$3,150 - \$2,800 - \$2,500 - \$550 - \$575)

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

Prob. 2-2B

1. (A)	Cash	17,500	
	Common Stock		17,500
(B)	Supplies	2,300	
()	Accounts Payable		2,300
(C)	Cash	13,300	
()	Sales Commissions		13,300
(D)	Rent Expense	3,000	
()	Cash		3,000
(E)	Accounts Payable	1,150	
` ,	Cash		1,150
(F)	Dividends	1,800	
, ,	Cash		1,800
(G)	Automobile Expense	1,500	
, ,	Miscellaneous Expense	400	
	Cash		1,900
(H)	Office Salaries Expense	2,800	
` ,	Cash		2,800
(I)	Supplies Expense	1,050	
` '	Supplies		1,050

Prob. 2-2B (Continued)

2.						I	
	Cash			Sales Commissions			
(A)	17,500	(D)	3,000			(C)	13,300
(C)	13,300	(E)	1,150			T	
		(F)	1,800		Rent E	xpense	
		(G)	1,900	(D)	3,000		
		(H)	2,800				
Bal.	20,150					ı	
	Sup	plies			Office Salar	 ies Expense	
(B)	2,300	(I)	1,050	(H)	2,800		
Bal.	1,250					_	
	Accounts	s Payable)		Automobil	e Expense	
(E)	1,150	(B)	2,300	(G)	1,500		
		Bal.	1,150				
	Commo	n Stock			Supplies	Expense	
		(A)	17,500	(I)	1,050		
	Divid	lends			Miscellaneo	us Expense	
(F)	1,800			(G)	400		

Prob. 2-2B (Concluded)

Planet Realty Unadjust	ted	
Trial Balance August 3	31,	
2018	•	
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	20,150	
Supplies	1,250	
Accounts Payable		1,150
Common Stock		17,500
Dividends		
Sales Commissions		13,300
Rent Expense	3,000	
Office Salaries Expense	2,800	
Automobile Expense	1,500	
Supplies Expense	1,050	
Miscellaneous Expense	400	
	31,950	31,950
	Cash Supplies Accounts Payable Common Stock Dividends Sales Commissions Rent Expense Office Salaries Expense Automobile Expense Supplies Expense	Cash 20,150 Supplies 1,250 Accounts Payable ————————————————————————————————————

- 4. A. \$13,300
 - B. \$8,750 (\$3,000 + \$2,800 + \$1,500 + \$1,050 + \$400)
 - C. \$4,550 (\$13,300 \$8,750)
- 5. \$2,750, which is the excess of net income of \$4,550 over the dividends of \$1,800.

Prob. 2-3B

1.

JOURNAL

Page _____1_

	Data Description		Post.		
Date		Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Oct.	1	Cash	11	18,000	
		Common Stock	31		18,000
	4	Rent Expense	53	3,000	
		Cash	11		3,000
	10 Truck		18	23,750	
		Cash	11		3,750
		Notes Payable	21		20,000
	13	Equipment	16	10,500	
		Accounts Payable	22		10,500
	14	Supplies	13	2,100	
		Cash	11		2,100
	15	Prepaid Insurance	14	3,600	
		Cash	11		3,600
	15	Cash	11	8,950	
		Fees Earned	41		8,950

JOURNAL

Page <u>2</u>

			Post.		
Date	е	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Oct.	oct. 21 /	Accounts Payable	22	2,000	
		Cash	11		2,000
	24	Accounts Receivable	12	14,150	
		Fees Earned	41		14,150
	26	Truck Expense	55	700	
		Accounts Payable	22		700
	27	Utilities Expense	54	2,240	

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin4gnTataynzisragctTooanssactions

Prob. 2-3B			
4	Cash	11	2,240

Prob. 2-3B

1. Prob. 2–3B(Continued)

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27	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,100	
	Cash	11		1,100
29	Cash	11	7,600	
	Accounts Receivable	12		7,600
30	Wages Expense	51	4,800	
	Cash	11		4,800
31	Dividends	33	3,500	
	Cash	11		3,500

2		

GENERAL LEDGER

Account: Cash Account No. 11

		Post.				Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1		1	18,000		18,000	
	4		1		3,000	15,000	
	10		1		3,750	11,250	
	14		1		2,100	9,150	
	15		1		3,600	5,550	
	15		1	8,950		14,500	
	21		2		2,000	12,500	
	27		2		2,240	10,260	
	27		2		1,100	9,160	
	29		2	7,600		16,760	
	30		2		4,800	11,960	
	31		2		3,500	8,460	

Account: Account No. 12

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	24		2	14,150		14,150	
	29		2		7,600	6,550	

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

Prob. 2	2–3B	(Continued)					
Account	: .	Supplies				Account No.	13
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	14		1	2,100		2,100	
Account	:: .	Prepaid Insurance				Account No.	14
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	15		1	3,600		3,600	
Account	: .	Equipment				Account No.	16_
			1				
			Post.			Bala	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018			_				
Oct.	13		1	10,500		10,500	
Account	: .	Truck				Account No.	18
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	10		1	23,750		23,750	
Account	: .	Notes Payable				Account No.	21
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	10		1		20,000		20,000
Account	: .	Accounts Payable				Account No.	22
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	,	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018		<u> </u>					
Oct.	13		1		10,500		10,500
	21		2	2,000			8,500
			2				

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

Prob. 2-3B(Continued)

		. 2–36 (Continued)					
Prob. 24	CB)	(Conti <u>nueus) plies</u>				Acco	unt No.
Account:	_	Common Stock				Account No.	31
	I		Post.			Balan	ce
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1		1		18,000		18,000
Account:	_	Dividends				Account No	33_
			Post.			Balance	
Date 2018		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
	31		2	3,500		3,500	
Account:	_	Fees Earned				Account No	41_
	<u> </u>		1			Data	
Data		14	Post.	Dalait	0	Balance Debit Cred	
Date 2018		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
	15		1		8,950		8,950
	24		2		14,150		23,100
Account:	<u></u>	Wages Expense	_		,	Account No	
	1		Post.			Balar	nce
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	30		2	4,800		4,800	
Account:	-	Rent Expense				Account No	53
			Post.			Balar	.00
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	4		1	3,000		3,000	
Account:	_	Utilities Expense				Account No	54
			Post.			Balar	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	27		2	2,240		2,240	

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin4yn7arbyzisragctTroanssactions

Prob. 2-3B(Continued)

Account: Truck Expense Account No. 55

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	26		2	700		700	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense Account No. 59

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	27		2	1,100		1,100	

Prob. 2-3B (Concluded)

Pionee	er Designs					
Unadjusted	l Trial Balance					
October 31, 2018						
	Account	Debit	Credit			
	No.	Balances	Balances			
Cash	11	8,460				
Accounts Receivable	12	6,550				
Supplies	13	2,100				
Prepaid Insurance	14	3,600				
Equipment	16	10,500				
Truck	18	23,750				
Notes Payable	21		20,000			
Accounts Payable	22		9,200			
Common Stock	31					
Dividends	33	3,500				
Fees Earned	41		23,100			
Wages Expense	51	4,800				
Rent Expense	53	3,000				
Utilities Expense	54	2,240				
Truck Expense	55	700				
Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,100				
		70,300	70,300			

- 4. \$11,260 (\$23,100 \$4,800 \$3,000 \$2,240 \$700 \$1,100)
- 5. Some supplies may have been used during October, but no supplies expense has been recorded.

As will be discussed in Chapter 3, adjustments are necessary at the end of the accounting period to bring the accounts up to date. For example, adjustments for supplies used, insurance expired, and depreciation would probably be required by Pioneer Designs.

Note to Instructors: At this point, students have not been exposed to depreciation, but some insightful students might recognize the need for recording supplies used and insurance expired. You might use this as an opportunity to discuss what is coming in Chapter 3.

Prob. 2-4B

2. and 3.

JOURNAL

Page <u>18</u>

			Post.		
Date	е	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Aug.	1	Office Supplies	14	3,150	
		Accounts Payable	21		3,150
	2	Rent Expense	52	7,200	
		Cash	11		7,200
	3	Cash	11	83,900	
		Accounts Receivable	12		83,900
	5	Prepaid Insurance	13	12,000	
		Cash	11		12,000
	9	Accounts Payable	21	400	
		Office Supplies	14		400
	17	Advertising Expense	53	8,000	
		Cash	11		8,000
	23	Accounts Payable	21	13,750	
		Cash	11		13,750

JOURNAL

Page _____19

			Post.		
Date	е	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Aug.	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,700	
		Cash	11		1,700
	30	Automobile Expense	54	2,500	
		Cash	11		2,500
	31	Cash	11	2,000	
		Salary and Commission Expense	51		2,000
	31	Salary and Commission Expense	51	53,000	
		Cash	11	_	53,000

Prob. 2-4B(Continued)

^^^^^^^^

31	Accounts Receivable	12	183,500	
	Fees Earned	41		183,500
31	Land	16	75,000	
	Cash	11		7,500
	Notes Payable	23		67,500
31	Dividends	33	1,000	
	Cash	11		1,000
31	Cash	11	5,000	
	Unearned Rent	22		5,000

1. and 3.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account:	Cash	Account No.	11

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	1			52,500	
	2		18		7,200	45,300	
	3		18	83,900		129,200	
	5		18		12,000	117,200	
	17		18		8,000	109,200	
	23		18		13,750	95,450	
	29		19		1,700	93,750	
	30		19		2,500	91,250	
	31		19	2,000		93,250	
_	31		19		53,000	40,250	
	31		19		7,500	32,750	
_	31		19		1,000	31,750	
	31		19	5,000		36,750	

Account: Account Receivable Account No. 12

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			100,100	
	3		18		83,900	16,200	

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

24	10	183.500	199.700	
31	19	103,300	199,700	

Prob. 2-4B (Continued)

Account:	Prepaid Insurance	Account No.	13
/tooouiit.		Account No.	

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			12,600	
	5		18	12,000		24,600	

Account: Office Supplies Account No. 14

		Post.		Balance			
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			2,800	
	1		18	3,150		5,950	
	9		18		400	5,550	

Account: Land Account No. 16

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	31		19	75,000		75,000	

Account: Account Payable Account No. 21

			Post.	Post.		Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	/				21,000
	1		18		3,150		24,150
	9		18	400			23,750
	23		18	13,750			10,000

Account: Unearned Rent Account No. 22

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	31		19		5,000		5,000

Account: Notes Payable Account No. 23

		Post.			Balance		
Date	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

2018				
Aug.	31	19	67,500	67,500

Prob. 2-4B(Continued)

Account: Common Stock Account No. 31	Account:	Common Stock	Account No.	31
--------------------------------------	----------	--------------	-------------	----

			Post.	Post.		Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				17,500

Account: Retained Earnings Account No. 32

					Balance		
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				70,000

Account: Dividends Account No. 33

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			44,800	
	31		19	1,000		45,800	

Account: Fees Earned Account No. 41

			Post.			Balance	
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				591,500
	31		19		183,500		775,000

Account: Salary and Commission Expense Account No. 51

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			385,000	
	31		19		2,000	383,000	
	31		19	53,000		436,000	

Account: Rent Expense Account No. 52

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	1			49,000	
	2		18	7,200		56,200	

CHAPTER 1/2 PTER 1/2 alyzin & natayzis acctions

Prob. 2-4B (Continued)

Account: Advertising Expense Account No. 53

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			32,200	
	17		18	8,000		40,200	

Account: Automobile Expense Account No. 54

			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			15,750	
	30		19	2,500		18,250	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense Account No. 59

			Post.			Balance	
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			5,250	
	29		19	1,700		6,950	

Prob. 2-4B (Concluded)

4.

Valley Realty Unadjusted						
Trial Balance August 31,						
2018						
	Account	Debit	Credit			
	No.	Balances	Balances			
Cash	11	36,750				
Accounts Receivable	12	199,700				
Prepaid Insurance	13	24,600				
Office Supplies	14	5,550				
Land	16	75,000				
Accounts Payable	21		10,000			
Unearned Rent	22		5,000			
Notes Payable	23					
Common Stock	31		17,500			
Retained Earnings	32		70,000			
Dividends	33	45,800				
Fees Earned	41		775,000			
Salary and Commission Expense	51	436,000				
Rent Expense	52	56,200				
Advertising Expense	53	40,200				
Automobile Expense	54	18.250				
Miscellaneous Expense	59	6,950	_			
		945,000	945,000			

- 5. (A) The unadjusted trial balance in (4) still balances because the debits equaled the credits in the original journal entry.
 - (B) The correcting entry for \$9,000 (\$10,000 \$1,000) would be as follows:

JOURNAL Page 19

Date			Description	Post Ref.		Credit
2018						
Aug.	31	Dividends		33	9,000	
		Cash		11		9,000

(C) Slide

Prob. 2-5B

1.

Tech Support Service	es	
Unadjusted Trial Bala	ince	
January 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	20,250	
Accounts Receivable	56,400	
Supplies	6,750	
Prepaid Insurance	9,600	
Equipment	162,000	
Notes Payable		54,00
Accounts Payable		16,6
Common Stock		18,00
Retained Earnings		89,8
Dividends	39,000	
Fees Earned		534,0
Wages Expense	306,000	
Rent Expense	62,550	
Advertising Expense	28,350	
Gas, Electricity, and Water Expense	17,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	4,600	
	712,500	712,50

Cash = \$25,550 - \$8,000 (A) + \$2,700 (B)

2. No. The trial balance indicates only that the debits and credits are equal.

Any errors that have the same effect on debits and credits will not affect the balancing of the trial balance.

CONTINUING PROBLEM

2. and 3.

JOURNAL

Page _____1_

Dot	_	Description	Post.	Debit	Credit
Date 2018	e 	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
July	1	Cash	11	5,000	
Cary	1	Common Stock	31	3,000	5,000
			- 0.		0,000
	1	Office Rent Expense	51	1,750	
		Cash	11	,	1,750
					•
	1	Prepaid Insurance	15	2,700	
		Cash	11	·	2,700
	2	Cash	11	1,000	
		Accounts Receivable	12		1,000
	3	Cash	11	7,200	
		Unearned Revenue	23		7,200
	3	Accounts Payable	21	250	
		Cash	11		250
	4	Miscellaneous Expense	59	900	
		Cash	11		900
	5	Office Equipment	17	7,500	
		Accounts Payable	21		7,500
	8	Advertising Expense	55	200	
		Cash	11		200
	11	Cash	11	1,000	
		Fees Earned	41		1,000
	1.5				
	13	Equipment Rent Expense	52	700	700
		Cash	11		700
	4.4	Wagaa Eynanaa	- FO	1 200	
	14	Wages Expense Cash	50	1,200	4 200
		Casii	11		1,200

Continuing Problem (Continued)

2. and 3.

JOURNAL

Page 2

_			Post.		
Date	;	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018	40			0.000	
July	16	Cash	11	2,000	
		Fees Earned	41		2,000
	18	Supplies	14	850	
		Accounts Payable	21		850
	21	Music Expense	54	620	
	21	Cash	11	020	620
		Casn	11		620
	22	Advertising Expense	55	800	
		Cash	11		800
	23	Cash	11	750	
		Accounts Receivable	12	1,750	
		Fees Earned	41		2,500
	27	Utilities Expense	53	915	
		Cash	11		915
	28	Wages Expense	50	1,200	
		Cash	11		1,200
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	540	
		Cash	11		540
	30	Cash	11	500	
		Accounts Receivable	12	1,000	
		Fees Earned	41		1,500
	24	Cook		2 000	
	31	Cash Fees Earned	11 41	3,000	3,000
		rees Earrieu	41		3,000
	31	Music Expense	54	1,400	
		Cash	11		1,400
	24	Dividends	33	1,250	
	31	Dividends	აა	1,250	

CHAPTERHAPTER n2alyzin AgnTadayzis auctTooms sactions

		Cash	11		1,250
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Continuing Problem (Continued)

1. and 3.

Account: Cash Account No. 11

			Post.			Balaı	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			3,920	
	1		1	5,000		8,920	
	1		1		1,750	7,170	
	1		1		2,700	4,470	
	2		1	1,000		5,470	
	3		1	7,200		12,670	
	3		1		250	12,420	
	4		1		900	11,520	
	8		1		200	11,320	
	11		1	1,000		12,320	
	13		1		700	11,620	
	14		1		1,200	10,420	
	16		2	2,000		12,420	
	21		2		620	11,800	
	22		2		800	11,000	
	23		2	750		11,750	
	27		2		915	10,835	
	28		2		1,200	9,635	
	29		2		540	9,095	
	30		2	500		9,595	
	31		2	3,000		12,595	
	31		2		1,400	11,195	
	31		2		1,250	9,945	_

Account: Account No. 12

			Post.			Balance	
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			1,000	
	2		1		1,000	_	_
	23		2	1,750		1,750	
	30		2	1,000		2,750	

CHAPTERM2PTERM2lyzin&nTarbyzisragctToconssactions

Continuing Problem (Continued)

Account:	Supplies	Ad	count No.	14

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			170	
	18		2	850		1,020	

Account: Prepaid Insurance Account No. 15

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1		1	2,700		2,700	

Account: Office Equipment Account No. 17

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	5		1	7,500		7,500	

Account: Account Payable Account No. 21

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓				250
	3		1	250			_
	5		1		7,500		7,500
	18		2		850		8,350

Account: Unearned Revenue Account No. 23

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	3		1		7,200		7,200

Account: Common Stock Account No. 31

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓				4,000
	1		1		5,000		9,000

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin & nTatyzis auctions

Continuing Problem (Continued)

Account: Dividends Account No. 33	Account:
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			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			500	
	31		2	1,250		1,750	

Account: Fees Earned Account No. 41

			Post.			Bal	ance
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓				6,200
	11		1		1,000		7,200
	16		2		2,000		9,200
	23		2		2,500		11,700
	30		2		1,500		13,200
	31		2		3,000		16,200

Account: Wages Expense Account No. 50

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	1			400	
	14		1	1,200		1,600	
	28		2	1,200		2,800	

Account: Office Rent Expense Account No. 51

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			800	
	1		1	1,750		2,550	

Account: Equipment Rent Expense Account No. 52

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			675	
	13		1	700		1,375	

Continuing Problem (Continued)

Account: Utilities Expense Account No. 53

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			300	
	27		2	915		1,215	

Account: Music Expense Account No. 54

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			1,590	
	21		2	620		2,210	
	31		2	1,400		3,610	

Account: Advertising Expense Account No. 55

			Post.			Bala	ince
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			500	
	8		1	200		700	
	22		2	800		1,500	

Account: Supplies Expense Account No. 56

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit Credit	
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			180	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense Account No. 59

			Post.			Balance	
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			415	
	4		1	900		1,315	
	29		2	540		1,855	

Continuing Problem (Concluded)

4.	PS Music Unadjusted					
	Trial Balance July 31,					
	2	2018				
		Account	Debit	Credit		
		No.	Balances	Balances		
	Cash	11	9,945			
	Accounts Receivable	12	2,750			
	Supplies	14	1,020			
	Prepaid Insurance	15	2,700			
	Office Equipment	17	7,500			
	Accounts Payable	21		8,350		
	Unearned Revenue	23		7,200		
	Common Stock	31				
	Dividends	33	1,750			
	Fees Earned	41		16,200		
	Wages Expense	50	2,800			
	Office Rent Expense	51	2,550			
	Equipment Rent Expense	52	1,375			
	Utilities Expense	53	1,215			
	Music Expense	54	3,610			
	Advertising Expense	55	1,500			
	Supplies Expense	56	180			
ļ	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,855			
•			40,750	40,750		

ANALYSIS FOR DECISION MAKING

ADM-1

A.

Amazon.com, Inc. Operating Income Statements						
For the Years Ended December 31						
(in millions)						
			Increase			
	Year 2	Year 1	(Decrease)	Percent		
Product sales	\$70,080	\$60,903	\$ 9,177	15.1%		
Service sales	18,908	13,549	5,359	39.6%		
Total sales	\$88,988	\$74,452	\$14,536	19.5%		
Cost of sales	\$62,752	\$54,181	8,571	15.8%		
Fulfillment	10,766	8,585	2,181	25.4%		
Marketing	4,332	3,133	1,199	38.3%		
Technology and content	9,275	6,565	2,710	41.3%		
General and administrative	1,552	1,129	423	37.5%		
Other operating expense (income), net	133	114	19	16.7%		
Total operating expenses	\$88,810	\$73,707	\$15,103	20.5%		
Income from operations	\$ 178	\$ 745	\$ (567)	(76.1)%		

B. The horizontal analysis shows that total sales increased by 19.5% between the two years, with a strong increase in service sales. Service sales are revenues earned from Amazon's Web hosting, Web design, and order fulfillment services provided for other businesses. This part of Amazon apparently has been growing rapidly. Total operating expenses have grown by 20.5% between the two years, indicating that expenses are growing faster than revenues. The expense growth appears to be occurring across all the major expense categories, with cost of sales (purchase price of merchandise resold) growing closest to the revenue growth. The net result is a significant decline in income from operations between the two years. Income from operations declined over 76% between the two years. Thus, Amazon demonstrates significant revenue growth, but is unable to translate that growth into operating income. This may be due to Amazon's strategy to promote revenue growth above profitability in this stage of its life cycle.

ADM-2

A.

Chipotle Mexican Grill, Inc. Balance Sheets						
December 31						
(in thousands)						
	Year 2	Year 1	Increase (Decrease)	Percent		
Assets	Teal 2	l ear i	(Decrease)	reiceili		
Current assets						
Cash	\$ 419,465	\$ 323,203	\$ 96,262	29.8%		
Accounts receivable, net	34,839	24,016	10,823	45.1%		
Inventory	15,332	13,044	2,288	17.5%		
Other current assets	70.251	51.073	19,178	37.6%		
Investments	338,592	254,971	83,621	32.8%		
Total current assets	\$ 878,479	\$ 666,307	\$212,172	31.8%		
Property, plant, and equipment	1,106,984	963,238	143,746	14.9%		
Long-term investments	496,106	313,863	182,243	58.1%		
Other assets	64,716	65,872	(1,156)	(1.8)%		
Total assets	\$2,546,285	\$2,009,280	\$537,005	26.7%		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 69,613	\$ 59,022	\$ 10,591	17.9%		
Other current liabilities	176,097	140,206	35,891	25.6%		
Total current liabilities	\$ 245.710	\$ 199.228	\$ 46.482	23.3%		
Long-term liabilities	288.206	271.764	16.442	6.1%		
Total liabilities	\$ 533,916	\$ 470,992	\$ 62,924	13.4%		
Stockholders' Equity						
Common stock	\$ 354	\$ 352	\$ 2	0.6%		
Additional paid-in capital	1,038,932	919,840	119,092	12.9%		
Retained earnings	1,722,271	1,276,897	445,374			
Treasury stock	(748.759)		88.338	13.4%		
Other adjustments	(429)		(2.049)	(126.5)%		
Total stockholders' equity	\$2,012,369	\$1,538,288	\$474,081	30.8%		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,546,285	\$2,009,280	\$537,005	26.7%		

B. Total assets increased by 26.7%. Part of this increase is explained by a 32% increase in current assets, of which current investments increased by 32.8% and cash increased by 29.8%. Long-term investments increased by 58%, while property, plant, and equipment increased by only 14.9%. It would seem Chipotle is able to create

CHAPTER APTER n2alyzin4yn7arbyzisragctTroanssactions

excess earnings that can be invested in short- and long-term investments after providing for growth.

ADM-2 (Concluded)

The total liabilities increased by 13.4%, with a 23.3% increase in current liabilities and 6.1% increase in long-term liabilities. These increases suggest that Chipotle is increasing debt modestly, but does not rely significantly upon debt to finance growth.

Total stockholders' equity increased by 30.8%, mostly explained by a 34.9% increase in retained earnings. Year 2 earnings explain the increase in retained earnings. The earnings provide sufficient resources to finance growth while providing additional cash for purchasing investments and treasury stock.

ADM-3

A. 1. Revenue: \$72,618 - \$71,279 = \$1,339

2. Operating expenses: \$67,857 - \$66,320 = \$1,537

3. Operating income: \$4,761 - \$4,959 = -\$198

B. The revenue increased by 1.9% between the two years; however, the operating expenses grew by 2.3% in the same period. Thus, expenses grew faster than revenues. As a result, operating income fell 4.0% between the two years.

ADM-4

A. 1. Revenue: \$485,651 - \$476,294 = \$9,357

2. Operating expenses: \$458,504 - \$449,422 = \$9,082

3. Operating income: \$27,147 - \$26,872 = \$275

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ADM-4 (Concluded)

- B. The revenue and operating expenses both increased by 2.0% between the two years. The net result was operating income increased by 1.0% between the two years. Walmart was able to keep revenue and expense growth in line with each other.
- C. Walmart was able to increase operating income between the two years because revenues and expenses grew at the same rate. Target had nearly the same revenue growth as Walmart (approximately 2%), but was not able keep expense growth in line with the revenue growth. Target's expenses grew by 2.3% while Walmart's were lower at only 2.0%. Thus, Target actually had a decline in operating income, while Walmart was able to increase operating income between the two years.

TAKE IT FURTHER

TIF 2-1

- 1. No. For financial accounting information to be useful, it must accurately reflect an entity's business transactions and economic activity. For this to happen, each account must reflect the increases or decreases that result from each transaction. If the trial balance does not balance, it means that a transaction has not been accurately recorded in the accounts. By knowingly submitting a trial balance that does not accurately reflect the transactions in the accounts, Buddy is demonstrating a failure of individual character and is acting unethically.
- 2. The users of the financial information who rely upon this information will be affected, as the information will not be a faithful representation of the entity's economic activity.
- 3. Buddy should have discussed the issue with his supervisor and asked for more time to find the error.

TIF 2-2

A sample solution based on Nike Inc.'s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2015, follows:

- 1. \$21,600 million
- 2. \$8,893 (\$21,600 million total assets \$12,707 million total liabilities)
- 3. \$12,707 million
- 4. 3
- 5. 2
- 6. The income statement reports a summary of revenues and expenses for a specific period of time, such as a month or a year. The balance sheet reports a list of assets, liabilities, and stockholders' equity as of a specific date, usually at the close of the last day of a month or a year.

TIF 2-3

Note to Instructors: The purpose of this activity is to familiarize students with the job opportunities available in accounting, and allow them to demonstrate their ability to communicate the role of accounting in the context of a specific position that requires knowledge of accounting. An example of an advertisement for such a position is shown below. Individual student answers will vary depending on the specific scenario they select.

ABOUT THE COMPANY

Our client is looking to add a Financial Analyst. With a large and growing finance team, there is significant opportunity for growth and advancement within the department. The company boasts a team-oriented culture and provides its employees with the tools and training necessary to perform. Our client is looking to bring on more of a junior-level candidate who is looking to gain experience in his or her field of study. There will be hands-on training for the role that will evolve from a data analyst into a financial analyst and will be reporting to the director of finance. Our client is in the consumer goods industry and is an international company that has multiple opportunities for growth.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE FINANCIAL ANALYST

The Financial Analyst will:

- Conduct special studies to analyze complex financial actions and prepare recommendations for policy, procedure, control, or action.
- Analyze financial information to determine present and future financial performance.
- Evaluate complex profit plans, operating records, and financial statements.
- Direct preparation of studies, reports, analyses, and recommendations in areas such as budgets, forecasts, financial plans, statistical reports, and business forecasts.
- Coordinate with all levels of management to gather, analyze, summarize, and prepare recommendations regarding financial plans, trended future requirements, and operating forecasts.

Source: CareerBuilder.com

2

Analyzing Transactions

OPENING COMMENTS

Chapter 2 is the *most* important chapter in the text. It introduces students to the rules of debit and credit, chart of accounts, two-column journals, four-column ledgers, T accounts, and the trial balance. Quite frankly, if students fail to grasp the concepts in this chapter, the first seeds of destruction will be sown for those students who will ultimately withdraw from or fail the course.

Emphasize that Chapter 2 builds the foundation for all that will be learned about accounting principles. Unlike many other college courses, it is impossible to understand Chapter 3 and beyond if the principles of Chapter 2 are not mastered. You need to dispel the false belief that "maybe I'll get the next chapter—even though I'm totally lost now."

Also encourage your students to seek help immediately if they begin to struggle with course content. Make them aware of the resources available at your institution: tutorial services, peer assistance, your office hours, use of CengageNOW, and support services, etc. Too frequently, students wait until after they have failed their first examination to seek help. For those who heed them, these simple suggestions will help students avoid failure.

Reinforce the fact that accounting is best learned by doing. Students must work the exercises to grasp the concepts introduced in this chapter.

The chapter ends with an explanation and demonstration of analyzing financial statements using horizontal analysis. Interpretation explains possible relationships among the changes revealed in the analysis.

After studying the chapter, your students should be able to:

- 1. Describe the characteristics of an account and a chart of accounts.
- 2. Describe and illustrate journalizing transactions using the double-entry accounting system.
- 3. Describe and illustrate the journalizing and posting of transactions to accounts.

- 4. Prepare an unadjusted trial balance and explain how it can be used to discover errors.
- ADM Describe and illustrate the use of horizontal analysis in evaluating a company's performance and financial condition.

KEY TERMS

account account receivable assets balance of the account chart of accounts common stock correcting journal entry credit debit dividends double-entry accounting system expenses horizontal analysis journal journal entry journalizing ledger normal balance of an account

liabilities

posting

retained earnings

revenues

rules of debit and credit

slide

stockholders' equity

T account

transposition

trial balance

unadjusted trial balance

unearned revenue

STUDENT FAQS

- Why does Cash have a debit balance instead of a credit? My bank tells me they are crediting my account when I put money in. This question has to be answered several times until the student realizes that to the bank it is a liability, and they are telling the student what they are doing to their books.
- Why is the abbreviation for a debit "Dr" when there is no "r" in the spelling?
- Why can't the normal balances of all the accounts be opposite what they are?
- Who dreamed this accounting system up?

Who uses these statements, and what do they do with the information?

Analyzing Transactions

- What is the difference between journalizing and posting?
- What is the difference between an expense and a liability?
- Aren't assets and revenue the same? If a business works for someone and gets paid, aren't Cash and Revenue exactly the same thing?
- Aren't expenses and liabilities the same? If a business gets a utility bill and hasn't paid it yet, aren't Utility Expense and Utility Payable exactly the same account?
- Why do they call it a credit card? Who is crediting what?
- "I work in a bank and we use debits and credits, but you have them all reversed in the book. The bank where I work does everything exactly the opposite."
- Why can't we just record the transactions directly into the ledger?
- Why are the ledger accounts in a specific order? Why aren't they listed in alphabetical order?
- Why aren't increases (+) always a debit and decreases (-) always a credit? Wouldn't that make more sense?
- Why can't you wait until the end of the month to compute the balance of each account in the ledger? Isn't it a lot of work to re-compute a new balance after each posting?
- In business, we say that we need to raise capital to start a business, so why aren't cash and capital the same thing?
- How do I know whether to use wages expense or wages payable?
- Do small businesses really need to do all this work to keep track of their income? Can't they just add and subtract from their bank account?

OBJECTIVE 1

Describe the characteristics of an account and a chart of accounts.

SYNOPSIS

In the previous chapter, transactions were recorded using the accounting equation format. Exhibit 1 presents a summary of the transactions we analyzed in the previous chapter for NetSolutions. This chapter demonstrates how to record transactions using accounts. Accounts make it easy to track increases and decreases in a company's assets, liabilities, stockholders' equity, revenues, expenses, and dividends. For example, NetSolutions will need 12 accounts, one for each of the financial statement items shown in Exhibit 1. Basically, accounts have two sides, a left side and a right side. Because the letter "T" has a left side and a right side, the term "T account" is often used to refer to accounts. Debits are recorded on the left side of the T, and credits are recorded on the right side of the T. The balance of the account is the amount of the difference between the debits and the credits that have been entered into an account. All the accounts used in a business are grouped together in a ledger. A list of the accounts maintained in the ledger is

known as a chart of accounts. Exhibit 2 presents the chart of accounts for NetSolutions. Assets are the resources owned by a business. Liabilities are the rights of creditors that represent debts of the

business. Stockholders' equity represents the rights of owners to the assets of the business. For a corporation, stockholders' equity in the business is composed of common stock and retained earnings. The dividends account represents distributions of earnings to stockholders. Revenues are increases in assets and stockholders' equity as a result of selling services or products to customers. Expenses are assets used up or services consumed in the process of generating revenues. Each account in the chart of accounts is assigned an account number. These accounts are used to record the business's transactions.

Key Terms and Definitions

- Account An accounting form that is used to record the increases and decreases in each financial statement item.
- **Assets** The resources owned by a business.
- Balance of the Account The amount of the difference between the debits and the credits that have been entered into an account.
- **Chart of Accounts** A list of the accounts in the ledger.

Analyzing Transactions

- **Common Stock** The stock outstanding when a corporation has issued only one class of stock.
- **Credit** Amount entered on the right side of an account.
- **Debit** Amount entered on the left side of an account.
- **Dividends** Distribution of a corporation's earnings to stockholders.
- **Expenses** Assets used up or services consumed in the process of generating revenues.
- **Ledger** A group of accounts for a business.
- **Liabilities** The rights of creditors that represent debts of the business.
- **Retained Earnings** Net income retained in a corporation that is reported as part of stockholders' equity.
- **Revenues** Increases in assets and equity as a result of selling services or products to customers.
- **Stockholders' Equity** The owners' equity in a corporation.
- **T account** The simplest form of an account.

Relevant Exhibits

- Exhibit 1 NetSolutions' November Transactions
- Exhibit 2 Chart of Accounts for NetSolutions

SUGGESTED APPROACH

Remind students that accounts are used to record business transactions. An account is simply a record of all the increases and decreases in a financial statement item (such as cash, supplies, and accounts payable). A group of accounts is called a ledger.

Point out that only a very small enterprise with very few transactions (such as a lawn-mowing service run by students) could use the accounting system illustrated in Chapter 1. For most businesses, this system would be inefficient. For example, in the prior chapter, all business transactions affecting stockholders' equity were recorded as stockholders' equity. In Chapter 2, these different types of transactions will be separated and recorded in the common stock, retained earnings, dividends, revenue, and expense accounts. Issuance of common stock and revenue accounts increase stockholders' equity; dividends and expense accounts reduce stockholders' equity. This separation will make it easier to prepare financial statements. Transparency Master (TM) 2-1 can be used to highlight this change.

Analyzing Transactions

T accounts are introduced as a convenient way to track increases and decreases in accounts. You may want to stress that T accounts are a representation of the general ledger, which is the official place to record and track account balances.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—Chart of Accounts

Analyzing Transactions

Objective 1 also introduces a chart of accounts and a flexible system of numbering accounts. Under the text's indexing system, accounts are assigned a two-digit number. The first digit indicates the account's classification (1 = assets, 2 = liabilities, 3 = stockholders' equity, 4 = revenue, and 5 = expenses). Stress that all enterprises will have the same categories of accounts; however, the account titles used and the number of accounts will vary. You can emphasize this variety by asking students to bring in charts of accounts from businesses where they or a relative work.

TM 2-2 presents information related to the business transactions of Larry Sharp, M.D. Divide students into small groups and ask them to use the information to develop a chart of accounts for Dr. Sharp. Also ask them to assign a number to each account.

This activity will test whether your students can identify the accounts needed to record Dr. Sharp's typical business transactions and apply the concept of a flexible numbering system. The group activity may be assigned before discussing the information related to charts of accounts presented in the text. This will force students to recall some information from their reading assignment and reinforce your expectation that all reading assignments are to be completed prior to classroom discussion.

TM 2-3 presents a suggested chart of accounts that you may want to share with the class after they have completed their group work. Remind them that the chart of accounts is different for every company, reflecting each company's typical business transactions.

You will notice that the suggested solution in TM 2-3 does not include insurance expense or depreciation expense accounts. These accounts, although necessary for preparing adjusting entries, have been omitted since that step in the accounting cycle will not be introduced until Chapter 3.

The first account form introduced in Chapter 2 is the T account. Draw a T account on the board, and remind students that the left side will be called the debit or Dr. side and the right side will be called the credit or Cr. side. Each T account has a name as well as a normal balance side.

To demonstrate how a T account works, you may want to use the Cash account and record the increases and decreases to the account from one of the problems worked in Chapter 1 (1-3A, for example). Show how the balance is recorded and compare it to the balance reached in the Chapter 1 problem.

INTERNET ACTIVITY—Chart of Accounts

There are organizations that post recommended charts of accounts on the Internet, so your students can see some real-world examples. A standard chart of accounts is provided by Small Business Notes. The Web address is:

http://www.smallbusinessnotes.com/operating/finmgmt/financialstmts/cofa.html

You might also want to encourage your students to search for other suggested charts of accounts.

OBJECTIVE 2

Describe and illustrate journalizing transactions using the double-entry accounting system.

SYNOPSIS

Businesses use the double-entry accounting system for recording transactions, based on recording increases and decreases in accounts so that debits equal credits. In this system, the rules of debit and credit specify how to record increases and decreases in the accounts. The normal balance of an account can be either a debit or a credit depending on whether increases in the account are recorded as debits or credits. For asset and expense accounts, a debit increases the account, and a credit decreases the account. For liability, stockholders' equity, and revenue accounts, a debit decreases the account, and a credit increases the account. The word debit can be abbreviated as Dr., and credit can be abbreviated as Cr. Exhibit 3 summarizes the debit/credit rules and indicates the normal balance in each type of account. Using the rules of debit and credit, transactions are entered in a journal chronologically as they occur; this is the initial record in which the effects of a transaction are recorded. The process of entering a transaction is called journaling. Each such record is known as a journal entry. Exhibit 4 summarizes terminology that is often used to describe common transactions along with the specific accounts that would be debited and credited. The transaction is recorded using the following steps: the date of the transaction is recorded in the date column, the title of the account to be debited is entered first in the description column, and the amount to be debited is entered in the debit column. The title of the account to be credited is listed under the account debited and indented and the amount to be credited is entered in the credit column. A brief description may be entered at this time in the description column below the account credited. The Post. Ref. column is not used until the entry in transferred to the ledger.

Key Terms and Definitions

- **Double-Entry Accounting System** A system of accounting for recording transactions, based on recording increases and decreases in accounts so that debits equal credits.
- **Journal** The initial record in which the effects of a transaction are recorded.
- **Journal Entry** The form of recording a transaction in a journal.
- **Journalizing** The process of recording a transaction in the journal.
- **Normal Balance of an Account** The normal balance of an account can be either a debit or a credit depending on whether increases in the account are recorded as debits or credits.
- **Rules of Debit and Credit** In the double-entry accounting system, specific rules for recording debits and credits based on the type of account.

Analyzing Transactions

Relevant Check Up Corners and Exhibits

Analyzing Transactions

- Exhibit 3 Rules of Debit and Credit, Normal Balances of Accounts
- Check Up Corner 2-1 Balance Sheet Accounts
- Exhibit 4 Transaction Terminology and Related Journal Entry Accounts
- Check Up Corner 2-2 Journal Entries

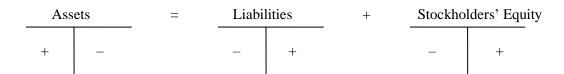
SUGGESTED APPROACH

Learning the rules of debit and credit is one of the first major hurdles for students in accounting principles. Remind students that debit and credit simply represent the left and right sides of an account. The trick is remembering which accounts are increased with debits and which are increased with credits.

LECTURE AID—Rules of Debit and Credit

Three approaches to explain the rules of debit and credit follow. You may want to present all methods to your class and encourage each student to use the approach that he or she understands best.

"Mirror Image" Approach: One way to explain the rules of debit and credit is to draw the following equation on the board.



Point out that the rules for increasing and decreasing liabilities and stockholders' equity accounts are the mirror image of the rules for assets. Therefore, if students can remember the rules for assets, they can deduce the rules for the remaining accounts. This method requires that the student understand that the negative effect of the dividends and expense accounts on stockholders' equity requires the opposite treatment of the rules of debit and credit for these types of accounts. Exhibit 3 from the text is excellent to help explain this concept.

Although this is the most simplistic approach, some students become very confused by the treatment of the dividends and expense accounts. Increases to these accounts are debits because they reduce stockholders' equity. However, some students want to record expenses and dividends as credits because the schematic has a + sign on the credit side of stockholders' equity accounts.

"After Eating Dinner" Approach: The rules of debit and credit can also be explained with the following saying: "After eating dinner, let's relax and snooze."

Analyzing Transactions

Here's how it works.

After Eating Dinner, Accounts increased with a debit:

Assets <u>Expenses</u>

Dividends

Let's Relax and Snooze Accounts increased

with a credit: Liabilities

Revenues

Analyzing Transactions

Stockholders' Equity

"ALSIE" Approach: The rules of debit and credit can also be explained using the acronym "ALSIE."

List the types of classifications of accounts:

A = Assets

L = Liabilities

S = Stockholders' Equity

I = Income (Revenue)

E = Expense

Arrange the letters to read "ALSIE." Then list normal balances by the side of each.

A = Dr.

L = Cr.

S = Cr.

I = Cr.

E = Dr.

Note that ALSIE begins and ends with normal Dr. balance accounts, while the three middle classifications are normal Cr. balance accounts. The dividends account is not included in this explanation, so the student must memorize the proper treatment of this account.

No matter which approach the student uses to learn the rules, you will need to reinforce the categories and the proper treatment of increases and decreases over and over. Start by emphasizing that half of the accounts are increased with debits (assets, dividends, and expenses) and half are increased with credits (liabilities, stockholders' equity, and revenue). It is also important to discuss the meaning of normal balance. Normal balance is the side of the account in which increases are recorded. At this point in the learning process, the student can assume that typically only assets and liabilities will have both debit and credit entries. Dividends and expense accounts will typically have only debit entries, and stockholders' equity and revenue accounts will have only credit entries. This generalization will hold true until Chapter

4. By that time, the student should be comfortable with the debit and credit rules.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—Rules of Debit and Credit

Analyzing Transactions

After explaining the rules of debit and credit, it is important to reinforce those concepts with an example.

Remind students that business transactions are initially recorded in a record called a journal. After each entry is journalized, it is posted to the proper account in the ledger. In this group exercise, students will post entries into T accounts.

Ask your students to draw the following T accounts on a sheet of paper:

Cash **Retained Earnings**

Accounts Receivable Dividends

Fees Earned Stereo Supplies Equipment Wages Expense Accounts Payable Advertising Expense Common

Stock

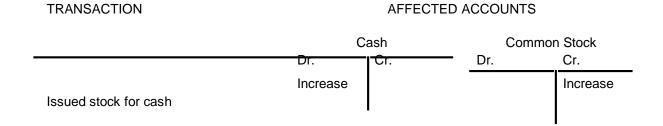
TM 2-4 lists several business transactions. Illustrate the process by recording the first two or three transactions in a journal format and by posting them to the appropriate T account. As you work these examples, emphasize that there is a three-step process in analyzing each entry: (1) determine which accounts are affected, (2) decide whether each account should be increased or decreased, and (3) translate the increase or decrease into a debit or a credit.

Students may find it helpful when initially analyzing transactions to first see if the transaction involves cash. Most transactions in this stage of learning involve cash. If cash is being received, the debit portion of the transaction is cash. If cash is being given, the credit portion of the transaction is cash. This will provide students with half the transaction entry and allow them to focus on determining the other account to complete the journal entry.

After completing your examples, ask students to work in small groups to complete the transactions. TM 2-5 presents the solution to this exercise.

LECTURE AID—Double-Entry Accounting

To help the student understand the effect of double-entry accounting, it can be helpful to illustrate examples of some of the more common transactions, such as the ones below, as you lecture.



Chapter 2

LECTURE AID—Journalizing

At this point, it is time to introduce your students to the standard journal format. It is interesting to point out that while T accounts are not actually used to record business transactions, accountants frequently use them to analyze complex transactions. In the same way, students will find the T account a useful tool throughout this and future accounting courses.

You may wish to point out the useful table that summarizes common transaction terminology in Exhibit 4 of the text.

TM 2-6 shows a series of transactions recorded in a two-column journal. Use this exhibit to review the twocolumn journal format with your students. You may want to stress the following format issues:

- 1. Date: The year is entered only at the top of the Date column. The month is entered on the first line of the date column on each page; it is also entered for the first transaction when changing to a new month. The date is entered for each transaction.
- 2. Description: The Description column is where account names are entered. Debited accounts should be on top, and credited accounts should be on the bottom and indented to the right (credits are always on the right).
- 3. Description: A brief description of the transaction should be written below the debit and credit account titles. This description may be omitted if the transaction is a normal business occurrence and its nature is obvious from the entry. When calculations are required, they should be noted here.
- 4. Debit and Credit: Proper journalizing always has at least one debit and one credit, and total debits must always equal total credits. Proper journalizing will keep the accounting equation in balance.
- 5. Blank Lines: A blank line should separate all transactions in a manual journal to make them easier to read. Computerized systems are normally designed to separate journal entries without special input.

It is also helpful to emphasize the importance of using the correct journal entry format of left justifying debits and indenting credits by writing the following entry on the board and asking students to identify what is wrong:

Supplies 500 Cash 500

Because the credit in the entry is not indented, it is difficult to identify the debit and the credit. Were supplies purchased using cash, or were they sold for cash?

In most computerized systems, the indention of the names of accounts credited is not necessary because debits and credits are recorded in separate columns.

OBJECTIVE 3

Describe and illustrate the journalizing and posting of transactions to accounts.

SYNOPSIS

This objective continues with journalizing and demonstrates how to post the journal entries to the ledger. Posting is the process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts in the ledger. Exhibit 5 illustrates this process. Using the company NetSolutions, the chapter shows the journalizing of a transaction in a standard account form and then demonstrates how to record each entry in the ledger. The debits and credits from each entry are transferred to the ledger in the order in which they occurred. The ledger account is located for the first line of the entry, the date is transferred first, then the amount of the debit is entered in the Debit column, the journal page is entered in the Post Reference (Post. Ref.) column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column in the journal. The ledger account is located for the second line of the entry, the date is transferred first, then the amount of the credit is entered in the Credit column, the journal page is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column in the journal. Thus, the Post. Ref. notations serve to link the journal and ledger and provide an easy way to trace transactions from the journal to the ledger or vice versa.

Several transactions are analyzed with the text showing both the journal entry and its posting to the ledger. The transaction in which NetSolutions rents land to another entity for three months introduces the concept of unearned revenue. This transaction creates a liability by receiving revenue in advance. As the three months pass, the liability will decrease and become revenue. The transaction in which NetSolutions agrees that a customer may receive services and pay at a later date creates an account receivable. This is a claim against the customer created by selling merchandise or services on credit. This account is an asset, and the revenue is earned even though no cash is yet received. Exhibit 6 presents the general ledger for NetSolutions after all of the transactions have been posted. Notice the use of the four-column account format, which facilitates the determination of account balances.

Key Terms and Definitions

- Account Receivable A claim against the customer created by selling merchandise or services on credit.
- **Posting** The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts in the ledger.
- **Unearned Revenue** The liability created by receiving revenue in advance.

Relevant Exhibits

- Exhibit 5 Diagram of the Recording and Posting of a Debit and a Credit
- Exhibit 6 General Ledger for NetSolutions

SUGGESTED APPROACH

Remind students that journalizing transactions is a sequential record of business dealings and posting is the updating of individual account balances. Getting the journal entry correct is the bigger challenge; the posting is merely a process of transferring the information from the journal to the proper ledger accounts. Although posting can be a tedious process, it is critical that the student follow the process and not resort to shortcuts; otherwise, information may be omitted, resulting in incorrect account balances.

DEMONSTRATION PROBLEM—The Ledger

TM 2-7 is a series of four-column ledger accounts. Use these blank accounts to demonstrate posting of the first three transactions from TM 2-6. As you post the transactions, remind students that a posting reference must be entered in the appropriate columns of both the journal and the ledger. Also emphasize that transactions should be posted carefully to avoid errors. Careless posting may result in a lot of time being wasted trying to find errors. Emphasize that with a software package, posting will usually be done automatically, so there is less chance of making mistakes in posting.

WRITING EXERCISE—The Journal and the Ledger

It is important for students to understand the reason that business transactions are recorded in a journal as the book of original entry and later posted to a ledger. To check their understanding of these concepts, ask them to write a response to the following questions. These questions are also found on TM 2-8.

- 1. Why are business transactions initially recorded in a journal?
- 2. Why are business transactions posted from the journal to a ledger?

Question 1 possible response: The journal is used to record transactions in the order in which they occur. The journal shows the entire effect of the transaction and how the transaction impacts the accounting equation. Without the journal, the general ledger accounts would not reflect the entire history of the transaction.

Question 2 possible response: The ledger tracks the balance of the individual accounts. Without posting transaction to the ledger, the accountant would have to go back and track every individual transaction to find those that impact the account in question and track the increases and decreases over the accounting period to determine the balance in the account.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—The Journal and the Ledger

This activity presents another method to emphasize the purpose of the journal and the ledger in the accounting process. TM 2-9 lists questions a business owner might ask that can be answered by examining the company's accounting records. Your students' task is to determine which accounting record holds the answer: the journal or the ledger. Answers to this activity are provided on TM 2-10.

OBJECTIVE 4

Prepare an unadjusted trial balance and explain how it can be used to discover errors.

SYNOPSIS

This objective explains the purpose and the steps in the preparation of the trial balance. The trial balance is a summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger, and it verifies the equality of the debits and the credits, which double-entry accounting requires. The first step in preparing a trial balance is to create the heading. This includes the company name, the title of the document, and the date it is prepared. Next, list all the accounts from the ledger, in order, and enter their debit or credit balances. Total the debit and credit columns and verify the totals match. The trial balance shown in Exhibit 7 is an unadjusted trial balance, which distinguishes it from other trial balances that will be introduced later. An unadjusted trial balance is a summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger *prior* to the posting of adjusting entries.

If the trial balance does not show equality, an error occurred. Several errors are common and easy to find. If the difference between the columns is 10, 100, or 1,000, an addition error may exist. Recalculate the totals. If the same error exists, recalculate the account balances. If the difference between the totals is divisible by 2, a debit may have been entered as a credit or vice versa. A transposition error may have occurred if the difference is divisible by 9. This is an error in which the order of the digits is changed, such as writing \$542 as \$452 or \$524. A similar error is called a slide. In a slide, the entire number is moved one or more spaces to the right or the left, such as writing \$542.00 as \$54.20 or \$5,420.00. If the difference is not divisible by 2 or 9, review the ledger to see if accounts have been omitted. If no accounts have been omitted from the ledger, review the journal to see if the postings are complete.

Some errors do not cause the trial balance to be unequal. These may be discovered at any time. An entry that is prepared when an error has already been journalized and posted is called a correcting journal entry.

Key Terms and Definitions

- Correcting Journal Entry An entry that is prepared when an error has already been journalized and posted.
- **Slide** An error in which the entire number is moved one or more spaces to the right or the left, such as writing \$542.00 as \$54.20 or \$5,420.00.
- **Transposition** An error in which the order of the digits is changed, such as writing \$542 as \$452 or \$524.
- **Trial Balance** A summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger used to detect errors.
- **Unadjusted Trial Balance** A summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger prior to the posting of adjusting entries.

Relevant Check Up Corner and Exhibit

- Exhibit 7 Trial Balance
- Check Up Corner 2-3 Trial Balance

Remind students that a trial balance is simply a listing of accounts and their balances. It is used to check the accuracy of posting by testing to see that total debits equal total credits. At this point, students have learned two controls over recording entries in a double-entry accounting system: (1) Debits = Credits and (2) Assets = Liabilities + Stockholders' Equity.

You may point out that this is the first of three times in the accounting cycle that the trial balance will be completed.

DEMONSTRATION PROBLEM—Preparing a Trial Balance

To demonstrate how to prepare a trial balance, show TM 2-5 (the T accounts from the group learning activity under Objective 2). Ask your students to work in small groups to complete a trial balance using these account balances. TM 2-11 shows the completed trial balance.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—Errors in a Trial Balance

The goal of this activity is to demonstrate the use of a trial balance in detecting errors made while recording journal entries, posting, and computing account balances. TM 2-12 presents journal entries, T accounts, and a trial balance. Several errors have been made in posting the journal entries, and as a result, the trial balance does not balance. Ask your students to work in small groups to uncover the errors and correct the trial balance. TM 2-13 shows the corrected trial balance.

You may want to give your students the following hints to help them detect the errors:

- 1. Re-add the columns of the trial balance to check for math errors. This usually is not a problem with a computerized program.
- 2. Look for accounts with abnormal balances on the trial balance. This usually points to an error.
- 3. Compare account balances on the trial balance with those in the ledger. Watch for omitted accounts, slide errors, or transposition errors.
- 4. Re-compute the balance of each account to check for math errors. Again, this usually doesn't happen with a computerized program.
- 5. Trace each posting back to the journal entry to make sure the proper amount was posted. Watch for slide or transposition errors.

You will also want to point out that the trial balance does not catch every possible accounting error. The following errors will not be discovered simply by preparing a trial balance:

- 1. Failing to record a transaction or to post a transaction.
- 2. Recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction.
- 3. Recording the same transaction more than once.

4. Posting part of a transaction correctly as a debit or credit but to the wrong account.

As an example, ask your class the following question: Would recording an \$800 sale on account as a debit to Cash and a credit to Fees Earned cause the columns of a trial balance to be unequal? Answer: No.

Analyzing Transactions

ADM OBJECTIVE

Describe and illustrate the use of horizontal analysis in evaluating a company's performance and financial condition.

SYNOPSIS

It is useful in business to compare a company's performance with its past performance. Financial analysis that compares an item in a current statement with the same item in prior statements is called horizontal analysis. The financial statements being compared are arranged next to each other to facilitate the comparison. Two additional columns are presented to the right. The first column shows the numerical difference between the amounts, and the second displays the percentage difference as an increase or a decrease. The significance of these changes should be investigated to determine if operations can be improved. The example in the chapter shows a comparison of income statements; however, this analysis can be used on any financial statement.

Key Term and Definition

Horizontal Analysis - Financial analysis that compares an item in a current statement with the same item in prior statements.

SUGGESTED APPROACH

This objective introduces the value of horizontal analysis as a tool to indicate trends in a company's performance. Remind students that financial statements are a "snapshot" in time without any means of comparison to other time periods. The horizontal analysis indicates changes (increase or decrease) in both amounts and percentages.

TM 2-14 shows an example of a horizontal analysis of income statements for Music Express using figures from TM 2-11. Note that while the June expenditures were greater than those in May so, too, were the fees earned—enough to show increases in the amount and percentage of net income for Music Express.

							Tagging			Associa	ited Ass	ets Focus		S		
Туре	Item	Description	LO(s)	Difficulty	Time Est	BUSPROG	AICPA	ACBSP - Primary	Bloom's	Video	Excel	CLGL	ADM	Real World	Writing	Ethics
MC	1		1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering	Î		Ì	Ì			Î
MC	2		1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							
MC	3		1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Understanding							
MC	4		2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
MC	5		4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							
LREX	1	Rules of debit and credit and normal balances	2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering	x						
LREX	2	Journal entry for asset purchase	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering	x						
LREX	3	Journal entry for fees earned	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x						
LREX	4	Journal entry for dividends	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x						
LREX	5	Missing amount from an account	3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x						
LREX	6	Trial balance errors	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x						
LREX	7	Correcting entries	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							T
PP		Problem	n/a	Challenging	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Financial Statements	Applying							T
DQ	1		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							1
DQ	2		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							1
DQ	3		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
DQ	4		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
DQ	5		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
DQ	6		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
DQ	7		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
DQ	8		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
DQ	9		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
DQ	10		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
BE	1	Rules of debit and credit and normal balances	2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering	х						1
BE	2	Journal entry for asset purchase	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
BE	3	Journal entry for fees earned	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
BE	4	Journal entry for dividends	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
BE	5	Missing amount from an account	3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
BE	6	Trial balance errors	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
BE	7	Correcting entries	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
EX	1	Chart of accounts	1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering					X		1
EX	2	Chart of accounts	1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							1
EX	3	Chart of accounts	1	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							1
EX	4	Rules of debit and credit	1,2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							1
EX	5	Normal entries for accounts	2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							1
EX	6	Normal balances of accounts	1,2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							1
EX	7	Transactions	2	Moderate	15 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
EX	8	Journalizing and posting	2,3	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х					х	1
EX	9	Transactions and T accounts	2,3	Easy	15 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х	х				х	1
EX	10	Cash account balance	1,2,3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						x	1
EX	11	Accounts balances	1,2,3	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						1
EX	12	Retained earnings account balance	1,2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х					x	1
EX	13	Identifying transactions	1,2	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							1
EX	14	Journal entries	1,2	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						†
EX	15	Trial balance	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х	х					1
EX	16	Trial balance	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						†
EX	17	Effect of errors on trial balance	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	 						t
	18	Errors in trial balance	4	Easy	15 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	t	-	1	 			+

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Туре	Item	Description	LO(s)	Difficulty	Time Est	BUSPROG	AICPA	ACBSP - Primary	Bloom's	Video	Excel	CLG	ADM	Real World	Writing	Ethics
EX	19	Effect of errors on trial balance	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	Ì					_	
EX	20	Errors in trial balance	4	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
EX	21	Entries to correct errors	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x						
EX	22	Entries to correct errors	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x						
PR	1A	Entries into T accounts and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
PR	2A	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x	Х	X				
PR	3A	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x	Х	X			X	
PR	4A	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	2 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying			X				
PR	5A	Corrected trial balance	4	Challenging	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						X	
PR	1B	Entries into T accounts and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
PR	2B	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x	Х	X				
PR	3B	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	x	Х	X			X	
PR	4B	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	2 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying			X				
PR	5B	Corrected trial balance	4	Challenging	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						x	
CP		Continuing Problem	n/a	Challenging	2.0 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying			х				
ADM		Continuing Company Analysis	ADM	Challenging	35 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	x	x	
ADM		Chipotle: Horizontal Analysis	ADM	Challenging	1 hour	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	x	X	
ADM		Target: Horizontal Analysis	ADM	Challenging	30 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	x	X	
ADM		Walmart and Target: Horizontal Analysis	ADM	Challenging	45 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	x	X	
TIF		Ethics in action	n/a	Challenging	30 min.	Ethics	BB - Industry	Purpose	Analyzing						X	х
TIF		Team Activity	n/a	Challenging	1 hour	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Financial Statements	Analyzing					X	X	
TIF		Communication and Decision Making	n/a	Challenging	45 min.	Reflective Thinking	FN-Research	Purpose	Analyzing						X	

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EXERCISE 2-1	
Accounts Payable:	
Advanced Payments for Equipment:	
Air Traffic Liability:	
Aircraft Fuel (Expense):	
Aircraft Maintenance (Expense):	
Aircraft Rent (Expense):	
Cargo Revenue:	
Cash:	
Contract Carrier Arrangements (Expense):	
Flight Equipment:	
Frequent Flyer (Obligations):	
Fuel Inventory:	
Landing Fees (Expense):	
Parts and Supplies Inventories:	
Passenger Commissions (Expense):	
Passenger Revenue:	
Prepaid Expenses:	
Taxes Payable:	
EXERCISE 2-2	
Account Account Number	<u>r</u>

Account	Account Number
Accounts Payable	
Accounts Receivable	
Cash	
Common Stock	
Dividends	
Fees Earned	
Land	
Miscellaneous Expense	
Retained Earnings	
Supplies Expense	
Wages Expense	

39

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EXERC	ISE 2-3
	Balance Sheet Accounts
Acct. #	Account Name
	1. Assets
	2. Liabilities
	3. Stockholders' Equity

Acct. #	Income Statement Accounts Account Name
	4. Revenue
	5. Expenses
	·

EXERCISE 2-4

	Increase	Decrease	Normal Balance
Balance sheet accounts:			
Asset	A	В	Debit
Liability	C	_ Debit	D
Stockholders' Equity:			
Common Stock	Credit	E	F
Retained Earnings	G	_ Н	Credit
Dividends	Debit	Credit	l
Income statement accounts:			
Revenue	J	_ K	Credit
Expense	L	Credit	Debit

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ERCISE 2-5
Accounts Payable:
Accounts Receivable:
Cash:
Fees Earned:
Insurance Expense:
Dividends:
Utilities Expense:
ERCISE 2-6
Accounts Payable:
Accounts Receivable:
Cash:
Common Stock:
Dividends:
Fees Earned:
Office Equipment:
Rent Expense:
Supplies:
Wages Expense:

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EXERCISE 2-7

42

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EXERCISE 2-9

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EXERCISE 2-10	
A	
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EXERCISE 2-11	
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Accoun	ts Payable
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EXERCISE 2-12		
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Chapter 2

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EXERCISE 2-13

A. and B.

	Account Debit	ted	Account Credited			
Transaction	Туре	Effect	Туре	Effect		
(1)	asset	+	stockholders' equity	+		
(2)						
(3)						
(4)						
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49

EXERCISE 2-14

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Unadjusted	Trial Balance	

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ERCISE 2-17			

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Unadjusted Trial Balance	
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EXERCISE 2-19

	(A)	(B)	(C)
Error	Out of Balance	Difference	Larger Total
1.	yes	\$6,000	debit
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4.			
5.			
6.			
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	Unadjusted Trial Balance		
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EXERCISE 2-21

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EXERCISE 2-22

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Chapter 2

56

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PROBLEM 2-1	
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Accounts	Doggi sahla
Accounts	Receivable
Supplies	s Prepaid
insui	ance
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PROBLEM 2-1, Continued		
Equip	oment	
Notes I	Payable	
Accounts	s Payable	
Commo	n Stock	
Profession	onal Fees	
Rent E	xpense	

57	Name	Name	Chapter 2	Chapter 2	57

PROBLEM 2-1, Continued		
Salary I	Expense	
Blueprint	Expense	
Automobil	e Expense	
Miscellaneo	ous Expense	

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	Unadjusted Trial Balance			
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PROBLEM 2-2

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60	Name	Name		Chapter 2	Chapter 2	60
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PROBLEM 2	-2, Continued
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62	Name	Name	Chapter 2	2 Chapter 2 62

PROBLEM 2-2, Continued	
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Chapter	2
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PROBLEM 2-3

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Name

1.		JOUR	RNAL		PAGE	1
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65	Name	Name	 Chapter 2	Chapter 2	65
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PROBLEM 2-3____, Continued

JOURNAL

PAGE 2

1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 10 11 11 12 12 13 13 14 14 15 15 16 16 17 17 13 16 14 16 15 16 16 17 17 10 20 20 21 21 22 22 23 24 24 24 25 26 26 26 27 27 28 28 29 20 21 22 22 23 23 24 24 25 25 26 26 27		DATE	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	T
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67 Name Name Chapter 2 Chapter 2 67

68

PROBLEM 2-3____, Continued

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ACCOUNT	Supplies				AC	COUNT NO. 13
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ACCOUNT	Prepaid Insurance				AC	COUNT NO. 14
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ACCOUNT	Equipment				AC	COUNT NO. 16
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ACCOUNT	Common Stock				AC	COUNT NO. 31
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70

PROBLEM 2-3____, Continued

Name

ACCOUNT	Dividends				AC	COUNT NO. 33
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_	ACCO	UNT	Fees Earned				AC	COUNT NO. 41	
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_	ACCQU	TNI	Utilities Expense				AC	COUNT NO. 54
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71	Name	Name	Chapter 2 Ch	apter 2	71
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	ACCO	UNT	Truck Expense				AC	COUNT NO. 55
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ACCOUNT Miscellaneous Expense ACCOUNT NO. 5	ງ9
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PROBLEM	2-3_	, Concluded

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70 Name _____ Chapter 2 73

This Page Not Used.

Cha	pter	2	74

DESCRIPTION

PROBLEM 2-4 ___

DATE

2. and 3.

70	Name	Chapter 2	73

35				35

Chapter 2	Chapter	
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Name Name

72

72

JOURNAL	PAGE	19

	DATE	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	
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73 Name Name Chapter 2 Chapter 2 73

74	Name	Name	Chapter 2	Chapter 2	7

PROBLEM 2-4___, Continued

1. and 3.

GENERAL LEDGER

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ACCOUNT	Accounts Receivable	ACCOUNT NO.	12

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	ACCOUN ⁻	Prepaid Insurance				AC	COUNT NO. 13
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ACCOUNT	Office Supplies				AC	COUNT NO. 14
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_	ACCC	UNT	Accounts Payabl	е			AC	COUNT NO. 21	
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ACCOUNT	Unearned Rent				AC	COUNT NO. 22
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ACCOUNT	Notes Payable				AC	COUNT NO. 23
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76

ACCOUNT	Common Stock				AC	COUNT NO. 31
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_	ACCC	UNT	Retained Earning	js <u> </u>			AC	COUNT NO. 32
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_	ACCC	UNT	Dividends				AC	COUNT NO. 33	
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ACCOUNT	Fees Earned				AC	COUNT NO. 41
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ACCOUNT	Rent Expense				AC	COUNT NO. 52
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_	ACCOUNT Advertising Expense				AC	COUNT NO. 53			
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_	ACCO	UNT	Automobile Expe	าse			AC	COUNT NO. 54	
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ACCOUNT Miscellaneous Expense)		AC	COUNT NO. 59	
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Chapter 2	Chapter 2	78
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79	Name	Name	Chapter 2	Chapter 2	79

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Chapter 2

78

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PROBLEM	2-5
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Chapter 2

80

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Chapter 2

CONTINUING PROBLEM

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83	Name	Chapter 2	83
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35				35

Chapter 2	Chapter 2
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82

CONTINUING PROBLEM, Continued

Name Name

JOURNAL

PAGE 2

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83 Name Name Chapter 2 Chapter 2 83

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CONTINUING PROBLEM, Continued

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85	Name	Name	_ Chapter 2	Chapter 2	85

86	Name	Name	Chapter 2
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CONTINUING PROBLEM, Continued

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GENERAL LEDGER

Chapter 2

86

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	ACCO	UNT	Prepaid Insurance	AC	COUNT NO. 15			
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-	ACCO	UNT	Office Equipment				AC	COUNT NO. 17
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Name	Name	Chapter 2	Chapter 2

CONTINUING PROBLEM, Continued

88

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_	ACCC	UNT	Wages Payable				AC	COUNT NO. 22	
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ACCO	OUNT Unearned Revenue					ACCOUNT NO. 23		
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ACCOUNT	Common Stock				AC	COUNT NO. 31
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ACCOUNT	Fees Earned				AC	COUNT NO. 41
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ACCOUN ⁻	Wages Expense				AC	COUNT NO. 50
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ACCOUNT Office Rent Expense

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Name

91

CONTINUING PROBLEM, Continued

ACCOL	Music Expense				AC	COUNT NO. 54
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ACCOUNT Advertising Expense					AC	COUNT NO. 55	
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92	Name	Name	Chapter 2	Chapter 2	92
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CONTINUING PROBLEM, Continued

ACCOUNT	Depreciation Expe	nse			AC	COUNT NO. 58
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ACCOUNT Miscellaneous Expense)		AC	COUNT NO. <i>59</i>			
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Name Name Chapter 2	Chapter 2	93
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93

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CONTENTS

1
1
1
1
2
2
3
4
5
6
7
9
11
13
14
15
16
17
20
28
30
32
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36
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39
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41
42



800 Coco Drive, Coconut Grove, FL 33133

INSTRUCTOR'S GUIDE

There are two options for using this practice set:

- 1. Business Forms
- 2. Narrative of Transactions

Either option or a combination of both options may be used. If you specify that only the business forms be used, you may ask students to hand in the Narrative of Transactions pages from Booklet 3 before they begin the practice set.

Business Forms Method

The Business Forms approach requires the student to analyze various business documents and decide how to enter the transactions in the journal. There are seven types of business forms:

- 1. Vendor Invoices for Purchases
- 2. Sales Invoices
- 3. Credit Memos
- 4. Checks from Customers
- **5.** Interoffice Memos
- 6. Bank Deposit Slips
- 7. Checkbook

The documents are presented in Booklet 3 in order of occurrence, numbered 1 through 61. Some documents have accompanying notes to assist the student in analyzing how to record the transactions.

Narrative of Transactions Method

Using the Narrative of Transactions approach requires the student to enter each business transaction using the same method as the problems presented in the text. Each transaction is listed in order by date with all necessary information given in narrative form. The student analyzes the information given in each transaction and enters it in the appropriate journal.

Combining Methods

Since there are advantages to both methods, using both may be desirable. In this approach, students could use the business forms as the primary source of information and use the Narrative of Transactions to support the accuracy of their entries. This would allow students to experience the paper flow of a business and provide some assurance that entries contain the appropriate amounts.

Using Special Journals

This practice set utilizes special journals to record the daily transactions of the business. The journals are similar to those presented in the special journals online appendix to the text; however, they contain additional columns to accommodate entries for a merchandising operation, such as *Cost of Goods Sold* and *Inventory*. There are five types of journals contained in the practice set:

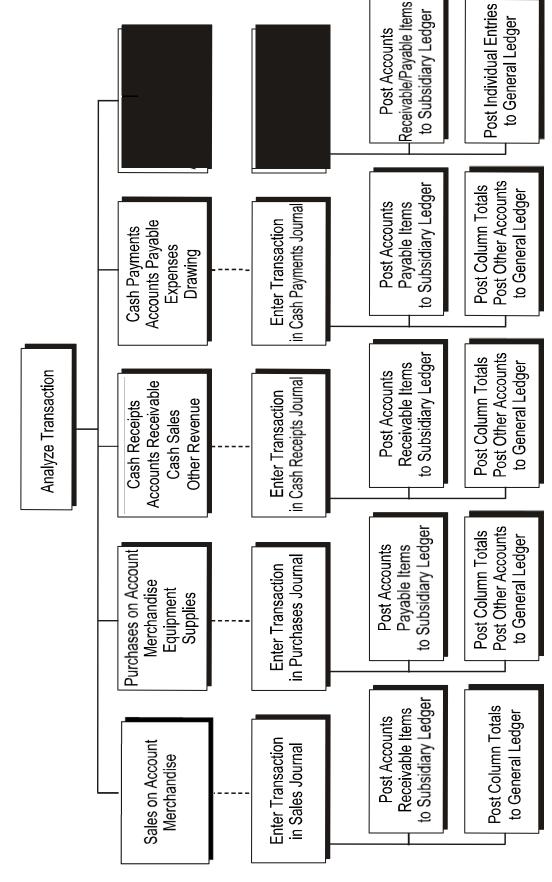
- 1. Revenue Journal (also called a Sales Journal)
- 2. Purchases Journal
- 3. Cash Payments Journal
- 4. Cash Receipts Journal
- 5. General (two-column) Journal

Pages 3 through 7 of this guide provide diagrams of the overall process of using these journals in a merchandising enterprise. Pages 4 through 7 diagram each type of special journal. These can be made into transparencies, if desired, and used to help guide the students through the various types of transactions contained in the set.

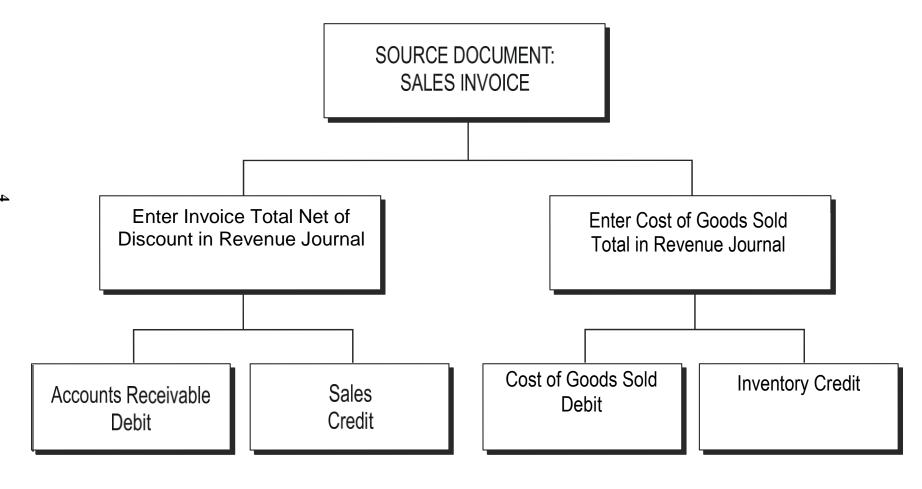
Analysis Test

A form for recording amounts in the practice set is also included on page 9 of this guide. This form may be copied and distributed to students, and you may instruct students to hand in a completed form with their completed set.

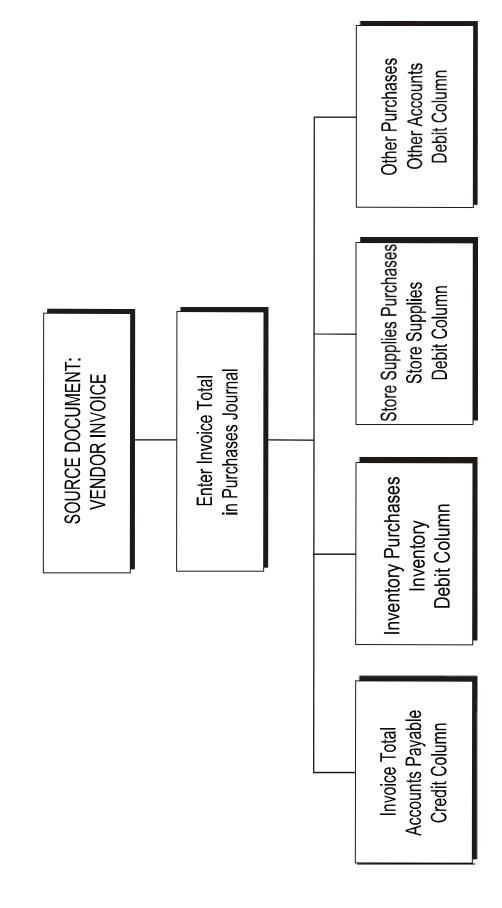
SPECIAL JOURNALS IN MERCHANDISING OPERATIONS



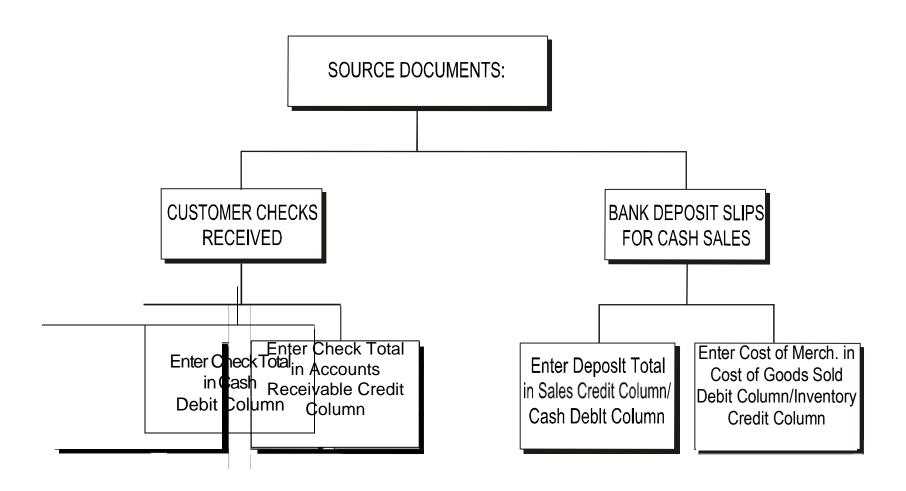
Revenue Journal

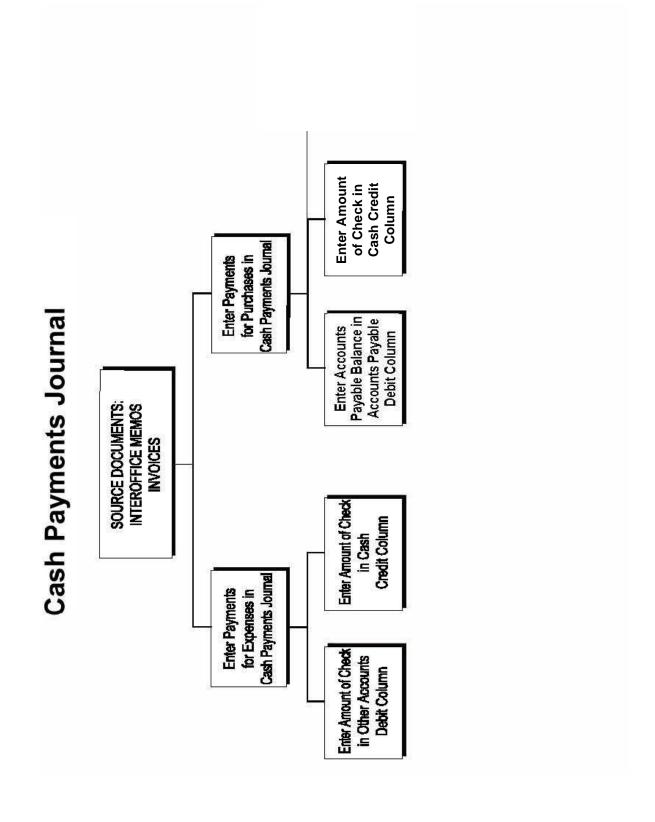


Purchases Journal



Cash Receipts Journal





	Fit & Fashionable	
	ANALYSIS TEST	
	Journals	
1.	Total Merchandise Purchases during April	\$
2.	Total Cash Sales during April	\$
3.	Total Sales on Account for April	\$
4.	Total Accounts Payable Credits during April	\$
	Accounts Receivable Ledger	
5.	All Access Fitness Center Balance on April 30	\$
6.	Miami Health Club Balance on April 30	_\$
	Accounts Payable Ledger	
7.	Alexus Fitness Connection Balance on April 30	\$
8.	Sports Magic Warehouse Balance on April 30	<u>\$</u>
	Income Statement	
9.	Sales	\$
10.	Cost of Goods Sold	_\$
11.	Gross Profit	\$
12.	Total Operating Expenses	\$
13.	Net Income	_\$
	Statement of Owner's Equity	
14.	Change in Owner's Equity	\$
15.	Ending Balance of Owner's Equity, April 30	<u>\$</u>
	Balance Sheet	
16.	Total Current Assets	\$
17.	Total Property, Plant, and Equipment	\$
18.	Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$</u>
	Adjustments	
19.	Adjustment to Office Supplies	<u>\$</u>
20.	Adjustment to Prepaid Insurance	<u>\$</u>
21.	Adjustment to Unearned Rent	<u>\$</u>
22.	Adjustment for Inventory Shrinkage	\$
	Closing	
23.	Amount Closed to Capital from Income Summary	\$
24.	Post-Closing Trial Balance Total	\$
25.	Amount Closed from Drawing to Capital	\$

SOLUTIONS

REVENUE JOURNAL

PAGE	2

	DATE		INV.	ACCOUNT DEBITED	POST.	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DEBIT	COST OF GOODS SOLD DEBIT	
			NO.		REF.	SALES CREDIT	INVENTORY CREDIT	
1	20Y8							1
2	April	1	301	Miami Health Club	✓	5,301.60	3,864.00	2
3		3	302	All Access Fitness Center	✓	9,364.29	6,825.00	3
4		5	303	Westwood Boxing Gym	✓	27,306.48	19,903.68	4
5		8	304	The Sun Set Recreation Center	✓	21,756.88	15,858.00	5
6		10	305	Rockdale Gym	✓	13,373.86	9,412.00	6
7		16	306	Miami Health Club	✓	5,649.80	4,115.20	7
8		23	307	All Access Fitness Center	1	13,770.64	10,040.00	8
9		25	308	Cory's Gym in the Grove	✓	5,186.36	3,780.00	9
10		26	309	Body Excellence Fitness Club	✓	3,789.17	2,640.00	10
11		30				105,499.08	76,437.88	11
12						(1112) (4100)	(5100) (1114)	12

					PURCHAS	ESJOURNAL				PAGE	2	
								OTHER ACCOUNTS DEBIT				
	DATE		ACCOUNT CREDITED	POST. REF.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE CREDIT	INVENTORY DEBIT	STORE SUPPLIES DEBIT	ACCOUNT DEBITED	POST. REF.	AMOUN	Т	
120	Y8											1
2 A	oril	1	Alexus Fitness Corporation	✓	13,865.00	13,865.00						2
3		5	Sports Magic Warehouse	✓	49,519.75	49,519.75						3
4		8	Fit & Fab Health Products	/	5,125.40	5,125.40						4
5		9	Fizzy-Cal Network	/	11,400.00	9,600.00	1,800.00					5
6		16	Alexus Fitness Corporation	/	10,105.00	9,180.00	250.00	Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290		675	6
7		17	Sports Magic Warehouse	/	16,900.00	16,900.00						7
8		20	Fizzy-Cal Network	/	5,350.00	5,125.00	225.00					8
9		22	HeartFit Enterprises	√	3,400.00	3,400.00						9
10		22	Fizzy-Cal Network	/	10,800.00	10,800.00						10
11		24	Sports Magic Warehouse	√	2,400.00	2,400.00						11
12		30			128,865.15	125.915.15	2.275.00			(675.00	12
13					(2100)	(1115)	(1117)			(✓)		13

CASH RECEIPTS JOURNAL

			POST.	OTHER ACCOUNTS	COST OF GOODS SOLD DEBIT		ACCOUNTS	CASH	
DATE		ACCOUNT	REF.	CREDIT	INVENTORY CREDIT	SALES CREDIT	RECEIVABLE CREDIT	DEBIT	
120Y8									
₂ April	2	Body Excellence Fitness Club	✓				14,406.00	14,406.00) :
3	3	Cory's Gym in the Grove	✓				12,348.00	12,348.00) ;
4	4	The Sun Set Recreation Center	✓				6,174.00	6,174.00) .
5	6	Cash Sales	✓		18,024.00	26,600.00		26,600.00) ;
6	8	Westwood Boxing Gym	✓				8,232.00	8,232.00) (
7	8	Pine Bay Fitness Club	✓				10,976.00	10,976.00) 7
8	11	Store Supplies	1117	300.00				300.00) {
9	11	Miami Health Club	✓				5,301.60	5,301.60) (
o	12	All Access Fitness Center	✓				9,364.29	9,364.29	10
1	13	Cash Sales	✓		24,910.80	36,120.00		36,120.00	1
2	15	Westwood Boxing Gym	✓				27,306.48	27,306.48	12
3	18	The Sun Set Recreation Center	✓				20,933.68	20,933.68	3 13
4	19	Rockdale Gym	✓				13,373.86	13,373.86) 14
5	20	Cash Sales	✓		19,292.80	27,020.00		27,020.00) 15
6	30	Notes Receivable	1111	3,000.00				3,060.00	16
7		Interest Revenue	6100	60.00					17
8	30	Cash Sales	/		19,099.20	28,280.00		28,280.00	18
9	30			3,360.00	81,326.80	118,020.00	-	249,795.91	1 19
20				(✓)	(1114) (5100)	(4100)	(1112)	(1110)	20

2

PAGE

CASH PAYMENTS J

JOUR	NAL		PAGE 2		
	POST. REF.	OTHER ACCOUNTS DEBIT	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE DEBIT	CASH CREDIT	
					1
	✓		14,268.80	14,268.80	2
	1118	5,700.00		5,700.00	3
	✓		46,480.00	46,480.00	4
	✓		14,000.00	14,000.00	5
	5290	175.00		175.00	6
	5200	8,000.00			7
	5300	5,000.00		13,000.00	8
	3110	4,200.00		4,200.00	9
	5210	441.00		441.00	10
	✓		4,267.90		
	/		53,200.00	53,200.00	12
	5210	185.00		185.00	13
	5290	231.00		231.00	14
	5390	287.00		287.00	15
	5200	8,000.00			16
	5300	5,000.00		13,000.00	17
	5390	340.00		340.00	18
	✓		13,865.00	13,865.00	19
	3110	2,500.00		2,500.00	20
	5390	204.00			21
	5290	408.00		612.00	22
	5390	360.00		360.00	23
	7100	700.00		700.00	24
		44 704 00	4 40 004 70	407.040.70	

	_		CK. NO.	ACCOUNT DEBITED	POST. REF.	OTHER ACCOUNTS DEBIT	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE DEBIT	CASH CREDIT	
	20Y8								1
2	April	1		Alexus Fitness Connection	√		14,268.80	14,268.80	2
3		2		Prepaid Insurance	1118	5,700.00		5,700.00	3
4		3	2203	Fizzy-Cal Network	✓		46,480.00	46,480.00	4
5		4	2204	HeartFit Enterprises	✓		14,000.00	14,000.00	5
6		10	2205	Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	175.00		175.00	6
7		13	2206	Sales Salaries Expense	5200	8,000.00			7
8				Office Salaries Expense	5300	5,000.00		13,000.00	8
9		17	2207	Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110	4,200.00		4,200.00	9
10		17	2208	Advertising Expense	5210	441.00		441.00	10
11		18		Fit & Fab Health Products	√		4,267.90	4,267.90	11
12		18	2210	Muscles Rx Distributors	/		53,200.00	53,200.00	12
13		18	2211	Advertising Expense	5210	185.00		185.00	13
14		20	2212	Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	231.00		231.00	14
15		24	2213	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	287.00		287.00	15
16		26	2214	Sales Salaries Expense	5200	8,000.00			16
17				Office Salaries Expense	5300	5,000.00		13,000.00	17
18		27	2215	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	340.00		340.00	18
19		27	2216	Alexus Fitness Connection	✓		13,865.00	13,865.00	19
20		27	2217	Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110	2,500.00		2,500.00	20
21		29	2218	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	204.00			21
22				Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	408.00		612.00	22
23		29	2219	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	360.00		360.00	23
24		30	2220	Interest Expense	7100	700.00		700.00	24
25		30				41,731.00	146,081.70	187,812.70	25
	26					(/)	(2100)	(1110)	26

GENERAL JOURNAL

		ı	PAGE 1				
-	DATE		DESCRIPTION	DEBIT	CREDIT		
1	20Y8						1
2	April	9	Customer Refunds Payable	2120	823.20		2
3			Accounts Rec./The Sun Set Rec. Center	1112/		823.20	3
4							4
5		9	Inventory	1114	600.00		5
6			Estimated Returns Inventory	1115		600.00	6
7							7
8		11	Accounts Payable/Fit & Fab Health Products	2100/✓	857.50		8
9			Inventory	1114		857.50	9
10							10
11		19	Customer Refunds Payable	2120	416.50		11
12			Accounts Receivable/Miami Health Club	1112/√		416.50	12
13							13
14		19	Inventory	1114	304.00		14
15			Estimated Returns Inventory	1115		304.00	15
16							16
17		25	Accounts Payable/HeartFit Enterprises	2100/√	400.00		17
18			Inventory	1114		400.00	18

_			OLITERAL GOOD			TAGE 0	
	DATE		DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.			
1	20Y8		Adjusting Entries				1
- 2	April	30	Cost of Goods Sold	5100	142.22		2
3	3		Inventory	1114		142.22	3
_	I						4
5	5	30	Office Supplies Expense	5340	500.00		5
6	3		Office Supplies	1116		500.00	6
7	,						7
	3	30	Store Supplies Expense	5220	650.00		8
9	9		Store Supplies	1117		650.00	9
10)						10
11		30	Insurance Expense	5330	475.00		11
12	2		Prepaid Insurance	1118		475.00	12
13	3						13
14	l	30	Depreciation Expense—Equipment	5320	1,250.00		14
15	5		Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment	1125		1,250.00	15
16	ò						16
17	7	30	Depreciation Expense—Building	5350	2,475.00		17
18	3		Accumulated Depreciation—Building	1123		2,475.00	18
19	9						19
20)	30	Interest Receivable	1113	30.00		20
21			Interest Revenue	6100		30.00	21
22							22
23	3	30	Sales Salaries Expense	5200	1,200.00		23
24	l		Office Salaries Expense	5300	500.00		24
25	5		Salaries Payable	2110		1,700.00	25
26	3						26
27	,	30	Sales	4100	4,470.00		27
28	3		Customer Refunds Payable	2120		4,470.00	28
29	9						29
30)	30	Estimated Returns Inventory	1115	3,190.00		30
31			Cost of Goods Sold	5100		3,190.00	31
32	2						32
33	3						33
34							34
35	5						35

			GENERAL JO	URNAL		PAGE 1	
	DATE	E DESCRIPTION			DEBIT	CREDIT	
1	20Y8		Closing Entries				1
2	Apr.	30	Sales	4100	219,049.08		2
3			Interest Revenue	6100	90.00		3
4			Income Summary	3120		219,139.08	4
5							5
6		30	Income Summary	3120	191,772.90		6
7			Cost of Goods Sold	5100		154,716.90	7
8			Sales Salaries Expense	5200		17,200.00	8
9			Advertising Expense	5210		626.00	9
10			Store Supplies Expense	5220		650.00	10
11			Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290		1,489.00	11
12			Office Salaries Expense	5300		10,500.00	12
13			Depreciation Expense—Equipment	5320		1,250.00	13
14			Insurance Expense	5330		475.00	14
15			Office Supplies Expense	5340		500.00	15
16			Depreciation Expense—Building	5350		2,475.00	16
17			Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390		1,191.00	17
18			Interest Expense	7100		700.00	18
19							19
20		30	Income Summary	3120	27,366.18		20
21			Marty Chavez, Capital	3100		27,366.18	21
22							22
23		30	Marty Chavez, Capital	3100	6,700.00		23
24			Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110		6,700.00	24
25							25
26							26
27							27
28							28

GENERAL LEDGER

ACCOUNT Cash ACCOUNT NO.									
DATI	=	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE			
DATE		I I EIVI	REF.	DEBIT	CKLDII	DEBIT	CREDIT		
20Y8									
Apr.	1	Balance	/			84,147.80			
	30		CR2	249,795.91		333,943.71			
	30		CP2		187,812.70	146,131.01			

ACCOUNT Notes Receivable

ACCOUNT NO.	1111
BALA	ANCE
DEBIT	CREDIT

DATE	F	ITEM	1 001.	DEBIT	CREDIT			
DATE		TT EWI	REF.	22311		DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			9,800.00		
	30		CR2		3,000.00	6,800.00		

ACCOUNT Accounts Receivable

CCOUNT	NO.	11	112
CCOON	NO.	1 1	12

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
			REF.		CKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			52,136.00		
	9		J5		823.20	51,312.80		
	19		J5		416.50	50,896.30		
	30		R2	105,499.08		156,395.38		
	30		CR2		128,415.91	27,979.47		

ACCOUNT Interest Receivable

ACCOUNT NO. 1	1	13
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DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
		I I LIVI				DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	30.00		30.00		

DATE	=	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE	_	II LIVI	REF.		CKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			240,900.00	
	9		J5	600.00		241,500.00	
	11		J5		857.50	240,642.50	
	19		J5	304.00		240,946.50	
	25		J5		400.00	240,546.50	
	30		R2		76,437.88	164,108.62	
	30		P2	125,915.15		290,023.77	
	30		CR2		81,326.80	208,696.97	
	30	Adjusting	J6		142.22	208,554.75	

ACCOUNT Estimated Returns Inventory

ACCOUNT NO.

1115

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
					OKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	1	Balance	/			2,357.00		
	9		J5		600.00	1,757.00		
	19		J5		304.00	1,453.00		
	30	Adjusting	J6	3,190.00		4,643.00		

ACCOUNT Office Supplies

ACCOUNT NO.

1116

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE	_	I I LIVI	REF.	DEBIT	OKEBII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			2,100.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6		500.00	1,600.00	

ACCOUNT Store Supplies

ACCOUNT NO.

1117

DATI	=	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DAII	_					DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			1,680.00	
	11		CR2		300.00	1,380.00	
	30		P2	2,275.00		3,655.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6		650.00	3,005.00	

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
Ditti	_		REF.	DEBIT	OKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	2		CP2	5,700.00		5,700.00		
	30	Adjusting	J6		475.00	5,225.00		

ACCOUNT NO. 1120

DATE	ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE			
DAT	_	II LIVI	REF.	DEBIT	CKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	√			210,000.00	

ACCOUNT Building ACCOUNT NO. 1122

DATE		ITEM PC	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
Ditti	_	I I EIVI	REF.	BEBIT	OKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	/			439,000.00	

ACCOUNT Accumulated Depreciation—Building

ACCOUNT NO.	1123
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DATE	F	ITEM	POST. DEBIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE		TTEW	REF.		01(2511	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				140,200.00
	30	Adjusting	J6		2,475.00		142,675.00

ACCOUNT Equipment

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٦,	-	JI V I	INO.	,	127

DATE		ITEM	POST. DEBIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE		II EWI	REF.	DEBIT	ONEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	/			98,350.00	

ACCOUNT Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment ACCOUNT NO. 1125

DAT	F	ITEM	POST. DEB	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE		11 = IVI	REF.	52511	OKEBII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	/				34,540.00
	30	Adjusting	J6		1,250.00		35,790.00

DAT	=	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DATE		TTEW	REF.	DEBIT	OKEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	1	Balance	/				127,948.80	
	11		J5	857.50			127,091.30	
	25		J5	400.00			126,691.30	
	30		P2		128,865.15		255,556.45	
	30		CP2	146,081.70			109,474.75	

ACCOUNT Salaries Payable

ACCOUNT NO.

2110

DATE	ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE			
Ditti		11 2141	REF.	DEBIT	CKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6		1,700.00		1,700.00

ACCOUNT Customer Refunds Payable

ACCOUNT NO.

2120

DATE		ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAIL	-	I I LIVI	REF.	DEDIT	OKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				3,300.00
	9		J5	823.20			2,476.80
	19		J5	416.50			2,060.30
	30	Adjusting	J6		4,470.00		6,530.30

ACCOUNT Notes Payable

ACCOUNT NO.

2150

DATE	=	ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DATE	_	TT CIWI	REF.	DEBIT	OKEBIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				168,000.00

ACCOUNT Marty Chavez, Capital

ACCOUNT NO.

3100

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE	_	TT LIVI	REF.	DEBIT	O. CEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				666,482.00
	30	Closing	J7		27,366.18		693,848.18
	30	Closing	J7	6,700.00			687,148.18

DAT	DATE	ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
Ditti				DEBIT	2	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	17		CP2	4,200.00		4,200.00	
	27		CP2	2,500.00		6,700.00	
	30	Closing	J7		6,700.00	_	_

ACCOUNT *Income Summary*

ACCOUNT NO. 3120

DATE		ITEM	POST. DEBIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
D/(II		TT EIVI	REF.	DEBIT	OKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Closing	J7		219,139.08		219,139.08
	30	Closing	J7	191,772.90			27,366.18
	30	Closing	J7	27,366.18		_	_

ACCOUNT NO. 4100

DAT	DATE	ITEM	POST. REF. DEBIT	DERIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DAT	_			DEBIT	OKEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30		R2		105,499.08		105,499.08
	30		CR2		118,020.00		223,519.08
	30	Adjusting	J6	4,470.00			219,049.08
	30	Closing	J7	219,049.08		_	_

ACCOUNT Cost of Goods Sold

	510
ON TIME IOS	ວາເ

DATE		ITEM	POST. DEBIT		CREDIT	BALANCE	
			REF.	52511	0.1.2	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30		R2	76,437.88		76,437.88	
	30		CR2	81,326.80		157,764.68	
	30	Adjusting	J6	142.22		157,906.90	
	30	Adjusting	J6		3,190.00	154,716.90	
	30	Closing	J7		154,716.90	_	_

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DAI	_	I I LIVI	REF.	DEBIT	OKEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	13		CP2	8,000.00		8,000.00	
	26		CP2	8,000.00		16,000.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6	1,200.00		17,200.00	
	30	Closing	J7		17,200.00	_	_

ACCOUNT Advertising Expense

ACCOUNT NO.	521	U
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DAT	F	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DAI	_					DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	17		CP2	441.00		441.00	
	18		CP2	185.00		626.00	
	30	Closing	J7		626.00	_	_

ACCOUNT Store Supplies Expense

ACCOUNT NO. 5220

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAT	_	I I EIVI	REF.	DLBH	CKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	650.00		650.00		
	30	Closing	J7		650.00	_	_	

ACCOUNT Miscellaneous Selling Expense

ACCOUNT NO. 5

DAT	F	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DAI	-					DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	10		CP2	175.00		175.00	
	16		P2	675.00		850.00	
	20		CP2	231.00		1,081.00	
	29		CP2	408.00		1,489.00	
	30 C	Closing	J7		1,489.00		_

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
						DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	13		CP2	5,000.00		5,000.00	
	26		CP2	5,000.00		10,000.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6	500.00		10,500.00	
	30	Closing	J7		10,500.00		_

ACCOUNT Depreciation Expense—Equipment

ACCOUNT NO.	5320
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DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE	_	I I LIVI	REF.	DEBIT	OKEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	1,250.00		1,250.00	
		Closing	J7		1,250.00	_	_

ACCOUNT Insurance Expense

ACCOUNT NO.

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
						DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	475.00		475.00	
	30	Closing	J7		475.00	_	_

ACCOUNT Office Supplies Expense

5340 ACCOUNT NO.

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE	_	II LIW	REF.	DEBIT	OKEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	500.00		500.00	
	30	Closing	J7		500.00	_	-

ACCOUNT Depreciation Expense—Building

ACCOUNT NO.	535

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATI		11 EW	REF.	DEDIT	OKEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	2,475.00		2,475.00	
	30	Closing	J7		2,475.00	_	_

ACCOUNT Miscellaneous Administrative Expense

DAT	F	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DAI	_			DEBIT		DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	24		CP2	287.00		287.00	
	27		CP2	340.00		627.00	
	29		CP2	204.00		831.00	
	29		CP2	360.00		1,191.00	
	30	Closing	J7		1,191.00	_	_

ACCOUNT Interest Revenue

ACCOUNT NO. 6

6100

DAT	F	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAI	_	II LIVI	REF.	DEBIT	OKEDII	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	30		CR2		60.00		60.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6		30.00		90.00	
	30	Closing	J7	90.00		_	_	

ACCOUNT Interest Expense

ACCOUNT NO.

7100

DATI	F	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAII	_	II LIW	REF.	DEBIT	OKEBIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	30		CP2	700.00		700.00		
	30	Closing	J7		700.00	_		

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE LEDGER

NAME All Access Fitness Center

ADDRESS 1 South Park Blvd., South Miami, FL 33143

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	3		R2	9,364.29		9,364.29
	12		CR2		9,364.29	_
	23		R2	13,770.64		13,770.64

NAME Body Excellence Fitness Club

ADDRESS 9 Key Biscayne Ave., Suite 100, Key Biscayne, FL 33149

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			14,406.00
	2		CR2		14,406.00	_
	26		R2	3,789.17		3,789.17

NAME Cory's Gym in the Grove

ADDRESS 20 Main Highway, Coconut Grove, FL 33133

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			12,348.00
	3		CR2		12,348.00	_
	25		R2	5,186.36		5,186.36

NAME Miami Health Club

ADDRESS 8050 SW 8th Street, Miami, FL 33130

DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1		R2	5,301.60		5,301.60
	11		CR2		5,301.60	
	16		R2	5,649.80		5,649.80
	19		J5		416.50	5,233.30

NAME

Pine Bay Fitness Club

ADDRESS 8 SW 57th Ave., Miami, FL 33156

DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	/			10,976.00
	8		CR2		10,976.00	_

NAME

Rockdale Gym

ADDRESS 162 S. Dixie Hwy., Rockdale, FL33157

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	10		R2	13,373.86		13,373.86
	26		CR2		13,373.86	_

NAME

The Sun Set Recreation Center

ADDRESS 50 Snapper Creek Dr., Sunset, FL33173

DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			6,174.00
	4		CR2		6,174.00	_
	8		R2	21,756.88		21,756.88
	9		J5		823.20	20,933.68
	18		CR2		20,933.68	_

NAME

Westwood Boxing Gym

ADDRESS 50 Westwood Lake Dr., Miami, FL33165

DA.	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			8,232.00
	11		R2	27,306.48		35,538.48
	16		CR2		8,232.00	27,306.48
	19		CR2		27,306.48	_

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE LEDGER

NAME Alexus Fitness Connection

ADDRESS 100 Coral Way, Miami, FL 33129

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	1	Balance	✓			14,268.80
	1		P2		13,865.00	28,133.80
	1		CP2	14,268.80		13,865.00
	16		P2		10,105.00	23,970.00
	27		CP2	13,865.00		10,105.00

NAME Fit & Fab Health Products

ADDRESS 15 Park Avenue, 115th Floor, New York, NY 10154

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	8		P2		5,125.40	5,125.40
	11		J5	857.50		4,267.90
	18		CP2	4,267.90		_

NAME Fizzy-Cal Network

ADDRESS 45 Caribbean Avenue, Los Angeles, CA 90001

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	1	Balance	✓			46,480.00
	3		CP2	46,480.00		
	9		P2		11,400.00	11,400.00
	20		P2		5,350.00	16,750.00
	22		P2		10,800.00	27,550.00

NAME

HeartFit Enterprises

ADDRESS 15 Brickell Ave. #150, Miami, FL 33129

DATE		ITEM	ITEM POST. REF.		CREDIT	BALANCE				
20Y8										
April	1	Balance	✓			14,000.00				
	4		CP2	14,000.00		_				
	22		P2		3,400.00	3,400.00				
	25		J5	400.00		3,000.00				

NAME

Muscles R_x Distributors

ADDRESS 80 Commercial Blvd., Fort Lauderdale, FL 33310

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	1	Balance	✓			53,200.00
	18		CP2	53,200.00		_

NAME

Sports Magic Warehouse

ADDRESS 246 Santa Monica Blvd., Santa Monica, CA 90403

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
20Y8							
April	5		P2		49,519.75	49,519.75	
	17		P2		16,900.00	66,419.75	
	24		P2		2,400.00	68,819.75	

	Fit & Fashionable	
	DEPOSIT TICKETS	
April 6		
CHECKS:	Body Excellence Fitness Club	14,406.00
	Cory's Gym in the Grove	12,348.00
	The Sun Set Recreation Center	6,174.00
	TOTAL	32,928.00
April 13		
CHECKS:	Westwood Boxing Gym	8,232.00
	Pine Bay Fitness Club	10,976.00
	SupplyMax	300.00
	Miami Health Club	5,301.60
	All Access Fitness Center	9,364.29
	TOTAL	34,173.89
April 20		
CHECKS:	Westwood Boxing Gym	27,306.48
	The Sun Set Recreation Center	20,933.68
	Rockdale Gym	13,373.86
	TOTAL	61,614.02
April 30		
CHECKS:	Blue Water Enterprises	3,060.00
	TOTAL	3,060,00

		Fit & Fashionable		
	C	HECK STUBS FOR APR	RIL	
Check Number	Date	Check Amount	Deposits	Balance
				84,147.80
2201	1	14,268.80		69,879.00
2202	2	5,700.00		64,179.00
2203	3	46,480.00		17,699.00
2204	4	14,000.00		3,699.00
	6		26,600.00	30,299.00
	6		32,928.00	63,227.00
2205	10	175.00		63,052.00
2206	13	13,000.00		50,052.00
	13		36,120.00	86,172.00
	13		34,173.89	120,345.89
2207	17	4,200.00		116,145.89
2208	17	441.00		115,704.89
2209	18	4,267.90		111,436.99
2210	18	53,200.00		58,236.99
2211	18	185.00		58,051.99
2212	20	231.00		57,820.99
	20		27,020.00	84,840.99
	20		61,614.02	146,455.01
2213	24	287.00		146,168.01
2214	26	13,000.00		133,168.01
2215	27	340.00		132,828.01
2216	27	13,865.00		118,963.01
2217	27	2,500.00		116,463.01
2218	29	612.00		115,851.01
2219	29	360.00		115,491.01
2220	30	700.00		114,791.01
	30		28,280.00	143,071.01
	30		3,060.00	146,131.01

Fit & Fashionab	le
Schedule of Accounts R	Receivable
April 30, 20Y8	3
All Access Fitness Center	\$ 13,770.6
Body Excellence Fitness Club	3,789.1
Cory's Gym in the Grove	5,186.3
Miami Health Club	5,233.3
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 27,979.4

Fit & Fashiona	able	
Schedule of Account	s Payable	
April 30, 20	/8	
Alexus Fitness Connection	\$	10,105.00
Fizzy-Cal Network		27,550.00
HeartFit Enterprises		3,000.00
Sports Magic Warehouse		68,819.75
Total Accounts Payable	\$	109,474.75

Fit & Fashionable
Trial Balance (Preadjusting)
April 30, 20Y8

ACCOUNT	ACCT. NO.	DEBIT BALANCES	CREDIT BALANCES
Cash	1110	146,131.01	
Notes Receivable	1111	6,800.00	
Accounts Receivable	1112	27,979.47	
Interest Receivable	1113		
Inventory	1114	208,696.97	
Estimated Returns Inventory	1115	1,453.00	
Office Supplies	1116	2,100.00	
Store Supplies	1117	3,655.00	
Prepaid Insurance	1118	5,700.00	
Land	1120	210,000.00	
Building	1122	439,000.00	
Accumulated Depreciation—Building	1123		140,200.00
Equipment	1124	98,350.00	
Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment	1125		34,540.00
Accounts Payable	2100		109,474.75
Salaries Payable	2110		
Customer Refunds Payable	2120		2,060.30
Notes Payable	2150		168,000.00
Marty Chavez, Capital	3100		666,482.00
Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110	6,700.00	
Sales	4100		223,519.08
Cost of Goods Sold	5100	157,764.68	
Sales Salaries Expense	5200	16,000.00	
Advertising Expense	5210	626.00	
Store Supplies Expense	5220		
Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	1,489.00	
Office Salaries Expense	5300	10,000.00	
Depreciation Expense—Equipment	5320		
Insurance Expense	5330		
Office Supplies Expense	5340		
Depreciation Expense—Building	5350		
Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	1,191.00	
Interest Revenue	6100		60.00
Interest Expense	7100	700.00	
		1,344,336.13	1,344,336.13

Fit &
Work
April 30,

	TRIAL BA	LANCE	ADJUSTMENTS				一
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT		DEBIT		CREDIT	1
1 Cash	146,131.01						1
2 Notes Receivable	6,800.00						2
3 Accounts Receivable	27,979.47						3
4 Interest Receivable			(g)	30.00			4
5 Inventory	208,696.97				(a)	142.22	5
6 Estimated Returns Inventory	1,453.00		(j)	3,190.00			6
7 Office Supplies	2,100.00				(b)	500.00	7
8 Store Supplies	3,655.00				(c)	650.00	8
9 Prepaid Insurance	5,700.00				(d)	475.00	9
10 Land	210,000.00						10
11 Building	439,000.00						11
12 Accum. Depreciation—Building		140,200.00			(f)	2,475.00	12
13 Equipment	98,350.00						13
14 Accum. Depreciation—Equipment		34,540.00			(e)	1,250.00	14
15 Accounts Payable		109,474.75				'	15
16 Salaries Payable					(h)	1,700.00	16
17 Customer Refunds Payable		2,060.30			(i)	4,470.00	17
18 Notes Payable		168,000.00					18
19 Marty Chavez, Capital		666,482.00					19
20 Marty Chavez, Drawing	6,700.00						20
21 Sales		223,519.08	(i)	4,470.00			21
22 Cost of Goods Sold	157,764.68		(a)	142.22	(j)	3,190.00	22
23 Sales Salaries Expense	16,000.00		(h)	1,200.00			23
24 Advertising Expense	626.00						24
25 Store Supplies Expense			(c)	650.00			25
26 Miscellaneous Selling Expense	1,489.00						26
27 Office Salaries Expense	10,000.00		(h)	500.00			27
28 Depr. Expense—Equipment			(e)	1,250.00			28
29 Insurance Expense			(d)	475.00			29
30 Office Supplies Expense			(b)	500.00			30
31 Depr. Expense—Building			(f)	2,475.00			31
32 Miscellaneous Admin. Expense	1,191.00						32
33 Interest Revenue		60.00			(g)	30.00	33
34 Interest Expense	700.00						34
35 Totals	1,344,336.13	1,344,336.13		14,882.22		14,882.22	35
36 Net Income							36
37							37
38							38
39							39

Fashionable

Sheet

20Y8

ADJUSTED TRIAL BALANCE INCOME STATEMENT DEBIT CREDIT DEBIT CREDIT CREDIT CREDIT 146,131.01 146,131.01 1 146,131.01 1 146,131.01 1 146,131.01 1 1 146,131.01 1 1 146,131.01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			IAL BALANCE	110011= 5= :	TENTENIT	B.1. 11:00	OUEET	\Box
1 146,131.01	F							-
2 6,800.00 2 3 27,979.47 30.00 4 30.00 30.00 5 208,554.75 5 6 4,643.00 4,643.00 7 1,600.00 1,600.00 7 8 3,005.00 3,005.00 9 9 5,225.00 5,225.00 9 10 210,000.00 210,000.00 10 11 439,000.00 439,000.00 11 12 142,675.00 98,350.00 142,675.00 13 98,350.00 98,350.00 13 14 35,790.00 35,790.00 13 15 109,474.75 109,474.75 109,474.75 16 1,700.00 1,700.00 16,530.30 6,530.30 16,530.30 16,530.30 16,530.30 16,530.30 16,530.30 16,666,482.00 19 22 154,716.90 21,240.00 666,482.00 666,482.00 16,700.00 20 20 22 <t< td=""><td>_</td><td></td><td>CREDIT</td><td>DEBIT</td><td>CREDIT</td><td></td><td>CREDIT</td><td><u> </u></td></t<>	_		CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		CREDIT	<u> </u>
3 27,979.47 27,979.47 3 4 30.00 30.00 4 5 208,554.75 5 208,554.75 5 6 4,643.00 6 4,643.00 6 7 1,600.00 1,600.00 7 8 3,005.00 3,005.00 8 9 5,225.00 5,225.00 9 10 210,000.00 10 120,000.00 10 11 439,000.00 439,000.00 11 12 13 98,350.00 96,350.00 13 35,790.00 13 14 35,790.00 96,350.00 13 35,790.00 13 15 109,474.75	1							1
4 30.00 30.00 4 5 208,554.75 5 208,554.75 5 6 4,643.00 4,643.00 6 7 1,600.00 1,600.00 7 8 3,005.00 3,005.00 8 9 5,225.00 5,225.00 9 10 210,000.00 10 210,000.00 11 12 142,675.00 439,000.00 11 12 13 98,350.00 98,350.00 13 35,790.00 13 12,700.00 13 15 109,474.75	2							_
\$ 208,554.75 5 \$ 4,643.00 4,643.00 6 7 1,600.00 1,600.00 7 8 3,005.00 3,005.00 8 9 5,225.00 5,225.00 9 10 210,000.00 210,000.00 10 11 439,000.00 439,000.00 11 12 98,350.00 98,350.00 35,790.00 18 109,474.75 109,474.75 109,474.75 16 1,700.00 1,700.00 1,700.00 17 6,530.30 6,530.30 6,530.30 18 168,000.00 168,000.00 18 19 6,700.00 20 6,700.00 21 154,716.90 219,049.08 219,049.08 22 154,716.90 22 23 23 17,200.00 17,200.00 22 24 626.00 626.00 24 25 650.00 650.00 25 26 1,250.00 10,500.00 22 27 10,500.00 10,500.00 28 28 1,250.00 2,475.00 30 30 500.00 10,500	3							3
6 4,643.00 6 7 1,600.00 7 8 3,005.00 3,005.00 8 9 5,225.00 9 10 210,000.00 10 11 439,000.00 11 12 142,675.00 210,000.00 13 98,350.00 98,350.00 14 35,790.00 35,790.00 15 109,474.75 109,474.75 16 1,700.00 1,700.00 17 6,530.30 6,530.30 18 168,000.00 168,000.00 18 168,000.00 168,000.00 20 6,700.00 6,700.00 21 219,049.08 219,049.08 22 154,716.90 154,716.90 23 17,200.00 17,200.00 24 626.00 626.00 25 650.00 650.00 26 1,489.00 1,489.00 27 10,500.00 1,250.00 28	4							4
7 1,600.00 7 8 3,005.00 3,005.00 8 9 5,225.00 9 10 210,000.00 10 11 439,000.00 11 12 142,675.00 439,000.00 11 13 98,350.00 98,350.00 35,790.00 13 14 35,790.00 98,350.00 109,474.75 109,474.75 109,474.75 109,474.75 11 16 1,700.00 1,700.00 6,530.30 6,530.30 17 18 168,000.00 168,000.00 18 6,530.30 17 18 168,000.00 168,000.00 168,000.00 18 666,482.00 666,482.00 666,482.00 9 6,700.00 20 20 21 22 154,716.90 21 22 154,716.90 22 23 17,200.00 17,200.00 23 23 24 25 650.00 24 26 26 20 22 23 24 26 26 2	5	208,554.75				208,554.75		5
8 3,005.00 8 8 5,225.00 9 10 210,000.00 10 11 439,000.00 11 12 142,675.00 210,000.00 13 98,350.00 133 14 35,790.00 35,790.00 15 109,474.75 109,474.75 16 1,700.00 1,700.00 17 6,530.30 6,530.30 18 168,000.00 168,000.00 18 168,000.00 168,000.00 19 666,482.00 666,482.00 20 6,700.00 20 21 219,049.08 219,049.08 22 154,716.90 154,716.90 23 17,200.00 22 24 626.00 626.00 24 626.00 626.00 25 650.00 25 26 1,489.00 26 27 10,500.00 10,500.00 28 475.00 30 <td>6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6</td>	6							6
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					219,139.08	1,158,018.23		
39	38				·		· · · · ·	38
39								_

Fit & Fashionable							
Income Statement							
For the Mont	h Ende	ed April 30, 2	0Y8				
Revenues:							
Sales					\$	219,049.08	
Cost of goods sold						154,716.90	
Gross profit					\$	64,332.18	
Operating expenses:							
Selling expenses:							
Sales salaries expense	\$	17,200.00					
Advertising expense		626.00					
Store supplies expense		650.00					
Miscellaneous selling expense		1,489.00					
Total selling expenses			\$	19,965.00			
Administrative expenses:							
Office salaries expense	\$	10,500.00					
Depreciation expense—equipment		1,250.00					
Insurance expense		475.00					
Office supplies expense		500.00					
Depreciation expense—building		2,475.00					
Miscellaneous administrative expense		1,191.00					
Total administrative expenses				16,391.00			
Total operating expenses						36,356.00	
Income from operations					\$	27,976.18	
Other revenue and expense:							
Interest revenue			\$	90.00			
Interest expense				(700.00)		(610.00)	
Net income					\$	27,366.18	

Fit & Fashionable								
Statement of Owner's Equi	ity							
For the Month Ended April 30,	For the Month Ended April 30, 20Y8							
Marty Chavez, capital, March 31, 20Y8			\$	666,482.00				
Net income for the month	\$	27,366.18						
Withdrawals		(6,700.00)						
Change in owner's equity				20,666.18				
Marty Chavez, capital, April 30, 20Y8			\$	687,148.18				

Fit	& Fas	hionable				
B	alance	Sheet				
Į.	pril 30), 20Y8				
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash			\$	146,131.01		
Notes receivable				6,800.00		
Accounts receivable				27,979.47		
Interest receivable				30.00		
Inventory				208,554.75		
Estimated returns inventory				4,643.00		
Office supplies				1,600.00		
Store supplies				3,005.00		
Prepaid insurance				5,225.00		
Total current assets					\$	403,968.23
Property, plant, and equipment:						
Land			\$	210,000.00		
Building	\$	439,000.00				
Accumulated depreciation		(142,675.00)				
Building, book value				296,325.00		
Equipment	\$	98,350.00				
Accumulated depreciation		(35,790.00)				
Equipment, book value				62,560.00		
Total property, plant, and equipment						568,885.00
Total assets					\$	972,853.23
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
			\$	100 171 75		
Accounts payable			Ф	109,474.75		
Salaries payable Customer refunds payable				1,700.00 6,530.30		
Total current liabilities				0,550.50	\$	117 705 05
					Φ	117,705.05
Long-term liabilities:						168,000.00
Notes payable Total liabilities					Φ.	
Total nabilities					\$	285,705.05
Owner's Equity						
Marty Chavez, capital						687,148.18
Total liabilities and owner's equity					\$	972,853.23

osing Trial Baland	ce								
April 30, 20Y8									
ACCOUNT ACCT. NO. DEBIT BALANCES CREDIT BALANCE									
1110	146,131.01								
1111	6,800.00								
1112	27,979.47								
1113	30.00								
1114	208,554.75								
1115	4,643.00								
1116	1,600.00								
1117	3,005.00								
1118	5,225.00								
1120	210,000.00								
1122	439,000.00								
1123		142,675.00							
1124	98,350.00								
1125		35,790.00							
2100		109,474.75							
2110		1,700.00							
2120		6,530.30							
2150		168,000.00							
3100		687,148.18							
	1,151,318.23	1,151,318.23							
	ACCT. NO. 1110 1111 1112 1113 1114 1115 1116 1117 1118 1120 1122 1123 1124 1125 2100 2110 2120 2150	ACCT. NO. DEBIT BALANCES 1110							

	Fit & Fashionable	
	ANALYSIS TEST	
	Journals	
1.	Total Merchandise Purchases during April	<u>\$ 125,915.15</u>
2.	Total Cash Sales during April	\$ 118,020.00
3.	Total Sales on Account for April	_\$ 105,499.08
4.	Total Accounts Payable Credits during April	<u>\$ 128,865.15</u>
	Accounts Receivable Ledger	
5.	All Access Fitness Center Balance on April 30	\$ 13,770.64
6.	Miami Health Club Balance on April 30	\$ 5,233.30
	Accounts Payable Ledger	
7.	Alexus Fitness Center Balance on April 30	\$ 10,105.00 \$ 68,819.75
8.	Sports Magic Warehouse Balance on April 30	\$ 68,819.75
	Income Statement	
9.	Sales	\$ 219,049.08
10.	Cost of Goods Sold	<u>\$ 154,716.90</u>
11.	Gross Profit	\$ 64,332.18
12.	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 36,356.00
13.	Net Income	\$ 27,366.18
	Statement of Owner's Equity	
14.	Change in Owner's Equity	\$ 20,666.18
15.	Ending Balance of Owner's Equity, April 30	\$ 687,148.18
	Balance Sheet	
16.	Total Current Assets	Ф 400,000,00
4-	Total Dranamic Plant and Society	\$ 403,968.23 \$ 569,995,00
17.	Total Current Liabilities	\$ 568,885.00 \$ 117,705.05
18.	Total Current Liabilities Adjustments	<u>\$ 117,705.05</u>
19	Adjustment to Office Supplies	
20.	Adjustment to Prepaid Insurance	\$ 500.00
21.	Adjustment to Store Supplies	\$ 475.00
22.	Adjustment for Inventory Shrinkage	\$ 650.00
~~.	Adjustment for inventory emininage	\$ 142.22
	Closing	
23.	Amount Closed to Capital from Income Summary	\$ 27,366.18
24.	Post-Closing Trial Balance Total	\$ 1,151,318.23
25.	Amount Closed from Drawing to Capital	\$ 6,700.00

Assets = Liabilities + Stockholders' Equity

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY ACCOUNTS

Account	Used to Record
Common Stock	Owner's Investments
Retained Earnings	Earnings That Have Not Been Paid Out as Divi- dends to Shareholders
Dividends	Earnings Distributions to Owners
Revenue	Revenues from Customers
Expense	Expenses Incurred in the Process of Generating Revenues

CHART OF ACCOUNTS

Larry Sharp, M.D.

The following information pertains to the medical practice of Larry Sharp, M.D. Using the information, develop a chart of accounts for Dr. Sharp. Remember to number the accounts using a flexible system of indexing, as described in your textbook.

- 1. Dr. Sharp is the sole shareholder of his medical practice.
- 2. Dr. Sharp has the following assets that are used in the business: \$15,000 in cash, \$1,200 worth of supplies, and medical equipment that cost \$8,900.
- 3. Dr. Sharp buys all of his medical supplies on account and pays for them within 30 days of the purchase.
- 4. In payment for his services, Dr. Sharp will accept cash or will bill his patients.
- 5. Dr. Sharp rents his office space. His lease agreement requires him to pay his own utilities.
- 6. Dr. Sharp is required to carry malpractice insurance, which is paid at the beginning of each year.
- 7. Dr. Sharp has one receptionist and one medical assistant who work for him full time. Each year, he buys the receptionist and the assistant flowers on their birthdays.
- 8. To keep current on medical advances, Dr. Sharp frequently attends medical seminars. These seminars can cost as much as \$10,000 each year.

SAMPLE CHART OF ACCOUNTS

Larry Sharp, M.D.

Assets

- 10 Cash
- 11 Accounts Receivable
- 12 Supplies
- 13 Prepaid Insurance
- 14 Medical Equipment

Liabilities

21 Accounts Payable

Stockholders' Equity

- 31 Common Stock
- 32 Retained Earnings
- 33 Dividends

Revenues

41 Fees Earned

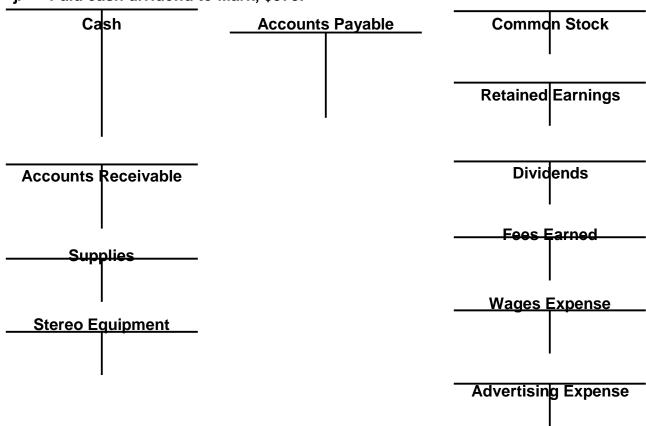
Expenses

- 51 Wages Expense
- 52 Rent Expense
- 53 Utilities Expense
- 54 Medical Seminars Expense
- 55 Supplies Expense
- 56 Miscellaneous Expense

POSTING ENTRIES INTO T ACCOUNTS

Mark Gordon decided to start a business as a disc jockey for wedding receptions, reunions, and other parties. His business is called Music Express. Record the following journal entries for Music Express and post these entries to the appropriate T accounts.

- a. Issued common stock to Mark for \$7,000.
- b. Purchased \$5,700 of stereo equipment on account.
- c. Paid for an advertisement in local newspapers, \$500.
- d. Paid cash for supplies, \$75.
- e. Received \$1,000 cash from customers for music provided at class reunions.
- f. Paid for stereo equipment purchased in (b).
- g. Provided music at a wedding reception; the bride's father was billed \$300. Payment is due in 30 days.
- h. Paid wages of an assistant, \$150.
- i. Received cash from the customer billed in (g).
- j. Paid cash dividend to Mark, \$575.



POSTING ENTRIES INTO T ACCOUNTS Solution

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- i. Received cash from the customer billed in (g).
- j. Paid cash dividend to Mark, \$575.

Cash	Accounts Payal	ble Common Stock
a. 7,000 c. 500 e. 1,000 d. 75	f. 5,700 b. 5	a. 7,000
i. 300 f. 5,700		Retained Earnings
h. 150		0
j. 575		
1,300 Accounts Receivable		Dividends
g. 300 i. 300		j. 575
		Fees Earned
0		e. 1,000
Supplies		g. 300
d. 75		1,300
Ctores Farriament		Wages Expense
Stereo Equipment		h. 150
b. 5,700		
I		·
		_ Advertising Expense _
		c. 500

JOURNAL

Page 1

DATE	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y1 Sept. 1	Cash Common Stock Owner's initial invest- ment.		8,000	8,000
3	Supplies Cash Purchased supplies.		200	200
7	Cash Fees Earned Received from cash customers.		500	500
12	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages of assistant.		100	100
15	Office Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased fax machine.		275	275
20	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned Billed credit customers.		1,310	1,310

DIT							
2							
DIT							
1							
DIT							
ACCOUNT Fees Earned ACCOUNT NO. 41							
DIT							

WRITING EXERCISE

1. Why are business transactions initially recorded in a journal?

2. Why are business transactions posted from the journal to a ledger?

Where Is the Answer— The Journal or the Ledger?

The answers to the following business questions can be determined by examining accounting records. For each question, state whether the answer can be found in the journal or the ledger.

- 1. A business owner has decided to purchase a piece of equipment costing \$1,500. He wants to know whether the business has enough cash to pay for the equipment.
- 2. The company checkbook shows that a \$750 check was written on March 28. The owner wants to know why that check was written.
- 3. A personnel manager wants to know the total her company has spent on employee wages so far this month.
- 4. The marketing manager of a company wants to know the cost of a special full-page ad placed in *The Wall Street Journal* during the first week of December last year. The company frequently advertises in a variety of newspapers and magazines.

Where Is the Answer— The Journal or the Ledger?

Solution

- 1. A business owner has decided to purchase a piece of equipment costing \$1,500. He wants to know whether the business has enough cash to pay for the equipment.

 The ledger will show the current balance in the cash account.
- 2. The company checkbook shows that a \$750 check was written on March 28. The owner wants to know why that check was written.
 - The journal will show the account debited when the check was written and a brief description of the transaction.
- 3. A personnel manager wants to know the total her company has spent on employee wages so far this month.

 The ledger will show the current balance in the wages expense account.
- 4. The marketing manager of a company wants to know the cost of a special full-page ad placed in *The Wall Street Journal* during the first week of December last year. The company frequently advertises in a variety of newspapers and magazines.
 - The journal entries around the first week of December will need to be searched for the cost of this ad. The description accompanying the entry should identify The Wall Street Journal ad.

TRIAL BALANCE

Music Express Trial Balance May 31, 20Y1

	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	1,300	
Supplies	75	
Stereo Equipment	5,700	
Common Stock		7,000
Dividends	575	
Fees Earned		1,300
Wages Expense	150	
Advertising Expense	<u>500</u>	
	8,300	8,300

WHAT'S WRONG WITH THIS?

Journal Entries:		T Acc	ounts:
a. Cash 8,000 Common Stock 8,000		Cash	Common Stock
b. Supplies 200 Cash 200	a.	8,000 b. 200	8,000 810
c. Cash 550 Fees Earned 550	C.	550 d. 1,340 6,970	
d. Wages Expense 1,340 Cash 1,340		 Accounts Receivable	l Fees Earned
e. Accounts Receivable 810 Fees Earned 810	e.	810	c. 500 Wages
		Supplies	Expense
	b.	200	d. 1,340

Trial Balance

	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	6,970	
Accounts Receivable	810	
Supplies	200	
Common Stock		8,810
Fees Earned	500	
Wages Expense	<u>1,340</u>	
	9,810	8,810