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# **Chapter 2—The Chemical View of Matter**

#### MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. Which of the following is not one of the common states of matter?
  - a. solid
  - b. plasma
  - c. liquid
  - d. gas

#### ANS: B

- 2. Which of the following is one of the classes of pure substances?
  - a. compound
  - b. homogeneous mixture
  - c. solution
  - d. heterogeneous mixture

ANS: A

- 3. Which is not a mixture?
  - a. pure water
  - b. mayonnaise
  - c. strawberry Kool-Aid® drink
  - d. rock

ANS: A

- 4. Most samples of matter occur in nature as
  - a. elements.
  - b. compounds.
  - c. homogeneous samples.
  - d. mixtures.

ANS: D

- 5. Separating a mixture of iron and sulfur can be done
  - a. by filtration.
  - b. dissolving in water.
  - c. with a magnet.
  - d. by burning.

ANS: C

- 6. Which statement describes a physical property of oxygen?

  - a. Oxygen supports burning of gasoline.b. Oxygen has a density of 0.0014 g/mL.c. Oxygen is required for human metabolism of food.
  - d. Oxygen combines with iron causing the formation of rust.

- 7. Which is a chemical property?
  - a. boiling point
  - b. state

- c. odor
- d. flammability

### ANS: D

- 8. A process is probably a chemical reaction if
  - a. it produces light.
  - b. a solid appears when two solutions are mixed.
  - c. bubbles start to form when two substances are mixed.
  - d. all of these

ANS: D

- 9. Which of the following is not a chemical change?
  - a. burning charcoal
  - b. rusting iron
  - c. melting ice
  - d. baking bread

ANS: C

- 10. Which term describes energy?
  - a. motion
  - b. heat
  - c. light
  - d. all of these

ANS: D

- 11. Alfred Nobel ?
  - a. discovered dynamite
  - b. proposed the metric system
  - c. developed the STM, scanning tunneling microscope
  - d. discovered kinetic energy

ANS: A

- 12. Which mixture is heterogeneous?
  - a. salt and water
  - b. water and oil
  - c. sweetened hot tea
  - d. Ivory soap bar

ANS: B

- 13. The element whose name is derived from the Latin *aurum*, meaning shining dawn
  - a. gold.
  - b. aluminum.
  - c. silver.
  - d. chromium.

ANS: A

- 14. Which of the following elements is a metal?
  - a. Ca, calcium
  - b. Na, sodium
  - c. Hg, mercury
  - d. all of these

ANS: D

- 15. Sublimation is a characteristic physical property of
  - a. chlorine (Cl<sub>2</sub>, liquid).
  - b. oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>, gas).
  - c. bromine (Br<sub>2</sub>, liquid).
  - d. iodine (I<sub>2</sub>, solid).

ANS: D

- 16. What information is not provided by the formula, C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, for butane?
  - a. butane being an organic compound
  - b. the molecular formula
  - c. the relative number of atoms of each kind
  - d. the shape of the molecule

ANS: D

- 17. Which of the following sets, is a list of the symbols for an element and a compound (in that order)?
  - a. Mg, CO
  - b. CO, CO<sub>2</sub>
  - c. CO, Co
  - d. H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, P

ANS: A

18. Which of the following sets, is a list of the symbols that could represent the following substances, respectively?

lead a compound of equal parts hydrogen and oxygen elemental oxygen

- a. PB, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, O
- b. Pb, HO, O
- c. Pb, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>
- d. PB, HO, O<sub>2</sub>

ANS: C

- 19. In the balanced equation,  $2 \text{ Al} + 6 \text{ HCl} 2 \text{ AlCl}_3 + 3 \text{ H}_2$ , the sum of the coefficients of the reactants is
  - a. 5.
  - b. 8.
  - c. 13.d. none of these

ANS: B

Chapter 2

- 20. The equation,  $2 C(s) + O_2(g) 2 CO(g)$ , tells us
  - a. the number of atoms of each kind in reactants and products is the same.
  - b. carbon monoxide (CO) is a product.
  - c. two atoms of carbon undergo reaction.
  - d. all of these

ANS: D

- 21. How does the known number of nonmetals compare to that of metals?
  - a. There are fewer metals.
  - b. There are an equal number of each.
  - c. There are fewer nonmetals.
  - d. This cannot be predicted because not all metals and nonmetals have been discovered.

ANS: C

- 22. What prefix is the largest?
  - a. mega
  - b. centi
  - c. micro
  - d. kilo

ANS: A

- 23. A person weighs 165 lbs. Which of the following would calculate their mass in kilograms if 2.2 lbs = 1 kg?
  - a. 165 2.2
  - b.  $165 \div 2.2$
  - c.  $2.2 \div 165$
  - d. 165 + 2.2

ANS: B

- 24. The quantity 10-9 (one billionth) is designated by the prefix
  - a. pico.
  - b. nano.
  - c. centi.
  - d. mega.

ANS: B

- 25. Which of the following would convert 15 L of gasoline to gallons? (1.06 qt = 1 L; 4 qts = 1 gal)
  - a. (15)(1.06/1)(1/4)
  - b. (15) (1/1.06) (4/1)
  - c. (15) (1.06/1) (4/1) d. (15) (1/1.06) (1/4)

ANS: A

- 26. An example of a homogeneous mixture is
  - a. oil in water.
  - b. a salt water solution.
  - c. a suspension.
  - d. a pure substance.

- 27. Which of the following is not a pure substance?
  - a. pure gold
  - b. clean air
  - c. refined sugar
  - d. distilled water

#### ANS: B

- 28. Which state of matter is composed of charged particles which are dramatically affected by electric and magnetic fields?
  - a. solids
  - b. liquids
  - c. gases
  - d. plasmas

ANS: D

- 29. How many categories of pure substances exist?
  - a. 2
  - b. 3
  - c. thousands
  - d. about 100

ANS: A

- 30. A pure substance which can be decomposed into two or more pure substances is a(n)
  - a. element.
  - b. compound.
  - c. mixture.
  - d. colloid.

ANS: B

- 31. For which of the following is it necessary that there be a definite composition which cannot vary?
  - a. mixture
  - b. solution
  - c. compound
  - d. colloid

ANS: C

- 32. How many phosphorus atoms are in the formula H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>?
  - a. 4
  - b. 3
  - c. 7
  - d. 1
  - ANS: D
- 33. How many chemical formulas are in this chemical equation?

$$P_4(s) + 6 F_2(g) = 4 PF_3(g)$$

- a. 2
- b. 3
- c. 4 d. 11
- ANS: B
- 34. Which of the following is an SI unit of ?
  - a. pound
  - b. kilogram
  - c. quart
  - d. calorie

- 35. Potential energy is defined as
  - a. heat energy.
  - b. energy associated with motion.
  - c. stored energy.
  - d. the ability to do work.

ANS: C

- 36. Which of the following is a physical change?
  - a. souring of milk
  - b. ripening of fruit
  - c. frying an egg
  - d. melting

ANS: D

- 37. The simplest form of matter is a(n)
  - a. element.
  - b. mixture.
  - c. compound.
  - d. solution.

ANS: A

- 38. Which of the following is a compound?
  - a. mercury
  - b. blood
  - c. sugar
  - d. air

ANS: C

- 39. How would you separate a mixture of salt, sand, and water?
  - a. by filtration, followed by evaporation
  - b. freezing, followed by melting
  - c. separating with tweezers, followed by evaporation
  - d. by filtration, followed by burning

ANS: A

- 40. Which of the following is a physical property?
  - a. freezing point
  - b. color
  - c. odor
  - d. all of the above

ANS: D

- 41. Which of the following is an example of a chemical change?
  - a. boiling water
  - b. iodine sublimating
  - c. barbecuing a steak
  - d. breaking a piece of glass

ANS: C

- 42. Identify the nonmetal among those listed below.
  - a. Fe
  - b. Na
  - c. S
  - d. Ag

ANS: C

43. What is the coefficient in front of iron when the following equation is balanced?

$$Fe + O_2 Fe_2O_3$$

- a. 1 b. 2
- c. 4
- d. 6

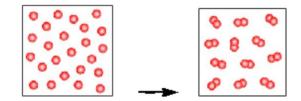
ANS: C

- 44. How many millimeters are in 100 cm?
  - a. 10
  - b. 1000
  - c. 100
  - d. 1

- 45. Which of the following has the highest kinetic energy?
  - a. boulder on the top of hill
  - b. water behind a dam
  - c. a ball falling from a 3 story building
  - d. a piece of wood

ANS: C

46. What kind of change is depicted in the following image?



- a. chemical change
- b. physical change
- c. both a chemical change and a physical change
- d. There is no change shown in the image.

ANS: A

## TRUE/FALSE

1. A pure substance which can be decomposed into two or more pure substances is called a

mixture. ANS: F

2. 10 mg is larger than 100

ng. ANS: T

3. Glucose has the chemical formula  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ . In one molecule of glucose there are 24 atoms.

ANS: T

4. The density of copper is 8.96 g/mL and that of gold is 19.3 g/mL. The ratio of the mass of a 10 mL block of copper to a 10 mL block of gold is 0.464.

ANS: T

5. The most common unit of volume used in chemistry is the millimeter.

ANS: F

6. In order to convert a measurement for the element mercury from mass to volume, one would multiply the starting measurement by the following factor.

| 13.6 g |
|--------|
| 1 mL   |

ANS: F

#### COMPLETION

1. The chemical symbol for copper

is\_\_\_\_\_. ANS: Cu

2. Mg is the chemical symbol for

\_\_\_\_\_. ANS: magnesium

3. There are \_\_\_\_\_mg in exactly 10. g.

ANS: 10,000 10000 104

4. The SI multiple of 10–3 is indicated in a unit with the common prefix

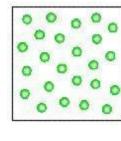
\_\_\_\_\_. ANS: milli

- 5. 1 Mm = \_\_\_\_m
  - ANS: 106 1,000,000 1000000

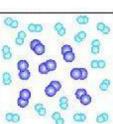
## MATCHING

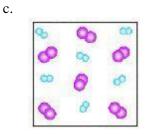
Use the pictures below to answer the following questions.











d.



- 1. Which figure above depicts a homogeneous mixture?
- 2. Which figure above depicts a heterogeneous mixture?
- 3. Which figure above depicts a compound?
- 4. Which figure above depicts an element?
- 1. ANS: C
- 2. ANS: B
- 3. ANS: D
- 4. ANS: A