# Test Bank for College Algebra Enhanced with Graphing Utilities 6th Edition by Sullivan ISBN 0321795644 9780321795649

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# Ch. 2 Graphs

## 2.1 Intercepts; Symmetry; Graphing Key Equations

### 1 Find Intercepts from an Equation

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

#### List the

ne intercepts for the graph of the equation.  1) $y = x + 6$			
A) $(6, 0), (0, -6)$	B) (-6, 0), (0, -6)	C) (-6, 0), (0, 6)	D) (6, 0), (0, 6)
2) $y = 3x$			
A) (0, 0)	B) (0, 3)	C)(3,3)	D) (3, 0)
$ \begin{array}{ccc} 2 \\ 3) y &= x + 49 \end{array} $			
A) (7, 0), (0, 49), (0, -49)		B) (0, -7), (-49, 0), (0, 7)	
C) (0, -7), (49, 0), (0, 7)		D) (-7, 0), (0, -49), (7, 0)	
4			
4) $y = x$ A) (1, 0)	B) (0, 1)	C) (1, 1)	D) (0, 0)
2	<b>D</b> ) (0, 1)	C) (1, 1)	D) (0, 0)
5) x + y - 36 = 0			
A) (0, -6), (36, 0), (0, 6)		B) (6, 0), (0, 36), (0, -36)	
C) (-6, 0), (0, -36), (6, 0)		D) (-6, 0), (0, 36), (6, 0)	
$ \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 2 \\ 6) 4x + 9y & = 36 \end{array} $			
6) $4x + 9y = 36$ A) $(-4, 0), (-9, 0), (9, 0), (4, 0)$		B) (-9, 0), (0, -4), (0, 4), (9, 0)	
C) (-3, 0), (0, -2), (0, 2), (3, 0)		D) (-2, 0), (-3, 0), (3, 0), (2, 0)	
2 2	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
7) $16x + y = 16$			
A) $(-4, 0)$ , $(0, -1)$ , $(0, 1)$ , $(4, 0)$		B) (-16, 0), (0, -1), (0, 1), (16, 0)	
C) (-1, 0), (0, -16), (0, 16), (1, 0)		D) (-1, 0), (0, -4), (0, 4), (1, 0)	
$ \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 8) y = x - 1 \end{array} $			
A) $(0, -1), (0, 1)$	B) (0, -1), (1, 0)	C) (-1, 0), (0, 1)	D) (0, -1), (-1, 0)
4	<b>D</b> ) (0, -1), (1, 0)	C) (-1, 0), (0, 1)	D) (0, -1), (-1, 0)
9) $y = x^{-1}$			
A) (0, 16)		B) (0, 16), (-2, 0), (2, 0)	
C) (0, -16), (-2, 0), (2, 0)		D) (0, -16)	
2			
10) $y = x + 14x + 48$		<b>D</b> ) (0, 0) (0, 6) (40, 0)	
A) (8, 0), (6, 0), (0, 48) C) (-8, 0), (-6, 0), (0, 48)		B) (0, 8), (0, 6), (48, 0) D) (0, -8), (0, -6), (48, 0)	
2		D) (0, -0), (0, -0), (40, 0	,
11) $y = x^2 + 1$			
A) (0, 1), (-1, 0), (1, 0)	B) (0, 1)	C) (1, 0)	D) (1, 0), (0, -1), (0, 1)

$$\frac{4x}{2}$$
12)  $y = x + 16$ 
A)  $(0, 0)$ 
B)  $(-16, 0), (0, 0), (16, 0)$ 
C)  $(-4, 0), (0, 0), (4, 0)$ 
D)  $(0, -4), (0, 0), (0, 4)$ 

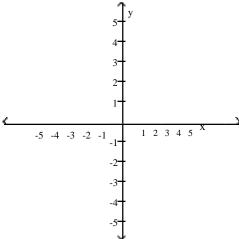
Page 1

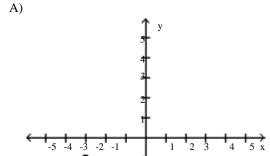
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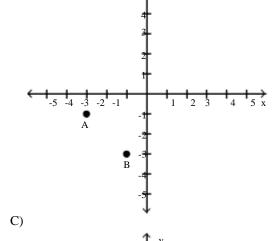
13) 
$$y = {x - 49 \atop x - 49 \atop 4}$$
  
A) (-49, 0), (0, 0), (49, 0)  
C) (-7, 0), (7, 0)

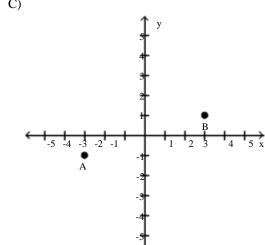
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

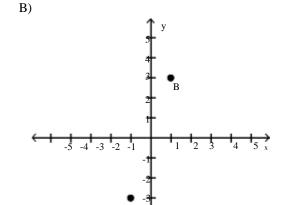
Plot the point A. Plot the point B that has the given symmetry with point A. 1) A = (-3, -1); B is symmetric to A with respect to the origin

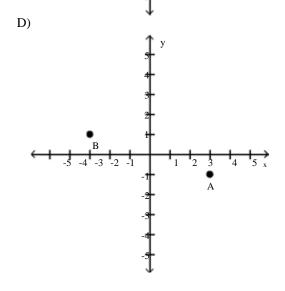




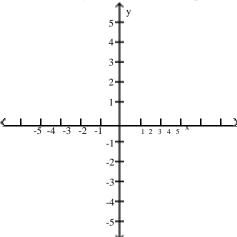


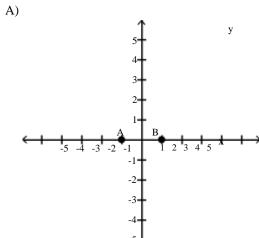




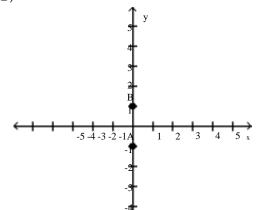


A = (0, -1); B is symmetric to A with respect to the origin

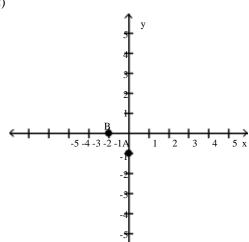




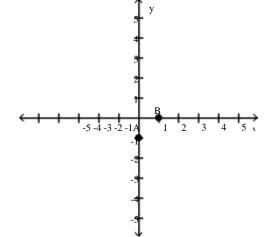
B)



C)

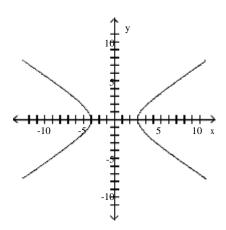


D)



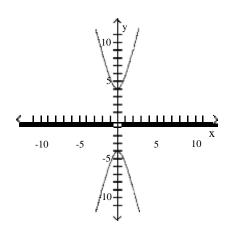
List the intercepts of the graph. Tell whether the graph is symmetric with respect to the x -axis, y-axis, origin, or none of these.

3)



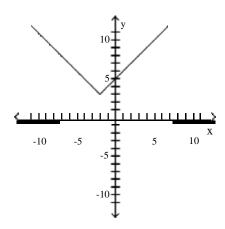
- A) intercepts: (0, -3) and (0, 3) symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin
- B) intercepts: (0, -3) and (0, 3) symmetric with respect to y-axis
- C) intercepts: (-3, 0) and (3, 0) symmetric with respect to origin
- D) intercepts: (-3, 0) and (3, 0) symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin

4)



- A) intercepts: (4, 0) and (-4, 0 symmetric with respect to y-axis
- B) intercepts: (0, 4) and (0, -4) symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin
- C) intercepts: (0, 4) and (0, -4) symmetric with respect to origin
- D) intercepts: (4, 0) and (-4, 0) symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin

5)



A) intercept: (0, 5)

B) intercept: (0, 5)

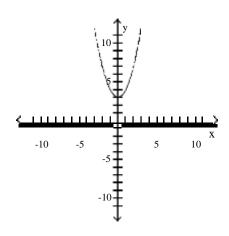
symmetric with respect to x-axis no symmetry C) intercept: (5, 0)

D) intercept: (5, 0)

no symmetry

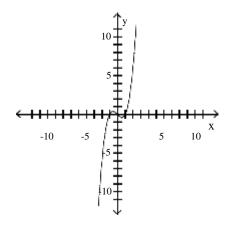
symmetric with respect to y-axis

6)



- A) intercept: (0, 3)
  - symmetric with respect to origin
- C) intercept: (3, 0)
  - symmetric with respect to y-axis

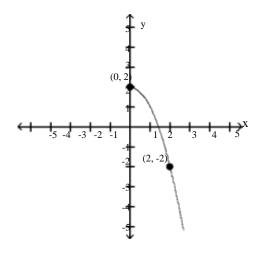
- B) intercept: (3, 0)
  - symmetric with respect to x-axis
- D) intercept: (0, 3)
  - symmetric with respect to y-axis

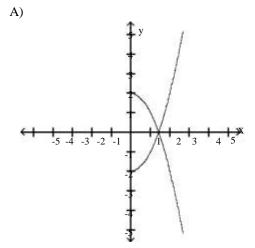


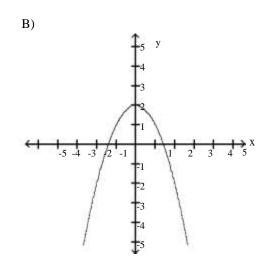
- A) intercepts: (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0) symmetric with respect to y-axis
- B) intercepts: (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0) symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin
- C) intercepts: (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0) symmetric with respect to origin
- D) intercepts: (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0) symmetric with respect to x-axis

## Draw a complete graph so that it has the given type of symmetry.

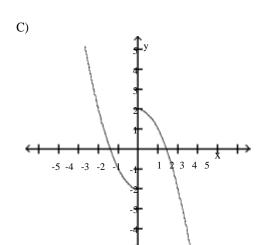
8) Symmetric with respect to the y-axis

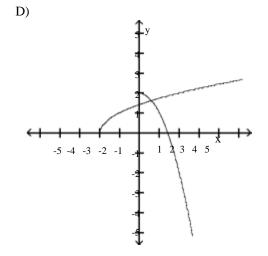




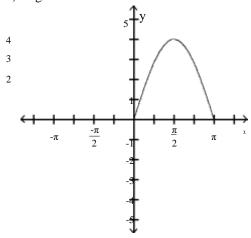


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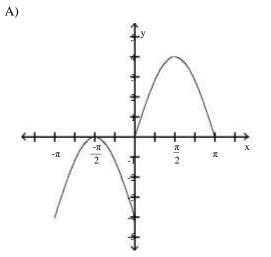


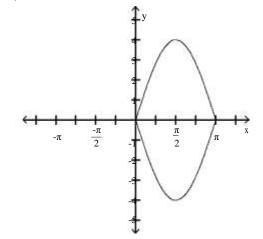


9) origin

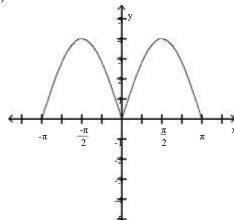




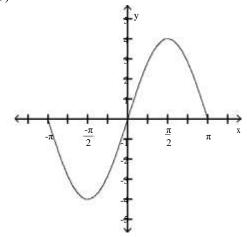




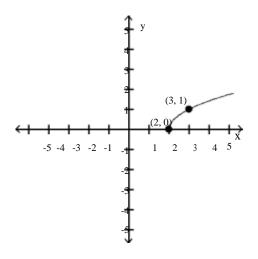
C)



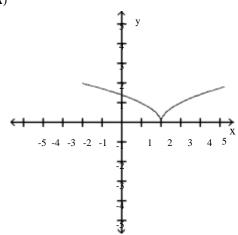
D)



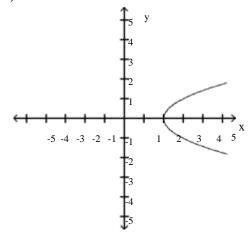
# 10) Symmetric with respect to the x-axis



A)

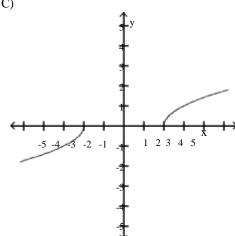


B)

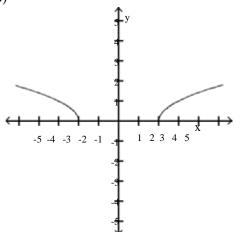


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C)



D)



## List the intercepts and type(s) of symmetry, if any.

11) 
$$y = -x + 4$$

A) intercepts: (-4, 0), (0, 2), (0, -2) symmetric with respect to x-axis

C) intercepts: (0, -4), (2, 0), (-2, 0)symmetric with respect to y-axis

D) intercepts: (4, 0), (0, 2), (0, -2)symmetric with respect to x-axis

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2 & 2 \\
 12) 9x + 4y & = 36
 \end{array}$$

A) intercepts: (3, 0), (-3, 0), (0, 2), (0, -2)symmetric with respect to x-axis and y-axis

B) intercepts: (2, 0), (-2, 0), (0, 3), (0, -3) symmetric with respect to x-axis and y-axis

C) intercepts: (2, 0), (-2, 0), (0, 3), (0, -3)symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin

D) intercepts: (3, 0), (-3, 0), (0, 2), (0, -2)symmetric with respect to the origin

13) 
$$y = \frac{-x 2}{x}$$

A) intercepts: (2, 0), (-2, 0), (0, 0)symmetric with respect to origin

C) intercept: (0, 0)symmetric with respect to x-axis B) intercept: (0, 0) symmetric with respect to y-axis

D) intercept: (0, 0)symmetric with respect to origin

Determine whether the graph of the equation is symmetric with respect to the x -axis, the y-axis, and/or the origin.

14) 
$$y = x + 1$$

- A) y-axis
- B) x-axis
- C) origin
- D) x-axis, y-axis, origin
- E) none

15) y = -3xA) x-axis B) y-axis C) origin D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 2 16) x + y - 4 = 0A) origin B) y-axis C) x-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 17) y - x - 9 = 0A) origin B) y-axis C) x-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none  $\begin{array}{c}
2 \\
18) 9x + 16y = 144
\end{array}$ A) x-axis B) origin C) y-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 2 2 19) 16x + y = 16 A) y-axis B) origin C) x-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 20) y = x + 14x + 45A) y-axis B) x-axis C) origin D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 3x 2 21) y = x + 9

A) originB) y-axisC) x-axis

E) none

D) x-axis, y-axis, origin

22)	x <u>2</u> - 16
22) $y =$	- 4
	4x

- A) x-axis
- B) origin
- C) y-axis
- D) x-axis, y-axis, origin
- E) none

23) 
$$y = 4x^{2} + 5$$

- A) y-axis
- B) origin
- C) x-axis
- D) x-axis, y-axis, origin
- E) none

24) 
$$y = (x + 6)(x - 8)$$

- A) y-axis
- B) x-axis
- C) origin
- D) x-axis, y-axis, origin
- E) none

$$3 \\ 25) y = -7x + 2x$$

- A) origin
  - B) y-axis
    - C) x-axis
    - D) x-axis, y-axis, origin
    - E) none

26) 
$$y = -5x - 9x + 3$$

- A) y-axis
- B) origin
- C) x-axis
- D) x-axis, y-axis, origin
- E) none

### Solve the problem.

- 27) If a graph is symmetric with respect to the y-axis and it contains the point (5, -6), which of the following points is also on the graph?
  - A) (5, -6)

- B) (-5, -6)
- (-6, 5)

- D) (-5, 6)
- 28) If a graph is symmetric with respect to the origin and it contains the point (-4, 7), which of the following points is also on the graph?
  - A) (7, -4)

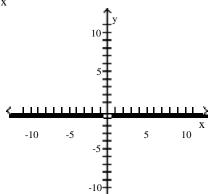
B) (4, -7)

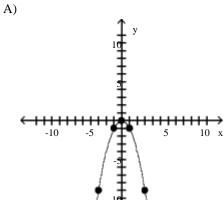
C) (-4, -7)

D) (4, 7)

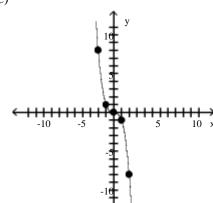
Graph the equation by plotting points.

 $1) y = x^3$ 

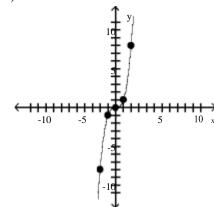




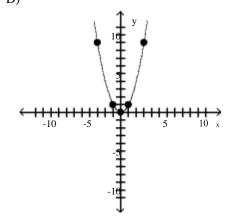
C)



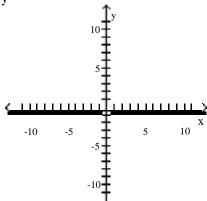
B)



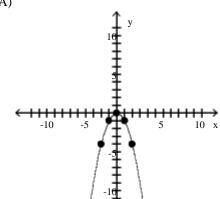
D)



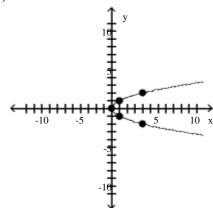
$$2) x = y^2$$



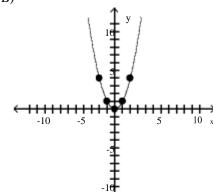
A)



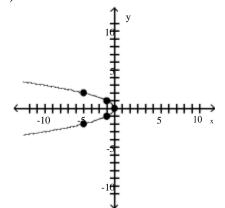
C)



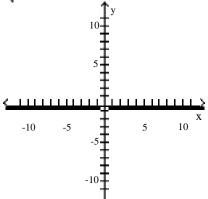
B)



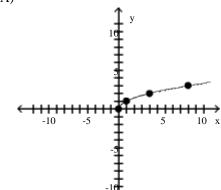
D)



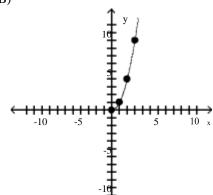




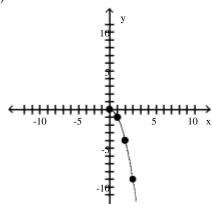
A)



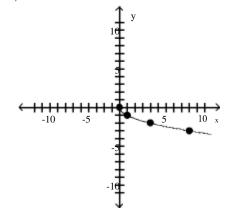
B)

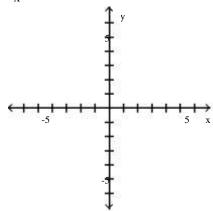


C)

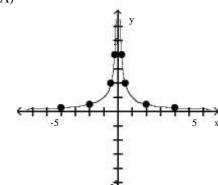


D)

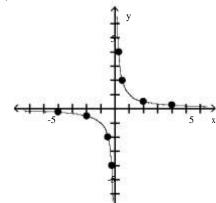




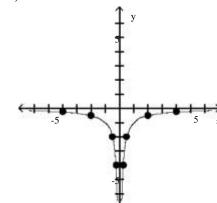
A)



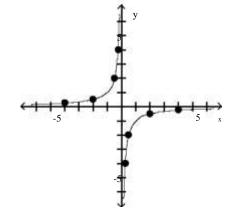
C)



B)



D)

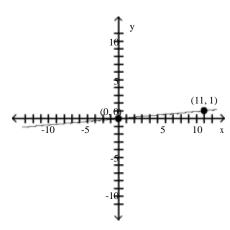


#### 1 Calculate and Interpret the Slope of a Line

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the slope of the line through the points and interpret the slope.

1)



A) -11; for every 1-unit increase in x, y will decrease by 11 units -1

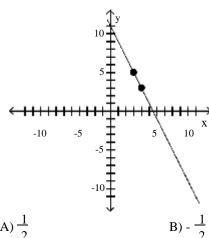
B) - 11; for every 11-unit increase in x, y will decrease by 1 unit

C) 11; for every 1-unit increase in x, y will increase by 11 units

D) 11; for every 11-unit increase in x, y will increase by 1 unit

Find the slope of the line.

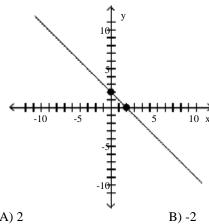
2)



C) 2

D)-2

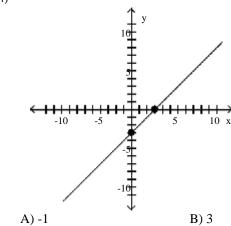
3)



A) 2

D)-1

4)



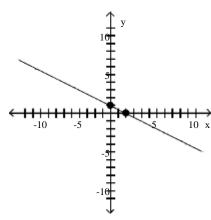
A) -1

C)1

C)1

D)-3

5)



A) 2

B) -2

C)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Find the slope of the line containing the two points.  $6)\ (8,-4);\ (-9,1)$ 

A) 
$$\frac{17}{5}$$

B) -  $\frac{5}{17}$ 

C) -  $\frac{17}{5}$ 

D)  $\frac{5}{17}$ 

7)(7, 0); (0, 2) A)  $-\frac{2}{7}$ 

B) - 7/2

D)<u>2</u>

- 8)(-3, 7); (2, -8)
  - A) 3

B)-3

C) 1 3 D) -

- 9)(-7, 2); (-7, -1) A) $\frac{1}{3}$
- B) -3

C) 0

D) undefined

3

- 10) (3, 7); (-3, 7)
  - A) 0

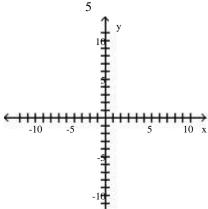
B) -6

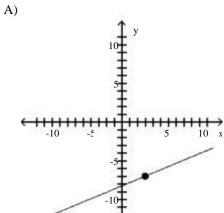
C) 1/6

D) undefined

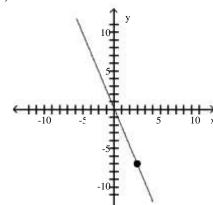
Graph the line containing the point P and having slope m.

1) 
$$P = (3, -7); m = \underline{1}2$$

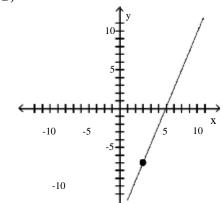




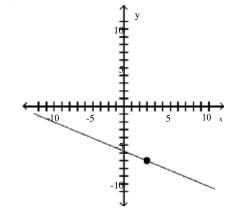
C)

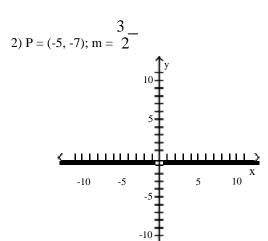


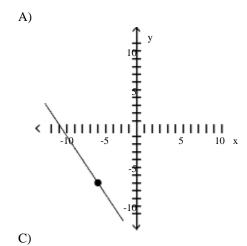
B)

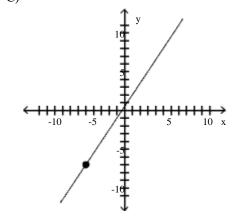


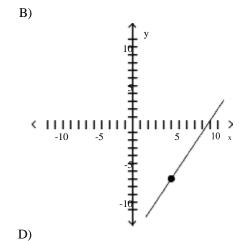
D)

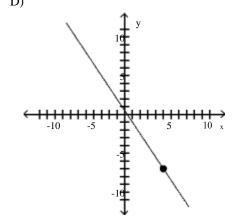


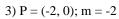


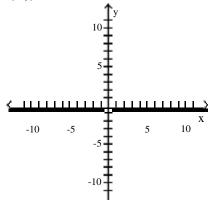




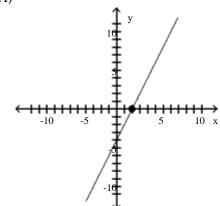




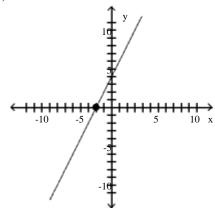




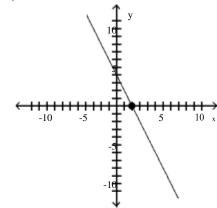
A)



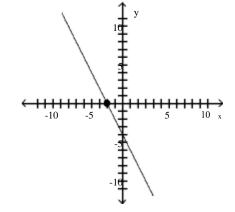
C)

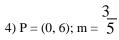


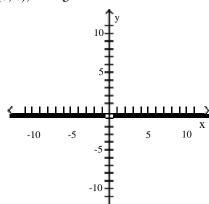
B)



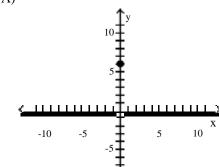
D)



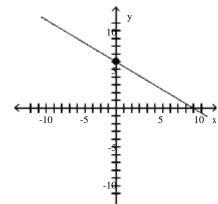




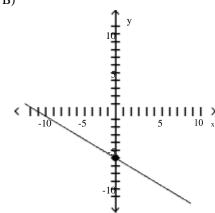




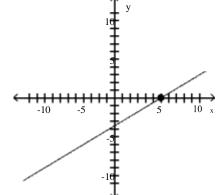
# C)

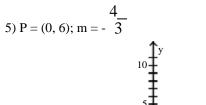


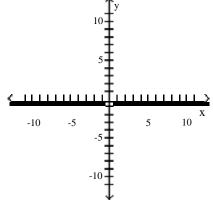
B)

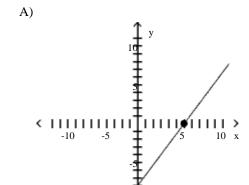


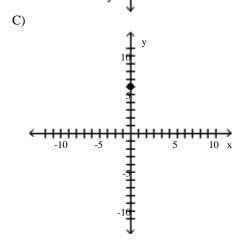


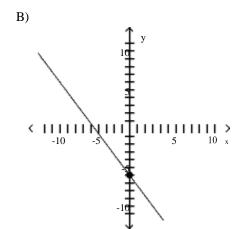


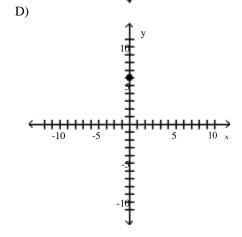


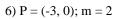


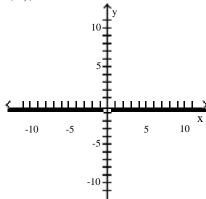




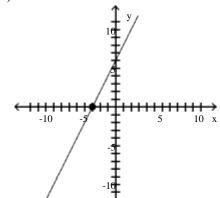




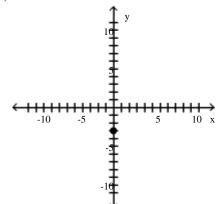




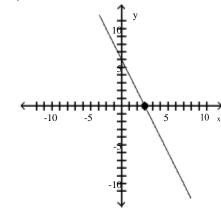
A)



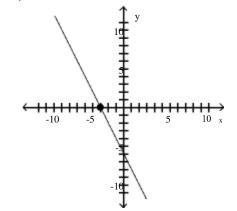
C)

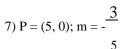


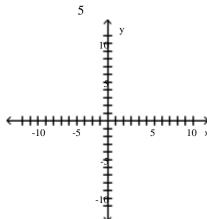
B)



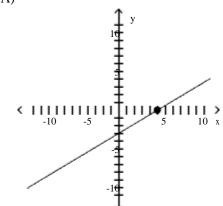
D)



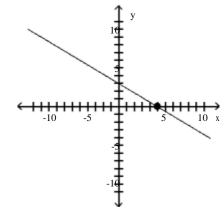




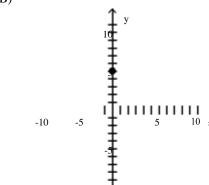
A)



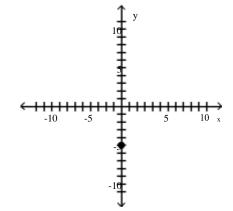
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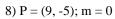


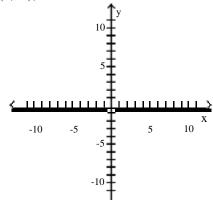
B)



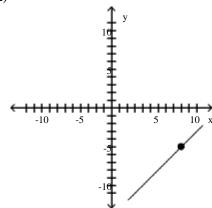
D)



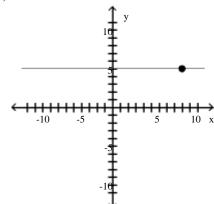




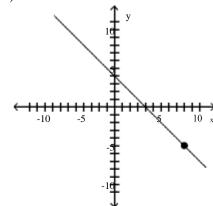
A)



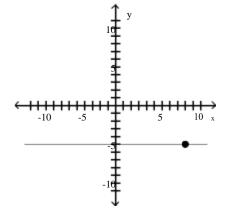
C)



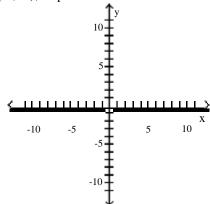
B)

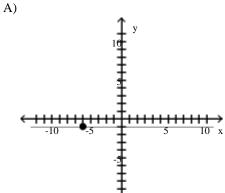


D)

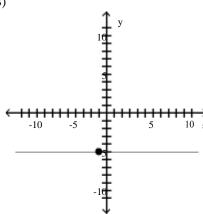


9) P = (-1, -5); slope undefined

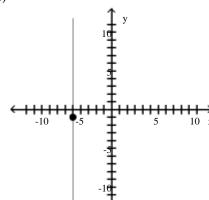




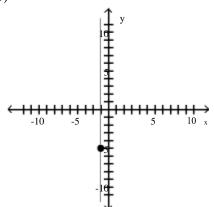
B)



C)



D)



# 3 Find the Equation of a Vertical Line

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find an equation for the line with the given properties.

1) Slope undefined; containing the point (1, -7)

A) 
$$y = 1$$

B) 
$$y = -7$$

C) 
$$x = 1$$

D) 
$$x = -7$$

2) Vertical line; containing the point (-6, -1)

A) 
$$x = -1$$

B) 
$$x = -6$$

C) 
$$y = -6$$

D) 
$$y = -1$$

A) 
$$y = -\frac{3}{7}$$

$$B) y = 4$$

C) 
$$x = -\frac{3}{7}$$

D) 
$$x = 4$$

4) Vertical line; containing the point (1.8, -8.6)

A) 
$$x = -8.6$$

B) 
$$x = 6.8$$

C) 
$$x = 1.8$$

$$D) x = 0$$

## 4 Use the Point-Slope Form of a Line; Identify Horizontal Lines

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line with the given properties.

1) Horizontal; containing the point (10, 5)

A) 
$$y = 5$$

B) 
$$y = 10$$

C) 
$$x = 10$$

D) 
$$x = 5$$

2) Slope = 0; containing the point (-5, 8)

A) 
$$y = 8$$

B) 
$$x = 8$$

C) 
$$y = -5$$

D) 
$$x = -5$$

3) Horizontal; containing the point

A) 
$$y = 9$$

$$\mathbf{B})\;\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{0}$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{8}{9}$$

D) 
$$y = -9$$

4) Horizontal; containing the point (-8.8, 5.8)

A) 
$$y = 5.8$$

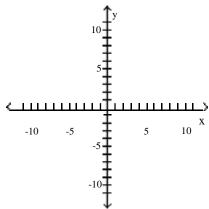
$$B) y = 0$$

C) 
$$y = 3$$

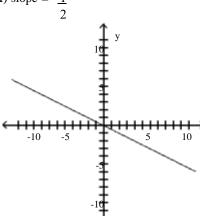
D) 
$$y = -8.8$$

Find the slope of the line and sketch its graph.

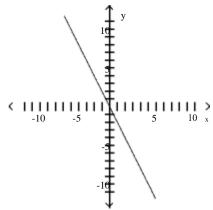
5) 
$$y + 2 = 0$$



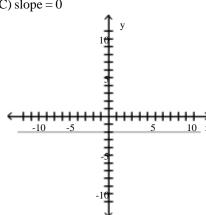
A) slope = 
$$-\frac{1}{2}$$



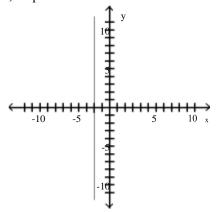
B) slope = 
$$-2$$



C) slope = 
$$0$$



D) slope is undefined

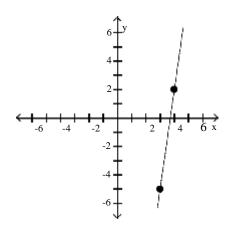


## 5 Find the Equation of a Line Given Two Points

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the equation of the line in slope-intercept form.

1)



A) 
$$y = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{4}{13}$$

B) 
$$y = 7x + 38$$
 C)  $y = 7x - 26$ 

C) 
$$y = 7x - 26$$

D) 
$$y = 7x + 26$$

#### Find an equation for the line, in the indicated form, with the given properties.

2) Containing the points (-2, 2) and (7, -4); slope-intercept form

A) 
$$y - 2 = -\frac{2}{3}(x + 2)$$
 B)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$ 

B) 
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$$

D) 
$$y = mx + \frac{2}{3}$$

3) Containing the points (2, 0) and (-5, 5); general form

A) 
$$-2x + 10y = -40$$

B) 
$$2x - 10y = -40$$

C) 
$$5x + 7y = 10$$

D) 
$$-5x + 7y = 10$$

4) Containing the points (9, 0) and (0, -6); general form

A) 
$$6x - 9y = 54$$

B) 
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 6$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 9$$

D) 
$$6x + 9y = 54$$

5) Containing the points (3, -5) and (0, 2); general form

A) 
$$-7x + 3y = 6$$

B) 
$$7x + 3y = 6$$

C) 
$$-8x + 2y = -4$$

D) 
$$8x - 2y = -4$$

6) Containing the points (-7, -2) and (0, -4); general form

A) 
$$-2x - 7y = 28$$

B) 
$$-5x + 4y = -16$$

C) 
$$5x - 4y = -16$$

D) 
$$2x - 7y = 28$$

7) Containing the points (6, 0) and (-2, 3); general form

A) 
$$-6x + 5y = -3$$

B) 
$$3x + 8y = 18$$

C) 
$$-3x + 8y = 18$$

D) 
$$6x - 5y = -3$$

8) Containing the points (1, 3) and (-6, 5); general form

5

A) 
$$2x + 11y = -67$$

B) 
$$2x + 7y = 23$$

C) 
$$-2x - 11y = -67$$

D) 
$$-2x + 7y = 23$$

#### Solve.

9) The relationship between Celsius (°C) and Fahrenheit (°F) degrees of measuring temperature is linear. Find an equation relating °C and °F if 10°C corresponds to 50°F and 30°C corresponds to 86°F. Use the equation to find the Celsius measure of 6° F.

A)C= 
$$\frac{5}{5}$$
F-10;  $\frac{20}{5}$ 

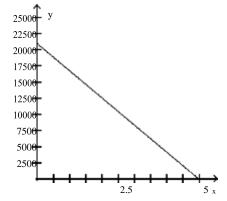
B)C=
$$\frac{5}{F} + \frac{160}{;190} \circ C$$

C)C= 
$$\frac{9}{9}$$
F-80;  $\frac{3}{346}$  °C

9 9 9 9 D)C=
$$\frac{5}{F}$$
 -  $\frac{160}{3}$ ; -  $\frac{130}{5}$  °C

5

10) A school has just purchased new computer equipment for \$21,000.00. The graph shows the depreciation of the equipment over 5 years. The point (0, 21,000) represents the purchase price and the point (5, 0) represents when the equipment will be replaced. Write a linear equation in slope-intercept form that relates the value of the equipment, y, to years after purchase x . Use the equation to



predict the value of the equipment after 4 years.

- A) y = -21,000x + 21,000; value after 4 years is \$-63,000.00
- C) y = 4200x 21,000; value after 4 years is \$4200.00

- B) y = 21,000x + 5;
  - value after 4 years is \$4200.00
- D) y = -4200x + 21,000; value after 4 years is \$4200.00;

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11) The average value of a certain type of automobile was \$14,160 in 1995 and depreciated to \$8520 in 2000. Let y be the average value of the automobile in the year x, where x = 0 represents 1995. Write a linear equation that relates the average value of the automobile, y, to the year x.

A) 
$$y = -1128x + 8520$$

B) 
$$y = -1128x + 14{,}160$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{1128}x - 8520$$

D) 
$$y = -1128x + 2880$$

12) An investment is worth \$3398 in 1995. By 1999 it has grown to \$5138. Let y be the value of the investment in the year x, where x = 0 represents 1995. Write a linear equation that relates the value of the investment, y, to the year x.

A) 
$$v = -435x + 6878$$

B) 
$$y = -435x + 3398$$

A) 
$$y = -435x + 6878$$
 B)  $y = -435x + 3398$  C)  $y = \frac{1}{435}x + 3398$ 

D) 
$$y = 435x + 3398$$

13) A faucet is used to add water to a large bottle that already contained some water. After it has been filling for 3 seconds, the gauge on the bottle indicates that it contains 11 ounces of water. After it has been filling for 11 seconds, the gauge indicates the bottle contains 27 ounces of water. Let y be the amount of water in the bottle x seconds after the faucet was turned on. Write a linear equation that relates the amount of water in the bottle, y, to the time x.

A) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{19}{2}$$

B) 
$$y = -2x + 17$$
 C)  $y = 2x + 16$ 

C) 
$$y = 2x + 16$$

D) 
$$y = 2x + 5$$

14) When making a telephone call using a calling card, a call lasting 4 minutes cost \$1.20. A call lasting 13 minutes cost \$3.00. Let y be the cost of making a call lasting x minutes using a calling card. Write a linear equation that relates the cost of a making a call, y, to the time x.

A) 
$$y = -0.2x + 2$$

B) 
$$y = 0.2x - 10$$

C) 
$$y = 5x - \frac{94}{5}$$

D) 
$$y = 0.2x + 0.4$$

15) A vendor has learned that, by pricing carmel apples at \$1.75, sales will reach 115 carmel apples per day. Raising the price to \$2.50 will cause the sales to fall to 85 carmel apples per day. Let y be the number of carmel apples the vendor sells at x dollars each. Write a linear equation that relates the number of carmel apples sold per day, y, to the price x.

A) 
$$y = 40x + 45$$

B) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{40}x + \frac{18393}{160}$$
 C)  $y = -40x + 185$  D)  $y = -40x - 185$ 

C) 
$$y = -40x + 185$$

D) 
$$y = -40x - 185$$

16) A vendor has learned that, by pricing pretzels at \$1.00, sales will reach 108 pretzels per day. Raising the price to \$1.50 will cause the sales to fall to 82 pretzels per day. Let y be the number of pretzels the vendor sells at x dollars each. Write a linear equation that relates the number of pretzels sold per day to the price x.

A) 
$$y = 52x + 56$$

r day to the price x.  
B) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{52}x + \frac{5615}{52}$$
 C)  $y = -52x + 160$ 

C) 
$$y = -52x + 160$$

D) 
$$y = -52x - 160$$

#### 6 Write the Equation of a Line in Slope -Intercept Form

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line with the given properties.

1) Slope = 2; containing the point (-2, 0)

A) 
$$y = 2x - 4$$

B) 
$$y = 2x + 4$$

C) 
$$y = -2x + 4$$

D) 
$$y = -2x - 4$$

2) Slope = 0; containing the point (10, -2)

A) 
$$x = -2$$

B) 
$$v = -2$$

C) 
$$x = 10$$

D) 
$$y = 10$$

3) Slope = 
$$7$$
; y-intercept =  $12$ 

A) 
$$y = 12x - 7$$

B) 
$$y = 7x - 12$$

C) 
$$y = 7x + 12$$

D) 
$$y = 12x + 7$$

4) x-intercept = 
$$3$$
; y-intercept =  $10$ 

A) 
$$y = \frac{10}{3}x + 10$$

B) 
$$y = -\frac{3}{10}x + 3$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{10}{3}x + 3$$

## Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

5) 
$$4x + 5y = 6$$

A) 
$$y = \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{6}{5}$$

B) 
$$y = 4x - 6$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{4}{5}x + \frac{6}{5}$$
 D)  $y = \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{6}{5}$ 

D) 
$$y = \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{6}{5}$$

6) 
$$7x + 5y = 8$$

A) 
$$y = 7x + 11$$

B) 
$$y = \frac{7}{4}x + \frac{8}{4}$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{5}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

D) 
$$y = \frac{11}{x} + \frac{8}{x}$$

7) 
$$2x - 9y = 7$$

A) 
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{7}{3}$$

B) 
$$y = 2x - 7$$

C) 
$$y = 9x + 7$$

D) 
$$y = 2x - 7$$

8) 
$$x = 7y + 3$$

A) 
$$y = x - \frac{3}{7}$$

B) 
$$y = \frac{1}{x} - 3$$

7

C) 
$$y = 7x - 3$$

D) 
$$y = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{3}{x}$$

## Solve.

9) A truck rental company rents a moving truck one day by charging \$31 plus \$0.09 per mile. Write a linear equation that relates the cost C, in dollars, of renting the truck to the number x of miles driven. What is the cost of renting the truck if the truck is driven 160 miles?

A) 
$$C = 0.09x + 31$$
; \$32.44

B) 
$$C = 0.09$$

B) C = 0.09x + 31; \$45.40

C) 
$$C = 0.09x - 31$$
; \$16.60

D) 
$$C = 31x + 0.09$$
; \$4960.09

10) Each week a soft drink machine sells x cans of soda for \$0.75/soda. The cost to the owner of the soda machine for each soda is \$0.10. The weekly fixed cost for maintaining the soda machine is \$25/week. Write an equation that relates the weekly profit, P, in dollars to the number of cans sold each week. Then use the equation to find the weekly profit when 92 cans of soda are sold in a week.

A) 
$$P = 0.75x + 25$$
; \$94.00

B) 
$$P = 0.75x - 25$$
; \$44.00

C) 
$$P = 0.65x - 25$$
; \$34.80

D) 
$$P = 0.65x + 25$$
; \$84.80

11) Each day the commuter train transports x passengers to or from the city at \$1.75/passenger. The daily fixed cost for running the train is \$1200. Write an equation that relates the daily profit, P, in dollars to the number of passengers each day. Then use the equation to find the daily profit when the train has 920 passengers in a day.

A) 
$$P = 1.75x$$
; \$1610

B) 
$$P = 1.75x + 1200$$
; \$2810

C) 
$$P = 1.75x - 1200$$
; \$410

D) 
$$P = 1200 - 1.75x$$
: \$410

12) Each month a beauty salon gives x manicures for \$12.00/manicure. The cost to the owner of the beauty salon for each manicure is \$7.35. The monthly fixed cost to maintain a manicure station is \$120.00. Write an equation that relates the monthly profit, in dollars, to the number of manicures given each month. Then use the equation to find the monthly profit when 200 manicures are given in a month.

A) 
$$P = 4.65x - 120$$
; \$810

B) 
$$P = 7.35x - 120$$
; \$1350

C) 
$$P = 12x - 120$$
; \$2280

D) 
$$P = 4.65x$$
; \$930

13) Each month a gas station sells x gallons of gas at \$1.92/gallon. The cost to the owner of the gas station for each gallon of gas is \$1.32. The monthly fixed cost for running the gas station is \$37,000. Write an equation that relates the monthly profit, in dollars, to the number of gallons of gasoline sold. Then use the equation to find the

monthly profit when 75,000 gallons of gas are sold in a month. A) P = 0.60x + 37,000; \$82,000

B) P = 1.92x - 37,000; \$107,000

- C) P = 1.32x 37,000; \$62,000

D) P = 0.60x - 37,000; \$8000

### 7 Identify the Slope and y-Intercept of a Line from Its Equation

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the slope and y-intercept of the line.

1) 
$$y = 2x - 9$$

B) slope = 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
; y-intercept = 9

C) slope = 
$$-9$$
; y-intercept = 2

D) slope = 
$$-2$$
; y-intercept =  $9$ 

2) 
$$x + y = 12$$

A) slope = 
$$-1$$
; y-intercept =  $-12$ 

B) slope = 
$$0$$
; y-intercept =  $12$ 

C) slope = 1; y-intercept = 
$$12$$

D) slope = 
$$-1$$
; y-intercept =  $12$ 

3) 
$$6x + y = -9$$

A) slope = 
$$6$$
; y-intercept =  $-9$ 

B) slope = 
$$-\frac{2}{3}$$
 ; y-intercept =  $-\frac{1}{9}$ 

C) slope = 
$$-\frac{1}{6}$$
; y-intercept =  $-\frac{3}{2}$ D) slope =

7

4) 
$$-8x + 7y = 3$$
  
A) slope =  $\frac{8}{}$ ; y-intercept =  $\frac{3}{}$ 

B) slope = 
$$\frac{7}{3}$$
; y-intercept = -  $\frac{3}{3}$ 

$$8 8$$
D) slope =  $\frac{12}{7}$ ; y-intercept =  $\frac{3}{7}$ 

5) 
$$17x + 7y = 9$$
  
A) slope = 17; y-intercept = 9

B) slope = 
$$\frac{17}{7}$$
; y-intercept =  $\frac{9}{7}$ 

C) slope = 
$$-\frac{17}{7}$$
; y-intercept =  $\frac{9}{7}$ 

D) slope = 
$$\frac{17}{7}$$
; y-intercept = -  $\frac{9}{7}$ 

6) 
$$3x - 7y = 8$$

A) slope = 
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
; y-intercept =  $-\frac{8}{7}$ 

B) slope = 
$$\frac{7}{3}$$
; y-intercept =  $\frac{8}{3}$ 

C) slope = 
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
; y-intercept =  $\frac{8}{2}$ D) slope = 3; y-intercept = 87 7

7) 
$$11x - 4y = 44$$

7) 
$$11x - 4y = 44$$
  
A)  $slope = -\frac{11}{4}$ ; y-intercept = 11

B) slope = 
$$\frac{11}{4}$$
; y-intercept = -11

C) slope = 
$$\frac{4}{11}$$
; y-intercept = 4

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8) 
$$x + 6y = 1$$

A) slope = 1; y-intercept = 
$$1$$

$$\frac{1}{C}$$
 Slope = 6; y-intercept = 6

9) 
$$-x + 6y = 66$$

A) slope = 
$$6$$
; y-intercept =  $-66$ 

10) 
$$y = -2$$

A) slope = 1; y-intercept = 
$$-2$$

C) slope = 
$$0$$
; no y-intercept

$$11) x = 5$$

A) slope = 
$$0$$
; y-intercept =  $5$ 

C) slope = 
$$5$$
; y-intercept =  $0$ 

12) 
$$y = -6x$$

A) slope = 
$$6$$
; y-intercept =  $0$ 

C) slope = 
$$-\frac{1}{6}$$
; y-intercept = 0

B) slope = 
$$-6$$
; y-intercept =  $6$ 

D) slope = 
$$-\frac{1}{6}$$
; y-intercept =  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

B) slope = 
$$-6$$
; y-intercept = 11

D) slope = 
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
; y-intercept = 11

B) slope = 
$$0$$
; y-intercept =  $-2$ 

D) slope = 
$$-2$$
; y-intercept = 0

B) slope = 
$$0$$
; y-intercept =  $-6$ 

D) slope = 
$$-6$$
; y-intercept = 0

### **8** Graph Lines Written in General Form Using Intercepts

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the general form of the equation for the line with the given properties.

1) Slope = 
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
; y-intercept =  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

A) 
$$2x + 3y = -2$$

B) 
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$$

A) 
$$2x + 3y = -2$$
 B)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$  C)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}$  D)  $2x - 3y = -2$ 

D) 
$$2x - 3y = -2$$

2)Slope = 
$$-\frac{7}{9}$$
; containing the point (4, 4)

A) 
$$7x + 9y = 64$$

B) 
$$7x + 9y = -64$$
 C)  $7x - 9y = 64$ 

C) 
$$7x - 9y = 64$$

D) 
$$9x + 7y = -64$$

3)Slope = 
$$-\frac{6}{7}$$
; containing the point (0, 4)

A) 
$$6x - 7y = 28$$

B) 
$$6x + 7y = 28$$

B) 
$$6x + 7y = 28$$
 C)  $6x + 7y = -28$ 

D) 
$$7x + 6y = -28$$

4)Slope = 
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
; containing (0, 5)  
A)  $7x - 4y = -35$  B)  $-4x + 7y = -35$  C)  $-4x + 7y = 35$ 

A) 
$$7x - 4y = -35$$

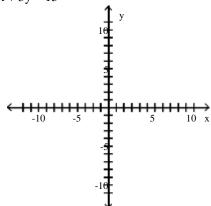
B) 
$$-4x + 7y = -35$$

C) 
$$-4x + 7y = 35$$

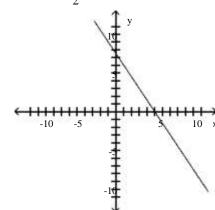
D) 
$$-4x - 7y = 35$$

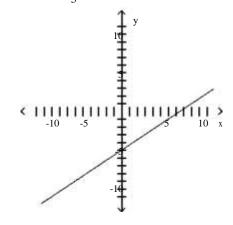
Find the slope of the line and sketch its graph.

5) 
$$2x + 3y = 15$$

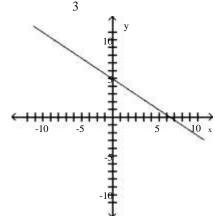


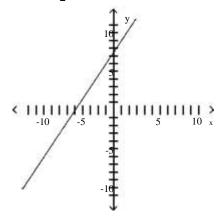
A) slope = 
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$



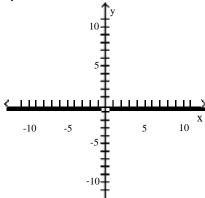


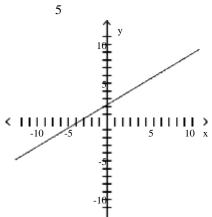
B) slope = 
$$-2$$





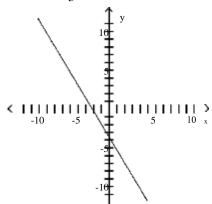






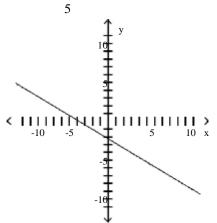
A) slope =  $\underline{3}$ 

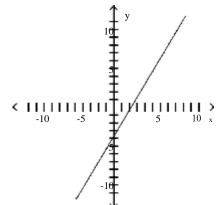




C) slope = 
$$-\frac{3}{}$$

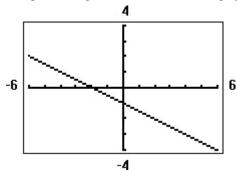






### Solve the problem.

7) Find an equation in general form for the line graphed on a graphing utility.



A) 
$$x + 2y = -2$$

B) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

C) 
$$y = -2x - 1$$

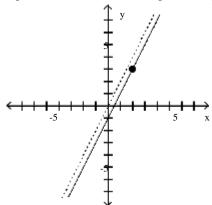
D) 
$$2x + y = -1$$

### **9** Find Equations of Parallel Lines

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

## Find an equation for the line with the given properties.

1) The solid line L contains the point (2, 3) and is parallel to the dotted line whose equation is y = 2x. Give the equation for the line L in slope-intercept form.



A) 
$$y - 3 = 2(x - 2)$$

B) 
$$y = 2x - 1$$

C) 
$$y = 2x + 1$$

D) 
$$y = 2x + b$$

2) Parallel to the line y = -3x; containing the point (5, 6)

A) 
$$y = -3x - 21$$

B) 
$$y - 6 = -3x - 5$$

C) 
$$y = -3x$$

D) 
$$y = -3x + 21$$

3) Parallel to the line x - 2y = 2; containing the point (0, 0)

A) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$$

B) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

D) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

4)Parallel to the line -2x - y = 5; containing the point (0, 0)

A) 
$$y = -2x$$

B) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 5$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x$$

D) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

5) Parallel to the line y = -8; containing the point (6, 9)

A) 
$$y = -9$$

A) y = -2

B) 
$$y = -8$$

C) 
$$y = 6$$

D) 
$$y = 9$$

6) Parallel to the line x = -2;

containing the point 
$$(3, 1)$$
  
B)  $x = 1$ 

C) 
$$y = 1$$

D) 
$$x = 3$$

7) Parallel to the line 9x + 4y = 37; containing the point (5, 3)

A) 
$$4x + 9y = 3$$

B) 
$$5x + 4y = 37$$

C) 
$$9x + 4y = 57$$

D) 
$$9x - 4y = 57$$

8) Parallel to the line 5x - 3y = -6; x-intercept = 3

A) 
$$5x - 3y = 15$$

B) 
$$-3x - 5y = -15$$

C) 
$$5x - 3y = -9$$

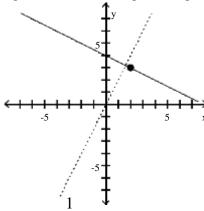
D) 
$$-3x - 5y = -9$$

### 10 Find Equations of Perpendicular Lines

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

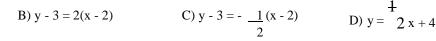
### Find an equation for the line with the given properties.

1) The solid line L contains the point (2, 3) and is perpendicular to the dotted line whose equation is y = 2x. Give the equation of line L in slope-intercept form.



A) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{x} + 4$$

B) 
$$y - 3 = 2(x - 2)$$



D) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2x + 4}$$

2)Perpendicular to the line y = 4x + 2; containing the point (2, 2)

A) 
$$y = -4x + _{\underline{5}}$$

B) 
$$y = 4x + 3$$

C) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{x} + \frac{5}{2}$$

A) 
$$y = -4x + \underline{5}$$
 B)  $y = 4x + \underline{5}$  C)  $y = -\frac{1}{x} + \underline{5}$  D)  $y = \frac{4}{4}x + \underline{2}$ 

D) y = -9x - 31

3)Perpendicular to the line  $y = \frac{1}{9}x + 9$ ; containing the point (4, -5)

A) 
$$y = -\frac{x}{0} - \frac{31}{0}$$

B) 
$$y = 9x - 31$$

C) 
$$y = -9x + 31$$

to the line 5x - y = 7; containing the point  $(0, \frac{7}{5})$ B)  $y = -\frac{1}{x} + 7$ C)  $y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{5}$ 4)Perpendicular to the line 5x - y = 7; containing the point (0,

A) 
$$y = \frac{6}{5}$$

B) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{x} + 7$$

C) 
$$y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{5}$$

D) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{7}{5}$$

5) Perpendicular to the line x - 7y = 3; containing the point (2, 5)

D) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{7}x - \frac{19}{7}$$

D) x = 4

D) y = 7

A) 
$$y = -7x - 19$$

B) 
$$y = -7x + 19$$

C) 
$$y = 7x - 19$$

6) Perpendicular to the line y = -6; containing the point (2, 4)

A) 
$$y = 2$$

B) 
$$x = 2$$

C) 
$$y = 4$$

7)Perpendicular to the line x = -8; containing the point (9, 7)

A) 
$$x = 9$$

B) 
$$y = 9$$

C) 
$$x = 7$$

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8) Perpendicular to the line 9x - 8y = 19; containing the point (-5, 8)

A) 
$$9x + 8 = 9$$

B) 
$$8x - 9y = 32$$

C) 
$$8x + 9y = 32$$

D) 
$$-5x + 8y = 19$$

9) Perpendicular to the line 7x + 2y = -6; containing the point (-2, -1)

A) 
$$2x - 7y = 3$$

B) 
$$2x + 7y = -6$$

C) 
$$2x + 7y = 3$$

D) 
$$7x - 2y = 3$$

10) Perpendicular to the line -3x + 2y = -2; y-intercept = 6

A) 
$$-3x + 2y = 12$$

B) 
$$2x + 3y = 12$$

C) 
$$2x + 3y = 18$$

D) 
$$-3x + 2y = -18$$

Decide whether the pair of lines is parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

$$11)3x - 6y = -5$$

$$18x + 9y = 14$$

$$12)3x - 4y = 19$$

$$8x + 6y = -16$$

$$13)12x + 4y = 16$$

$$24x + 8y = 34$$

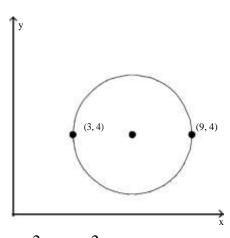
# 2.3 Circles

#### 1 Write the Standard Form of the Equation of a Circle

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Write the standard form of the equation of the circle.

1)



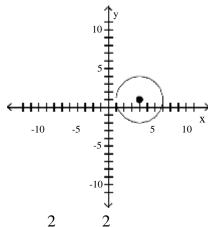
A) 
$$(x + 6)$$
 +  $(y + 4)$  = 3

C) 
$$(x-6) + (y-4) = 3$$

B) 
$$(x + 6)$$
  $2 + (y + 4)$   $= 9$ 

D) 
$$(x-6) + (y-4) = 9$$

2)



$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
A) (x-4) + (y-1) & = 9 \\
2 & 2 \\
C) (x+4) + (y+1) & = 9
\end{array}$$

B) 
$$(x-1)$$
 +  $(y-4)$  = 9  
2 2  
D)  $(x+1)$  +  $(y+4)$  = 0

Write the standard form of the equation of the circle with radius r and center (h, k).

$$3)r = 4$$
;  $(h, k) = (0, 0)$ 

3)r = 4; (h, k) = (0, 0)  
A) 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$
  
2 2  
C) x + y = 16

B) 
$$(x - \frac{2}{4}) + (y - \frac{2}{4}) = 4$$

D) 
$$(x-4) + (y-4) = 16$$

B) 
$$(x - \frac{2}{1})^{2} + (y + 9)^{2} = 10$$
  
2 2  
D)  $(x + 1)^{2} + (y - 9)^{2} = 100$ 

$$5)r = 5; \quad (h, k) = (1, 0) \\ 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \\ A) x + (y - 1) = 5 \quad B) x + (y + 1) = 5 \quad C) (x - 1) + y = 25 \quad D) (x + 1) + y = 25$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
3 & x + (y+1) & = 5
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
C) (x - 1) + y & = 25
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
D) (x + 1) + y & = 25
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
B) (x - 1) + y & = 64
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
C) x + (y - 1) & = 64
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
D) (x+1) + y & = 64
\end{array}$$

7)r = 
$$\sqrt{17}$$
; (h, k) = (-9, 8)  
A)  $(x - 9)^{2} + (y + 8)^{2} = 17$   
2 2  
C)  $(x + 9)^{2} + (y - 8)^{2} = 17$ 

B) 
$$(x + \frac{2}{8})^{2} + (y - \frac{2}{9})^{2} = 289$$
  
D)  $(x - 8)^{2} + (y + 9)^{2} = 289$ 

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
3) x + (y+3) & = 15
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
C) (x+3) + y &= 225
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
D) (x - 3) + y & = 225
\end{array}$$

#### Solve the problem.

9) Find the equation of a circle in standard form where C(6, -2) and D(-4,  $\frac{4}{1}$ ) are endpoints of a diameter. B)  $(x + \frac{2}{1} + (y + \frac{2}{1}) = 136$  2 2 2 2 2

A) 
$$(x + \frac{2}{1} + (y + \frac{2}{1})^{2} = 136$$
  
2 2  
C)  $(x - 1) + (y - 1) = 136$ 

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
B) (x + & + & + & (y + & ) & = 34 \\
2 & & 2 & \\
D) (x - 1) & + & (y - 1) & = 34
\end{array}$$

10) Find the equation of a circle in standard form with center at the point (-3, 2) and tangent to the line y = 4.

A)  $(x - \frac{2}{3}) + (y + \frac{2}{2}) = 4$ B)  $(x - \frac{2}{3}) + (y + \frac{2}{2}) = 16$ C) (x + 3) + (y - 2) = 16D) (x + 3) + (y - 2) = 4

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
3) & 2 \\
2 & 2 \\
D) (x+3) + (y-2) = 4
\end{array}$$

11) Find the equation of a circle in standard form that is tangent to the line x = -3 at (-3, 5) and also tangent to the line x = -3

A) 
$$(x - \frac{2}{3})^{2} + (y - \frac{2}{5})^{2} = 36$$
  
2 2  
C)  $(x + 3)^{2} + (y + 5)^{2} = 36$ 

Find the center (h, k) and radius r of the circle with the given equation.

12) 
$$\frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{y} = 16$$

A) 
$$(h, k) = (0, 0); r = 16$$

C) 
$$(h, k) = (0, 0); r = 4$$

B) 
$$(h, k) = (4, 4); r = 16$$

D) 
$$(h, k) = (4, 4); r = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
2 \\
13)(x+8) + (y-5) = 64
\end{array}$$

A) 
$$(h, k) = (-8, 5); r = 8$$

A) 
$$(h, k) = (-8, 5); r = 8$$

C) 
$$(h, k) = (5, -8); r = 8$$

B) 
$$(h, k) = (5, -8); r = 64$$

D) 
$$(h, k) = (-8, 5); r = 64$$

B) (h, k) = (0, -1); r = 144

D) (h, k) = (-1, 0); r = 144

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
14)(x+1) + y & = 144
\end{array}$$

A) 
$$(h, k) = (-1, 0); r = 12$$

C) 
$$(h, k) = (0, -1); r = 12$$

15) 
$$x + (y + 7) = 36$$

A) 
$$(h, k) = (-7, 0); r = 36$$

C) 
$$(h, k) = (0, -7); r = 6$$

B) 
$$(h, k) = (0, -7); r = 36$$

D) 
$$(h, k) = (-7, 0); r = 6$$

$$16) 5(x-6) + 5(y+5) = 75$$

A) 
$$(h, k) = (6, -5); r = 5\sqrt{5}$$

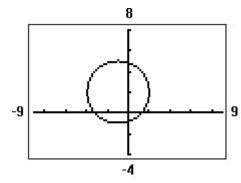
C) (h, k) = (6, -5); 
$$r = \sqrt{15}$$

B) 
$$(h, k) = (-6, 5); r = 5\sqrt{15}$$

D) 
$$(h, k) = (-6, 5); r = \sqrt{15}$$

# Solve the problem.

17) Find the standard form of the equation of the circle. Assume that the center has integer coordinates and the radius is an integer.



A) 
$$(x-1)^2_2 + (y+2)^2 = 9$$

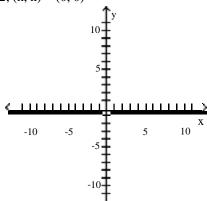
C) 
$$x + y - 2x + 4y - 4 = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
B) & x + y + 2x - 4y - 4 = 0 \\
2 & 2 \\
D) & (x + 1) + (y - 2) = 9
\end{array}$$

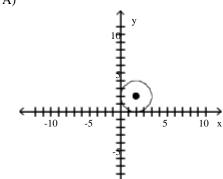
D) 
$$(x + 1) + (y - 2) = 9$$

Graph the circle with radius r and center (h,k).

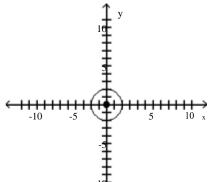
1) 
$$r = 2$$
;  $(h, k) = (0, 0)$ 



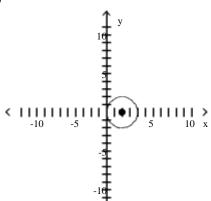
A)



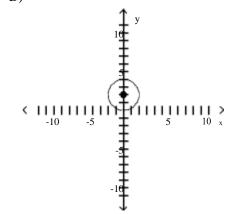
B)

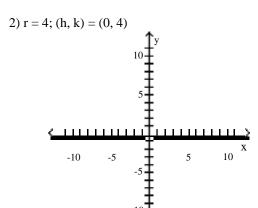


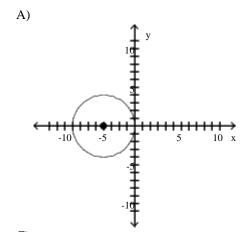
C)

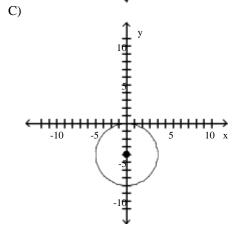


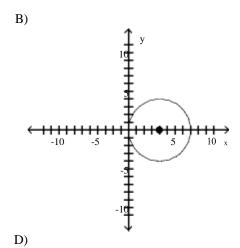
D)

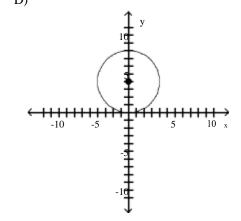


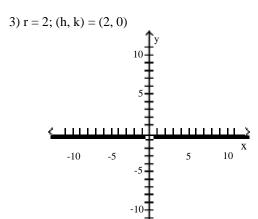


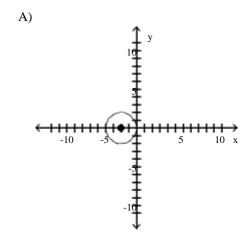


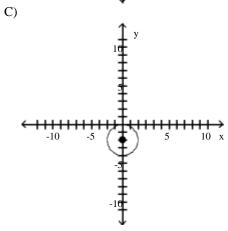


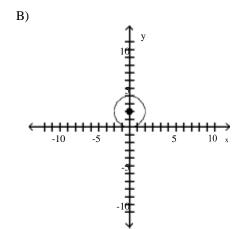


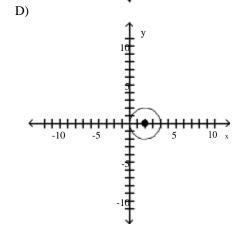


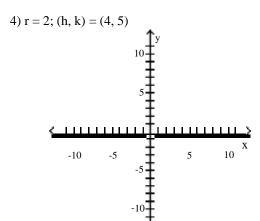


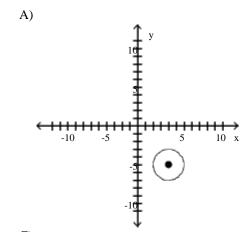


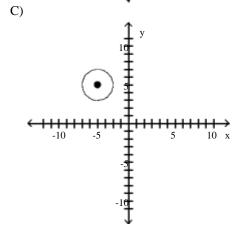


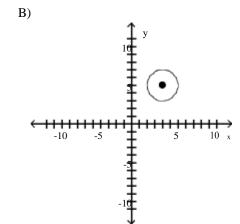


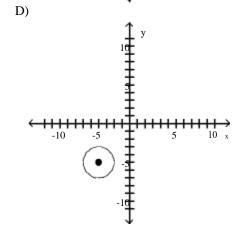




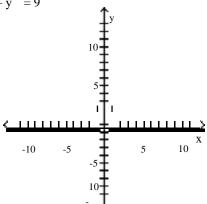




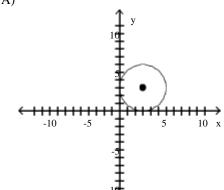




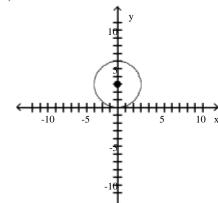
Graph the equation. 
$$2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 5) \ x \quad + y \quad = 9$$



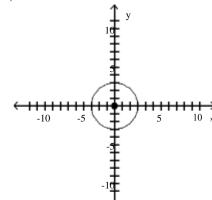
A)



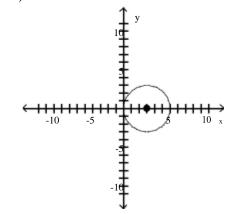
C)

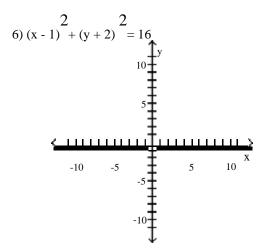


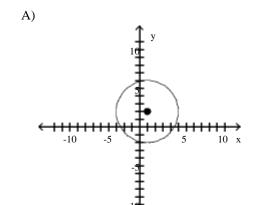
B)

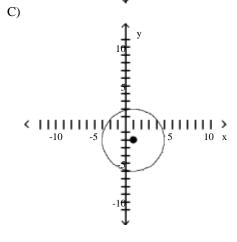


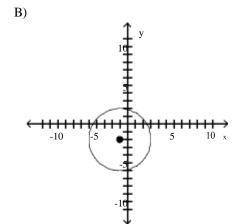
D)

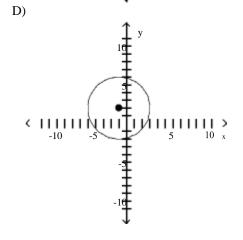


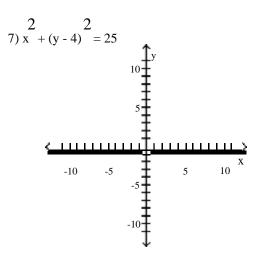


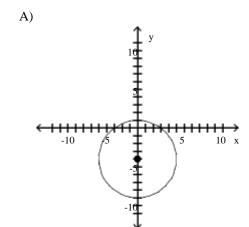


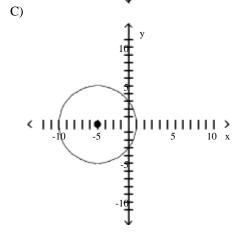


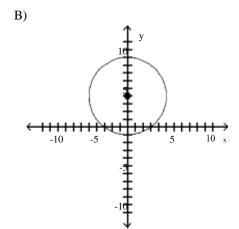


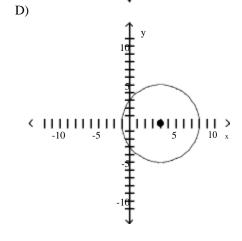


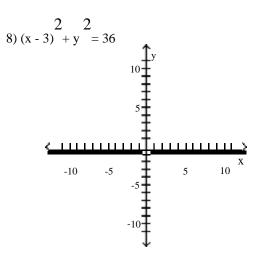


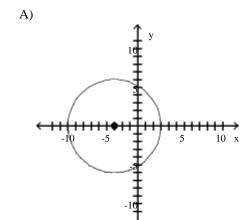


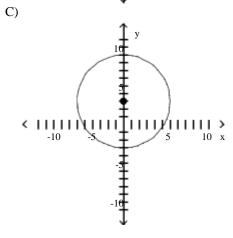


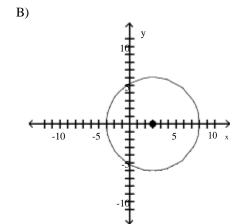


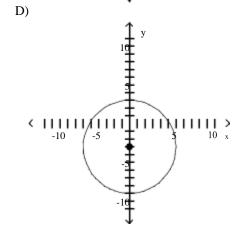












### 3 Work with the General Form of the Equation of a Circle

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the center (h, k) and radius r of the circle. Graph the circle. 1) 
$$x + y - 10x - 10y + 34 = 0$$

10  $y$ 

11  $y$ 

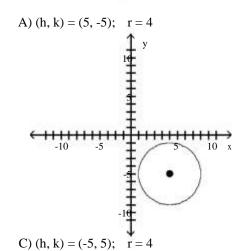
12  $y$ 

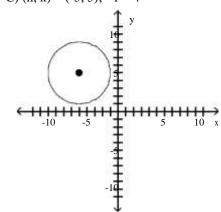
13  $y$ 

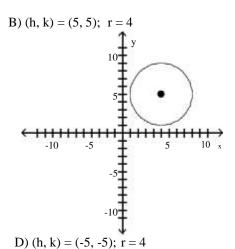
14  $y$ 

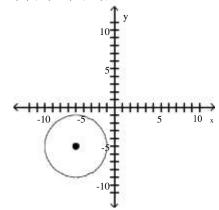
15  $y$ 

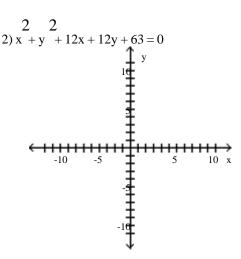
16  $y$ 

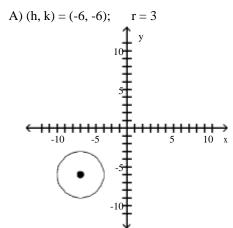


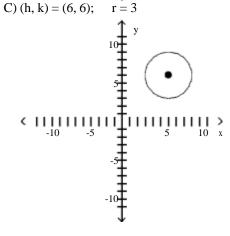




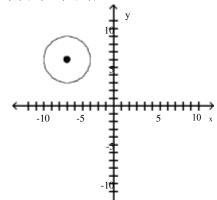


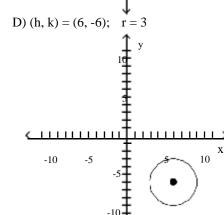






B) 
$$(h, k) = (-6, 6); r = 3$$





Find the center (h, k) and radius r of the circle with the given equation.

3) 
$$x^{2} + 6x + 9 + (y + 2)^{2} = 36$$
  
A)  $(h, k) = (-2, -3); r = 6$   
C)  $(h, k) = (3, 2); r = 36$   
2 2  
4)  $x^{2} - 2x + 1 + y^{2} + 4y + 4 = 64$   
A)  $(h, k) = (1, -2); r = 8$   
C)  $(h, k) = (2, -1); r = 64$   
2 2  
5)  $x^{2} + y^{2} - 6x - 16y + 73 = 16$   
A)  $(h, k) = (8, 3); r = 4$ 

C) (h, k) = (-3, -8); r = 16

B) 
$$(h, k) = (2, 3); r = 36$$

D) 
$$(h, k) = (-3, -2); r = 6$$

B) 
$$(h, k) = (-2, 1); r = 8$$
  
D)  $(h, k) = (-1, 2); r = 64$ 

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### Find the general form of the equation of the the circle.

- 8) Center at the point (-4, -3); containing the point (-3, 3)A)  $x^2 + v^2 + 8x + 6v - 12 = 0$
- 9) Center at the point (2, -3); containing the point (5, -3) A)  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y + 4 = 0$

A) 
$$x + y - 4x + 6y + 4 = 0$$
  
2 2  
C)  $x + y + 4x - 6y + 4 = 0$ 

10) Center at the point (-5, -3); tangent to x-axis

A) 
$$x^2 + y^2 + 10x + 6y + 43 = 0$$
  
2 2  
C)  $x + y + 10x + 6y + 9 = 0$ 

B)  $x^2 + 2 + 6x + 8y - 17 = 0$ 

- B)  $x^2 + y^2 + 4x 6y + 22 = 0$ 2 2 D) x + y 4x + 6y + 22 = 0
- B)  $x^2 + y^2 + 10x + 6y + 25 = 0$ 2 2 D) x + y 10x 6y + 25 = 0

### Solve the problem.

- 11) If a circle of radius 4 is made to roll along the x-axis, what is the equation for the path of the center of the circle? B) x = 4C) y = 4A) y = 0D) y = 8
- 12) Earth is represented on a map of the solar system so that its surface is a circle with the equation  $x^2 + y^2 + 10x + 8y - 3928 = 0$ . A weather satellite circles 0.5 units above the Earth with the center of its circular

orbit at the center of the Earth. Find the general form of the equation for the orbit of the satellite on this map.

A) 
$$x^2 + y^2 + 10x + 8y - 21.75 = 0$$

B)  $x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 8y - 3991.25 = 0$ 

2 2

C)  $x + y + 10x + 8y + 40.75 = 0$ 

D)  $x + y + 10x + 8y - 3991.25 = 0$ 

13) Find an equation of the line containing the centers of the two circles

$$x^{2} + y^{2} - 10x - 4y + 28 = 0$$
 and  $x^{2} + y^{2} - 2x - 10y + 22 = 0$   
A)  $3x - 4y + 23 = 0$  B)  $7x - 6y + 23 = 0$  C)  $-3x + 4y + 23 = 0$  D)  $-3x - 4y + 23 = 0$ 

14) A wildlife researcher is monitoring a black bear that has a radio telemetry collar with a transmitting range of 27 miles. The researcher is in a research station with her receiver and tracking the bear's movements. If we put the origin of a coordinate system at the research station, what is the equation of all possible locations of the bear where the transmitter

15) If a satellite is placed in a circular orbit of 400 kilometers above the Earth, what is the equation of the path of the

satellite if the origin is placed at the center of the Earth (the diameter of the Earth is approximately 12,740 kilometers)?

A) 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 160,000$$

B)  $x^2 + y^2 = 172,659,600$ 

2 2

C)  $x + y = 45,832,900$ 

D)  $x + y = 40,576,900$ 

16) A power outage affected all homes and businesses within a 10 mi radius of the power station. If the power station is located 13 mi north of the center of town, find an equation of the circle consisting of the furthest points from the station affected by the power outage.

A) 
$$x^2 + y = 100$$
  
 $2$   $2$   
C)  $x + (y - 13) = 10$   
B)  $x + (y + 13)^2 = 100$   
 $2$   $2$   
D)  $x + (y - 13) = 10$ 

17) A power outage affected all homes and businesses within a 2 mi radius of the power station. If the power station is located 5 mi west and 2 mi north of the center of town, find an equation of the circle consisting of the furthest points from the station affected by the power outage.

Similar states affected by the power outage.

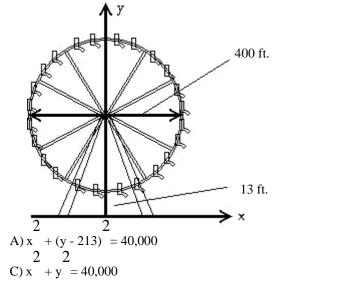
A) 
$$(x - \frac{1}{5}) + (y + \frac{1}{2}) = 4$$

B)  $(x + \frac{1}{5}) + (y - \frac{1}{2}) = 4$ 

C)  $(x + 5) + (y + 2) = 4$ 

D)  $(x - 5) + (y - 2) = 4$ 

18) A Ferris wheel has a diameter of 400 feet and the bottom of the Ferris wheel is 13 feet above the ground. Find the equation of the wheel if the origin is placed on the ground directly below the center of the wheel, as illustrated.



$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 2 \\
B) x + (y - 200) &= 40,000 \\
2 & 2 \\
D) x + (y - 200) &= 160,000
\end{array}$$

#### 2.4 Variation

#### 1 Construct a Model Using Direct Variation

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

#### Write a general formula to describe the variation.

1) v varies directly with t; 
$$v = 13$$
 when  $t = 17$ 
A)  $v = \frac{13}{17t}$ 
C)  $v = \frac{13}{17t}$ 
D)  $v = \frac{17}{13t}$ 

A) 
$$v = \overline{171}$$

C)  $v = \frac{13}{17}$ 

D)  $v = \frac{1}{13}$ 

2) A varies directly with t;  $A = 125$  when t
$$= 5^{B}) v = {}^{17}13 t$$

$$A) A = \frac{-5}{2}$$

$$B) A = \frac{25}{2}$$

$$C) A = 25t$$

D)  $A = 5t$ 

3) z varies directly with the sum of the squares of x and y; z = 35 when x = 21 and y = 28

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 2  $\frac{1}{2}$  2  $\frac{1}{2}$  2  $\frac{1}{2}$  2 2  $\frac{1}{2}$  2  $\frac{1}{2}$  3  $\frac{1}{2}$  2  $\frac{1}{2}$  3  $\frac{1}{2}$  4  $\frac{1}{2}$  2  $\frac{1}{2}$  3  $\frac{1}{2}$  4  $\frac{1}{2}$  5  $\frac{1}{2}$  6  $\frac{1}{2}$  6  $\frac{1}{2}$  7  $\frac{1}{2}$  7  $\frac{1}{2}$  9  $\frac{$ 

If y varies directly as x, write a general formula to describe the variation.

4) 
$$y = 6$$
 when  $x = 12$ 

$$A) y = x + 6$$

B) 
$$y = \frac{1}{6}x$$

C) 
$$y = 2x$$

$$D) y = \frac{1}{2} x$$

5) 
$$y = 6$$
 when  $x = 27$ 

A) 
$$y = x - 21$$

B) 
$$y = \frac{2}{9}x$$

C) 
$$y = \frac{9}{2}x$$

$$D) y = 3x$$

6) 
$$y = 3$$
 when  $x = \frac{1}{9}$ 

$$A) y = \frac{1}{27}x$$

B) 
$$y = \frac{1}{3}x$$

C) 
$$y = x + \frac{26}{9}$$

D) 
$$y = 27x$$

7) 
$$y = 1.6$$
 when  $x = 0.4$ 

A) 
$$y = 0.25x$$

B) 
$$y = 0.4x$$

C) 
$$y = 4x$$

D) 
$$y = x + 1.2$$

8) 
$$y = 0.8$$
 when  $x = 3.2$ 

A) 
$$y = x - 2.4$$

B) 
$$y = 0.8x$$

C) 
$$y = 4x$$

D) 
$$y = 0.25x$$

Write a general formula to describe the variation.

9) The volume V of a right circular cone varies directly with the square of its base radius r and its height h. The

constant of proportionality is  $\frac{1}{37}$ .

$$A)V = 3 r h$$

B)V= 
$$3 \pi r h$$

C)V= 
$$3 \pi r h$$

D)V= 
$$3\pi rh$$

10) The surface area S of a right circular cone varies directly as the radius r times the square root of the sum of the squares of the base radius r and the height h. The constant of proportionality is  $\pi$ .

A) 
$$S = \pi r \sqrt{\frac{2}{r} + \frac{2}{h}}$$

B) 
$$S = \pi r \sqrt{\frac{2}{r h}}$$

C) 
$$S = \pi r \sqrt{\frac{2}{r} \frac{2}{h}}$$

D) 
$$S = \pi^{\sqrt{\frac{2}{r} + h^2}}$$

Solve the problem.

11) In simplified form, the period of vibration P for a pendulum varies directly as the square root of its length L. If P is 2.25 sec. when L is 81 in., what is the period when the length is 144 in.?

12) The amount of water used to take a shower is directly proportional to the amount of time that the shower is in use. A shower lasting 23 minutes requires 11.5 gallons of water. Find the amount of water used in a shower lasting 4 minutes.

13) If the resistance in an electrical circuit is held constant, the amount of current flowing through the circuit is directly proportional to the amount of voltage applied to the circuit. When 6 volts are applied to a circuit, 120 milliamperes (mA) of current flow through the circuit. Find the new current if the voltage is increased to 10 volts.

14) The amount of gas that a helicopter uses is directly proportional to the number of hours spent flying. The helicopter flies for 3 hours and uses 21 gallons of fuel. Find the number of gallons of fuel that the helicopter uses to fly for 5 hours.

15) The distance that an object falls when it is dropped is directly proportional to the square of the amount of time since it was dropped. An object falls 39.2 meters in 2 seconds. Find the distance the object falls in 3 seconds.

A) 88.2 m

B) 58.8 m

C) 29.4 m

D) 6 m

#### 2 Construct a Model Using Inverse Variation

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Write a general formula to describe the variation.

1) A varies inversely with x; A = 4 when x = 2B)  $A = 8x^{2}$ 

A)A=  $\frac{8}{2}$ 

D)  $A = \frac{16}{2}$ 

Write an equation that expresses the relationship. Use k as the constant of variation.

2) r varies inversely as y.

A)  $r = \frac{y}{1}$ 

B) kr = y

C) r = ky

D)  $r = \frac{k}{\nabla}$ 

D) x =

3) x varies inversely as the square of m.

A) x = k

B)  $x = \sqrt{\frac{m}{\sqrt{}}}$ 

C)  $x = \frac{2}{m}$ 

If y varies inversely as x, write a general formula to describe the variation.

4) y = 8 when x = 4

A)  $y = \frac{X}{}$ 32

B) y = 2x

C) y = -1

5) y = 100 when x = 6

A)  $y = \frac{50}{2} x$ 

 $B) y = \frac{x}{600}$ 

C)  $y = _{-1}$ 

6) y = 40 when  $x = \frac{1}{5}$ 

A) y = 200x

B)  $y = \frac{8}{x}$ 

C)  $y = \frac{1}{8x}$ 

D)  $y = \frac{X}{8}$ 

7)  $y = \frac{1}{9}$  when x = 45

A)  $y = \frac{1}{5x}$ 

B)  $y = \frac{1}{405}x$ 

C)  $y = \frac{x}{5}$ 

5 D) y = x

D) x = 36

D) x = 2

8) y = 0.2 when x = 0.5

A)  $y = \frac{0.1}{y}$ 

B) y = 0.4x

C)  $y = \frac{10}{100}$ 

D) y = 10x

Solve the problem.

9) x varies inversely as v, and x = 45 when v = 6. Find x when v = 54.

A) x = 9

B) x = 30

C) x = 5

10) x varies inversely as y, and x = 5 when y = 12. Find x when y = 6.

A) x = 50

B) x = 180

C) x = 20

11) When the temperature stays the balloon is filled with 114 cubic the gas if the volume is decreased.	inches of a gas at a pressu	s is inversely proportional to the ure of 14 pounds per square inch	e pressure of the gas. If a , find the new pressure of
A) $\frac{19}{7}$ psi	B) 39 psi	C) 28 psi	D) 42 psi
12) The amount of time it takes a swim swimmer finishes a race in 50 secon average speed of the swimmer	onds with an average speed or	f 3 feet per second. Find the	d of the swimmer. A
A) 4 ft/sec	B) 6 ft/sec	C) 7 ft/sec	D) 5 ft/sec
13) If the force acting on an object s	stays the same, then the acc	eleration of the object is inversely	proportional to its mass. If an
object with a mass of 18 kilogra of acceleration of an object with		meters per second per second (mais pulled by the same force.	
2	2	2	$\frac{4}{D}  2$ D) 9 m/sec
A) 32 m/sec	B) 36 m/sec	C) 27 m/sec	D) 9 m/sec
14) If the voltage, V, in an electric the current is 280 milliamperes A) 1953 mA		e current, I, is inversely proporties is 2 ohms, find the current when C) 80 mA	
15) While traveling at a constant speed proportional to the radius of the tu		eleration passengers feel while the c cceleration of 10 feet per second pe	
second (ft/sec ) when the radius of feet.	f the turn is 40 feet, find the a	cceleration the passengers feel when	n the radius of the turn is 80
2	2	2	2
A) 5 ft/sec	B) 7 ft/sec	C) 8 ft/sec	D) 6 ft/sec
3 Construct a Model Using Joint Variation	or Combined Variation		
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alt	ernative that best complete	es the statement or answers the q	uestion.
Write a general formula to describe the	variation.		5 $G = 5$ when $x = 2$ and
1) The square of G varies directly $ \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 3 & 2 \\ A)G &= \frac{1}{8}(x + y) \end{array} $	$2 \qquad 25_{x}$	$\frac{2}{C} = \frac{y^3}{C}$	625  x3
A/G = g(X + y)	$\mathbf{D})\mathbf{G} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix}$	x	D) $G^2 = \frac{625 \text{ x}3}{8 \text{ y}2}$
2) R varies directly with g and inverse	·		○ <b>y</b> 2
h <sup>2</sup>	ery with the square of fi, K =	3 when g = 3 and n = 3.	g
$\frac{n}{A)R=5}$	$B)R=5$ $\frac{g}{2}$	C) $R = 25gh$	D) $R = 25^{\frac{R}{2}}$
A)K=3	h h	C) It 20gii	$h^2$
3) z varies jointly as the cube	root of x and the cube of y; z	x = 2 when $x = 8$ and $y = 5$ .	
1 3 \overline{x}	1 3	3	D) $z = 125 \frac{3\sqrt{x}}{3}$
A) $z = \frac{1}{125} \frac{x^{1/2}}{3}$	B) $z = \frac{1}{125} \sqrt[3]{xy^3}$	C) $z = 125 \times \frac{3}{x} \times \frac{3}{y}$	3
y	$\mathbf{B}) \mathbf{Z} = 123$ Ay	у	у
4) The centrifugal force F of an object's mass m and the square			ne product of the
$A)F = \frac{kmv^2}{}$	$B)F = \frac{km^2 v}{}$	$C)F = \frac{kmv}{}$	D) $F = \frac{kmr}{2}$
r	r	r	v
•	Page		
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		Ith W and the s			rsely as the leng	gth L of the bea	end varies directly m between the sup	
	Α)λ=	$k(W + \frac{2}{D})$	Β)λ=	kL	C)y=	$=$ $\frac{\text{kWD}^2}{}$	D)λ=	kWD
	A)N-		<b>B</b> )//.—		C)n-	- •	<i>D)</i> ,,–	
		L		WD		L		L
		as the square o	ced on a surface f the distance d	between the s		ırface.	ndlepower c of the	source and
I=	B)I=	kd <sup>2</sup>	C)I=	kc	D) I = kcd <sup>2</sup>	kc <sup>2</sup>		
			-,	2		$_{ m d}^{2}$		
		c		d		d		
	7) The volum			<b>つ</b>		<b>a</b> .	pressure P. A measur	
Solve the p	roblem.	calibrated t	o give V = 140.4 i	$n^{2}$ when $T=2$	$70^{\circ}$ and P = 25 lb	/in . What is the	e volume on this devi	ce when the
	temperatur	e is $450^{\circ}$ and the	pressure is 10 lb/	in ?		2		2
	A) V =		B) V =		C) V	7 = 585  in	D) V =	3 45 in
	A) v =	023 III	<b>B</b> ) <b>v</b> =	- J <del>-</del> J III	C) <b>v</b>	= 363 m	D) V =	43 III
	center of the 640 miles an orbit if earth.)	ne earth) and inverse the earth in above the earth in at 1700 m	ersely as the orbitant 13 hours at a veliles above the ear	al velocity. If a ocity of 25,000 arth at a veloc	satellite complete mph, how long vity of 39,000 mg	es an orbit would it take a sa ph? (Use 3960)	radius of the orbit (f tellite to complete miles as the radius	of the
	A) 3.08	3 hr	B) 10.	25 hr	C) 1	02.54 hr	D) 22.1	4 hr
	of the gas. is 720 cc, f temperatu	If the pressure is and the pressure is 260° K, as	1020 kiloPascals when the number nd the volume is	(kPa) when the of moles is 5, to 600 cc.	e number of mole he	s is 6, the temper	erature and inversely ature is 340° Kelvin,	, and the volume
	A) 150	0 kPa	B) 780	) kPa	<b>C</b> ) 1:	560 kPa	D) 810	kPa
	overweight values for t BMI, to the 124 pound	t. BMI varies dir the BMI are betv	ectly as one's weig ween 20 and 25. A or a person who w 55 inches tall?	ght, in pounds, person who we reighs	and inversely as t eighs 170 pounds	he square of one' and is 68 inches	an individual is under s height, in inches. It tall has a BMI of 25	n adults, normal .85. What is the
	A) 21		B) 20.	3	C) 20	0	D) 20.6	1
	a room wit	h a perimeter of f paint needed t	of to cover the wall for feet and 8-foot to cover the wall B) 44	walls requires s of a room w	4.8 quarts of pain	of 55 feet and 8	room and the height 3-foot walls. D) 440	
	11) 0.0	4,	2)	4.	<i>C)</i> 1	4.	2) 110	٩٠
	resistance of current is dissipate of	of the resistor. If flowing throug when 5 ampere	a resistor needs to the the resistor what of current are	dissipate 72 w nose resistanc flowing throu	vatts of power who e is 2 ohms, find gh a resistor wh	en 6 amperes of d the power that ose resistance i		)
	A) 10 v	watts	B) 20	watts	C) 50	0 watts	D) 60 v	vatts

A)

1	passenger and the square of the spe	eed of the car. If a passenger exp and the passenger has a mass of 4 or and the	eriences a force of 230.4	newtons (N) when the car is moving at the a passenger experiences when the car
	A) 441 N	B) 313.6 N	C) 352.8 N	D) 392 N
1		est rate. A principle investmen	nt of \$1900.00 with an	e is jointly proportional to the interest rate of 1% earned \$19.00 0.00 and the interest rate is 2%.  D) \$8600.00
1	the voltage across a resistor is 24 versistor is 4 amperes, find the voltages 9 ohms and when the current	rolts (V) for a resistor whose resistage across a resistor whose resistation flowing through the resistor	stance is 6 ohms and whe ance is 2 amperes.	Ç Ç
	A)18V	B)12V	C)36V	D)8V

# Ch. 2 Graphs Answer Key

# 2.1 Intercepts; Symmetry; Graphing Key Equations 1 Find Intercepts from an Equation 1) C 2) A 3) B 4) D 5) D 6) C 7) D 8) B 9) C 10) C 11) B 12) A 13) C 2 Test an Equation for Symmetry 1) C 2) B 3) D 4) B 5) B 6) D 7) C 8) B 9) D 10) B 11) D 12) C 13) D 14) E 15) C 16) B 17) C 18) D 19) D 20) E 21) A 22) C 23) A 24) E 25) A 26) E 27) D 28) B 3 Know How to Graph Key Equations 1) B 2) C 3) A 4) C

2.	2 Li:	nes
1	Calcu	ılate and Interpret the Slope of a Line
	1) D	
	2) D	
	3) D	
	4) C	
	5) D	
	6) B	
	7) A	
	8) B	
	9) D	
	10) A	
2		h Lines Given a Point and the Slope
4		il Lines Given a Foint and the Slope
	1) B	
	2) C	
	3) D	
	4) A	
	5) D	
	6) A	
	7) C	
	8) D	
•	9) D	Alica Thomas Atlanta Can Transfer al II to a
3		the Equation of a Vertical Line
	1) C	
	2) B	
	3) C	
	4) C	
4	Use th	ne Point-Slope Form of a Line; Identify Horizontal Lines
	1) A	
	2) A	
	3) A	
	4) A	
	5) C	
5		the Equation of a Line Given Two Points
•	1) C	
	2) C	
	3) C	
	4) A	
	5) B	
	6) A	
	7) B	
	8) B	
	9) D	
	10) D	
	11) B	
	12) D	
	13) D	
	14) D	
	15) C	
	16) C	
6		e the Equation of a Line in Slope -Intercept Form
	1) B	
	2) B	
	3) C	

```
4) D
   5) C
6) B
   7) B
   8) D
   9) B
   10) C
   11) C
  12) A
  13) D
7 Identify the Slope and y-Intercept of a Line from Its Equation
   1) A
   2) D
   3) D
   4) A
   5) C
   6) A
   7) B
   8) D
   9) D
  10) B
   11) D
  12) D
8 Graph Lines Written in General Form Using Intercepts
   1) D
   2) A
   3) B
   4) C
   5) B
   6) A
   7) A
9 Find Equations of Parallel Lines
   1) B
   2) D
   3) D
   4) A
   5) D
   6) D
   7) C
   8) A
10 Find Equations of Perpendicular Lines
   1) A
   2) C
   3) C
   4) D
   5) B
   6) B
   7) D
   8) C
   9) A
   10) C
   11) B
   12) B
  13) A
```

### 2.3 Circles 1 Write the Standard Form of the Equation of a Circle 1) D 2) A 3) C 4) C 5) C 6) C 7) C 8) A 9) D 10) D 11) A 12) C 13) A 14) A 15) C 16) C 17) D 2 Graph a Circle 1) B 2) D 3) D 4) B 5) B 6) C 7) B 8) B 3 Work with the General Form of the Equation of a Circle 1) B 2) A 3) D 4) A 5) B 6) C 7) A 8) A 9) A 10) B 11) C 12) D 13) D 14) B 15) C 16) D 17) B 18) A 2.4 Variation 1 Construct a Model Using Direct Variation 1) C 2) D 3) A 4) D 5) B

6) D 7) C 8) D 9) C 10) A 11) D 12) A 13) B 14) A 15) A 2 Construct a Model Using Inverse Variation 2) D 3) D 4) D 5) D 6) B 7) D 8) A 9) C 10) C 11) D 12) D 13) B 14) D 15) A 3 Construct a Model Using Joint Variation or Combined Variation 1) D 2) D 3) B 4) A 5) C 6) B 7) C 8) B 9) B 10) D 11) C 12) C 13) C 14) A 15) A