## Test Bank for Counseling Across Cultures 7th Edition by Pederse Lonner Draguns Trimble ISBN 9781452217529 Full link download: Test Bank:

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## **Chapter 2. Counseling Encounters in Multicultural Contexts: An Introduction**

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1. Counseling is principally concerned with a. Directing b. Advising c. Warning *d. Facilitating Cognitive domain: Application Answer location: Preliminary Considerations Question type: MC
2. The counselor's role can be likened to that of *a. A catalyst b. Principal c. Chief d. Teacher Cognitive domain: Knowledge Answer location: Preliminary Considerations Question type: MC
3. Paul Pedersen has proposed that culture is transmitted by a multitude of a. Culture healers *b. Culture teachers c. Culture elders d. Culture leaders Cognitive domain: Knowledge Answer location: The Ubiquity of Cultural Concerns Question type: MC
4. Arthur and Collins (2010), describe as "the conscious and purposeful infusion of cultural awareness and sensitivity into all aspects of the counseling process' *a. Culture-infused counseling b. Client focused counseling c. Minority-centered counseling d. Consumer counseling Cognitive domain: Comprehension Answer location: Preliminary Considerations Question type: MC
5is a complex concept with an elusive core and fuzzy boundaries a. Awareness

\*b. Culture

c. Therapy d.

Empathy
Cognitive domain: Knowledge
Answer location: Cultures: Multiple, Complex, National, and Global

Question type: MC	
6. Culture refers to the distinctive,part of the environment (Herskovits, 1948) that encompasses both the artifacts created by the human species and the mental products that have accrued over many millennia.  a. Nature-made b. Natural *c. Human-made d. Ordinary Cognitive domain: Knowledge Answer location: Cultures: Multiple, Complex, National, and Global Question type: MC	
7. Culture is representedas artifacts, roles, and institutions a. Generally b. Internationally c. Internally *d. Externally Cognitive domain: Analysis Answer location: Cultures: Multiple, Complex, National, and Global Question type: MC	
8. Culture is representedas values, beliefs, attitudes, epistemology, consciousness, and biological functioning. a. Generally b. Internationally *c. Internally d. Externally Cognitive domain: Analysis Answer location: Cultures: Multiple, Complex, National, and Global Question type: MC	
encompasses the constructive, reality-based aspects of the relationship between the therapist and the client.  a. Counter-transference b. The culture alliance *c. The therapeutic alliance d. The conscious vibe Cognitive domain: Comprehension Answer location: Relationships That Work: The Therapeutic Alliance Question type: MC	

10. In metaphorical terms, the interdependent self can be likened to

a. A wall b. A tree *c. A bridge d. A pot Cognitive domain: Comprehension Answer location: Self in Culture Question type: MC
11self is malleable in response to situations and experiences.  *a. Interdependent b. Independent c. Relational d. Interpersonal Cognitive domain: Comprehension Answer location: Self in Culture Question type: MC
12pertains to societies in which persons are integrated into strong cohesive ingroups which protect them in exchange for unquestioning loyalty a. Capitalism b. Autonomous c. Individualism *d. Collectivism Cognitive domain: Comprehension Answer location: Individualism—Collectivism in Persons and Cultures Question type: MC
13. Norcross and Wampold (2011a) conclude that evidence-based practice rests on the following three pillars EXCEPT?  *a. Counselor authenticity b. Clinical expertise c. Patient characteristics d. Best available research Cognitive domain: Analysis Answer location: Evidence-Based and/or Culturally Sensitive Services: Isolation, Divergence, o Integration Question type: MC
14. According to Leong (1996), all of the following are called for during all counseling experience EXCEPT?  a. Maximal flexibility b. Spontaneity *c. Constraint d. Authenticity Cognitive domain: Analysis Answer location: Toward Integrating Universal, Cultural, and Individual Threads in Counseling

Question type: MC		
to look after him *a. Individualist b. Collectivist c. Asian d. African Cognitive domain	in: Application : Individualism–Collectivism in Persons and Cultures	
<ul><li>a. Interdependent</li><li>*b. Independent</li><li>c. Relational</li><li>d. Interpersonal</li></ul>	n: Comprehension : Self in Culture	
to *a. A wall b. A tree c. A bridge d. A pot		
a. Interdependent *b. Independent c. Relational d. Interpersonal Cognitive domai Answer location Question type: N	n: Comprehension : Self in Culture	
a. All that a pers	eas and inferences we hold about ourselves dentity	

Answer location: Self in Culture

Question type: MC

- 20. \_\_\_\_\_involves pinpointing links between a person's behavior and her or his environment or, more specifically, between a response and its antecedents and consequents.
- a. Guided discovery
- \*b. Functional analysis
- c. Imagery analysis
- d. Practical discovery Cognitive

domain: Application

Answer location: Culturally Adapted Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy and EBT: A Case of

Convergence

Question type: MC

- 21. The independent or autonomous self is prevalent in Asian countries.
- a. True

\*b. False

Cognitive domain: Knowledge Answer location: Self in Culture

Question type: TF

- 22. Collectivists tend to function more effectively in impersonal institutions such as corporations and government offices.
- a. True

\*b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Individualism-Collectivism in Persons and Cultures

Question type: TF

- 23. Collectivists may feel thwarted in the realization of their personal aspirations.
- \*a. True

b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Individualism-Collectivism in Persons and Cultures

Question type: TF

24. Pioneers of American counseling proceeded from the assumption that individuals are the primary recipients of intervention and that they are responsible for their circumstances.

\*a. True

b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Individualism–Collectivism in Persons and Cultures

Question type: TF

25. In Hofstede's four dimensions, long-term orientation suggests the level of willingness of members of the culture to forgo short-term rewards in the interest of long-term goals.

\*a. True

b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Hofstede's Other Dimensions

Question type: TF

26. The presenting problems of a culturally distinct client are always related to his or her cultural experience or background.

a. True

\*b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Toward Integrating Universal, Cultural, and Individual Threads in Counseling

Question type: TF

27. A counselor should at all times maintain awareness of the unique interaction between a counselee and his or her culturally mediated experience.

\*a. True

b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Toward Integrating Universal, Cultural, and Individual Threads in Counseling

Question type: TF

28. Low-context communication is characterized by avoidance of confrontation and of verbal assertiveness.

a. True

\*b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Toward Integrating Universal, Cultural, and Individual Threads in Counseling

Question type: TF

29. Culturally sensitive counselors urge greater awareness of the assumptions on which mainstream American culture rests.

\*a. True

b. False

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Individualism-Collectivism in Persons and Cultures

Question type: TF

30. Functional analysis is the privileged procedure in CBT.

\*a. True

b. False

Cognitive domain: Knowledge

Answer location: Culturally Adapted Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy and EBT: A Case of

Convergence Question type: TF

## 31. Define the term empathy.

a. The ability to tune in to and experience and communicate another individual's emotional and cognitive states

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Empathy: A Pivotal Component of Therapeutic Influence

Question type: SA

## 32. Define the term culture.

a. Culture refers to the distinctive, human-made part of the environment that encompasses both the artifacts created by the human species and the mental products that have accrued over many millennia

Cognitive domain: Comprehension

Answer location: Cultures: Multiple, Complex, National, and Global

Question type: SA

33. Explain Hofstede's dimensions of power distance.

a. Power distance reflects the degree to which group members accept an unequal distribution of power, or the difference in power between more or less powerful members of the group

Cognitive domain: Analysis

Answer location: Hofstede's Other Dimensions

Question type: SA