

**Test Bank for E-Marketing 7th Edition by Strauss and Frost ISBN
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**CHAPTER TWO
STRATEGIC E-MARKETING AND PERFORMANCE METRICS**

Multiple Choice

1. Which of the following is a goal oriented focus of strategic planning?
 - a. growth
 - b. competitive position
 - c. geographic scope (e.g., expansion)
 - d. all of the above(d; Easy; LO1; Analytic Skills)

2. The four performance areas of the balanced scorecard include all of the following except _____.
 - a. customer perspective
 - b. internal business perspective
 - c. learning and growth perspective
 - d. metrics perspective(d; Moderate; LO3; Analytic Skills)

3. Regarding customers and business partners, e-marketing is capable of improving the overall value propositions by _____.
 - a. increasing benefits for customers
 - b. decreasing costs for customers and the company
 - c. increasing the revenues
 - d. all of the above(d; Moderate; LO2; Analytic Skills)

4. The various levels of organizational commitment to e-business include all of the following, except _____.
 - a. activity
 - b. business process
 - c. enterprise
 - d. business policy(d; Moderate; LO2; Use of Information Technology)

5. The costs associated with the organization's value proposition include, for example, _____.
- a. time
 - b. energy
 - c. psychic
 - d. all of the above
- (d; Easy, LO3; Analytic Skills)

6. Which of the following is true about business use of informational technology?
- It generally increases benefits to stakeholders.
 - It generally lowers costs to stakeholders.
 - It can lead to a decrease in value to stakeholders.
 - All of the above.
- (d; Easy; LO1; Use of Information Technology)
7. Which of the following is not a viable competitive position for a firm within its given industry?
- industry leader (e.g., Google)
 - price leader (e.g., Priceline)
 - quality leader (e.g., Mercedes)
 - business model leader (e.g., Borders)
- (d; Moderate; LO1; Analytic Skills)
8. Corporate level business strategies that include information technology components, such as internet, digital databases) are known as_____.
- marketing strategies
 - e-business strategies
 - e-marketing strategies
 - corporate strategies
- (b; Easy; LO2; Use of Information Technology)
9. Which of the following is not one of the four appropriate rationales for choosing the objectives of a strategic plan?
- strategic justification
 - personal justification
 - technical justification
 - financial justification
- (b; Moderate; LO1; Reflective Thinking Skills)
10. Important elements of value include all of the following except_____.
- customers' perception of product benefits
 - partners' perception of product costs
 - customer evaluations of support services
 - all of the above
- (b, Moderate, LO3; Analytic Skills)

11. Which of the following processes is unlikely to be carried out at the activity level of e-business commitment?
- customer relationship management
 - online purchasing
 - e-mail
 - dynamic pricing online
- (a; Difficult; LO₂; Reflective Thinking Skills)
12. Which of the following is not an activity which is likely to be practiced at the business process level of e-business commitment?
- content publishing
 - knowledge management
 - direct selling
 - database marketing
- (c; Difficult; LO₂; Reflective Thinking Skills)
13. _____are specific measures designed to evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of an organization's operations.
- Strategic outcomes
 - Key performance metrics
 - Business models
 - Strategic objectives
- (b; Moderate; LO₃; Analytic Skills)
14. _____can be learned from dividing net profits by total assets.
- Return on investment (ROI)
 - Market capitalization
 - Earnings
 - Income
- (a; Easy; LO₃; Analytic Skills)
15. Profits and return on investment (ROI) are among the most common metrics used to assess performance from the_____perspective.
- customer
 - internal
 - innovation/learning
 - financial
- (d; Moderate; LO₃; Reflective Thinking)

16. Content sponsorship, direct selling, and social networking, occur at the _____ of the e-business model.
- activity level
 - business process level
 - enterprise level
 - none of the above
- (c; Difficult; LO2; Use of Information Technology)
17. Database marketing and customer relationship management (CRM) occur at the _____ of the e-business model.
- activity level
 - business process level
 - enterprise level
 - none of the above
- (b; Difficult; LO2; Use of Information Technology)
18. Within the e-business model, e-mail occurs_____.
- at the activity level
 - at the business process level
 - at the enterprise level
 - none of the above
- (a; Difficult; LO2; Use of Information Technology)
19. As one of the social media performance metrics, action metrics could include all of the following except:
- click-through
 - share of voice
 - event attendance
 - purchase
- (b; Easy; LO4; Analytic Skills)
20. The internal perspective of the Balanced Scorecard gives particular attention to_____.
- market share
 - shareholder value
 - supply chain value to the company
 - customer satisfaction
- (c; Moderate; LO3; Analytic Skills)

True/False

21. The Balanced Scorecard is based on three stakeholder perspectives.
 - a. True
 - b. False(b; Easy; LO3; Analytic Skills)

22. Return on investment (ROI) is a popular metric used to measure performance regarding the *financial perspective* or the Balanced Scorecard.
 - a. True
 - b. False(a; Moderate; LO3; Analytic Skills)

23. As a marketer using the social commerce business model, you would leverage social media and consumer interactions to facilitate online sales.
 - a. True
 - b. False(a; Moderate; LO2; Use of Information Technology)

24. Objectives, strategies and tactics exist exclusively at the executive level.
 - a. True
 - b. False(b; Difficult; LO1; Reflective Thinking Skills)

25. In order to determine whether a business model is an appropriate fit for a given firm it is important to consider connected activities and price.
 - a. True
 - b. False(a; Moderate; LO2; Reflective Thinking Skills)

26. All e-business models are internet business models.
 - a. True
 - b. False(b; Easy; LO2; Reflective Thinking Skills)

27. Customer relationship management focuses only on retaining existing individual customers.
 - a. True
 - b. False(b; Moderate; LO2; Reflective Thinking Skills)

28. The Balanced Scorecard can be used by all types of businesses.
a. True
b. False
(a, Moderate, LO3; Reflective Thinking Skills)
29. Strategy represents the means to achieve a goal.
a. True
b. False
(a; Easy; LO1; Reflective Thinking Skills)
30. An e-business model is a method by which the organization sustains itself in the long term using information technology resources and principles.
a. True
b. False
(a; Moderate; LO2; Use of Information Technology)
31. Information technology always lowers costs to business stakeholders.
a. True
b. False
(b; Difficult; LO2; Use of Information Technology)
32. Growth in market share is the main way for e-commerce companies to evaluate long term performance.
a. True
b. False
(b; Difficult, LO3; Analytic Skills)

Essay

33. What are four types of justifications that a decision maker may cite to support or oppose an organizational or marketing campaign?
- Strategic justification
 - Operational justification
 - Technical justification
 - Financial justification
(Moderate; LO1)

34. From the customer's perspective, what are the value-added benefits of e-marketing?

- Online mass customization
- Personalization
- 24/7 Convenience
- Self-service ordering and tracking
- One-stop shopping

(Moderate; LO1; Use of Information Technology)

35. Business organizations may vary according to their e-business activities. What are the different levels of commitment to e-business available to these organizations?

- Activity: e-mail, blog
- Business process: customer relationship management (CRM)
- Enterprise: offline and online retailing
- Pure play: 100% online, dot-com or dot-net, presence

(Difficult; LO2; Use of Information Technology)

36. What are the most important considerations in selecting social media performance metrics?

- Must be easily measurable on a continuous basis
 - Must be directly applicable to the organization's social media objectives
- (Difficult; LO4; Analytic Skills)

37. What are the four perspectives of the Balanced Scorecard?

- Customer
- Internal business
- Learning and growth
- Financial

(Easy; LO3)

38. On what bases can organizations appraise or evaluate their business models?

- Customer Value
 - Scope
 - Price
 - Revenue Sources
 - Connected Activities
 - Implementation
 - Capabilities
 - Sustainability
- (Moderate, LO2; Analytic Skills)

39. The Balanced Scorecard provides several metrics for evaluating the customer perspective. What are these specific metrics?

- Customer Loyalty
 - Lifetime Value
 - Customer perceptions
 - Penetration of target market
 - Customer buying patterns
- (Difficult; LO3)