# Finite Mathematics and Calculus with <br> <br> Applications 10th Edition 

 <br> <br> Applications 10th Edition}

# Test Bank for Finite Mathematics and Calculus with Applications 10th Edition by Lial Greenwell and Ritchey ISBN 0321979400 9780321979407 

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Exam

Name $\qquad$

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.
Find the slope of the line passing through the given pair of points.

1) $(6,2)$ and $(9,4)$
A) $-\frac{2}{3}$
В) $\frac{3}{2}$
C) $\frac{2}{3}$
D) $\frac{2}{5}$
2) $(-8,8) \underset{\underline{4}}{\operatorname{and}}(-4,-7)$
A) -
15
B) -4
C) -12
D) 4
3) $(-9,-4)$ and $(-9,-9)$

13

## 5

1) $\qquad$
2) $\qquad$
3) $\qquad$

16
4) $\qquad$
4) $(-5,-8)$ and $(8,-8)$

16
D) $-\overline{18}$
C) Not defined
A) 0
B) $\overline{18}$

5) $\qquad$
6) $(19,-4) \underset{11}{\text { and }}(-3,14)$
A) - 9
B) 8
C) -11
D) 11
9
D) -13
A) - 3
B) Not defined
C) 0

## Find the slope of the line.

$$
\text { 6) } y=\frac{5}{4} x
$$

6) $\qquad$
A) 0
B) 1
C) $\frac{5}{4}$
D) $\frac{4}{5}$
7) $y=8 x-4$
C) -8
D) 8
8) $2 x+4 y=0$

1
1
A) 0
B) $-\frac{}{2}$
C) 2
D) $\overline{2}$
9) $4 x-5 y=-5$
9) $\qquad$
A) 1
B) $\overline{5}$
C) $-\frac{5}{5}$
D) $-\frac{}{4}$
10) The $x$-axis
B) 1
C) Not defined
D) 0
A) -1
11) $x=10$
11) $\qquad$
A) 0
B) Not defined
C) 10
D) 1
12) A line parallel to $-2 y+5 x=7$ 2 5
A) $\overline{5}$
B) $\overline{5}$
C) $\overline{2}$
D) $-\frac{1}{2}$
13) A line parallel to $8 x=7 y+13 \quad 7$

8
13
A) $\overline{7}$
B) $\overline{8}$
C) $-\frac{1}{7}$
D) $\overline{8}$
14) A line perpendicular to $9 x+4 y=50$

9
4
A) $-\overline{9}$
B) 9
C) $\overline{4}$
D) $\overline{9}$
15) A line perpendicular to $6 x=4 y+\frac{8}{2}$

2
3
A) 2
B) $-\overline{3}$
C) $\overline{3}$
D) $-\overline{2}$

Find an equation in slope-intercept form (where possible) for the line.
16) Through $(0,3), m=\frac{2}{3}$
16)
$\qquad$
A) $y=-\frac{2}{2} x+3$
B) $y=-2 x+3$
C) $y=-\frac{2}{x} x-3$
D) $y=-2 x-3$

3
3
3
17) Through $(13,5), \mathrm{m}=-2$
A) $y=-2 x+5$
B) $y=-2 x+31$
C) $y=2 x+23$
D) $y=2 x-31$
18) Through $(5,0), \mathrm{m}=-1$
A) $y=x-5$
B) $y=5 x$
C) $y=-x+5$
D) $y=-5 x$
19) Through ( $-5,4$ ), $\mathrm{m}=3$
A) $y=-3 x-11$
B) $y=-3 x+19$
C) $y=3 x-11$
D) $y=3 x+19$
20) Through $(-6,5), \mathrm{m}=0$

5
A) $y=\frac{5}{5}$
B) $y=\overline{6}^{x}$
C) $x=-6$
D) $y=5$
21) Through (7, -9), with undefined slope $\qquad$
A) $\frac{7}{9} x-9 y=0$
B) $\frac{9}{7} x+7 y=0$
C) $x=7$
D) $y=-9$
22) Through $(5,5), m=-\frac{2}{7}$
22) $\qquad$
245
B) $y=\frac{2}{7} x+\frac{10}{7}$
245
210
A) $y=\frac{7}{7} x-\overline{7}$
C) $y=-\overline{7}^{x+} 7$
D) $y=-\frac{7}{7}+\frac{}{7}$
23) Through ( $0,-4$ ), $m=\frac{7}{3}$
23) $\qquad$
A) $y=-{ }_{-}^{x} x+4$
B) $y=-\frac{7}{x}-4$
C) $y=-{ }_{-}^{7} x+4$
D) $y={ }^{7} x-4$
3
3
3
3
24) Through (5, 5), $\mathrm{m}=-\frac{5}{6}$
24) $\qquad$
A) $y=-5 x+25$
B) $y=--5 x+\frac{25}{}$
C) $y=--5 x+\frac{55}{}$
D) $y=-5 x-55$
$6 \quad 6$
$6 \quad 6$
$6 \quad 6$
$6 \quad 6$
25) Through ( $-4,-1$ ), $\mathrm{m}=-1.5$
A) $y=-1.5 x+5$
B) $y=1.5 x+5$
C) $y=1.5 x-7$
D) $y=-1.5 x-7$
26) Through ( $3,-8$ ) and ( $1,-21$ )
A) $y=\frac{13}{2} x-\frac{98}{13}$
1355
B) $y=\frac{\bar{x}^{2}}{x-}$
C) $y=\frac{13}{x}-\overline{13}$
D) $y=-\frac{-}{2} x+\frac{-}{2}$
27) Through $(-7,4)$ and (0, -5 )

9
11
A) $y=\overline{7}^{x-5}$
B) $y=-\overline{7}^{x-5}$
C) $y=\frac{5}{x-5}$
D) $y=-\frac{5}{5-5}$
28) Through $(2,0)$ and ( $-8,-3$ )
A) $y=\frac{2}{5} x-\frac{31}{5}$
B) $y=-\frac{2}{5} x-\frac{31}{5}$
C) $y=\frac{3}{10} x-\frac{3}{5}$
D) $y=-\frac{3}{10} x-\frac{3}{5}$
29) Through $(-7,3)$ and ( $6,-8)$
A) $y=-\frac{11}{13} x-\frac{38}{13}$
$5 \quad 26$
$5 \quad 26$
1138
B) $y=-\overline{7}^{x-} \overline{7}$
C) $y=\frac{7}{7} x-\frac{7}{7}$
D) $y=\overline{13} x-\overline{13}$
30) Through (5, -4) and ( $-3,3$ )
A) $y=-\frac{7}{8} x+\frac{3}{8}$
B) $y=\frac{3}{2} x-\frac{3}{2}$
C) $y=-\frac{3}{2} x-\frac{3}{2}$
D) $y=\frac{7}{8} x+\frac{3}{8}$
31) Through ( $-1,-1.5$ ) and ( $3,3.5$ )
31) $\qquad$
A) $y=0.8 x-0.7$
B) $y=-0.8 x-2.3$
C) $y=-1.25 x-2.75$
D) $y=1.25 x-0.25$
32) Through $(-5,10)$ and ( $-5,-7$ )
A) $y=10$
B) $\frac{7}{10} x+10 y=0$
C) $\frac{10}{7} x-7 y=0$
D) $x=-5$
33) Through (-9, -1) and (3, -1)
33)
A) $x=-9$
B) $\overline{3} x-9 y=0$
C) $3 x+3 y=0$
D) $y=-1$
34) $y$-intercept -1, $x$-intercept 2 1
$\qquad$
A) $y=2 x+2$
B) $y=-\frac{-}{2} x-1$
C) $y=-2 x+2$
D) $y=\frac{2}{2} x-1$
35) Through ( $-9,-3$ ), perpendicular to $7 x+8 y=-87$
A) $y=\frac{8}{7} x$
B) $y=\frac{7}{8} x-51$
C) $y=\frac{8}{7} x+\frac{51}{7}$
D) $y=-\frac{8}{7} x-\frac{51}{7}$
36) Through (8, -10 ), parallel to $-5 x+3 y=-46$
A) $y=-\frac{8}{3} x-\frac{46}{3}$
B) $y=\frac{3}{5} x+2$
C) $y=\frac{5}{3} x-\frac{70}{3}$
D) $y=-\frac{5}{3} x+\frac{70}{3}$
36)
35) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
37) Through (4, 10), parallel to $-4 x+3 y=-13$
A) $y=\frac{3}{4} x-\frac{5}{2}$
B) $y=-\frac{4}{3} x-\frac{13}{3}$
C) $y=-\frac{4}{3} x-\frac{14}{3}$
$4 \quad 14$
D) $y=\frac{-}{3} x+\frac{-}{3}$
38) Through $(5,9)$, perpendicular to $-9 x-4 y=-9$
38)
37) $\qquad$
A) $y=-\frac{4}{9} x+\frac{61}{9}$
B) $y=\frac{4}{9} x+\frac{61}{9}$
C) $y=\frac{9}{4} x+\frac{9}{4}$
D) $y=-\frac{5}{4} x-\frac{9}{4}$
39) Through $(2,1)$, perpendicular to $-7 x+6 y=-8$
39) $\qquad$
A) $y=\frac{6}{7} x-\frac{19}{7}$
B) $y=-\frac{6}{7} x+\frac{19}{7}$
C) $y=-\frac{7}{6} x+19$
D) $y=-\frac{6}{7} x$
40) Through $(6,8)$, perpendicular to $x=7$
A) $y=-8$
B) $x=7$
C) $y=8$
D) $y=7$
41) The line with $y$-intercept -10 and perpendicular to $x+2 y=4$
A) $y=-\frac{1}{x-10}$
B) $y=2 x-10$
C) $y=-2 x-10$
D) $y=-\frac{1}{x} x+1$

2
2
42) The line with $x$-intercept -8 and perpendicular to $4 x-y=-6$
40) $\qquad$
A) $y={ }^{-} x-2$
B) $y=-4 x-32$
C) $y=-\frac{1}{x} x-8$
D) $y=-\frac{1}{x} x-2$

Find the slope of the line.
43)
43) $\qquad$

C) $\frac{3}{5}$
D) $-\frac{3}{5}$
44)

A) -1
B) -6
C) 6
D) 1
45)

A) -1
B) -5
C) 1
D) 5
46)

A) -2
B) 2
47)

A) $\frac{3}{2}$
B) 0
C) 3
D) undefined
48)

A) 2
B) -2
C) undefined
D) 0

Graph the equation.
49) $y=3 x-2$

A)

C)

B)

D)

50) $y=-\frac{1}{2} x+5$
50)

A)

C)

B)

D)

51) $5 y+2 x=-15$

A)

C)

B)

D)

52) $2 y-7 x=4$

A)

C)

52) $\qquad$
B)

D)

$\qquad$

A)

C)

B)

D)

54) $5 x+y=-4$

A)

C)

54) $\qquad$
B)

D)

55) $4 x-16 y=0$

A)

C)

B)

D)

56) $x=-5$

A)

C)

56) $\qquad$
B)

D)

57) $y=-6$

A)

C)

57) $\qquad$
B)

D)

58) $x-1=0$

A)

C)

B)

D)

59) $y+2=0$ $\qquad$

A)

C)

B)

D)


Solve the problem.
60) In a certain city, the cost of a taxi ride is computed as follows: There is a fixed charge of $\$ 2.45$ as
60) $\qquad$ soon as you get in the taxi, to which a charge of $\$ 2.05$ per mile is added. Find a linear equation that can be used to determine the cost, C , of an x -mile taxi ride.
A) $C=3.00 x$
B) $C=2.45 x+2.05$
C) $C=2.05 x+2.45$
D) $C=4.50 x$
61) After two years on the job, an engineer's salary was $\$ 50,000$. After seven years on the job, her
61) salary was $\$ 66,000$. Let y represent her salary after x years on the job. Assuming that the change in her salary over time can be approximated by a straight line, give an equation for this line in the form $y=m x+b$.
A) $y=3200 x+50,000$
B) $y=16,000 x+18,000$
C) $y=3200 x+43,600$
D) $y=16,000 x+50,000$
62) Suppose that the population of a certain town, in thousands, was 105 in 1990 and 141 in 2002. Assume that the population growth can be approximated by a straight line. Find the equation of a line which will estimate the population of the town, in thousands, in any given year since 1990.
A) $y=4.25 x+90$ where $x$ is the number of years since 1990
B) $y=2.5 x+105$ where $x$ is the number of years since 1990
C) $y=-3 x+177$ where $x$ is the number of years since 1990
D) $y=3 x+105$ where $x$ is the number of years since 1990
63) Assume that the sales of a certain appliance dealer can be approximated by a straight line. Suppose that sales were $\$ 13,500$ in 1982 and $\$ 65,000$ in 1987. Let $x=0$ represent 1982. Find the equation giving yearly sales S .
A) $S=10,300 x+65,000$
B) $S=51,500 x+65,000$
C) $S=51,500 x+13,500$
D) $S=10,300 x+13,500$
64) The cost of owning a home includes both fixed costs and variable utility costs. Assume that it costs $\$ 5682$ per month for mortgage and insurance payments and it costs an average of $\$ 1.35$ per unit for natural gas, electricity, and water usage. Determine a linear equation that computes the annual cost of owning this home if $x$ utility units are used.
A) $y=-1.35 x+68,184$
B) $y=-1.35 x+5682$
C) $y=1.35 x+68,184$
D) $y=1.35 x+5682$
65) In a lab experiment 3 grams of acid were produced in 13 minutes and 10 grams in 39 minutes. Let $y$ be the grams produced in $x$ minutes. Write a linear equation for grams produced.
A) $y=-\frac{7}{26} x+\frac{1}{2}$
B) $y=\frac{26}{7} x+\frac{1}{2}$
C) $y=\frac{7}{26} x+\frac{1}{2}$
D) $y=\frac{7}{26} x-\frac{1}{2}$
66) A biologist recorded 9 snakes on 14 acres in one area and 18 snakes on 21 acres in another area. Let
66) $\qquad$ $y$ be the number of snakes in $x$ acres. Write a linear equation for the number of snakes.
A) $y=-\frac{9}{7} x+9$
B) $y=\frac{9}{7} x-9$
C) $y=\frac{9}{7} x+9$
D) $y=\frac{7}{9} x+9$
67) The following data show the list price, $x$, in thousands of dollars, and the dealer invoice price, $y$,
67) also in thousands of dollars, for a variety of sport utility vehicles. Find a linear equation that approximates the data, using the points $(16.5,16.1)$ and $(20.0,18.3)$.

| List Price | Dealer Invoice Price |
| :---: | :---: |
| 16.5 | 16.1 |
| 17.6 | 17.0 |
| 20.7 | 18.2 |
| 23.1 | 19.3 |
| 20.0 | 18.3 |
| 24.6 | 21.0 |

A) $y=0.629 x+5.73$
B) $y=1.59 x-9.11$
C) $y=1.59 x-10.2$
D) $y=0.629 x+6.38$
68) The information in the chart gives the salary of a person for the stated years. Model the data with a linear function using the points $(1,24,100)$ and $(3,26,800)$.

| Year, $x$ | Salary, $y$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1990,0 | $\$ 23,500$ |
| 1991,1 | $\$ 24,100$ |
| 1992,2 | $\$ 25,200$ |
| 1993,3 | $\$ 26,800$ |
| 1994,4 | $\$ 27,200$ |

A) $y=-1591 x+22,750$
B) $y=1350 x$
C) $y=29.5 x+22,750$
D) $y=1350 x+22,750$
69) The change in a certain engineer's salary over time can be approximated by the linear equation
69) $\qquad$ $y=1500 x+47,500$ where $y$ represents salary in dollars and $x$ represents number of years on the job. According to this equation, after how many years on the job was the engineer's salary $\$ 64,000$ ?
A) 13 years
B) 12 years
C) 10 years
D) 11 years
70) The relationship between the list price, $x$, in thousands of dollars, and the dealer invoice price, $y$, also in thousands of dollars, for pickup trucks can be approximated by the linear equation $y=0.715 x+2.82$. Use this equation to predict the dealer invoice price for a pickup truck with a list price of 18.0 thousand dollars.
A) 21.231 thousand dollars
B) 19.305 thousand dollars
C) 12.870 thousand dollars
D) 15.690 thousand dollars
71) Suppose the sales of a particular brand of appliance satisfy the relationship $S=190 x+1200$, where $S$ represents the number of sales in year $x$, with $x=0$ corresponding to 1982 . Find the number of sales in 1994.
A) 3480 sales
B) 6770 sales
C) 3290 sales
D) 6960 sales
72) The mathematical model $C=400 x+30,000$ represents the cost in dollars a company has in manufacturing $x$ items during a month. Based on this, how much does it cost to produce 400 items?
A) $\$ 75.00$
B) $\$ 0.19$
C) $\$ 190,000$
D) $\$ 160,000$
73) Suppose the function $y=4 t-4.5$ determines the actual time that has elapsed, in minutes, for $t$
73) $\qquad$ minutes of a person's estimate of the elapsed time. Find the actual time that has elapsed for an estimate of $t=30$ minutes.
A) 12 min
B) 115.5 min
C) 124.5 min
D) 48 min
74) A car rental company charges $\$ 33$ per day to rent a particular type of car and $\$ 0.15$ per mile. Juan is charged $\$ 56.70$ for a one-day rental. How many miles did he drive?
A) 173 mi
B) 378 mi
C) 345 mi
D) 158 mi
75) If an object is dropped from a tower, then the velocity, $V$ (in feet per second), of the object after $t$ seconds can be obtained by multiplying t by 32 and adding 10 to the result. Write an equation expressing the velocity, V , in terms of the number of seconds, t . Use this function to predict the velocity of the object at time $t=7.7$ seconds.
A) 256.4 feet per second
B) 255.7 feet per second
C) 257.7 feet per second
D) 254.4 feet per second
76) The information in the chart below gives the salary of a person for the stated years. Model the data with a linear function using the points $(1,24,100)$ and $(3,26,300)$. Then use this function to predict the salary for the year 2005.

| Year, $x$ | Salary, $y$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1990,0 | $\$ 23,500$ |
| 1991,1 | $\$ 24,100$ |
| 1992,2 | $\$ 25,200$ |
| 1993,3 | $\$ 26,300$ |
| 1994,4 | $\$ 27,200$ |

A) $\$ 40,020$
B) $\$ 40,040$
C) $\$ 40,000$
D) $\$ 39,980$
77) In order to receive a B in a course, it is necessary to get an average of $80 \%$ correct on two one-hour exams of 100 points each, on one midterm exam of 200 points, and on one final exam of 500 points. If a student scores 92 , and 83 on the one-hour exams, and 141 on the midterm exam, what is the minimum score on the final exam that the person can get and still earn a $B$ ?
A) 584
B) 449
C) 314
D) 404

## Evaluate the function as indicated.

78) Find $f(9)$ when $f(x)=-3 x+1$.
A) -26
B) -28
C) -26.9
D) 28
79) Find $f(5)$ when $f(x)=-7 x-3$.
A) -38
B) -10
C) -50
D) -32
80) Find $f(0)$ when $f(x)=14 x+13$.
A) 14
B) 0
C) 27
D) 13
81) Find $f(-7.4)$ when $f(x)=7.2 x+7$.
82) 

A) -60.28
B) -52.58
C) 60.28
D) -46.28
82) Find $f(6.5)$ when $f(x)=-2 x+8.8$.
A) 21.8
B) -12.12
C) -21.8
D) -4.2
83) Find $g\left(\frac{7}{3}\right)$ when $g(x)=7-9 x$.
B) -14
C) 14
D) 28
84) Find $f(5.2)$ when $f(x)=7$.
A) 7
B) 36.4
C) -7
D) 5.2
85) Find $f(-r)$ when $f(x)=7-4 x$.
A) $7+4 \mathrm{r}$
B) $7+r x$
C) $r-4 x$
D) $7-4 \mathrm{r}$
86) Find $g\left(c^{2}\right)$ when $g(x)=-8+3 x$.
A) $-8-3 c^{2}$
B) $-8+3 x^{2}$
C) $-8+3 c^{2}$
D) $-8+c^{2}$
87) Find $g(a-1)$ when $g(x)=3 x-2$.
A) $\frac{1}{3} a-2$
B) $3 a-5$
C) $3 a-2$
D) $3 a+1$

Write a cost function for the problem. Assume that the relationship is linear.
88) A moving firm charges a flat fee of $\$ 40$ plus $\$ 35$ per hour. Let $C(x)$ be the cost in dollars of using the moving firm for $x$ hours.
A) $C(x)=35 x+40$
B) $C(x)=40 x-35$
C) $C(x)=40 x+35$
D) $C(x)=35 x-40$
89) A cab company charges a base rate of $\$ 1.00$ plus 10 cents per minute. Let $C(x)$ be the cost in dollars of using the cab for $x$ minutes.
A) $C(x)=0.10 x-1.00$
B) $C(x)=1.00 x+0.10$
C) $C(x)=1.00 x-0.10$
D) $C(x)=0.10 x+1.00$
90) An electrician charges a fee of $\$ 60$ plus $\$ 45$ per hour. Let $C(x)$ be the cost in dollars of using the electrician for $x$ hours.
A) $C(x)=45 x+60$
B) $C(x)=60 x-45$
C) $C(x)=60 x+45$
D) $C(x)=45 x-60$
91) A cable TV company charges $\$ 21$ for the basic service plus $\$ 7$ for each movie channel. Let $C(x)$ be the total cost in dollars of subscribing to cable TV, using $x$ movie channels.
A) $C(x)=7 x-21$
B) $C(x)=21 x+7$
C) $C(x)=21 x-7$
D) $C(x)=7 x+21$
92) Fixed cost, $\$ 280 ; 10$ items cost $\$ 5780$ to produce
92) $\qquad$
A) $C(x)=550 x+280$
B) $C(x)=550 x+5780$
C) $C(x)=1100 x+5780$
D) $C(x)=1100 x+280$
91) $\qquad$

A) $C(x)$ $=130 \mathrm{x}$
$+1100$
B) $C(x)=14 x+11,500$
C) $C(x)=130 x+11,500$
D) $C(x)=14 x+1100$
93) $\qquad$

Solve the problem.
94) Let the supply and demand functions for a certain model of electric pencil sharpener be given by
94) $\qquad$ $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{q})=\stackrel{2}{-2} \mathrm{q} \quad$ and $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{q})=12-\frac{2}{2} \mathrm{q}$,

3 3
where p is the price in dollars and $q$ is the quantity of pencil sharpeners (in hundreds). Graph these functions on the same axes (graph the supply function as a dashed line and the demand function as a solid line). Also, find the equilibrium quantity and the equilibrium price.

A)

B)


Equilibrium quantity: 900
Equilibrium price: \$6
C)


Equilibrium quantity: 720
Equilibrium price: $\$ 4.80$

Equilibrium quantity: 950
Equilibrium price: $\$ 7$
D)


Equilibrium quantity: 480
Equilibrium price: $\$ 7.20$
95) Let the supply and demand functions for raspberry-flavored licorice be given by
95) $\qquad$

$$
\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{q})=-\frac{5}{\mathrm{q}} \quad \text { and } \mathrm{p}=\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{q})=90-\underline{5} \mathrm{q}
$$

4
4
where p is the price in dollars and q is the number of batches. Graph these functions on the same axes (graph the supply function as a dashed line and the demand function as a solid line). Also,
find the equilibrium quantity and the equilibrium price.

A)

B)


Equilibrium quantity: 36
Equilibrium price: $\$ 45.00$
C)


Equilibrium quantity: 45.00
Equilibrium price: \$36

Equilibrium quantity: 45
Equilibrium price: $\$ 56.25$
D)


Equilibrium quantity: 56.25
Equilibrium price: $\$ 45$
96) Given the supply and demand functions below, find the price when the demand is 145 .
96) $\qquad$
$S(p)=9 p+12$
$D(p)=280-9 p$
A) $\$ 1317$
B) $\$ 292$
C) $\$ 47$
D) $\$ 15$
97) Suppose that the demand and price for a certain model of graphing calculator are related by $\qquad$ $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{q})=96-1.5 \mathrm{q}$, where p is the price (in dollars) and q is the demand (in hundreds). Find the price if the demand is 600 calculators.
A) $\$ 6.00$
B) $\$ 105.00$
C) $\$ 186.00$
D) $\$ 87.00$
98) Given the supply and demand functions below, find the demand when $\mathrm{p}=\$ 12$.
98) $\qquad$ $S(p)=5 p$ $D(p)=120-4 p$
A) 132
B) 72
C) 60
D) 48
99) Suppose that the demand and price for a certain model of graphing calculator are related by $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{q})=112-2.5 \mathrm{q}$, where p is the price (in dollars) and q is the demand (in hundreds). Find the demand for the calculator if the price is $\$ 30$. Round to the nearest whole number if necessary.
A) 33 calculators
B) 820 calculators
C) 32,800 calculators
D) 3280 calculators
100) Suppose that the price and supply for a certain model of graphing calculator are related by $p=S(q)=4 q$, where $p$ is the price (in dollars) and $q$ is the supply (in hundreds) of calculators. Find the supply if the price is $\$ 89$. Round to the nearest whole number if necessary.
A) 1113 calculators
B) 223 calculators
C) 2225 calculators
D) 556 calculators
101) Let the demand and supply functions be represented by $D(p)$ and $S(p)$, where $p$ is the price in dollars. Find the equilibrium price and equilibrium quantity for the given functions.
$D(p)=5520-90 p$
$S(p)=140 p$
A) $\$ 50 ; 1020$
B) $\$ 39$; 2010
C) $\$ 24 ; 3360$
D) $\$ 50 ; 3360$
102) Let the demand and supply functions be represented by $D(p)$ and $S(p)$, where $p$ is the price in dollars. Find the equilibrium price and equilibrium quantity for the given functions.
$D(p)=134,750-250 p$
$S(p)=300 p$
A) \$50; 122,250
B) $\$ 50 ; 73,500$
C) $\$ 245 ; 73,500$
D) $\$ 449 ; 22,500$
103) Let the demand and supply functions be represented by $D(p)$ and $S(p)$, where $p$ is the price in dollars. Find the equilibrium price and equilibrium quantity for the given functions.
$D(p)=5760-50 p$
$S(p)=250 p-1440$
A) $\$ 24 ; 4560$
B) $\$ 36 ; 3960$
C) $\$ 28 ; 4360$
D) $\$ 28 ; 4560$
104) A book publisher found that the cost to produce 1000 calculus textbooks is $\$ 25,600$, while the cost to produce 2000 calculus textbooks is $\$ 50,300$. Assume that the $\operatorname{cost} C(x)$ is a linear function of $x$, the number of textbooks produced. What is the marginal cost of a calculus textbook?
A) $\$ 2.47$
B) $\$ 24.70$
C) $\$ 0.02$
D) $\$ 24,700.00$
105) In deciding whether or not to set up a new manufacturing plant, analysts for a popcorn company have decided that a linear function is a reasonable estimation for the total cost $C(x)$ in dollars to produce $x$ bags of microwave popcorn. They estimate the cost to produce 10,000 bags as $\$ 5240$ and the cost to produce 15,000 bags as $\$ 7540$. Find the marginal cost of the bags of microwave popcorn to be produced in this plant.
A) $\$ 46.00$
B) $\$ 0.46$
C) $\$ 2300.00$
D) $\$ 4.60$
106) A toilet manufacturer has decided to come out with a new and improved toilet. The fixed cost for the production of this new toilet line is $\$ 16,600$ and the variable costs are $\$ 70$ per toilet. The company expects to sell the toilets for $\$ 155$. Formulate a function $C(x)$ for the total cost of producing $x$ new toilets and a function $R(x)$ for the total revenue generated from the sales of $x$ toilets.
A) $C(x)=16,670 ; R(x)=155$
B) $C(x)=16600+70 x ; R(x)=155 x$
C) $C(x)=16600+155 x ; R(x)=70 x$
D) $C(x)=70 x ; R(x)=155 x$
107) A toilet manufacturer has decided to come out with a new and improved toilet. The fixed cost for the production of this new toilet line is $\$ 16,600$ and the variable costs are $\$ 69$ per toilet. The company expects to sell the toilets for $\$ 157$. Formulate a function $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{x})$ for the total profit from the production and sale of $x$ toilets.
A) $P(x)=88 x+16600$
B) $P(x)=88 x$
C) $P(x)=88 x-16600$
D) $P(x)=157 x-16600$
108) A shoe company will make a new type of shoe. The fixed cost for the production will be $\$ 24,000$. The variable cost will be $\$ 34$ per pair of shoes. The shoes will sell for $\$ 110$ for each pair. What is the profit if 600 pairs are sold?
A) $\$ 45,600$
B) $\$ 69,600$
C) $\$ 62,400$
D) $\$ 21,600$
109) Midtown Delivery Service delivers packages which cost $\$ 1.10$ per package to deliver. The fixed cost to run the delivery truck is $\$ 480$ per day. If the company charges $\$ 6.10$ per package, how many packages must be delivered daily to make a profit of $\$ 75$ ?
A) 96 packages
B) 66 packages
C) 111 packages
D) 436 packages
110) Regrind, Inc. regrinds used typewriter platens. The cost per platen is $\$ 1.70$. The cost to regrind 50 platens is $\$ 300$. Find the linear cost function to regrind platens. If reground platens sell for $\$ 9.20$ each, how many must be reground and sold to break even?
A) $C(x)=1.70 x+215$
B) $C(x)=1.70 x+300$
break-even $=221$ break-even $=29$
C) $C(x)=1.70 x+215$
D) $C(x)=1.70 x+300$
break-even $=29$
break-even $=41$
111) Regrind, Inc. regrinds used typewriter platens. The cost per platen is $\$ 2.20$. The fixed cost to run the grinding machine is $\$ 78$ per day. If the company sells the reground platens for $\$ 4.20$, how many must be reground daily to break even?
A) 26 platens
B) 35 platens
C) 39 platens
D) 12 platens
112) Northwest Molded molds plastic handles which cost $\$ 1.00$ per handle to mold. The fixed cost to run the molding machine is $\$ 5616$ per week. If the company sells the handles for $\$ 4.00$ each, how many handles must be molded weekly to break even?
A) 1123 handles
B) 5616 handles
C) 1872 handles
D) 1248 handles
106) $\qquad$
107) $\qquad$
108) $\qquad$
109) $\qquad$
110) $\qquad$
111) $\qquad$
112) $\qquad$
cost
to run the delivery truck is $\$ 60$ per day. If the company charges $\$ 7.10$ per package, how many packages must be delivered daily to break even?
A) 6 packages
B) 10 packages
C) 7 packages
D) 54 packages
114) A lumber yard has fixed costs of $\$ 3077.80$ a day and variable costs of $\$ 1.00$ per board -foot
114) $\qquad$ produced. The company gets $\$ 2.10$ per board-foot sold. How many board-feet must be produced daily to break even?
A) 992 board-feet
B) 3077 board-feet
C) 1865 board-feet
D) 2798 board-feet
115) A shoe company will make a new type of shoe. The fixed cost for the production will be $\$ 24,000$. The variable cost will be $\$ 34$ per pair of shoes. The shoes will sell for $\$ 100$ for each pair. How many pairs of shoes will have to be sold for the company to break even on this new line of shoes?
A) 66 pairs
B) 364 pairs
C) 706 pairs
D) 241 pairs
116) When going more than 38 miles per hour, the gas mileage of a certain car fits the model $y=43.81-0.395 x$ where $x$ is the speed of the car in miles per hour and $y$ is the miles per gallon of gasoline. Based on this model, at what speed will the car average 15 miles per gallon? (Round to nearest whole number.)
A) 73 miles per hour
B) 98 miles per hour
C) 149 miles per hour
D) 48 miles per hour
117) The temperature of water in a certain lake on a day in October can be determined by using the model $\mathrm{y}=15.2-0.537 \mathrm{x}$ where x is the number of feet down from the surface of the lake and y is the Celsius temperature of the water at that depth. Based on this model, how deep in the lake is the water 10 degrees? (Round to the nearest foot.)
A) 47 feet
B) 28 feet
C) 66 feet
D) 10 feet
118) The bank's temperature display shows that it is $22^{\circ}$ Celsius. What is the temperature in Fahrenheit?
117) $\qquad$
118) $\qquad$
A) $71.6^{\circ}$
B) $97.2^{\circ}$
C) $-5.6^{\circ}$
D) $30.0^{\circ}$
119) On a summer day, the surface water of a lake is at a temperature of $30^{\circ} \mathrm{Celsius}$. $\qquad$ temperature in Fahrenheit?
A) $62^{\circ}$
B) $54^{\circ}$
C) $86^{\circ}$
D) $30^{\circ}$
120) On a summer day, the bottom water of a lake is at a temperature of $6^{\circ}$ Celsius. What is this temperature in Fahrenheit?
A) $6^{\circ}$
B) $10.8^{\circ}$
C) $38^{\circ}$
D) $42.8^{\circ}$
121) The outdoor temperature rises to $22^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit. What is this temperature in Celsius?
A) $-10^{\circ}$
B) $12.2^{\circ}$
C) $-5.6^{\circ}$
D) $22^{\circ}$
122) A meteorologist in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan predicts an overnight low of $-9^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit. What would a Canadian meteorologist predict for the same location in Celsius?
A) $-5^{\circ}$
B) $-22.8^{\circ}$
C) $-9^{\circ}$
D) $-41^{\circ}$
123) Find the temperature at which the Celsius and Fahrenheit scales coincide.
122) $\qquad$
A) $39^{\circ}$
B) $-25^{\circ}$
C) $-40^{\circ}$
D) $0^{\circ}$
124) For the following table of data,
a. Draw a scatterplot.
b. Calculate the correlation coefficient.
c. Calculate the least squares line and graph it on the scatterplot.
d. Predict the $y$-value when $x$ is 20 .

| x | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 5 | 4.5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2 | 1 |


A) a.

$\begin{array}{llllll}2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10 & x\end{array}$
b. 0.965
c. $Y=-0.45 x+5.53$

d. -3.47
C) a.

$\begin{array}{llllll}2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10 & \text { x }\end{array}$
b. -0.965
c. $Y=-0.45 x+5.53$

c. $\mathrm{Y}=-0.45 \mathrm{x}+5.53$

B) a.

$\begin{array}{llllll}2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10 & x\end{array}$
b. -0.965
c. $Y=-0.45 x-5.53$

d. -14.53
D) a.

b. 0.965
c. $Y=0.45 x-5.53$
8
6
$\begin{array}{llllll}2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10\end{array}$
d. -3.47
d. 3.47

125) For the following table of data,
a. Draw a scatterplot.
b. Calculate the correlation coefficient.
c. Calculate the least squares line and graph it on the scatterplot.
d. Predict the y -value when x is -19 .

| x | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | -3.5 | -2 | -1 | -1.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 2 | 4 |



A) a.

b. 0.966
c. $Y=0.82 x+0.11$

d. -15.47
B) a.

b. 0.966
c. $Y=0.82 x-0.11$

d. -15.69
C) a.

b. -0.966
c. $Y=-0.82 x-0.11$

d. 15.47
D) a.

b. -0.966
c. $Y=0.82 x+0.11$

d. -15.69
126) For the following table of data,
126) $\qquad$
a. Draw a scatterplot.
b. Calculate the correlation coefficient.
c. Calculate the least squares line and graph it on the scatterplot.
d. Predict the y -value when x is 11 .

| x | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 10 | 12 | 11 | 14 | 15 | 17 | 22 | 19 | 24 |



A) a.

b. 0.903
c. $Y=2 x+6.5$

$\begin{array}{lllll}2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10 x\end{array}$
d. 28.5
C) a.

b. 0.950
c. $Y=1.7 x+8.5$

d. 27.2
B) a.

b. 0.950
c. $Y=1.7 x$

d. 18.7
D) a.

b. 0.950
c. $Y=1.7 x+7.5$

d. $26.2^{2}$

## Find the correlation coefficient.

127) Consider the data points with the following coordinates:
128) $\qquad$

$$
\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
\mathrm{x} & 43.4 & 31.5 & 29.2 & 12.4 & 30.9 \\
\hline \mathrm{y} & 7 & 3 & 6 & 5 & 8
\end{array}
$$

A) 0.2899
B) 0.3257
C) 0
D) -0.3257
128) The test scores of 6 randomly picked students and the number of hours they prepared are as
128) $\qquad$ follows:

$$
\begin{array}{l|llllll}
\text { Hours } & 5 & 10 & 4 & 6 & 10 & 9 \\
\hline \text { Score } & 64 & 86 & 69 & 86 & 59 & 87
\end{array}
$$

A) 0.2242
B) -0.6781
C) -0.2242
D) 0.6781
129) The test scores of 6 randomly picked students and the number of hours they prepared are as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{c|cccccc}
\text { Hours } & 4 & 10 & 5 & 5 & 3 & 3 \\
\hline \text { Score } & 54 & 99 & 56 & 99 & 70 & 72
\end{array}
$$

A) -0.6781
B) -0.2241
C) 0.2015
D) 0.6039
130) Consider the data points with the following coordinates:
130)
129) $\qquad$

$\qquad$

| x | 57 | 53 | 59 | 61 | 53 | 56 | 60 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| y | 156 | 164 | 163 | 177 | 159 | 175 | 151 |

A) -0.0537
B) 0.1085
C) 0.2145
D) -0.0783
131) Consider the data points with the following coordinates:
131) $\qquad$

| x | 62 | 53 | 64 | 52 | 52 | 54 | 58 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| y | 158 | 176 | 151 | 164 | 164 | 174 | 162 |

A) 0
B) -0.0810
C) -0.7749
D) 0.7537
132) Consider the data points with the following coordinates:

| x | 121 | 101 | 128 | 160 | 154 | 126 | 134 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| y | 171 | 152 | 168 | 157 | 164 | 169 | 160 |

A) 0.2245
B) 0.5370
C) 0.0537
D) -0.0781
133) The following are costs of advertising (in thousands of dollars) and the number of products sold (in thousands):

| Cost | 9 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 9 | 10 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number | 85 | 52 | 55 | 68 | 67 | 86 | 83 | 73 |

A) 0.2353
B) -0.0707
C) 0.7077
D) 0.2456
134) The following are costs of advertising (in thousands of dollars) and the number of products sold
134) $\qquad$ (in thousands):

| Cost | 6 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 4 | 7 | 7 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number | 54 | 75 | 91 | 57 | 96 | 52 | 92 | 100 |

A) -0.3707
B) 0.6756
C) 0.6112
D) 0.2635
135) The following are the temperatures on randomly chosen days and the amount a certain kind of
135) $\qquad$ plant grew (in millimeters):

| Temp | 62 | 76 | 50 | 51 | 71 | 46 | 51 | 44 | 79 |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Growth | 36 | 39 | 50 | 13 | 33 | 33 | 17 | 6 | 16 |

A) -0.2105
B) 0
C) 0.1955
D) 0.2563
136) The following are the temperatures on randomly chosen days and the amount a certain kind of plant grew (in millimeters):

| Temp | 77 | 88 | 85 | 61 | 64 | 72 | 73 | 63 | 74 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Growth | 39 | 17 | 12 | 22 | 15 | 29 | 14 | 25 | 43 |

A) 0
B) -0.3105
C) -0.0953
D) 0.0396

## Find the equation of the least squares line.

137) Ten students in a graduate program were randomly selected. Their grade point averages (GPAs) when they entered the program were between 3.5 and 4.0. The following data were obtained regarding their GPAs on entering the program versus their current GPAs.

| Entering GPA $(\mathrm{x})$ | Current GPA $(\mathrm{y})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3.5 | 3.6 |
| 3.8 | 3.7 |
| 3.6 | 3.9 |
| 3.6 | 3.6 |
| 3.5 | 3.9 |
| 3.9 | 3.8 |
| 4.0 | 3.7 |
| 3.9 | 3.9 |
| 3.5 | 3.8 |
| 3.7 | 4.0 |

A) $y=5.81+0.497 x$
B) $y=2.51+0.329 x$
C) $y=3.67+0.0313 x$
D) $y=4.91+0.0212 x$
138) The paired data below consist of the test scores of 6 randomly selected students and the number of
138) $\qquad$ hours they studied for the test.

$$
\begin{array}{l|rrrrrr}
\text { Hours (x) } & 5 & 10 & 4 & 6 & 10 & 9 \\
\hline \text { Score }(y) & 64 & 86 & 69 & 86 & 59 & 87
\end{array}
$$

A) $y=67.3+1.07 x$
B) $y=33.7-2.14 x$
C) $y=33.7+2.14 x$
D) $y=-67.3+1.07 x$
139) The paired data below consist of the costs of advertising (in thousands of dollars) and the number of products sold (in thousands).

$$
\begin{array}{c|rrrrrrrr}
\text { Cost (x) } & 9 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 9 & 10 \\
\hline \text { Number (y) } & 85 & 52 & 55 & 68 & 67 & 86 & 83 & 73
\end{array}
$$

A) $y=55.8+2.79 x$
B) $y=55.8-2.79 x$
C) $y=26.4+1.42 x$
D) $y=-26.4-1.42 x$
139) $\qquad$
140) The paired data below consist of the temperatures on randomly chosen days and the amount a
140) $\qquad$ certain kind of plant grew (in millimeters).

| Temp (x) | 62 | 76 | 50 | 51 | 71 | 46 | 51 | 44 | 79 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Growth (y) | 36 | 39 | 50 | 13 | 33 | 33 | 17 | 6 | 16 |

A) $y=7.30+0.122 x$
B) $y=-14.6-0.211 x$
C) $y=14.6+0.211 x$
D) $y=7.30-0.112 x$
141) A study was conducted to compare the average time spent in the lab each week versus course
141) $\qquad$ grade for computer students. The results are recorded in the table below.

| Number of hours spent in lab $(\mathrm{x})$ | Grade (percent)(y) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 96 |
| 11 | 51 |
| 16 | 62 |
| 9 | 58 |
| 7 | 89 |
| 15 | 81 |
| 16 | 46 |
| 10 | 51 |

A) $y=44.3+0.930 x$
B) $y=0.930+44.3 x$
C) $y=1.86+88.6 x$
D) $y=88.6-1.86 x$
142) Two separate tests are designed to measure a student's ability to solve problems. Several students
142) $\qquad$ are randomly selected to take both tests and the results are shown below.

$$
\begin{array}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c}
\text { Test A (x) } & 48 & 52 & 58 & 44 & 43 & 43 & 40 & 51 & 59 \\
\hline \text { Test B (y) } & 73 & 67 & 73 & 59 & 58 & 56 & 58 & 64 & 74
\end{array}
$$

A) $y=0.930-19.4 x$
B) $y=19.4+0.930 x$
C) $y=-0.930+19.4 x$
D) $y=-19.4-0.930 x$
143) Managers rate employees according to job performance and attitude. The results for several
143) $\qquad$ randomly selected employees are given below.

> | Attitude (x) | 59 | 63 | 65 | 69 | 58 | 77 | 76 | 69 | 70 | 64 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Performance (y) | 72 | 67 | 78 | 82 | 75 | 87 | 92 | 83 | 87 | 78 |

A) $y=92.3-0.669 x$
B) $y=-47.3+2.02 x$
C) $y=11.7+1.02 x$
D) $y=2.81+1.35 x$
144) Two different tests are designed to measure employee productivity and dexterity. Several employees of a company are randomly selected and asked to complete the tests. The results are below.

$$
\begin{array}{lll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l}
\text { Dexterity (x) } & 23 & 25 & 28 & 21 & 21 & 25 & 26 & 30 & 34 & 36 \\
\hline \text { Productivity (y) } & 49 & 53 & 59 & 42 & 47 & 53 & 55 & 63 & 67 & 75
\end{array}
$$

A) $y=2.36+2.03 x$
B) $y=75.3-0.329 x$
C) $y=5.05+1.91 x$
D) $y=10.7+1.53 x$
145) In the table below, $x$ represents the number of years since 2000 and $y$ represents annual sales (in
145) $\qquad$ thousands of dollars) for a clothing company.

$$
\begin{array}{l|crrr}
\text { Year } & x & 0 & 1 & 3 \\
\hline \text { Sales } & y & 21 & 30 & 35
\end{array}
$$

A) $y=3.31 x+23.8$
B) $y=4.37 x+21.7$
C) $y=2.61 x+25.9$
D) $y=5.18 x+20.6$
146) In the table below, $x$ represents the number of years since 2000 and $y$ represents the population (in thousands) of the town Boomville.

$$
\begin{array}{lr|rrrrr}
\text { Year } & \mathrm{x} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\
\hline \text { Sales } \mathrm{y} & 30 & 40 & 60 & 90 & 130
\end{array}
$$

A) $y=28 x-10$
B) $y=18 x+8$
C) $y=12 x+20$
D) $y=25 x-5$

## Solve the problem.

147) Find an equation for the least squares line representing weight, in pounds, as a function of height, in inches, of men. Then, predict the weight of a man who is 68 inches tall to the nearest tenth of a pound. The following data are the (height, weight) pairs for 8 men: $(66,150),(68,160),(69,166)$, (70, 175), (71, 181), (72, 191), (73, 198), $(74,206)$.
A) 165.1 pounds
B) 161.2 pounds
C) 151.4 pounds
D) 160.0 pounds
148) Find an equation for the least squares line representing weight, in pounds, as a function of height, in inches, of men. Then, predict the height of a man who is 145 pounds to the nearest tenth of an inch. The following data are the (height, weight) pairs for 8 men: $(66,150),(68,160),(69,166),(70$, $175),(71,181),(72,191),(73,198),(74,206)$.
A) 63.2 inches
B) 65.7 inches
C) 64.6 inches
D) 68.2 inches
149) For some reason the quality of production decreases as the year progresses at a light bulb
150) $\qquad$
151) $\qquad$
152) $\qquad$ manufacturing plant. The following data represent the percentage of defective light bulbs produced at a light bulb manufacturing plant in the corresponding month of the year.

$$
\begin{array}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l}
\text { month (x) } & 2 & 3 & 5 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 12 \\
\hline \text { \% defective (y) } & 1.3 & 1.6 & 2.0 & 2.4 & 2.6 & 2.8 & 3.1
\end{array}
$$

Use the equation of the least squares line to predict the percentage of defective bulbs in June.
A) $2.3 \%$
B) $2.0 \%$
C) $2.15 \%$
D) $2.20 \%$
150) For some reason the quality of production decreases as the year progresses at a light bulb
150) manufacturing plant. The following data represent the percentage of defective light bulbs produced at a light bulb manufacturing plant in the corresponding month of the year.

$$
\begin{array}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l}
\text { month (x) } & 2 & 3 & 5 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 12 \\
\hline \text { \% defective (y) } & 1.3 & 1.6 & 2.0 & 2.4 & 2.6 & 2.8 & 3.1
\end{array}
$$

Use the equation of the least squares line to predict in which month the percentage of defective light bulbs would be 1.83\%.
A) April
B) February
C) March
D) May
151) Ten students in a graduate program were randomly selected. Their grade point averages (GPAs) when they entered the program were between 3.5 and 4.0. The following data were obtained regarding their GPAs on entering the program versus their current GPAs. Use the equation of the least squares line to predict the current GPA of a student whose entering GPA is 3.9.

| Entering GPA $(x)$ | Current GPA $(\mathrm{y})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3.5 | 3.6 |
| 3.8 | 3.7 |
| 3.6 | 3.9 |
| 3.6 | 3.6 |
| 3.5 | 3.9 |
| 3.9 | 3.8 |
| 4.0 | 3.7 |
| 3.9 | 3.9 |
| 3.5 | 3.8 |
| 3.7 | 4.0 |

A) 3.79
B) 3.41
C) 3.59
D) 3.30
152) The paired data below consist of the test scores of 6 randomly selected students and the number of hours they studied for the test. Use the equation of the least squares line to predict the score on the test of a student who studies 13 hours.

$$
\begin{array}{l|rrrrrr}
\text { Hours (x) } & 5 & 10 & 4 & 6 & 10 & 9 \\
\hline \text { Score }(y) & 64 & 86 & 69 & 86 & 59 & 87
\end{array}
$$

A) 86.8
B) 81.2
C) 86.2
D) 76.2
153) The paired data below consist of the costs of advertising (in thousands of dollars) and the number of products sold (in thousands). Use the equation of the least squares line to predict the number of products sold if the cost of advertising is $\$ 6000$.

$$
\begin{array}{c|cccccccc}
\text { Cost (x) } & 9 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 9 & 10 \\
\hline \text { Number }(\mathrm{y}) & 85 & 52 & 55 & 68 & 67 & 86 & 83 & 73
\end{array}
$$

A) 79.24 products sold
B) $16,795.8$ products sold
C) 72.54 products sold
D) 69.54 products sold
154) The paired data below consist of the temperatures on randomly chosen days and the amount a
154) certain kind of plant grew (in millimeters). Use the equation of the least squares line to predict the growth of a plant if the temperature is 53 .

$$
\begin{array}{c|rrrrrrrrr}
\text { Temp (x) } & 62 & 76 & 50 & 51 & 71 & 46 & 51 & 44 & 79 \\
\hline \text { Growth (y) } & 36 & 39 & 50 & 13 & 33 & 33 & 17 & 6 & 16
\end{array}
$$

A) 26.63 mm
B) 25.78 mm
C) 24.67 mm
D) 26.21 mm
155) In the table below, $x$ represents the number of years since 2000 and $y$ represents annual sales (in
155) $\qquad$ thousands of dollars) for a clothing company. Use the least squares regression equation to estimate sales in the year 2006. Round to the nearest thousand dollars.

| Year (x) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sales (y) | 30 | 40 | 60 | 90 | 130 |

A) $\$ 142,000$
B) $\$ 140,000$
C) $\$ 145,000$
D) $\$ 147,000$
156) A study was conducted to compare the average time spent in the lab each week versus course
156) $\qquad$ grade for computer students. The results are recorded in the table below. Use the equation of the least squares line to predict the grade of a student who spends 5 hours in the lab.

| Number of hours spent in lab $(\mathrm{x})$ | Grade (percent) $(\mathrm{y})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 96 |
| 11 | 51 |
| 16 | 62 |
| 9 | 58 |
| 7 | 89 |
| 15 | 81 |
| 16 | 46 |
| 10 | 51 |

A) $80.3 \%$
B) $79.3 \%$
C) $83.6 \%$
D) $75.3 \%$

## Provide an appropriate response.

157) Find $k$ so that the line through $(3, k)$ and $(1,-2)$ is parallel to $2 x-5 y=-8$. Find $k$ so that the line is
158) $\qquad$ perpendicular to $3 x+4 y=-9$.
142
62
$6 \quad 14$
$14 \quad 14$
A) $5 ; 3$
B) -5 ; 3
C) -5 ;- 3
D) 5 ;-3

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.
158) John has been a teacher at West Side High School for the past 12 years. His salary during that time can be modeled by the linear equation $y=800 x+33,000$ where $x$ is the number of years since he began teaching at West Side and y is his salary in dollars. Explain what the slope, 800, represents in this context.
159) If a company decides to make a new product, there are fixed costs and variable costs associated with this new product. Explain the differences of the two types of costs and
why they occur. Use an example
to illustrate your point.
160) Give a definition or an example of the word or phrase: Zero slope
159) $\qquad$
160) $\qquad$
161) Why is the slope of a horizontal line equal to zero? Give an example.
162) Explain what is wrong with the statement "The line has no slope."
163) Why is the slope of a vertical line undefined?
164) Can an equation of a vertical line be written in slope-intercept form? Explain.
165) The total number of reported cases of AIDS in the United States has risen from 372 in 1981 to 100,000 in 1989 and 200,000 in 1992. Does a linear equation fit this data? Explain.
161)
162) $\qquad$
163) $\qquad$
164) $\qquad$
165) $\qquad$
166) $\qquad$

1) $C$
2) $B$
3) $C$
4) C
5) C
6) C
7) $D$
8) $B$
9) $B$
10) D
11) B
12) C
13) $A$
14) $D$
15) B
16) B
17) B
18) C
19) $D$
20) D
21) C
22) C
23) $D$
24) C
25) D
26) B
27) B
28) C
29) A
30) A
31) D
32) D
33) D
34) D
35) C
36) C
37) D
38) B
39) B
40) C
41) B
42) $D$
43) D
44) A
45) C
46) B
47) D
48) D
49) B
50) A
51) C
52) C
53) C
54) B
55) A
56) C
57) A
58) C
59) D
60) C
61) C
62) D
63) D
64) C
65) D
66) B
67) A
68) D
69) D
70) D
71) A
72) C
73) B
74) D
75) A
76) C
77) D
78) A
79) A
80) D
81) D
82) D
83) B
84) A
85) A
86) C
87) B
88) A
89) D
90) A
91) D
92) A
93) A
94) A
95) A
96) D
97) D
98) B
99) D
100) C

Answer Key
Testname: UNTITLED1
101) C
102) C
103) A
104) B
105) B
106) B
107) C
108) D
109) C
110) C
111) C
112) C
113) B
114) D
115) B
116) A
117) D
118) A
119) C
120) D
121) C
122) B
123) C
124) C
125) A
126) D
127) B
128) A
129) D
130) B
131) C
132) C
133) C
134) C
135) C
136) C
137) C
138) A
139) A
140) C
141) D
142) B
143) C
144) C
145) A
146) D
147) B
148) B
149) C
150) A

## Answer Key

Testname: UNTITLED1
151) A
152) B
153) C
154) B
155) C
156) B
157) B
158) The slope of 800 indicates that during his 12 years at the school, John's salary has increased by approximately $\$ 800$ per year.
159) Fixed costs occur only once. These costs may be startup costs related to the production of the new product. Variable costs depend on how much product is made. These costs may consist of labor, material, and maintenance.

For example, a company decided to make oak filing cabinets. Fixed costs would include the costs of purchasing and renovating plant space and the cost of manufacturing equipment. Variable costs would include the cost labor and the cost of materials.
160) An equation such as by $+c=0$ has a slope of zero. (Answers may vary.)
161) Answers may vary. One possibility: The slope of a horizontal line is equal to zero because the $y$-values do not change as the $x$-values change. For example, the points $(3,4)$ and $(7,4)$ are two points on a horizontal line. The slope of this line is zero because $m=\frac{4-4}{7-3}=\frac{0}{4}=0$.
162) Answers may vary. One possibility: It is not specific enough. The slope of a horizontal line is 0 , while the slope of a vertical line is undefined.
163) Answers may vary. One possibility: Let $(a, b)$ and $(a, c), b \neq c$, be any two different points on a vertical line. The slope of the line $=\frac{y_{1}-y_{2}}{\mathrm{x}_{1}-\mathrm{x}_{2}}=\frac{\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{c}}{\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{a}}=\frac{\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{c}}{0}$. Division by zero is undefined.
164) No. In the slope-intercept form of the equation of a line, $x$ is multiplied by slope; however, the slope of a vertical line is undefined. (Explanations will vary.)
165) No, the data cannot be modeled by a linear equation because the reported cases are not increasing at a constant rate. Assume a linear equation, and examine the slope of the two line segments. The slope of the segment from $(0,372)$ to $(8,100,000)$ is $12,453.5$ while the slope of the segment from $(8,100,000)$ to $(11,200,000)$ is $33,333 . \overline{3}$.(Explanations will vary.)
166) Answers will vary. One possibility: The slope of the line through $P_{1}$ and $P_{2}$ is $-2 / 3$. The slope of the line through $P_{2}$ and $P_{3}$ is $3 / 2$. Therefore, since the product of these slopes is -1 , the lines are perpendicular and constitute a right angle in the triangle, making the triangle formed by these points a right triangle.

