# Test Bank for Intermediate Microeconomics 1st Edition Robert Mochrie 113700844X 9781137008442 

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## Chapter 3

1) Why do we expect a good that is abundant to have zero price?
2) Is tap water a free good?
3) Amanda's consumption bundle consists of quantities of beans and chickpeas. Define the opportunity cost of beans that she faces.
4) Suppose that Amanda is able to spend $m=48$. The price of 1 kg of beans, $p_{b}=6$, and the cost of 1 kg of chickpeas, $p_{c}=4$. Amanda currently buys the consumption bundle $(b, c)=(4,4)$. What would you consider to be her opportunity cost of beans?
5) Suppose that the price of beans increases to $p_{b 1}=8$. Sketch a diagram showing Amanda's affordability constraint before and after the price change.
6) Assume that Amanda buys the same consumption bundle (4, 4) before and after the price change. What happens to her opportunity cost of beans?
7) Explain why we consider the affordable set for Amanda to be weakly convex.
8) Suppose that after the price change, Amanda is able to spend an amount $\boldsymbol{m}=60$. She continues to buy equal quantities of beans and chickpeas. What consumption bundle will she acquire if she spends her whole budget?
9) Suppose that Amanda has an initial endowment of 8 kg of beans (and no chickpeas). Explain why this is equivalent to having an initial endowment, $m=48$, and explain the effect of the increase in price from $p_{b}=6$ to $p_{b 1}=\mathbf{8}$ on her affordable set.
10) Suppose that Amanda has an initial endowment of 4 kg of beans and 6 kg of chickpeas. Explain why this is equivalent to having an initial endowment, $m=48$, and explain the effect of the increase in price from $p_{b}=6$ to $p_{b 1}=8$ on her affordable set.
