

# Test Bank for International Business Law and Its Environment 9th Edition Schaffer Agusti Dhooge 1285427041 9781285427041

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1. The United States belongs to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.
  - a. True
  - b. False

*ANSWER:* True  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - BUSPROG - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

2. *Pacta sunt servanda* means that every treaty in force is binding upon the parties to it and must be performed by them in good faith.
  - a. True
  - b. False

*ANSWER:* True  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

3. According to the Statute of the International Court of Justice, the court shall look to conventions establishing rules expressly recognized by the contesting states.
  - a. True
  - b. False

*ANSWER:*  
*POINTS:*  
*DIFFICULTY:*  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:*  
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Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

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## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

4. The U.N. has recently sponsored a "supranational" set of laws that transcends national boundaries; most industrialized nations have adopted it.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal Systems  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

5. The development of international law has a long history that include the customs that have evolved into written statutes recognized by civilized nations..
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

6. International business law draws from both public and private law as related to business transactions.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* True  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

7. There is a uniform commercial body of law adopted by the United Nations governing all private international law questions.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
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*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

8. The two classifications of national legal systems are civil law countries and common law countries.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* True  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

9. In a common law system, the judge has the power to control the conduct of the trial and empowered with authority to examine witnesses and demand tangible evidence from the plaintiff and defendant.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
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*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

10. Moral conduct is the preeminent concern in Islamic law.

- a. True
- b. False

*ANSWER:* True

*POINTS:* 1

*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate

*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking

*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal

*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System

*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

11. The purpose of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law is to promote international trade through the harmonization of trade law among nations.

- a. True
- b. False

*ANSWER:* True

*POINTS:* 1

*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate

*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking

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*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System

*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

12. The jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice upon its members in a dispute is compulsory.

- a. True
- b. False

*ANSWER:* False

*POINTS:* 1

*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate

*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking

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*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System

*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

13. Because international law is not dictated by any one legislative body, it is lawmaking by choice and by consent.
- a. True
  - b. False

*ANSWER:* True  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Comprehension

14. A treaty between three countries is said to be trilateral.
- a. True
  - b. False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

15. Once a group of nations has negotiated a convention, other nations cannot adopt the treaty.
- a. True
  - b. False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law

16. A self-executing treaty is one that automatically creates rights that are enforceable in the courts of a contracting nation, without any further legislative action.
- a. True
  - b. False

*ANSWER:* *KEYWORDS:*  
*POINTS:*  
*DIFFICULTY:*  
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*TOPICS:*

Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

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## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

17. One reason international business law still retains a "national" character is that national attitudes toward economics affect attitudes toward law and regulation.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* True  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Comprehension

18. Many of today's international business law concepts are derived from the law merchant and maritime law, which are the accepted customs and practices of Renaissance-era merchants, traders, bankers, mariners, and ship owners.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law

19. The International Court of Justice, formed in 1945, is the primary judicial arm of the World Trade Organization.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law

20. A code of conduct is a set of principles that guide people's behavior and actions when communicating with others via the Internet and social media.
- True
  - False

*ANSWER:* False  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law



## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

### Multiple Choice

21. Public international law involves:

- a. Relationships between public corporations in different countries as to business terms.
- b. Relationships between nations that are reflected in treaties, conventions, or charters.
- c. Relationships between private individuals in different countries.
- d. All of the above.

*ANSWER:* b

*POINTS:* 1

*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate

*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking

*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal

*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System

*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

22. The forum for public international law disputes is:

- a. The World Forum.
- b. International Court of Justice.
- c. The League of Nations.
- d. The Hague.

*ANSWER:* b

*POINTS:* 1

*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate

*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking

*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal

*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System

*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

23. The difference between a common law country and a civil law country is:

- a. Civil law is handled by the government while common law is handled by the people.
- b. A common law country bases its laws on statutes while a civil law country uses court cases.
- c. A common law country has similar laws throughout its regions while a civil law country is divided into areas.
- d. A common law country relies heavily on precedent established by previous court cases while a civil law country uses a comprehensive code of law.

*ANSWER:* d

*POINTS:* 1

*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate

*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking

*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal

*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System

*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Analysis

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

24. In a socialist country, the legal system:
- Reflects the private ownership of property.
  - Is similar to the English common law system.
  - Exhibits no need for commercial law because such disputes are settled politically.
  - None of the above.

*ANSWER:* c  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

25. Which of the following is not part of the structure of the United Nations?
- General Assembly.
  - Security Council.
  - Secretary General.
  - House of Representatives.

*ANSWER:* d  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

26. The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) has developed:
- Codes of conduct for companies and host countries in an attempt to set ethical standards for both.
  - Guidelines for interest rates to be charged multinational enterprises.
  - Codes of conduct for employee practices for multinational corporations.
  - None of the above.

*ANSWER:* a  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

27. Doing business internationally requires an understanding of all of the following **except**:
- International law.
  - National law.
  - Different international organizations.
  - Availability of legal counsel in each country

*ANSWER:* d  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

28. The *Paquette Habana* case concerned:
- A question of the applicable method for joining the IMF.
  - A question discerning applicable international law.
  - A question concerning the law merchant on mercantile law of Cuba.
  - A question of which court has jurisdiction over an international case.

*ANSWER:* b  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

29. All of the following are principles established by the codes of conduct promulgated by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) **except**:
- To take into account the policies and objectives of the country with which a corporation operates.
  - Nondiscrimination in hiring.
  - Mandatory wage scales for countries in which each corporation operates.
  - Utilizing "reasonable terms" when transferring technology.

*ANSWER:* c  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Analysis

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

30. Foreign investment laws might include:
- Protection against state intervention and the ability to repatriate profits.
  - Repatriation of profits and the ability to have 100% foreign ownership.
  - Governmental approval of technology transfer agreements.
  - All of the above.

*ANSWER:* d  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

31. The United States has, in part, accepted the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice. The U.S. acceptance does not apply to:
- Disputes the parties have entrusted to other tribunals.
  - Disputes that the United States decided are essentially domestic.
  - Disputes arising under a multilateral treaty unless all parties affected are before the court or the U.S. specially agrees to jurisdiction.
  - A and B only.
  - All of the above.

*ANSWER:* e  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Comprehension

32. The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises encourages responsible conduct in the following areas
- Employment
  - Bribery
  - Environment
  - Both b and c.

*ANSWER:* d  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

33. What do many legal historians believe led to the development of modern international law?
- the rise of the European nation-state
  - Chinese dynastic law
  - Roman law
  - trade law in the Middle Ages

**ANSWER:** a  
**POINTS:** 1  
**DIFFICULTY:** Easy  
**NATIONAL STANDARDS:** United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
**STATE STANDARDS:** United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
**TOPICS:** International Law  
**KEYWORDS:** Bloom's: Knowledge

34. In 1625, Hugo Grotius wrote a landmark book on international law called *On the Law of War and Peace*. In it, he stated that the law of nations:
- was divinely given.
  - arose by common agreement and by the accepted practice of nations.
  - recognized that all states are equal.
  - all of the above

**ANSWER:** d  
**POINTS:** 1  
**DIFFICULTY:** Easy  
**NATIONAL STANDARDS:** United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
**STATE STANDARDS:** United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
**TOPICS:** International Law  
**KEYWORDS:** Bloom's: Comprehension

35. A treaty between two countries is said to be \_\_\_\_\_, and a treaty between three or more countries is said to be \_\_\_\_\_.
- bitreaty; tritreaty
  - bitreaty; multitreaty
  - bilateral; multilateral
  - biratified; multiratified

**ANSWER:** c  
**POINTS:** 1  
**DIFFICULTY:** Easy  
**NATIONAL STANDARDS:** United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
**STATE STANDARDS:** United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
**TOPICS:** International Law  
**KEYWORDS:** Bloom's: Knowledge

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

36. Nations that express their willingness to join a treaty are called:
- ratifiers.
  - signatories.
  - contracting parties.
  - abrogators.

*ANSWER:* b  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law

37. If a country is willing to join a treaty but has an exception to the terms of the treaty, the exception is called a(n):
- ratification.
  - signatory.
  - reservation.
  - abrogation.

*ANSWER:* c  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

38. Which three countries are notable because few, if any, treaties have direct effect there, and thus require parliamentary action before they are enforceable by private parties?
- United Kingdom, Canada, and Australia
  - United Kingdom, Canada, and the United States
  - Canada, Australia, and China
  - United Kingdom, France, and Germany

*ANSWER:* a  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Comprehension

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

39. Which of the following is NOT one of the reasons that International Business Law has become more uniform?
- The forces of free trade, economic integration, and the globalization of business have accelerated the need for greater uniformity in IBL.
  - Nations have had to cooperate in their legal responses to global issues, common problems, and technologies.
  - All nations have agreed to practice and enforce the codes and legislation set down by the World Trade Organization.
  - Private industry and trade organizations have encouraged the growth of uniform IBL.

*ANSWER:* c  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Moderate  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Analysis

40. The principle that a nation can project its laws beyond its territorial borders is known as:
- extraterritoriality.
  - territoriality.
  - nationality.
  - protective jurisdiction.

*ANSWER:* a  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

41. Which convention calls for contracting parties to criminalize bribery of public officials and money laundering?
- UN Convention Against Crime
  - UN Convention of Extraterritoriality
  - UN Convention Against Corruption
  - None of the above

*ANSWER:* c  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Knowledge

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

42. Which of the following is NOT one of the crimes generally covered by the universal principle of jurisdiction?
- piracy
  - war crimes
  - slavery
  - money laundering

*ANSWER:* d  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Comprehension

43. The UN's Guiding Principles for Business on Human Rights Article 23 states all of the following **except**:
- Businesses should comply with all applicable laws and respect internationally recognized human rights, wherever they operate.
  - Businesses should seek ways to honor the principles of internationally recognized human rights when faced with conflicting requirements.
  - Businesses should seek to comply with the laws of their home country before considering internationally recognized human rights.
  - Businesses should treat the risk of causing or contributing to gross human rights abuses as a legal compliance issues wherever they operate.

*ANSWER:* c  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Comprehension

44. Which of the following is NOT one of the objectives of the International Labour Organization?
- To help promote the rights of workers
  - To eliminate child labor
  - To provide health care for all workers
  - To create decent and beneficial employment opportunities

*ANSWER:* c  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*TOPICS:* International Law  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Comprehension



## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

45. Islamic law is known as:
- Sharia.
  - Koran.
  - Sunna.
  - Fiqh.

*ANSWER:* a  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Easy  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - United States - BUSPROG: Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - Ohio - United States - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law

### Subjective Short Answer

46. Weigh the benefits and detriments of the U.S. entering into an ICC treaty.

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* IBLE.SADE.12.1 - Comparative Analytical Questions  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Evaluation

47. In what ways is trademark law uniform globally? Different?

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* IBLE.SADE.12.1 - Comparative Analytical Questions  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Evaluation

48. What are the similarities among the crimes and issues that beget universal jurisdiction? How are these uniquely different from all other issues? Are there any parallel issues that should receive universal jurisdiction?

*ANSWER:*  
*POINTS:*  
*DIFFICULTY:*  
*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:*  
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Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

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AICPA - BB-Legal International Law and the  
World's Legal System Bloom's: Analysis

## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

49. Compare and contrast the different sources of international law? Which are stronger? Weaker? More or less justifiable in a global environment?

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* IBLE.SADE.12.1 - Comparative Analytical Questions  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Evaluation

50. How are customary law and the general principles of law (international law) similar? Different?

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal  
*KEYWORDS:* System Bloom's: Evaluation

51. Compare and contrast public international law with private international law.

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* IBLE.SADE.12.1 - Comparative Analytical Questions  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Evaluation

52. Describe the types of foreign judgments that will and will not be enforced in the United States. Consider the reasons for these differences.

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging

*STATE STANDARDS:* *KEYWORDS:*  
*TOPICS:*

Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

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## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

53. Considering the speech protection granted by the U.S. constitution with those of countries such as Canada, Germany, and the U.K., which are better at furthering a civil society? A tolerant society?

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* IBLE.SADE.12.1 - Comparative Analytical Questions  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Evaluation

54. Compare and contrast the nation, the individual, and the corporation as entities in and subject to international law.

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal  
*KEYWORDS:* System Bloom's: Evaluation

55. Draft a treaty that addresses the competing interests (and divergent national speech laws) where an individual from one country is defamed by a person from another country over the Internet.

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging  
*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* IBLE.SADE.12.2 - Essay/Writing Assignments  
*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking  
*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal  
*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System  
*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application

56. Draft a model code for the enforcement of foreign judgments against U.S citizens where the underlying foreign law differs from that of the U.S.

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.  
*POINTS:* 1  
*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging

*STATE STANDARDS:* *KEYWORDS:*  
*TOPICS:*

Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

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International Law and the World's Legal System

Bloom's: Application

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## Chapter 2. International Law and the World's Legal Systems

57. Only a limited number of crimes/issues beget universal jurisdiction. Write a position paper advocating that another issue/crime should appropriately receive universal jurisdiction.

*ANSWER:* Answer not provided.

*POINTS:* 1

*DIFFICULTY:* Challenging

*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* IBLE.SADE.12.2 - Essay/Writing Assignments

*NATIONAL STANDARDS:* United States - BUSPROG - Reflective Thinking

*STATE STANDARDS:* United States - AICPA - AICPA - BB-Legal

*TOPICS:* International Law and the World's Legal System

*KEYWORDS:* Bloom's: Application