# Test Bank for Introduction to Derivatives and Risk Management 9th Edition Chance Brooks 1133190197 9781133190196

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## CHAPTER 2: Derivatives Markets.

- 1. Options are traded on which of the following exchanges?
  - a. NYSE Amex
  - b. NYSE Euronext (Arca)
  - c. Chicago Board Options Exchange
  - d. International Securities Exchange
  - e. all of the above
- 2. A call option priced at \$2 with a stock price of \$30 and an exercise price of \$35 allows the holder to buy the stock at
  - a. \$2
  - b. \$32
  - c. \$33
  - d. \$35
  - e. none of the above
- 3. A put option in which the stock price is \$60 and the exercise price is \$65 is said to be
  - a. in-the-money
  - b. out-of-the-money
  - c. at-the-money
  - d. exercisable
  - e. none of the above
- 4. Organized options markets are different from over-the-counter options markets for all of the following reasons except
  - a. exercise terms
  - b. physical trading floor
  - c. regulation
  - d. standardized contracts
  - e. credit risk
- 5. The number of options acquired when one contract is purchased on an exchange is

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a.1

6.

- b.5
- 100 c.
- d. 500
- 8,000 e.

The advantages of the over-the-counter options market include all of the following except

- customized contracts a.
- privately executed b.
- freedom from government regulation c.
- lower prices d.
- none of the above e.

- 7. Which one of the following is not a type of transaction cost in options trading?
  - a. the bid-ask spread
  - b. the commission
  - c. clearing fees
  - d. the cost of obtaining a quote
  - e. all of the above

8. If the market maker will buy at 4 and sell at 4.50, the bid-ask spread is

- a. 8.50
- b. 4.25
- c. 0.50
- d. 4.00
- e. none of the above
- 9. Which of the following is a legitimate type of option order on the exchange?
  - a. purchase order
  - b. limit order
  - c. execution order
  - d. floor order
  - e. all of the above
- 10. The exercise price can be set at any desired level on each of the following types of options *except* 
  - a. FLEX options
  - b. equity options
  - c. over-the-counter options
  - d. all of the above
  - e. none of the above
- *II.* An investor who owns a call option can close out the position by any of the following types of transactions *except* 
  - a. exercise
  - b. offset
  - c. expiring out-of-the-money
  - d. buying a put
  - e. none of the above
- 12. Which type of trader legitimately practices dual trading?
  - a. floor brokers
  - b. off-floor option traders
  - c. board brokers
  - d. designated primary market makers
  - e. none of the above
- 13. The option price is also referred to as the
  - a. strike
  - b. spread
  - c. premium
  - d. fee
  - e. none of the above

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- 14. Index options trading on organized exchanges expire according to which of the following cycles?
  - a. March, June, September, and December
  - b. each of the next four consecutive months
  - c. the current month, the next month, and the next two months in one of the other cycles
  - d. every other month for each of the next nine months
  - e. none of the above

15. An investor who exercises a call option on an index must

- a. accept the cash difference between the index and the exercise price
- b. purchase all of the stocks in the index in their appropriate proportions from the writer
- c. immediately buy a put option to offset the call option
- d. immediately write another call option to offset
- e. none of the above
- 16. Which of the following are long-term options?
  - a. Bond options
  - b. LEAPS
  - c. currency options
  - d. Nikkei put warrants
  - e. none of the above

17. The exchange with the largest share of the options market is the

- a. American Stock Exchange
- b. Boston Options Exchange
- c. Chicago Board Options Exchange
- d. Pacific Stock Exchange
- e. Philadelphia Stock Exchange
- 18. A writer selected to exercise an option is said to be
  - a. marginal
  - b. assigned
  - c. restricted
  - d. designated
  - e. none of the above
- 19. All of the following are forms of options *except* 
  - a. convertible bonds
  - b. callable bonds
  - c. warrants
  - d. mutual funds
  - e. none of the above

20. Which of the following index options is the most widely traded?

- a. S&P 500
- b. Nikkei 225
- c. Technology Index
- d. New York Stock Exchange Index
- e. none of the above

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- 21. In which city did organized option markets originate?
  - a. New York
  - b. Chicago
  - c. Philadelphia
  - d. San Francisco
  - e. none of the above

### 2. Who determines whether options on a company's stock will be listed?

- a. the clearing house
- b. Securities Exchange Commission
- c. the company
- d. the exchange
- e. none of the above
- 23. An order that specifies a maximum price to pay if buying is a
  - a. stop order
  - b. market order
  - c. limit order
  - d. all or none order
  - e. none of the above

24. What amount must a call writer pay if a cash–settled index call is exercised?

- a. difference between the index level and the exercise price
- b. exercise price
- c. difference between the exercise price and the index level
- d. index level
- e. none of the above
- 25. Option traders incur which of the following types of costs?
  - a. margin requirements
  - b. taxes
  - c. stock trading commissions
  - d. a and b
  - e. a, b and c
- 26. The total number of long option contracts outstanding at any given time is called the
  - a. market cap
  - b. sum options outstanding (SOO)
  - c. option wealth outstanding (OWO)
  - d. open interest
  - e. none of the above
- 27. "Wal-Mart calls" are an example of
  - a. an option series
  - b. an option class
  - c. an option grade
  - d. a and b
  - e. none of the above
- 28. This individual maintains and attempts to fill public option orders but does not disclose them to others.a. liquidity provider

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- b. board broker
- order book official c.
- registered option trader d.
- none of the above e.
- 29. What intermediary guarantees an option writer's performance?
  - credit worthiness rating company a.
  - b. brokerage
  - good-till-canceled order c.
  - clearinghouse d.
  - none of the above e.
- 30. Suppose you hold a call option. The stock price has recently been increasing-making your call option more valuable. Through what process might you take advantage of the liquid nature of the options market?
  - a. offsetting order
  - contract reconciliation b.
  - mark to market order c.
  - d. settling up
  - none of the above e.

# **CHAPTER 2: STRUCTURE OF OPTIONS MARKETS** TRUE/FALSE TEST QUESTIONS

Т	F	1.	The exercise price is also called the striking price.		
Т	F	2.	The Put and Call Brokers and Dealers Association created the first organized options exchange.		
Т	F	3.	An out-of-the-money call option has an exercise price less than the stockprice.		
Т	F	4.	A put option increases in value when the stock price decreases.		
Т	F	5.	All of the options on Microsoft comprise an option class.		
Т	F	6.	The AT&T October puts are an option series.		
Т	F	7.	Exercise prices are set in \$5 increments for options on exchanges.		
Т	F	8.	The over-the-counter options market is much larger than the exchange-listed options market.		
Т	F	9.	Exchange-listed options expire on the Saturday following the third Friday of the month.		
Т	F	10.	Position limits are restrictions on the number of transactions an investor can execute on a given day.		
Т	F	11.	Exercise limits are restrictions on the number of options that can be exercised by an investor in a given day or series of days.		
Т	F	12.	A market maker is an options trader who buys and sells options off of the exchange floor.		
Т	F	13.	The bid price is the price paid to buy an option from a market maker.		
Т	F	14.	Options traders who hold their positions for very short periods of time are called position traders.		
Т	F	15.	An order placed by an investor for the broker to buy an option at the best available price is called a market order.		
Т	F	16.	The number of option contracts outstanding at any given time is called the open interest.		
Т	F	17.	Most investors close their positions by exercising their options.		
Т	F	18.	Over-the-counter options are not subject to default.		
Т	F	19.	Indices measuring options market activity are simple to construct and widely quoted.		
Т	F	20.	The spread between the bid price and the ask price is a transaction cost to the option trader.		
T	F	21.	The options market is regulated by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation.		
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Т	F	22.	Index options have less volume than stock options.
Т	F23. Th	e Optior	as Clearing Corporation guarantees the obligations of traders on options exchanges.
Т	F	24.	Offsetting an over-the-counter option contract cancels both contracts.
Т	F	25.	The order book official executes limit order option trades for the general public.
Т	F	26.	CBOE option market makers are also called liquidity providers.
Т	F	27.	Over-the-counter options dealers do not have to be members of an options exchange.
Т	F	28.	A market maker always avoids the cost of the bid-ask spread.
Т	F	29.	The majority of options exchanges in the U.S. are fully automated.
Т	F	30.	Option commissions are set by the Chicago Board Options Exchange.
Т	F	31.	On the CBOE, option tables represent each option with a series of letters and number,
			such as, MSFT $12B17$ 20.0. The last number represents the calendar date, the 20 <sup>11</sup> of the month in this example.
Т	F	32.	Again, on the CBOE, option tables represent each option with a series of letters and number, such as, $MSFT\12B17\20.0$ . The middle letter represents the calendar month and whether it is a call or put.
Т	F	33.	An investor who is long an over-the-counter call option is exposed to the risk that the call writer will default on her obligations should the call option end up in-the-money.
Т	F	34.	Exercising a stock put option means the put seller must sell stock at the stated strike price.
Т	F	35.	A call option to buy euros expressed in $\ell \in \mathbb{R}$ is equivalent to a put option to sell dollars expressed in $\ell$ .

## Multiple Choice

F 1. 1. С 2. Т 2. b Т 3. 3. а F 4. 4. е Т 5. 5. е F 6. 6. С Т 7. 7. е Т 8. 8. а 9. 9. F b F 10. 10. d F 11. 11. С 12. Т d 12. F 13. 13. С Т 14. d 14. F 15. 15. b F 16. 16. b F 17. 17. С Т 18. 18. а Т 19. 19. а 20. d 20. F True/False