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Chapter 2 Traits, Motives, and Characteristics of Leaders

Student:

- 1. Characteristics associated with leadership can be classified into three broad categories, including:
 - A. Personality Traits, Cognitive Factors, & Heredity
 - B. Cognitive Factors, Heredity, & Motives
 - C. Cognitive Factors, Motives, & Heredity
 - D. Personality Traits, Motives, & Cognitive Factors
- 2. Which of the following best describes General Personality Traits?
 - A. General personality traits are related to task accomplishment.
 - B. General personality traits are related to success and satisfaction in both work and personal life.
 - C. General personality traits are related to social networking.
 - D. General personality traits are related to satisfaction only in personal lives.
- 3. Which leadership motive reflects the leader seeking power to further their own interests?
 - A. Tenacity motive
 - B. Power motive
 - C. Drive & achievement motive
 - D. Strong work ethic motive

4. Self-confidence is an important leadership characteristic_____.

- A. primarily among executives
- B. primarily among supervisors
- C. in almost every leadership setting
- D. for male leaders more than female leaders
- 5. A leader with an internal locus of control_____.
 - A. is often low in self-confidence
 - B. is often interpreted by group members as being weak
 - C. sees environmental factors as causing most events

D. takes responsibility for events happening

6. A hands-on, deeply engaged leader is most likely to be strong on which one of the following traits or characteristics?

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- A. Knowledge of the businessB. Emotional supportivenessC. Humility

- D. Sense of humor

- 7. Emotional intelligence tends to_____.
 - A. peak at an early career stage
 - B. be closely associated with technical skill
 - C. improve with experience
 - D. decrease substantially during middle age
- - A. emotional
 - B. expressive
 - C. entrepreneurial
 - D. executive
- 9. The leadership trait involving imaginative and original solutions to complex problems is known as_____.
 - A. cognitiveness
 - B. creativity
 - C. conscientiousness
 - D. cohesiveness
- 10. Which contributes more to leadership effectiveness, heredity or the environment?
 - A. Leaders are born, and therefore heredity is the appropriate answer.
 - B. Leaders are made and molded, and therefore environment is the appropriate answer.
 - C. Leaders are both born and made, and therefore both heredity and environment are the appropriate answer.
 - D. Leaders are neither born nor made, and therefore neither heredity or environment are the appropriate answer.

Chapter 2 Post-Quiz Key

- 1. Characteristics associated with leadership can be classified into three broad categories, including:
 - A. Personality Traits, Cognitive Factors, & Heredity
 - B. Cognitive Factors, Heredity, & Motives
 - C. Cognitive Factors, Motives, & Heredity
 - D. Personality Traits, Motives, & Cognitive Factors
- 2. Which of the following best describes General Personality Traits?
 - A. General personality traits are related to task accomplishment.
 - **<u>B.</u>** General personality traits are related to success and satisfaction in both work and personal life.
 - C. General personality traits are related to social networking.
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- 3. Which leadership motive reflects the leader seeking power to further their own interests?
 - A. Tenacity motive
 - \overline{C} . Drive & achievement motive
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- 4. Self-confidence is an important leadership characteristic_____.
 - A. primarily among executives
 - B. primarily among supervisors
 - **<u>C.</u>** in almost every leadership setting
 - D. for male leaders more than female leaders
- 5. A leader with an internal locus of control_____.
 - A. is often low in self-confidence
 - B. is often interpreted by group members as being weak
 - C. sees environmental factors as causing most events
 - **<u>D.</u>** takes responsibility for events happening
- 6. A hands-on, deeply engaged leader is most likely to be strong on which one of the following traits or characteristics?
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 - C. Humility
 - D. Sense of humor

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 - D. decrease substantially during middle age
- - A. emotional
 - B. expressive

D. executive

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 - **<u>B.</u>** creativity
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 - **<u>C.</u>** Leaders are both born and made, and therefore both heredity and environment are the appropriate answer.
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