# Solution Manual for Algebra A Combined Approach 5th Edition Martin Gay 032197753X 9780321977533

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# Solutions Manual for Algebra A Combined Approach 5th Edition by Elayn Martin-Gay

# Chapter 2

#### Section 2.1 Practice Exercises

1. x-5=8 x-5+5=8+5 x=13Check: x-5=8 13-5=8 8=8 True The solution is 13.

2. 
$$y+1.7=0.3$$
  
 $y+1.7-1.7=0.3-1.7$   
 $y=-1.4$   
Check:  $y+1.7=0.3$   
 $-1.4+1.7$  0.3

0.3 = 0.3 True The solution is -1.4.

3.  $\frac{7}{2} = y^{-\frac{1}{4}}$  $\frac{7}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = y^{-\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{1}{4}$  $\frac{7}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = y^{-\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{1}{4} = y$  $\frac{8}{24} + \frac{3}{24} = y$  $\frac{29}{29} = y$ 

4. 3x + 10 = 4x3x + 10 - 3x = 4x - 3x10 = xCheck: 3x + 10 = 4x3(10) + 10 = 4(10)30 + 10 = 40True The solution is 10. 5. 10w + 3 - 4w + 4 = -2w + 3 + 7w6w + 7 = 5w + 3-5w + 6w + 7 = -5w + 5w + 3w + 7 = 3w + 7 - 7 = 3 - 7w = -4

Check:

Check: 
$$\frac{24}{7} = y - \frac{1}{8}$$
  
 $\frac{7}{2} = \frac{29}{1} - \frac{1}{8}$   
 $\frac{7}{2} = \frac{29}{2} - \frac{8}{8}$   
 $\frac{7}{2} = \frac{29}{2} - \frac{8}{24}$   
 $\frac{7}{2} = \frac{21}{24}$   
 $\frac{7}{4} = \frac{7}{7}$  True  
 $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{29}{8}$ .

10w + 3-5w - 1 = -3-4w+4w - 16 = -3=-2w +w - 16 + 16 = -3 + 163 + 7ww = 1310(-4) + 3 - 4(-4) + 4\_ Check: 3(2w-5)-(5w+1) = -32(-4) + 3 + 7(-4) $3(2 \cdot 13 - 5) - (5 \cdot 13 + 1) - 3$ -40+3+16+48 3(26-5)-(65+1) -3 + 3 - 28 -3 3(21)-66 \_ 63-66 -3 1 -3 = -3 True 7 The solution is 13. 7. 12 - y = 9= 12 - y - 12 = 9 - 12-y = -31 y = 37 Check: 12 - y = 912-3 9 Т 9 = 9 True r The solution is 3. u 8. a. If the sum of two numbers is 11 and one e number is 4, find the other number by The solution is -4. subtracting 4 from 11. The other number is 6. 3(2w-5)-(5w+1)11 - 4, or 7. = -3 3(2w) - 3(5) - 1(5w) - 1(1)=-3 6 w 1 5

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- **b.** If the sum of two numbers is 11 and one number is *x*, find the other number by subtracting *x* from 11. The other number is 11 x.
- c. If the sum of two numbers is 56 and one number is *a*, find the other number by subtracting *a* from 56. The other number is 56 a.
- 9. Mike received 100,445 more votes than Zane, who received n votes. So, Mike received (n + 100,445) votes.

#### Vocabulary, Readiness & Video Check 2.1

- 1. A combination of operations on variables and numbers is called an <u>expression</u>.
- 2. A statement of the form "expression = expression" is called an <u>equation</u>.
- 3. An <u>equation</u> contains an equal sign (=).
- 4. An <u>expression</u> does not contain an equal sign (=).
- 5. An <u>expression</u> may be simplified and evaluated while an <u>equation</u> may be solved.
- **6.** A <u>solution</u> of an equation is a number that when substituted for a variable makes the equation a true statement.
- 7. <u>Equivalent</u> equations have the same solution.
- **8.** By the <u>addition</u> property of equality, the same number may be added to or subtracted from both sides of an equation without changing the solution of the equation.
- **9.** *x***+**4**=**6

x=2

- **10.** x+7=17x=10
- **11.** n+18=30n=12
- **12.** z + 22 = 40z = 18

**15.** The addition property of equality means that if we have an equation, we can add the same real number to <u>both sides</u> of an equation and have an equivalent equation.

**16.** 
$$15x - 14 = 14x - 1$$

**17.**  $\frac{1}{\frac{x}{7}}$ 

# **Exercise Set 2.1**

- 2. x+14=25 x+14-14=25-14 x=11Check: x+14=25 11+14=25 25=25 True The solution is 11.
- 4. y-9=1 y-9+9=1+9 y=10Check: y-9=1 10-9 1 1=1 True The solution is 10.
- 6. -8 = 8 + z -8 - 8 = -8 + 8 + z -16 = zCheck: -8 = 8 + z -8 = 8 + (-16) -8 = -8 True The solution is -16.
- 8. t-9.2 = -6.8 9.2 + t - 9.2 = 9.2 - 6.8 t = 2.4Check: t-9.2 = -6.8 2.4 - 9.2 - 6.8 -6.8 = -6.8 True The solution is 2.4.

10. 
$$y^{-\frac{4}{2}} = -\frac{3}{4}$$
  
16.  $\frac{13}{7}$ ,  
 $y^{-\frac{4}{2}} + \frac{7}{14} - \frac{3}{14} + \frac{7}{47} - 7$   
 $y^{-\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{3}{14} + \frac{7}{47} - 7$   
 $y^{-\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{3}{14} + \frac{3}{14}$   
 $y^{-\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4}{7} - \frac{3}{14}$   
 $\frac{5}{14} - \frac{4}{7} - \frac{3}{14} - \frac$ 

$$\frac{13}{y} - \frac{2}{y} = -3$$

$$11 \qquad \frac{11}{11} y = -3$$

$$y = -3$$

$$\frac{13}{y} - \frac{2}{y} = -3$$
Check:
$$\frac{13}{11} (-3) - \frac{2}{(-3)} - 3$$

$$-\frac{39}{11} + \frac{6}{-3}$$

$$-\frac{39}{-3} + \frac{6}{-3}$$

$$11 - \frac{11}{-3} = -3$$
The solution is -3.

18. 
$$4x-4 = 10x-7x$$
$$4x-4 = 3x$$
$$4x-4 = 3x$$
$$4x-4-4x = 3x-4x$$
$$-4 = -x$$
$$4 = x$$
Check: 
$$4x-4 = 10x-7x$$
$$4(4)-4 = 10(4)-7(4)$$
$$16-4 \quad 40 - 28$$
$$12 = 12 \text{ True}$$
The solution is 4.  
20. 
$$-4(z-3) = 2-3z$$
$$-4z+12 = 2-3z$$
$$-4z+12 + 3z = 2-3z + 3z$$
$$-z+12 = 2$$
$$-z+12 - 12 = 2-12$$
$$-z = -10$$
$$z = 10$$
Check: 
$$-4(z-3) = 2-3z$$
$$-4(10-3) \quad 2-3(10)$$
$$-4(7) \quad 2-30$$
$$-28 = -28 \text{ True}$$
The solution is 10.  
22. 
$$\frac{1}{5}x-1 = -\frac{4}{5}x-\frac{4}{5}x-13$$
$$\frac{4}{5}x+\frac{1}{5}x-1 = -\frac{4}{5}x-\frac{4}{5}x-13$$
$$\frac{5}{5}x-1 = -13$$

x-1+1 = -13 + 1x = -12

x - 1 = -13

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Check: 
$$\frac{1}{5}x_{-1} = -\frac{4}{5}x_{-1}^{-3}$$
  
 $\frac{1}{5}(-12)-1 - \frac{4}{5}(-12)-13$   
 $5 - \frac{12}{5} - \frac{48}{5} - \frac{65}{5}$   
 $-\frac{12}{5} - \frac{48}{5} - \frac{65}{5}$   
 $-\frac{5}{5} - \frac{5}{5} - \frac{12}{5} - \frac{5}{7} - \frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5}x$   
 $\frac{2}{5}x_{-1} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{5}x_{-1}^{-3} + \frac{3}{5}x_{-1}^{-3}$   
The solution is -12.  
24.  $2x + 7 = x - 10$   
 $x + 7 = -10$   
 $x + 7 = -10$   
 $x + 7 = -10 - 7$   
 $x = -17$   
Check:  $2x + 7 = x - 10$   
 $2(-17) + 7 - 17 - 10$   
 $2(-17) + 7 - 17 - 10$   
 $2(-17) + 7 - 17 - 10$   
 $2(-17) + 7 - 17 - 10$   
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 $2(-17) + 7 - 17 - 10$   
 $2(-17) + 7 - 17 - 10$   
 $2(-17) + 7 - 17 - 10$   
 $2(-17) + 7 - 27 - 12$   
The solution is -17.  
 $27 = -27$  True  
 $7 - 27 = -27$  True  
 $p - 11 = -18$   
 $p - 11 = -18$   
 $p - 11 + 11 = -18 + 11$   
 $-21 = -21$  True  
The solution is  $-7$ .  
 $28. -2(x - 1) = -3x$   
 $-2x + 23 = -3x$   
 $2x - 2x + 2 = -3x$   
 $-2x + 2 = -3x$   
 $2x - 2x - 2x$   
 $2x - 2x - 3x$   
 $2x - 2(-1) = -3x$   
 $2x - 2(-2) - 1 - 3(-2)$   
 $-2(-2) - 1 - 3(-2)$   
 $-2(-2) - 1 - 3(-2)$   
 $-2(-3) - 6$   
 $5 - 5$   
 $(2-2x + 3) + 21 = -2y + 2y - 5$   
 $3(-26 + 7) - 2(-26) - 5$   
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 $3(-26 + 7)$ 

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The solution is -2.

**34.** 
$$5(3+z)-(8z+9)=-4z$$
  
 $15+5z-8z-9=-4z$   
 $-3z+6=-4z$   
 $3z-3z+6=3z-4z$   
 $6=-z$   
 $-6=z$ 

Check: 5(3+z) - (8z+9) = -4z 5(3+(-6)) - (8(-6)+9) - 4(-6) 5(-3) - (-48+9) 24 -15 - (-39) 24 -15+39 24 24 = 24 True The solution is -6.

36. -5(x+1)+4(2x-3)=2(x+2)-8-5x - 5 + 8x - 12 = 2x + 4 - 83x - 17 = 2x - 43x-17-2x=2x-4-2xx-17 = -4x - 17 + 17 = -4 + 17x = 13Check: -5(x+1)+4(2x-3)=2(x+2)-8 $-5(13+1)+4(2 \cdot 13-3)$ 2(13+2)-8-5(14)+4(26-3)2(15) - 8-70+4(23)30-8 -70+9222 22 = 22 True The solution is 13.

**38.** 18x-9=19x18x-9-18x = 19x-18x-9 = x

**40.** 9x + 5.5 = 10x9x + 5.5 - 9x = 10x - 9x5.5 = x

42. 
$$7y+2=6y+2$$
  
 $7y+2-6y=6y+2-6y$   
 $y+2=2$   
 $y+2-2=2-2$   
 $y=0$ 

**44.** 15x+20-10x-9=25x+8-21x-7 5x+11=4x+1 -4x+5x+11=-4x+4x+1 x+11=1 x+11-11=1-11x=-10

**46.** 6(5+c)=5(c-4)30+6c=5c-20

$$30+6c-5c=5c-20-5c$$
  
 $30+c=-20$ 

48. 
$$m+2=7.1$$
  
 $m+2-2=7.1-2$   
 $m=5.1$   
50.  $15-(6-7k)=2+6k$   
 $15-6+7k=2+6k$   
 $9+7k-6k=2+6k-6k$   
 $9+k=2$   
 $-9+9+k=-9+2$   
 $k=-7$   
52.  $\frac{1}{11}=y+\frac{10}{11}$   
 $11$   $\frac{1}{11}=y+\frac{10}{10}$   
 $11$   $\frac{1}{11}=y+\frac{10}{11}$   
 $11$   $\frac{1}{11}=y+\frac{10}{11}$   
 $54.$   $-1.4-7x-3.6-2x=-8x+4.4$   
 $8x-9x-5=8x-8x+4.4$   
 $8x-9x-5=8x-8x+4.4$   
 $-x-5=4.4$   
 $-x-5=4.4$   
 $-x=-9.4$   
 $x=-9.4$ 

- **56.** If the sum of the two numbers is 13 and one number is y, then the other number is 13 y.
- 58. If the sum of the lengths of the two pieces is 5 feet and one piece is x feet, then the other piece has a length of (5 x) feet.
- **60.** If the sum of the measures of two angles is 90° and one angle measures  $x^\circ$ , then the other angle measures  $(90 x)^\circ$ .
- **62.** If the length of I-80 is *m* miles and the length of I-90 is 121 miles longer than I-80, the length of I-90 is (m + 121) miles.
- **64.** If the weight of the Armanty meteorite is *y* kilograms and the weight of the Hoba West meteorite is 3 times the weight of the Armanty meteorite, then the weight of the Hoba West meteorite is 3*y* kilograms.

**66.** The multiplicative inverse of  $\frac{7}{6}$  is  $\frac{6}{7}$ , since

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68. The multiplicative inverse of 5 is 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, since  
5.  $\frac{1}{5} = 1$ .  
70. The multiplicative inverse of  $-\frac{3}{5}$  is  $-\frac{5}{3}$  since  
 $-\frac{3}{2}$ .  $\left(\frac{-5}{2}\right) = 1$ .  
 $5 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} + 1\right)$   
72.  $\frac{-2x}{5} = \frac{2 \cdot x}{5} = \frac{x}{2} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{y}{2$ 

#### Section 2.2 Practice Exercises

54

<u>65</u> 5

13.52 = 2.6

13

13 = 13 True

2.6x = 13.52

2.6(5.2) 13.52

1. 
$$3 = 13$$
  
 $7 = 7$   
 $7 = 7$   
 $7 = 7$   
 $7 = 7$   
 $13 = 13$  The solution is 65.  
13 = 13 The solution is 65.  
5.  $2.6x = 13.52$   
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6. 
$$\frac{5}{-8} y^{3} = \frac{3}{5}$$
  
 $\frac{-6}{-8} y^{2} = \frac{5}{5}$   $\frac{-3}{5}$   
 $y = \frac{18}{25}$   
Check:  $10x - 4 = 7x + 14$   
 $10(6) - 4 = 7x(6) + 14$   
 $60 - 4 = 42 + 14$   
 $10(6) - 4 = 7x(6) + 14$   
 $60 - 4 = 42 + 14$   
 $10(6) - 4 = 7x(6) + 14$   
 $12x = 11$   
 $12x = 12$   
 $1x = 13$   
 $3x = 3$  True  
The solution is 19.  
 $3x - 4 = 14$   
 $3x - 4 + 4 = 14 + 4$   
 $3x - 4 + 4 = 14 + 4$   
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 $3x - 4 + 4 = 14$ 

#### 

- 11. a. If x is the first integer, then x + 1 is the second integer. Their sum is x + (x + 1) = x + x + 1 = 2x + 1.
  - **b.** If x is the first odd integer, then x + 2 is the second consecutive odd integer. Their sum is x + (x + 2) = x + x + 2 = 2x + 2.

## Vocabulary, Readiness & Video Check 2.2

- 1. By the <u>multiplication</u> property of equality, both sides of an equation may be multiplied or divided by the same nonzero number without changing the solution of the equation.
- 2. By the <u>addition</u> property of equality, the same number may be added to or subtracted from both sides of an equation without changing the solution of the equation.
- 3. An equation may be solved while an expression may be simplified and evaluated.
- 4. An <u>equation</u> contains an equal sign (=) while an <u>expression</u> does not.
- 5. Equivalent equations have the same solution.

**6.** -y = 8

6. A <u>solution</u> of an equation is a number that when substituted for a variable makes the equation a true statement.

**7.** 
$$3a = 27$$
  
 $a = 9$ 

**8.** 9c = 54c = 6

**9.** 5*b* = 10

b=2

**10.** 
$$7t = 14$$
  
 $t = 2$   
**11.**  $6x = -30$   
 $x = -5$ 

**12.** 
$$8r = -64$$
  
 $r = -8$ 

- **13.** We can multiply both sides of an equation by the <u>same</u> nonzero number and have an equivalent equation.
- **14.** addition property; multiplication property; answers may vary
- **15.** (x + 1) + (x + 3) = 2x + 4

#### Exercise Set 2.2

**2.** -7x = -49-7x = -49

$$\begin{array}{r}
-7 & -7 \\
x = 7 \\
\text{Check:} & -7x = -49 \\
-7(7) & -49 \\
-49 = -49 \text{ True} \\
\text{The solution is 7.}
\end{array}$$

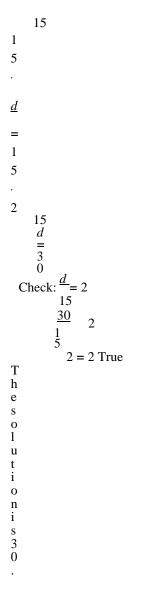
4. 2x = 0 $\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{0}{2}$ x = 0Check: 2x = 0

 $\frac{-y}{y} = \frac{8}{-1}$   $-1 \quad -1$  y = -8Check: -y = 8  $-(-8) \quad 8$  8 = 8 TrueThe solution is -8. **8.**  $\frac{3}{n} = -15$   $\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{3} \cdot (-15)$   $3 \quad 4 \quad 3$  n = -20Check:  $\frac{3}{3}n = -15$  -15 = -15 TrueThe solution is -20.

10.  $\frac{\frac{1}{8}v = \frac{1}{4}}{8 \cdot \frac{1}{8}v = 8 \cdot \frac{1}{4}}$ v = 2Check:  $\frac{1}{8}v = \frac{1}{4}$  $\frac{\frac{1}{8} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{8} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4}}$ True

The solution is 2.

**12.** 
$$\frac{d}{d} = 2$$
  
 $2(0) \quad 0$   
 $0 = 0$  True  
The solution is 0.



14. 
$$\int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{$$

 $\frac{\frac{8t}{8} = \frac{0}{8}}{t = 0}$ 

-50 = xCheck: 19 = 0.4x - 0.9x - 6 $19 \quad 0.4(-50) - 0.9(-50) - 6$  $19 \quad -20 + 45 - 6$ 19 = 19 True The solution is -50.

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**30.** 
$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14+14=-8+14$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14+14=-8+14$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14+14=-8+14$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14+14=-8+14$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14+14=-8+14$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-13=9-13$$
  

$$2x=-4$$
  

$$2x=-4$$
  

$$2x=-4$$
  

$$2x=-4$$
  

$$2x=-2$$
  
**3.** 
$$\frac{3}{5}x=\frac{3}{10}$$
  
**3.** 
$$x=-2$$
  
**3.** 
$$\frac{3}{5}x-\frac{3}{10}$$
  
**3.** 
$$x=-2$$
  
**3.** 
$$\frac{3}{5}x-\frac{3}{10}$$
  
**3.** 
$$\frac{2}{5}x-\frac{1}{4}=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-14=-8$$
  

$$\frac{3}{5}x-2-12+6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-7$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-2=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-4=-10$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-4=-10+2x$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-4=-10+2x$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-4=-10$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-4=-6$$
  

$$\frac{3}{8}x-4=-10$$
  

$$\frac{3}$$

44. 
$$\frac{1}{3}(3x-1) = -\frac{1}{10} \frac{2}{10\ 10}$$
  
 $x - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{3}{10}$   
 $x - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{3}{10} \frac{1}{30}$   
 $x = -\frac{9}{30} \frac{10}{30}$   
 $x = \frac{1}{30}$   
46.  $-\frac{14}{9} - 1.8 = -24 y + 3.9$   
 $-14y - 1.8 = -24 y + 3.9$   
 $-14y - 1.8 = -10 y + 3.9$   
 $-1.8 = -3.9 = -10 y + 3.9$   
 $-5.7 = -10 y$   
 $-6x + 15 = -15 - 15$   
 $-6x + 15 = -15 - 15$   
 $-6x = -30$   
 $\frac{-6x}{-6x} = \frac{-30}{-6x} = \frac{-30}{-6x}$ 

56. 
$$-2 + 2 - 0.4p^{p} = {}^{2}2 + 2$$
  
 $\begin{array}{c} -0.4p = 0 \\ \underline{-0.4p} = 0 \\ -0.4 - 0.4 \\ p = 0 \end{array}$ 
58.  $20x - 20 = 16x - 40$   
 $20x - 20 + 20 = 16x - 40 + 20$   
 $20x - 16x = 16x - 20 - 16x$   
 $4x = -20$   
 $4x = -20$   
 $4x = -20$   
 $4x = -20$   
 $4x = -3$   
60.  $7(2x+1) = 18x - 19x$   
 $14x + 7 = -x$   
 $-14x + 14x + 7 = -14x - x$   
 $7 = -15x$   
 $-7 = -5 \cdot (-5)$   
 $4 - \frac{5}{5} \int 4$   
 $25$   
 $r = -\frac{4}{4}$   
64.  $-\frac{10}{3}x = 30$   
 $-\frac{3}{10} \left( -\frac{3}{3} \right) = -\frac{3}{10} \cdot 30$   
 $x = -9$   
66.  $-3n - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{1}$   
 $\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{1} = \frac{3}{1}$ 

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10 y = -20	$-3n - + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{8}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$
$\frac{10 y}{10} = \frac{-20}{10}$	$3 \ 3 \ \frac{3}{9} \ \frac{3}{9} \ 3$ -3n = 9
<i>y</i> = -2	$ \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ -3n = 3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ n = -1 \end{array}^{3} = \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ -3 \\ n = -1 \end{array} $

68. 
$$12 = 3j - 4$$
  
 $12 + 4 = 3j - 4 + 4$   
 $16 = 3j$   
 $\frac{16}{3} = \frac{3j}{3}$   
 $\frac{16}{3} = j$   
70.  $12x + 30 + 8x - 6 = 10$   
 $20x + 24 = 10 - 24$   
 $20x + 24 = 10 - 24$   
 $20x + 24 - 24 = 10 - 24$   
 $20x = -14$   
 $\frac{20x}{20} = \frac{-14}{20}$   
 $x = -\frac{7}{10}$   
72.  $t - 6t = -13 + t - 3t$   
 $-5t = -13 - 2t$   
 $-5t + 2t = -13 - 2t + 2t$   
 $-3t = -13$   
 $\frac{-3}{10} = \frac{-13}{21}$   
 $-3 = \frac{-3}{13}$   
74.  $x + \frac{3}{2} = -x + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{7} - 3$   
 $x + \frac{3}{2} = -x + \frac{19}{21} \frac{7}{21}$   
 $x + \frac{3}{2} = -x + \frac{19}{21} \frac{7}{21}$   
 $x + \frac{3}{2} = -x + \frac{19}{21} \frac{7}{21}$   
 $x = -x + \frac{10}{21}$   
 $x = -x + \frac{10}{21}$   
 $x + x = -x + \frac{10}{21} + x$   
 $2x = \frac{10}{21} = \frac{10}{21}$ 

76. 
$$-19 + 74 = -5(x + 3)$$
  
 $55 = -5x - 15$   
 $55 + 15 = -5x - 15 + 15$   
 $70 = -5x$   
 $\frac{70}{-5} = \frac{-5x}{-5}$   
 $-14 = x$ 

- **78.** If *x* represents the first of three consecutive even integers, then x + 2 and x + 4 represent the second and third even integers, respectively. Thus, the sum is represented by x + x + 2 + x + 4 = 3x + 6.
- **80.** If *x* represents the first integer, then x + 1 represents the second consecutive integer. The sum of 20 and the second integer is represented by 20 + x + 1 = x + 21.
- 82. If x represents the first odd integer, then x + 2represents the next consecutive odd integer. The sum of the lengths is x + x + 2 + x + x + 2 = 4x + 4.

**84.** 
$$-7y + 2y - 3(y+1) = -7y + 2y - 3 \cdot y - 3 \cdot 1$$
  
=  $-7y + 2y - 3y - 3$ 

$$= -8y - 3$$

**86.** 
$$-(3a-3)+2a-6=-3a+3+2a-6$$
  
 $=-3a+2a+3-6$   
 $=-a-3$ 

**88.** 
$$8(z-6) + 7z - 1 = 8z - 48 + 7z - 1$$
  
=  $8z + 7z - 48 - 1$   
=  $15z - 49$ 

**90.** If the solution is 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, then replacing x by  $\frac{1}{2}$  results in a true statement.

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \underline{1} \\ 2 \\ \underline{1} \\ 2 \\ \underline{2} \\ 2 \\ \underline{2} \\$$

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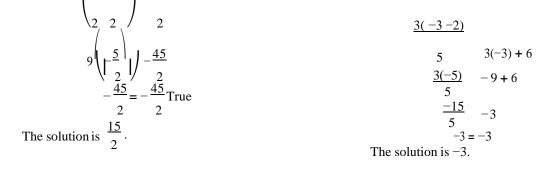
67

The missing number is 20.

- 92. answers mayvary
- 94. answers mayvary

96. 
$$0.06y+2.63=2.5562$$
  
 $0.06y+2.63=2.5562-2.63$   
 $0.06y=-0.0738$   
 $0.06y=-0.0738$   
 $0.06y=-0.0738$   
 $0.06y=-0.0738$   
 $0.06y=-1.23$   
Section 2.3 Practice Exercises  
1.  $5(3x-1)+2=12x+6$   
 $15x-3+12x+16$   
 $15x-3+12x+16$   
 $15x-3+12x+16$   
 $15x-3+12x+16$   
 $15x-3+12x+6$   
 $3x=9$   
 $\frac{3x}{3}=9$   
 $3x=9$   
 $\frac{3x}{3}=9$   
 $\frac{3x}{3}=9$   
Check:  $5(3x-1)+2=12x+6$   
 $5(9-1)+2=36+6$   
 $5(3)-1]+2=12x+6$   
 $5(9-1)+2=36+6$   
 $5(8)+2=42$   
 $42=42$  True  
The solution is 3.  
2.  $9(5-x)=-3x$   
 $45-9x+9x=-3x+9x$   
 $45-9x+9x=-3x+9x$   
 $45-9x+9x=-3x+9x$   
 $45-9x+9x=-3x+9x$   
 $45-9x+9x=-3x+9x$   
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 $45-9x=-3x+9x$   
 $45-9x=-3x+9x$   
 $45-9x=-3x$   
 $45-9x+30$   
 $3x-6-3x=15x+30-3x$   
 $-6-30=12x+30-30$   
 $-36=12x+30-30$   
 $-36=12x+3$ 

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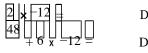
5. 
$$0.06x-0.10(x-2) = -0.16$$
  
 $100[0.06x-0.10(x-2)] = 100[-0.16]$   
 $6x-10(x-2) = -16$   
 $6x-10x+20 = -16$   
 $-4x+20 = -16$   
 $-4x+20 = -16 - 20$   
 $-4x = -36$   
 $\frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{-36}{-4}$   
 $x = 9$   
To check, replace x with 9 in the original equation. The solution is 9.

6. 5(2-x)+8x=3(x-6) 10-5x+8x=3x-18 10+3x=3x-18-3x 10 + 3x - 3x = 3x - 18 - 3x 10 = -18Since the statement 10 = -18 is false, the equation has no solution.

7. 
$$-6(2x+1) - 14 = -10(x+2) - 2x$$
  
 $-12x - 6 - 14 = -10x - 20 - 2x$   
 $-12x - 20 = -12x - 20$   
 $12x - 12x - 20 = 12x - 12x - 20$   
 $-20 = -20$   
Since  $-20 = -20$  is a true statement, every real number is a solution.

#### **Calculator Explorations**

**1.** 2x = 48 + 6x

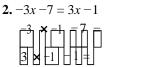


Display: -24Display: -24

Display: -4

Display: -4

Since the left side equals the right side, x = -12 is a solution.



Since the left side equals the right side, x = -1 is a solution.

3. 5x - 2.6 = 2(x + 0.8) 5x - 4.4 - 2.6 2(4.4 + 0.8) =Since the left side does not equal the right side,

Since the left side does not equal the right side x = 4.4 is not a solution.

**4.** -1.6x - 3.9 = -6.9x - 25.6  $-1.6 \times 5 - 3.9$   $-6.9 \times 5 - 25.6$ Display: -11.9Display: -60.1

Since the left side does not equal the right side, x = 5 is not a solution.

5.  $\frac{564x}{2} = 200x - 11(649)$ 

 $(564 \times 121) \div 4 = Display: 17061$   $200 \times 121 - 11 \times 649 = Display: 17061$ Since the left side equals the right side, x = 121is a solution.

6. 20(x - 39) = 5x - 43220 23.2 - 39 ) Display: -316 5 x 23.2 - 432 Display: -316 Since the left side equals the right side, x = 23.2is a solution.

#### Vocabulary, Readiness & Video Check 2.3

- 1. x = -7 is an <u>equation</u>.
- **2.** x 7 is an <u>expression</u>.
- 3. 4y-6+9y+1 is an <u>expression</u>.
- **4.** 4y 6 = 9y + 1 is an<u>equation</u>.
- 5.  $\frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{x-1}{x-1}$  is an <u>expression</u>.
  - *x* 8

$$1 x - 1$$

- 6. \_ \_ \_ = 6 is an equation. x = 8
- **7.** 0.1x + 9 = 0.2x is an <u>equation</u>.
- **8.**  $0.1x^2 + 9y 0.2x^2$  is an <u>expression</u>.
- **9.** 3; distributive property, addition property of equality, multiplication property of equality
- **10.** Since both sides have more than one term, you need to apply the distributive property to make sure you multiply every single term in the equation by the LCD.
- **11.** The number of decimal places in each number helps you determine what power of 10 you can multiply through by so you are no longer dealing with decimals

**12. a.** If you have a true statement, then the equation has <u>all real numbers as a solution</u>.

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**b.** If you have a false statement, then the equation has <u>no</u> solutions.

#### Exercise Set 2.3

2. 
$$-3x + 1 = -2(4x + 2)$$
$$-3x + 1 = -8x - 4$$
$$-3x + 1 + 8x = -8x - 4 + 8x 5x$$
$$+1 = -4$$
$$5x + 1 - 1 = -4 - 1$$
$$5x = -5$$
$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{-5}{5}$$
$$x = -1$$
4. 
$$15x - 5 = 7 + 12x$$
$$15x - 5 = 7 + 12x - 12x$$
$$3x - 5 = 7$$
$$3x - 5 + 5 = 7 + 5$$
$$3x = 12$$
$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{12}{3}$$

6. 
$$-(5x-10) = 5x$$
$$-5x+10 = 5x$$
$$5x-5x+10 = 5x+5x$$
$$10 = 10x$$
$$\frac{10}{10} = \frac{10x}{10}$$
$$1 = x$$

x=4

8. 3(2-5x) + 4(6x) = 126-15x + 24x = 12

$$6 + 9x = 12$$
  

$$6 + 9x - 6 = 12 - 6$$
  

$$9x = 6$$
  

$$9x = 6$$
  

$$9x = 6$$
  

$$9x = 6$$
  

$$y = 6$$
  

$$y = 2$$
  

$$x = 2$$
  

$$3$$

**10.** 
$$-4(n-4)-23 = -7$$
  
 $-4n+16-23 = -7$   
 $-4n-7 = -7$   
 $-4n-7 + 7 = -7 + 7$   
 $-4n = 0$   
 $\frac{-4n}{-4} = \frac{0}{-4}$ 

**12.** 5-6(2+b)=b-145-12-6b=b-14-7 - 6b = b - 14-7 - 6b + 6b = b - 14 + 6b-7 = 7b - 14-7 + 14 = 7b - 14 + 147 = 7b $\frac{7}{7} = \frac{7b}{7}$ 1 = b14. 6y - 8 = -6 + 3y + 136y - 8 = 7 + 3y6y - 8 - 3y = 7 + 3y - 3y3y - 8 = 73y - 8 + 8 = 7 + 83y = 153y = 15 $3^{-3}$ y = 5-7n + 5 = 8n - 1016. -7n+5+7n=8n-10+7n5 = 15n - 105 + 10 = 15n - 10 + 1015=15*n* <u>15\_15n</u> 15 15 1 = n16 18. | 5 | ≠ 5 . ।− 5 <u>8</u> |5 <u>16</u> 5 5 <sup>|</sup>, 5 4x - 8 = -164x - 8 + 8 = -16 + 84x = -8 $\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-8}{4}$ x = -2

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Chapter 2: Equason Some of the second problem Solving Chapter 2: Equason So

n = 0

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