Test Bank for Adventure in Statistics 1st Edition Field 1446210456 9781446210451

Full link download

Test Bank: <u>https://testbankpack.com/p/test-bank-for-adventure-in-statistics-1st-</u> edition-field-1446210456-9781446210451/

Chapter 2

- 1. When the results of an experiment can be applied to real-world conditions, that experiment is said to have:
- a) Criterion validity
- b) Ecological validity
- c) Content validity
- d) Factorial validity

The correct answer is b) Ecological validity

Feedback: For a research study to possess ecological validity, the methods, materials and setting of the study must approximate the real-life situation that is under investigation

- 2. A variable manipulated by a researcher is known as:
- a) An independent variable
- b) A dependent variable
- c) A confounding variable
- d) A discrete variable

The correct answer is a) An independent variable

Feedback: An independent variable (or predictor variable) is a variable that is thought to be the cause of some effect. This term is usually used in experimental research to denote a variable that the experimenter has manipulated.

- 3. A frequency distribution in which low scores are most frequent (i.e. bars on the graph are highest on the **left** hand side) is said to be:
- a) Leptokurtic
- b) Platykurtic
- c) Positively skewed
- d) Negatively skewed

The correct answer is c) Positively skewed

Feedback: In a positively skewed distribution the frequent scores are clustered at the lower end and the tail points towards the higher or more positive scores.

- 4. A frequency distribution in which high scores are most frequent (i.e. bars on the graph are highest on the **right** hand side) is said to be:
- a) Negatively skewed
- b) Positively skewed
- c) Leptokurtic
- d) Platykurtic

The correct answer is a) Negatively skewed

Feedback: In a negatively skewed distribution the frequent scores are clustered at the higher end and the tail points towards the lower or more negative scores.

- 5. Under a null hypothesis, a sample value yields a *p*-value of .015. Which of the following statements is true?
- a) This finding is statistically significant at the .01 level of significance.
- b) This finding is statistically significant at the .05 level of significance.
- c) This finding is statistically significant at the .001 level of significance.
- d) This finding is not statistically significant.

The correct answer is b) This finding is statistically significant at the .05 level of significance.