Name:
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Word Module 02: Navigating and Formatting a Document

## Test Bank for New Perspectives Microsoft Office 365 and Word 2016 Intermediate 1st Edition Shaffer Pinard 130588096X 9781305880962

**Full Link Download: Test Bank:** 

https://testbankpack.com/p/test-bank-for-new-perspectives-microsoft-office-365-and-word-2016-intermediate-1st-edition-shaffer-pinard-130588096x-9781305880962/

## **Solution Manual:**

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- 1. The search term entered in the Navigation pane appears in bold wherever it appears in the document.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Using the Navigation Pane

- 2. A numbered list is a group of related paragraphs with a black circle or other character to the left of each paragraph.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Working with Themes

- 3. One of the most useful features of a word-processing program is the ability to move text easily.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document

- 4. The Clipboard can store up to 36 text items.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document

5. You can copy selected text by pressing Ctrl + C.

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Word Module b. False	02: Navigating and Formatting a Do	ocument	
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document		

- 6. You can search for formatting in the same way that you can search for text.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Finding and Replacing Text

7. Heading 1 is the highest level used for the major headings in a document and applies the most noticeable formatting.

a. True

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Word Module	e 02: Navigating and Formatting a Document
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Working with Styles
a. True	le is a set of rules that describe the preferred format and style for a certain type of writing.
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Reviewing the MLA Style
a. True	lent indents all lines from the left margin except the first line of the paragraph.
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Indenting a Paragraph
	s page number fields above the top margin, in the blank area known as the header or below the bottom rea known as the footer.
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Inserting and Modifying Page Numbers
11. A group of r list.	elated paragraphs that have a particular order can use numbers instead of bullets to create a(n) <u>numbered</u>
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Creating Bulleted and Numbered Lists
12. To <u>move</u> me	ans to copy a selected item to the Clipboard, leaving the item in its original location.
ANSWER:	False - copy
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document
13. To paste onl Formatting butto	
ANSWER:	False - Keep Text Only
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document

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Word Module	e 02: Navigating and Formatting a Document	
	evel formatting sets up formatting for only a few characters or words	, such as emphasizing a phrase by
	matting.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Working with Styles	
15. Word inserts	s page number fields below the bottom margin, in the area known as	the <u>footer</u> , or above the top margin.
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Inserting and Modifying Page Numbers	
16. A(n) <u>citation</u> research paper.	<u>n</u> is an alphabetical list of all books, magazines, websites, movies, ar	nd other works that you refer to in your
ANSWER:	False - bibliography	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Citations and a Bibliography	
17. The items list ANSWER:	sted in a bibliography are known as <u>resources</u> .  False - sources	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Citations and a Bibliography	
18. Although the	e citation looks like ordinary text, it is actually contained inside a(n)	content control.
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Citations and a Bibliography	
19. To insert a r	nanual page break, use the Page Break button in the Page Layout gro	oup on the INSERT tab.
ANSWER:	False - Pages	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Citations and a Bibliography	
20. To hide the	shaded space between pages,	
a. right-clic	ck the shaded space and select Hide	
b. double-c	lick the shaded space	
c. single-cli	ick the shaded space	
d. press the	Page Up key	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Reviewing the Document	
21. The shaded	space between the first and second pages of a document indicates a	break.

Name:	Class: Dat	e:_
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a. line	b. paragraph	
c. page	d. document	
ANSWER:		
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Reviewing the Document	
22. To create a	numbered list, you use the Numbering button in the group.	
a. Paragrap	h b. Font	
c. Clipboar	d d. Styles	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Bulleted and Numbered Lists	
	quare bullets, click the to access the full gallery of bullet styles.	
	utton arrow b. Bullets key menu	
	tab d. Options box	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Bulleted and Numbered Lists	
	button is located in the group.	
•	b. Font	
	h d. Format	
ANSWER:	c .	
POINTS:	_	
REFERENCES:	Creating Bulleted and Numbered Lists	
	ring button is a button, which means you can click it to turn numbering on or off.	
a. hidden	b. toggle	
c. live	d. show	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Bulleted and Numbered Lists	
	e following is NOT a way to move text in Word?	
a. drag and		
c. copy and		
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:		
KEFEKENCES:	Moving Text in a Document	
	position the pointer over the selected text, it changes to a	
a. cross-hai		
c. lett-tacin	g arrow d. cross bar	

Word Module 02: Navigating and Formatting a Document  ANSWER: c POINTS: 1 REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document  28. When Word copies text to another location, the item remains in its location. a. moved b. original c. copied d. second  ANSWER: b POINTS: 1 REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document  29. The Office is a temporary storage area on your computer that holds objects such as text or graphics until you need them. a. Clipboard b. Navigation page c. Repository d. Memory  ANSWER: a	
POINTS: 1  REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document  28. When Word copies text to another location, the item remains in its location.  a. moved b. original c. copied d. second  ANSWER: b  POINTS: 1  REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document  29. The Office is a temporary storage area on your computer that holds objects such as text or graphics until you need them.  a. Clipboard b. Navigation page c. Repository d. Memory  ANSWER: a	
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ANSWER: b POINTS: 1 REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document  29. The Office is a temporary storage area on your computer that holds objects such as text or graphics until you need them.  a. Clipboard b. Navigation page c. Repository d. Memory  ANSWER: a	
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need them.  a. Clipboard b. Navigation page c. Repository d. Memory  ANSWER: a	
c. Repository d. Memory  ANSWER: a	
ANSWER: a	
POINTS: 1	
REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document	
30. You typed a paragraph on page 2 that should appear on page 27. To move that paragraph to the correct place in you document, you should use  a. drag and drop b. cut and paste c. delete and replace d. copy and paste	ur
ANSWER: b	
POINTS: 1	
REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document	
31. To use cut and paste, click the Cut button from the group on the HOME tab.  a. Styles b. Clipboard c. Paragraph d. Editing	
ANSWER: b	
POINTS: 1	
REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document	
32. Click the in the Clipboard group to open the Clipboard task pane.  a. Dialog Box Launcher b. HOME tab	
c. Format Painter d. View All	
ANSWER: a	
POINTS: 1	
REFERENCES: Moving Text in a Document	
33. The Office is a temporary storage area on your computer that holds objects such as text or graphics until you need them.  a. Clipboard b. Navigation page	

Name:	Class:	Date:
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c. Reposito	ory d. Memory	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document	
34. To me	eans to insert a copy of whatever is on the Clipboard into the document.	
a. copy	b. cut	
c. move	d. paste	
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document	
35. To cut selec	eted text, you can use the keyboard command	
a. Ctrl+X	b. Alt+C	
c. Ctrl+C	d. Alt+V	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document	
a. Ctrl+V	ected text, you can use the keyboard command  b. Alt+C  d. Alt+V	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document	
_	<ul> <li>button on the Clipboard task pane will delete the contents of the Clipboard.</li> <li>b. Clear All</li> <li>d. Collapse</li> </ul>	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document	
a. All	and Replace dialog box, click on the Replace tab to display the Search Options b. Down	section.
c. More		
ANSWER:	C	
POINTS:		
REFERENCES:	Finding and Replacing Text	
39. If you press	the keys, the insertion point moves to the beginning of the document.	
a. Ctrl+Ho	me b. Ctrl+End	
c. Shift+Ho	ome d. Shift+End	
ANSWER:	a	

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Word Modul	le 02: N	Navigating and l	Formatting a Document	
POINTS:	1			
		ng and Replacing	Text	
40. The Theme			he Document Formatting group on the	_ tab.
c. INSERT	Γ	d. HOME		
ANSWER:	b			
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES	: Work	ing with Themes		
41. A is a polished look.	coordir	nated collection of	fonts, colors, and other visual effects design	gned to give a document a cohesive,
a. style	b. lay	out		
c. theme	d. siz	e		
ANSWER:	c			
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES	: Work	ing with Themes		
a. Calibri l	Light, C	alibri b.	is and the body font is Helvetica, Arial Cambria, Verdana	
ANSWER:	a			
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES	: Work	ing with Themes		
a. bibliogra	aphies	demics, style guide b. citations d. resources	es emphasize the proper way to create	_•
ANSWER:	b	d. resources		
POINTS:	1			
		wing the MLA St	yle	
11 The g	mideline	s were developed	to simplify the process of transforming a r	manuscript into a journal article or a
chapter of a bo		s were developed	to simplify the process of transforming a r	nanaseripi into a journar article of a
a. style gui	ide l	o. MLA		
c. APA	(	l. Research		
ANSWER:	b			
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES	: Revie	wing the MLA St	yle	
45. The indent inches.	buttons	on the HOME tab	allow you to increase or decrease paragrap	ph indenting in increments of
	b. 0.5			
	d. 1.5			

Name:	Class: Date:	
Word Module	02: Navigating and Formatting a Document	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Indenting a Paragraph	
46. With a	indent, all lines except the first line of the paragraph are indented from the left margin. b. right	
c. center	d. hanging	
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Indenting a Paragraph	
47. To update a on the Shortcut		d
a. content c	1	
c. font field	d. document index	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Citations and a Bibliography	
Case-Based Cri Case 2-1	tical Thinking Questions	
	ng a report for his advertising class in which he analyzes corporate campaigns and ad slogans. To compile eds to copy several quotes and portions of articles from other documents, and needs to pay special natting.	•
document Zoom	-	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Reviewing the Document	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	
49. Thomas need Thomas should	ds to copy quotes from several of his research documents. To keep track of what text he has copied,	
a. open the	Clipboard task pane	
b. paste all	he text in a separate Word document so he can view it	
c. Neither o	f the above; copied text is automatically erased when new text is copied.	
d. There is	no way to track what he's copied.	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	

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Word Module	02: Navigating a	and Format	ting a Document	
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a I	Ocument		
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking			
	him to fix this error		realizes that he typed <i>Niko</i> and b. use Find and Replace	should have typed Nike. The most
c. run the S <sub>1</sub>	oelling and Gramma	r Checker	d. search the text	
ANSWER:	b			
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES:	Finding and Replac	ing Text		
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking			
51. Thomas is re formatting, he sh a. Find and	nould use		ecides that using boldface and i	italics is too heavy. To change the
c. Search fo	r d. Form	at Delete		
ANSWER:	a			
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES:	Finding and Replace	ing Text		
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking			
a. F2 b c. Esc d			lected text in his report. He nee to repeat his most recent actio	eds to do the same thing again now. To n.
ANSWER:	b			
POINTS:	1			
	Working with Style	es		
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking			
Case-Based Cri Case 2-2	tical Thinking Que	estions		
write letters to se	everal of the authors	and send ou		o accomplish today, but her first task is to make a good impression on her boss, so nd looks formal.
paragraph and li	ne spacing. She show level formatting	ıld apply b. paragrap	that the she needs to format an —. h-level formatting evel formatting	entire paragraph including changing the

REFERENCES: Working with Styles

Name:		Class:	Date:
Word Module	e 02: Navigating	and Formatting a Document	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking		
		e drafting several contracts in the coming week at formatting. To save time, Charlotte should a	•
c. links	d. color coding		
ANSWER:	a a		
POINTS:	1		
	Working with Sty	des	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking		
55. In her letter.	Charlotte asks eac	h author to return a copy of their signed agreer	ment. She needs to emphasize parts of her
·		everyone reads this particular sentence. She sho	<b>A A</b>
a. theme		b. style	
c. character	-level formatting	d. colors	
ANSWER:	c		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Working with Sty	rles	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking		
at Print Preview	, she thinks it woul	ns formatting her document to print correctly of d help to move all text in her document to the b. Set the hanging indent	
c. Use the le	eft indent marker	d. None of the above	
ANSWER:	c		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Indenting a Parag	raph	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	•	
	J		
added the source	e that she introduce	o the documents on which she is working. In the documents of sources, which is now available	
user account on	b. Master List		
a. Index			
c. Roster	d. Glossary		
ANSWER: POINTS:	b		
	1 Creating Citation	and a Dibliography	
KEFEKENCES: TOPICS:	_	s and a Bibliography	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking		
		ordinary text, it is actually contained inside a _ tically, and that may need to be updated later.	, a special feature used to display
a. reference	b. source	2	
c. content c	ontrol d. dictio	nary	
ANSWER:	c		

Name:		Class:	Date:
Word Module	02: Navigating and Formatting	a Document	
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Creating Citations and a Bibliograph	ny	
	a new paragraph, delete a paragraph, aking sure it remains consecutive. numbered	or reorder the paragraphs in a	list, Word
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Creating Bulleted and Numbered Lis	sts	
the formatting fr ANSWER:	button allows you tom the selected text.	to click once to format the selected t	ext, and click again to remove
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Creating Bulleted and Numbered Lis	sts	
61. To move tex drag the text to a ANSWER:	with, selection, and then release the magnetic drag and drop drag-and-drop drag & drop	et the text you want to move, press a nouse button.	nd hold down the mouse button,
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document		
62. You press	to paste the m	nost recent copied item.	
ANSWER:	Ctrl +V		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Moving Text in a Document		
63. The text you ANSWER:	type in the Find what text box is kno search text	wn as the	
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Using the Navigation Pane		
64. The Heading ANSWER:	2 style is used for headings that are subordinate	to the high	est level headings.
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Working with Styles		
document's		les, you can alter the look of the doc	ument by changing the
ANSWER:	theme		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Working with Themes		
66. By default, t	ne gallery o	offers 16 styles, each designed for a s	specific purpose.

Name:	Class:	Date:
Word Module	e 02: Navigating and Formatting a Document	
ANSWER:	Style	
POINTS:	1	
	Working with Styles	
67. By default, t	the theme is applied in each new Word document.	
ANSWER:	Office	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Working with Themes	
	gallery is divided into Theme Colors and Standard Colors.	
ANSWER:	Font Color	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Working with Themes	
	guidelines were designed to ensure consistency in documen	ts so that all research papers
look alike.		
	MLA	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Reviewing the MLA Style	
70. When you _	a paragraph, you move the entire paragraph to the rig	ht.
ANSWER:	indent	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Indenting a Paragraph	
71. The First Lin	ne Indent marker looks like the top half of a(n)	
ANSWER:	hourglass	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Indenting a Paragraph	
72. By default, a	an MLA citation includes only the author's name in	
ANSWER:	parentheses	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating Citations and a Bibliography	
73. Discuss all o	of the tools available in the Comments group on the REVIEW tab for working	with comments.
ANSWER	• To display comments in an easy-to-read view in the Tracking group click	the Display for Review

- To display comments in an easy-to-read view, in the Tracking group, click the Display for Review button, and then click Simple Markup.
- To see the text of each comment in Simple Markup view, click the Show Comments button in the Comments group.
- To move the insertion point to the next or previous comment in the document, click the Next button or the Previous button in the Comments group.
- To delete a comment, click anywhere in the comment, and then click the Delete button in the Comments group.
- To delete all the comments in a document, click the Delete button arrow in the Comments group, and then click Delete All Comments in Document.

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## Word Module 02: Navigating and Formatting a Document

- To add a new comment, select the document text you want to comment on, click the New Comment button in the Comments group, and then type the comment text.
- To reply to a comment, click the Reply button to the right of the comment, and then type your reply.
- To indicate that a comment or an individual reply to a comment is no longer a concern, right-click the comment or reply, and then click Mark Comment Done in the shortcut menu. To mark a comment and all of the replies attached to it as done, right-click the original comment and then click Mark Comment Done.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Working with Comments

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

74. Discuss the benefits of heading styles.

ANSWER:

By default, the Style gallery offers 16 styles, each designed for a specific purpose. As you gain more experience with Word, you will learn how to use a wider array of styles. You'll also learn how to create your own styles. Styles allow you to change a document's formatting in an instant. But the benefits of heading styles go far beyond attractive formatting. Heading styles allow you to reorganize a document or generate a table of contents with a click of the mouse. Also, the heading styles are set up to keep a heading and the body text that follows it together, so a heading is never separated from its body text by a page break. Each Word document includes nine levels of heading styles, although only the Heading 1 and Heading 2 styles are available by default in the Style gallery. Whenever you use the lowest heading style in the Style gallery, the next-lowest level is added to the Style gallery. For example, after you use the Heading 2 style, the Heading 3 style appears in the Styles group in the Style gallery.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Working with Styles TOPICS: Critical Thinking

75. Discuss the importance of acknowledging sources in written communication. Include a definition of plagiarism in your response.

ANSWER:

A research paper is a means for you to explore the available information about a subject and then present this information, along with your own understanding of the subject, in an organized and interesting way. Acknowledging all the sources of the information presented in your research paper is essential. If you fail to do this, you might be subject to charges of plagiarism, or trying to pass off someone else's thoughts as your own. Plagiarism is an extremely serious accusation for which you could suffer academic consequences ranging from failing an assignment to being expelled from school.

To ensure that you don't forget to cite a source, you should be careful about creating citations in your document as you type. It's very easy to forget to go back and cite all your sources correctly after you've finished typing a research paper. Failing to cite a source could lead to accusations of plagiarism and all the consequences that entails. If you don't have the complete information about a source, you should at least insert a placeholder citation. But take care to go back later and substitute complete citations for any placeholders.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Creating Citations and a Bibliography

TOPICS: Critical Thinking