Test Bank for PFIN3 3rd Edition Gitman Joehnk Billingsley 1285082575 9781285082578

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Chapter 2—Using Financial Statements and Budgets

TRUE/FALSE

1. A balance sheet shows your financial condition as of the time the statement is prepared.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

2. One could use statements from their various financial institutions to help complete a balance sheet.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

3. The income statement includes information on your latest paycheck.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Analysis

4. The income and expenditures statement provides a measure of financial performance over a period of time.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

5. Financial planning is necessary only if you earn a lot of money.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

6. Assets listed on your balance sheet must have monetary value.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

7. A budget is a detailed statement of what income and expenses occurred over a past period.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

8. A budget is a detailed financial forecast.

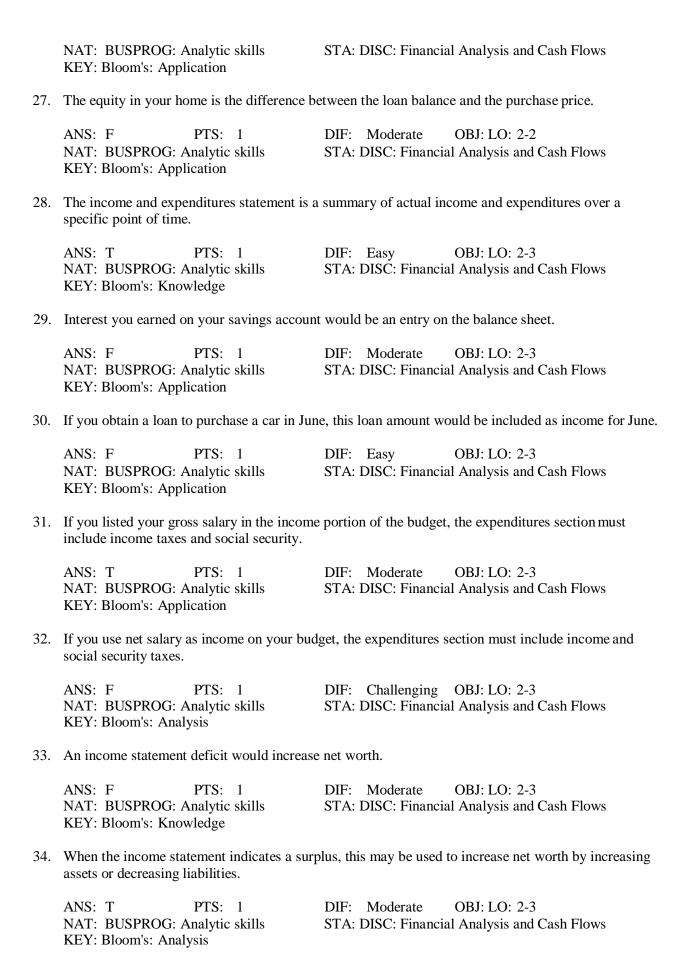
ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

9.	. Financial assets are intangible assets acquired to achieve long-term personal financial goals.		
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
10. Assets purchased on credit should be included on the asset side of the balance sheet.			
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
11. Jewelry, furniture and computers are examples of personal property.			
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
12.	A house and land are examples of financial	property.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
13.	Most types of personal property depreciate,	or decline in value, shortly after being put into use.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
14.	Investment assets include items such as box	ats or automobiles.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
15.	All assets are recorded on the balance sheet	at their original cost.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
16.	The financial planning process is regulated	by state governments when done by professionals.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
17.	Money I loaned to a friend is a liability on	my balance sheet.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	

18.	A charge made on your credit card becomes a liability as soon as the charge is incurred.		
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
19.	You are more likely to achieve your goals if	a definite goal date is set.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
20.	Your auto loan payments would be listed as	an expense on the income statement.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
21.	Only the current month's payment on your reliability.	nortgage loans would be listed on the balance sheet as a	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
22.	Inability to reach short-term goals will signi	ficantly affect your ability to reach long-term goals.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
23.	Your net worth and your equity in owned as	ssets are the same basic concept.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
24.	The balance sheet equation is assets plus lia	bilities equals net worth.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
25.	A budget is an orderly estimate of income a	nd expenditures.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
26.	Mary and Tom purchased their home for \$1 \$150,000.	50,000, and it is now worth \$175,000. Its asset value is	
	ANS: F PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2	



35.	A cash deficit decreases net worth.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
36.	Balance sheets and income statements are r	nost useful if prepared at least annually.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
37.	The savings ratio is useful in the evaluation	of the balance sheet.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
38.	A cash surplus will typically produce a pos	itive savings ratio.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
39.	A family could have a positive savings ratio	o at the same time its debt service ratio is increasing.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
40.	The liquidity ratio is an indicator of a famil income.	y's ability to pay current debts if there is an interruption in
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
41.	The savings ratio indicates the percentage of	of after-tax income that is saved.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
42.	The level of the debt service ratio would in income.	dicate your ability to meet loan payments out of current
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

43. You have a balanced budget when total income for the year equals or exceeds total expenditures for the year.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 44. You may be under-budgeting for food if you continually have monthly deficits in the food category. ANS: T PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 45. The best way to balance your budget is to increase borrowing. ANS: F PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Synthesis 46. A solvency ratio shows how much "cushion" you have as a protection against insolvency. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 47. Budgeting and record keeping are really the same activity. OBJ: LO: 2-4 ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 48. The best place to keep a budget is in a safe deposit box. ANS: F PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 49. Monthly statements and pay stubs can be shredded when year-end statements are received. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Analysis 50. When preparing a cash budget, estimating expenses using actual expenses from previous years and by tracking current expenses makes the task easier. ANS: T PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 51. A cash budget has value only if you use it, review it regularly, and keep careful records of income and expenses.

DIF: Easy

OBJ: LO: 2-4

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

ANS: T

PTS: 1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

52.	One should quickly make important financial decisions soon after a financial shock, such as death or divorce.		
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
53.	Using the future value calculations to estiminto account.	nate the funds needed to meet a goal takes compounding	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
54.	Using time value of money is important wh	nen planning for long-term goals.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
55.	Using time value of money is most importa	ant when planning for short-term goals.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
56.	Net income (after taxes) should be used wh	nen developing an income and expense statement.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
57.	In a budget, "fun money" is a budget categorating to account for how it is spent.	ory used for family members to spend as they like without	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
58.	Net worth peaks at about age 65 and then d	liminishes throughout retirement years.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	
59.	Only four categories of spending account for	or almost 90% of all consumer spending.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	
60.	Net worth is greatest for those in their prim	ne working years, about age 55.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	

61.	Net worth achieves is highest level beginning at age 65 and increases throughout retirement years.		
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	
62.	Personal financial software is widely availa	ble, much of which is free.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	
63.	Most personal financial software is available	le at a reasonable cost.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	
MUL	ГІРЬЕ СНОІСЕ		
1.	The balance sheet describes a family's weal a. at a certain point in tine. b. as an annual summary. c. as a time period less than one year. d. at a future time. e. none of these	th	
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
2.	The three parts of your balance sheet are a. income, liabilities, balance. b. assets, expenditures, balance. c. assets, liabilities, balance. d. assets, liabilities, net worth. e. income, liabilities, net worth.		
	ANS: D PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
3.	A(n)would not be listed as an asset of a. mortgaged home b. savings account c. owned automobile d. checking account e. leased automobile	n your balance sheet.	
	ANS: E PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
4.	When Phil lists his house on his balance shea. actual purchase price.b. replacement value.c. insured value.	eet, he should record the	

- d. sale price.
- e. fair market value.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

5. Your_____is an example of a liquid asset.

- a. home
- b. car
- c. checking account
- d. charge account
- e. life insurance cash value

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 6. Kathy purchased new furniture for \$10,000. She put \$1,000 down and financed \$9,000. She will pay \$350 per month until the loan is paid off. Which of the following are true?
 - a. The furniture should be recorded as an asset of \$10,000 on Kathy's balance sheet.
 - b. The \$9,000 is entered as a liability on Kathy's balance sheet.
 - c. The furniture should be recorded as a \$1,000 expenditure on Kathy's balance sheet.
 - d. The \$350 payments are expenditures on Kathy's income and expenditure statement.
 - e. All are correct except c

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Synthesis

- 7. Sam and his wife Ann purchased a home in Lubbock, Texas in 1980 for \$100,000. Their original home mortgage was for \$90,000. The house has a current market value of \$175,000 and a replacement value of \$200,000. They still owe \$55,000 on their home mortgage. Sam and Sally are now constructing their balance sheet. How should their home be reflected on their current personal balance sheet?
 - a. \$200,000 asset and \$55,000 liability
 - b. \$200,000 asset and \$90,000 liability
 - c. \$175,000 asset and \$55,000 liability
 - d. \$175,000 asset and \$90,000 liability
 - e. \$100,000 asset and \$55,000 liability

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 8. is an example of an personal asset.
 - a. Jewelry
 - b. Recreational equipment
 - c. Corporate bond
 - d. Charge account balance
 - e. Auto insurance premium

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Application

9. A budget is a a. purchase plan. b. line of credit. c. financial statement. d. detailed financial forecast. e. set of personal financial objectives. PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 10. The main purpose of a budget is to a. develop goals. b. develop a financial plan. c. give feedback to the plan. d. monitor and control financial outcomes. e. revise goals. PTS: 1 ANS: D OBJ: LO: 2-1 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 11. Budgets are a. restrictive. b. complicated. c. are forward looking. d. permanent. e. unnecessary. PTS: 1 ANS: C DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 12. would not be listed as a liability on your balance sheet. a. Taxes owed b. Loan balances c. Bank credit card charges d. Savings accounts e. Rent due

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Application

- 13. ____would <u>not</u> be a long-term financial goal.
 - a. Purchasing a new car
 - b. Providing adequate life insurance
 - c. Reducing income taxes
 - d. Paying your phone bill
 - e. Planning for retirement

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Application

- 14. Net worth is measured by
 - a. bank card balances.
 - b. house mortgage balances.
 - c. amount owed on an automobile loan.
 - d. assets minus liabilities.
 - e. insurance premium.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 15. Balance sheet liabilities should be recorded at their
 - a. original outstanding balance.
 - b. year-end outstanding balance.
 - c. average outstanding balance.
 - d. current outstanding balance.
 - e. none of these.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 16. On the balance sheet, a mortgage loan is recorded as the
 - a. interest only.
 - b. sum of interest paid and the outstanding balance.
 - c. sum of interest due and the outstanding balance.
 - d. principal portion only.
 - e. none of the above.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 17. Another term sometimes used instead of net worth is
 - a. assets.
 - b. net debts.
 - c. long-term liabilities
 - d. equity.
 - e. liquid assets.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 18. The balance sheet equation is:
 - a. Total Assets / Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - b. Total Assets O Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - c. Total Assets Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - d. Total Assets + Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - e. Total Liabilities Total Assets = Net Worth.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

19. Mandy and Jeff have a net worth of \$25,000 and total assets of \$140,000. If their revolving credit and unpaid bills total \$2,200, what are their total liabilities? a. \$115,000 b. \$140,000 c. \$142,200 d. \$165,000 e. \$167,200 ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation 20. Sonny and Cher have a net worth of \$35,000 and total assets of \$200,000. If their revolving credit and unpaid bills total \$2,200, what are their long-term liabilities? \$115,000 b. \$140,000 c. \$142,200 d. \$162,800 e. \$165,000 ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation 21. You are solvent if your a. total liabilities exceed total assets. b. total assets exceed total liabilities. c. total assets exceed net worth. d. total liabilities exceed net worth. e. none of these. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 22. The income and expenditures statement examines your financial a. level. b. performance. c. position. d. assets. objectives. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 23. The income statement is specific to a. one point in time. b. a specific period of time. c. last year. d. next year. e. none of these. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 24. The income statement includes a. income, liabilities, net worth. b. income, expenditures, surplus or deficit. c. expenditures, net worth, surplus or deficit. d. net worth, surplus, income or expenditures. e. savings, surplus, income or expenditures. PTS: 1 ANS: B DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 25. On an income statement covering January 1 to June 30, would not be included as income. a. wages and salaries received in that six months b. interest received on June 30 c. auto sold with payment received May 15 d. inheritance granted in April, to be paid in September e. income tax refund received April 14 OBJ: LO: 2-3 ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 26. You are more likely to achieve your goals when a. your income is high. b. goal dates are inflexible. c. short- and long-term goals are established separately. d. goals are reassessed and revised periodically. e. one person controls all goals in the household. ANS: D PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 27. You would not include on an income and expenditures statement. a. the value of your stock portfolio b. taxes withheld c. utilities paid d. mortgage payments charitable payments ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-3

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Application

- 28. I should not record_____on an income/expense statement covering January 1 to June 30.
 - a. an \$800 refrigerator bought on credit May 30
 - b. a paid March telephone bill
 - c. health insurance premiums deducted from monthly pay checks
 - d. checking account service charges
 - groceries bought and paid for in June

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 29. ____would be an example of a periodic expense. a. Food
 - b. Vacation
 - c. Utilities
 - d. Taxes
 - e. none of these

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-3

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Application

- 30. The most common budgeting period is a
 - a. week.
 - b. month.
 - c. quarter.
 - d. semi-annually.
 - e. bi-weekly.

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 31. A cash budget should help you to
 - a. achieve your short-term financial goals.
 - b. implement disciplined spending.
 - c. eliminate impulse spending.
 - d. allocate funds to savings and investments.
 - e. do all of these

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

- 32. All of the following are stages in preparing a cash budget *except*:
 - a. estimating income
 - b. estimating expenses
 - c. calculating depreciation expense
 - d. finalizing the cash budget

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 33. A cash budget helps you:
 - a. Monitor and control your finances.
 - b. Decide how to allocate your income to reach your financial goals.
 - c. Achieve your long-term financial goals.
 - d. All of the above.
 - e. A & B only.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

a. acquire assets. b. pay off existing debts. c. increase your savings. d. increase your investments. e. do any of the above. ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 35. Russ buys his wife a valuable painting for \$20,000. He purchases it using \$15,000 from his savings and a \$5,000 loan. How does this transaction affect Russ' balance sheet? a. His assets increase b. His liabilities increase c. His net worth stays the same d. a and b e. a, b and c ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows **KEY**: Bloom's: Application 36. If your statement of income and expenditures shows a deficit, you may have a. increased your debts. b. increased your assets. c. added to savings. d. bought additional insurance. e. paid off some of your debts. DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-3 ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 37. If your_____, your net worth on the balance sheet would have increased from one period to the next. a. liabilities increased and assets remained constant b. liabilities increased and assets decreased c. assets increased and liabilities remain constant d. income increased e. none of these PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 ANS: C STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application 38. The Wilson family's short-term goals might include a. setting up an emergency fund of three months' income b. buying a house c. sending the kids to college d. planning to retire at age 60 all of these PTS: 1 ANS: A OBJ: LO: 2-1 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

34. When a cash surplus exists on your income and expenditure statements, you can

KEY: Bloom's: Application

39.	If your total assets equal \$50,000 and your a. 30%. b. 70%. c. 143%. d. 233%. e. 333%.	total liabilities equal \$15,000; your debt ratio is
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
40.	If your total assets equal \$87,000 and your a. 11.5%. b. 13.0%. c. 77.0%. d. 87.0%. e. 88.5%.	total liabilities equal \$10,000; your solvency ratio is
	ANS: E PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
41.	Using balance sheet information, the a. solvency b. liquidity c. cash d. savings e. debt service	ratio indicates your ability to meet current debt payments
	ANS: B PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
42.	Kim's net worth is \$85,000 and her total as a. 15% b. 25% c. 65% d. 85% e. 100%	ssets are \$100,000. What is Kim's solvency ratio?
	ANS: D PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
43.	A savings ratio expresses the a. percentage of gross income saved. b. ability to cover immediate debt when the c. percentage of after-tax income saved. d. percentage of tax-deferred income earlier. e. none of the above.	
	ANS: C PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

44.	Your total cash income is \$40,000. You pay savings ratio is a. 7.5% b. 10.0% c. 12.5%. d. 13.3%. e. 14.3%.	\$5,000 in taxes and \$30,000 in other expenses. Your
	ANS: C PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
45.	Your total cash income is \$80,000. You pay savings ratio is a. 10.0% b. 14.3% c. 15.0%. d. 16.7%. e. 17.5%.	\$8,000 in taxes and \$60,000 in other expenses. Your
	ANS: C PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
46.	Mindy and Lou had liquid assets of \$10,000 a. 25% b. 33% c. 67% d. 150% e. 300%	and current debts of \$30,000. What is their liquidity ratio?
	ANS: B PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
47.	Jacque's total monthly loan payments are \$1 her debt service ratio? a. 34% b. 43% c. 50% d. 75% e. 82%	,020 while her gross income is \$3,000 per month. What is
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
48.	In order to minimize the difficulty associate	d with meeting monthly loan payments, the debt service

ratio should be

- a. above 50%.
- b. below 50%.
- c. at 35%.
- d. below 35%.

	e. above 20%.	
	ANS: D PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
49.	• •	oss income of \$5,000, but they pay \$1,000 per month in various loan payments. What is their debt service ratio?
	ANS: C PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
50.	 When estimating income for the income and a. use gross income. b. include expected pay increases. c. adjust for inflation. d. use net income. e. none of these 	d expense statement, you should
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
51.	The expenditure categories for your budget a. the BLS Urban Family Budget categories. b. purchased budget book headings. c. those used in previous years. d. current and expected future spending. e. itemized tax deductions.	
	ANS: D PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
52.	The need for budget adjustments is indicated a. income is stable. b. account deficits and surpluses balance c. account deficits are more than surplused d. a new calendar year begins.	out.

e. short-term financial goals are achieved.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

- 53. The best approach to solving the problem of an annual budget deficit is generally to
 - a. liquidate enough savings to make up the deficit.
 - b. sell stock to make up the deficit.
 - c. reduce flexible expenditures.

- d. reduce fixed expenses.
- e. get a part time job.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

54. What can you do if your budget shows an annual budget deficit?

- a. Liquidate enough savings and investments to meet the total budget shortfall for the year.
- b. Borrow enough to meet the total budget shortfall for the year.
- c. Cut low-priority expenses from the budget.
- d. Increase Income.
- e. All of the above.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 55. To determine how effectively the budget is working, you can use
 - a. the balance sheet.
 - b. the income statement.
 - c. income and expenditure records.
 - d. year-end financial statements.
 - e. financial goals.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 56. Dual-income families often face
 - a. reduced employee benefit options.
 - b. increased complexity in their money management systems.
 - c. reduced expenditures as a result of the second job.
 - d. reduced taxes due to tax breaks.
 - e. increased time to spend with the family.

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 57. Which of the following has been determined to be the best way for dual-income families to handle their money management?
 - a. Place all income into a single, joint account.
 - b. Have each spouse contribute equal amounts to a joint account for family expenses.
 - c. Have each spouse contribute an equal proportion of their incomes to a joint account for family expenses.
 - d. Have one spouse make all the financial decisions
 - e. None of the above.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

58. Your investment advisor wants you to purchase an annuity that will pay you \$25,000 per year for 10 years. If you require a 7% return, what is the most you should pay for this investment?

- a. \$49,179
- b. \$175,590
- c. \$201,000
- d. \$225,682
- e. \$250,000

ANS: B

PMT = 25,000

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 59. Theresa invested \$5,000 in an account she expects will earn 7% annually. Approximately how many years will it take for the account to double in value?
 - a. 8
 - b. 9
 - c. 10
 - d. 11
 - e. 12

ANS: C

72/7 = 10

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 60. Jamil invested \$9,500 in an account he expects will earn 5% annually. Approximately how many years will it take for the account to double in value?
 - a. 8.8
 - b. 9.7
 - c. 10.8
 - d. 11.4
 - e. 14.4

ANS: E

72/5 = 14.4

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 61. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn?
 - a. 6%
 - b. 7%
 - c. 8%
 - d. 9%
 - e. 10%

ANS: D

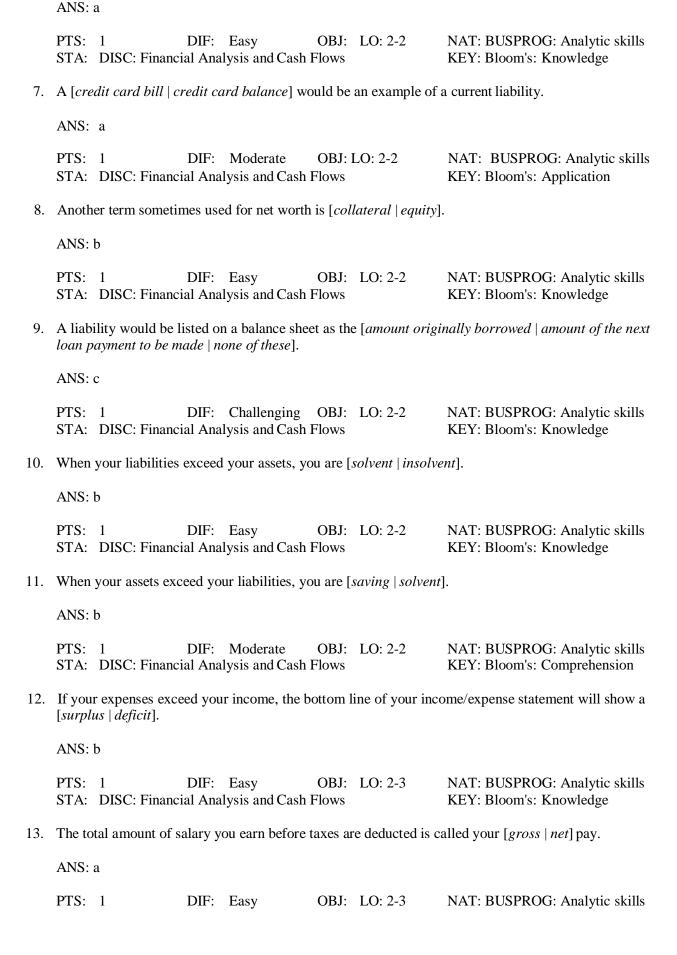
72/x = 8, 72 = 8x, 72/8 = x, 9% = x

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

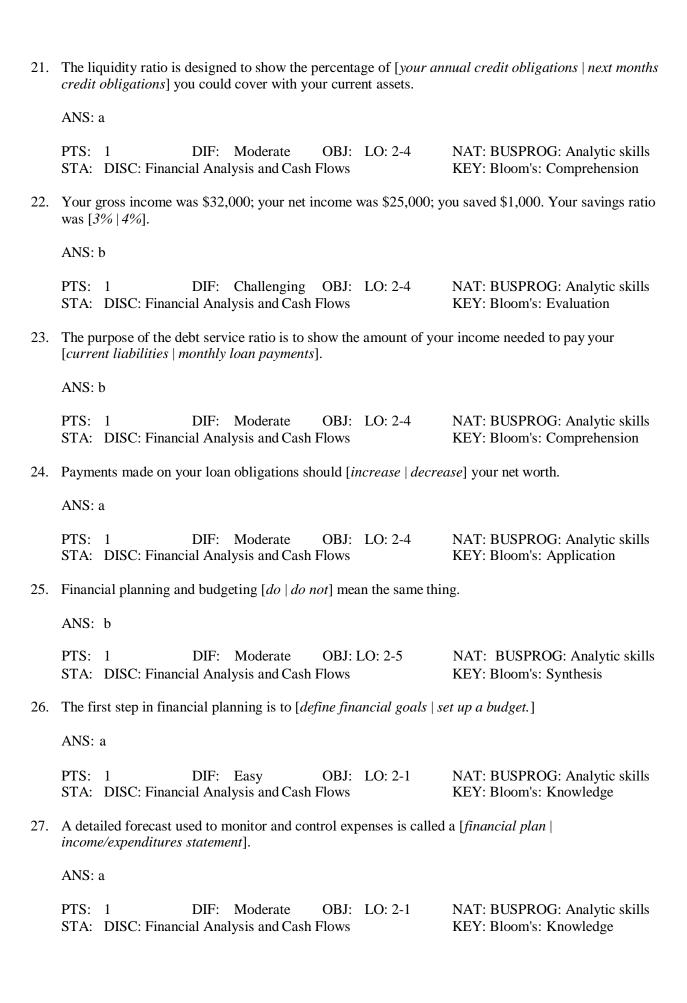
STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

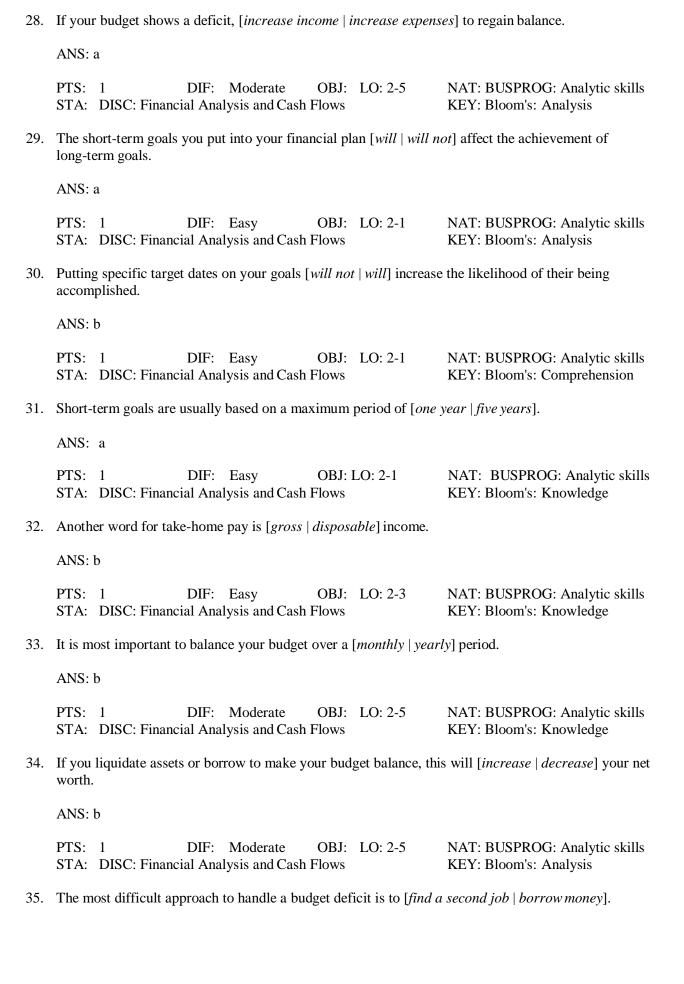
62.	Michael and Sandy purchased a home for \$100,000 five years ago. If it appreciated 6% annually, what is it worth today? a. \$100,000 b. \$106,000 c. \$130,000 d. \$133,823 e. \$135,603 ANS: D $PV = 100,000$, $N = 5$, $i = 6$, $FV = 133,823$
	PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation
63.	Elena purchased a stamp collection for \$5,000 thirty years ago. If it appreciated 8% annually, what is it worth today? a. \$ 17,000 b. \$ 36,400 c. \$ 50,313 d. \$123,023 e. \$150,000
	ANS: C PV = 5,000, N = 30, i = 8, FV = 50,313
	PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation
64.	Net worth is highest at about what age? a. 45 b. 55 c. 65 d. 75 e. 85
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge
65.	Which of the following is <i>not</i> among the four categories accounting for almost three-quarters of consumer spending? a. Utilities d. Housing b. Food e. Personal insurance and pensions c. Transportation
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge
66.	Which of the following are <i>not</i> among the four categories accounting for three-quarters of consumer spending? a. Utilities b. Clothing c. Food d. a and b e. a, b, and c
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

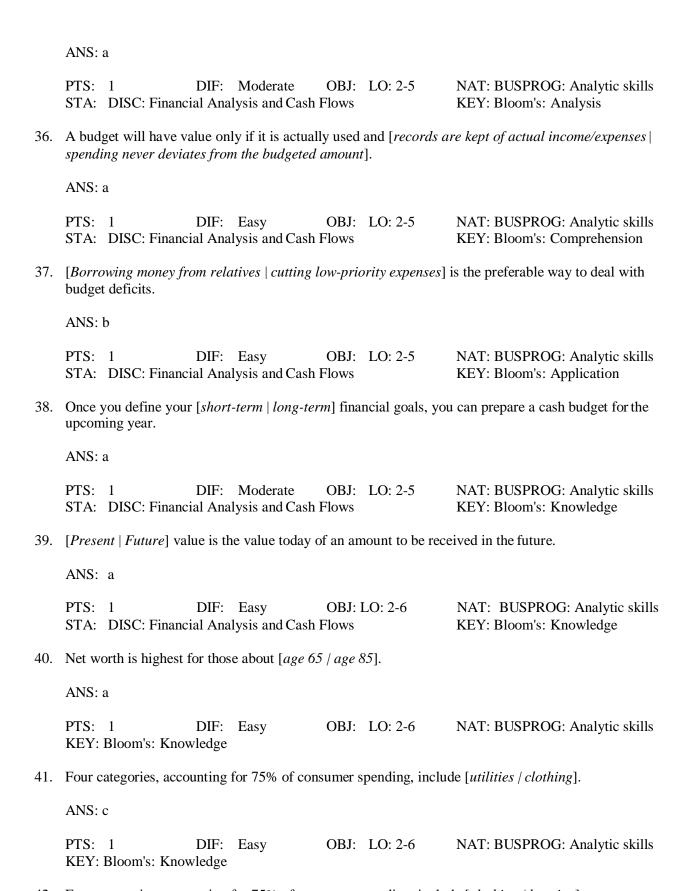
67.	Which of the following is among the four categories accounting for almost three-quarters of consumer		
	spending? a. Personal insurance and pensions d. Entertainment		
	b. Clothingc. Utilitiese. Medical		
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6		
	NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge		
COM	PLETION		
	INSTRUCTIONS: Choose the word or phrase in [] which will correctly complete the statement. Select A for the first item, B for the second item, and C if neither item will correctly complete the statement.		
1.	A balance sheet provides a statement of your financial [position performance].		
	ANS: a		
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge		
2.	The primary function of financial statements is to provide a picture of your [actual projected] financial position.		
	ANS: a		
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension		
3.	An asset must have [market monetary] value to be included on a balance sheet.		
	ANS: b		
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge		
4.	A [savings account retirement account] would be an example of a liquid asset.		
	ANS: a		
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application		
5.	A [house certificate of deposit] is an example of a tangible asset.		
	ANS: a		
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application		
6.	Investment assets are required to [earn a return provide a service].		



	STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge			
14.	4. You bought a \$500 stereo on the installment plan and made two payments of \$75 during the year. C your income/expense statement for the year, you will show an expense of [\$150 \$500].				
	ANS: a				
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application			
15.	[Medical expenses Rent payments] would be more	e difficult to estimate for the coming year.			
	ANS: a				
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application			
16.	Your car has a market value of \$4,000 while the ballist this car as net worth of $[\$4,000 \mid \$1,500]$.	alance of the loan against it is now \$2,500. You will			
	ANS: b				
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application			
17.	Your car has a market value of \$10,000 while the be will list this car as an asset worth of [\$7,500 \$10,000				
	ANS: b				
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application			
18.	8. A deficit on your income/expense statement will have $[an \mid no]$ effect on your balance sheet.				
	ANS: a				
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension			
19.	If you pay off your debt but make no changes in yo	our assets, your net worth will [increase decrease]			
	ANS: a				
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application			
20.	Total assets on your balance sheet are \$6,000 and 1 $[67\% \mid 33\%]$.	liabilities are \$2,000. Your solvency ratio would be			
	ANS: a				
	PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation			







42. Four categories, accounting for 75% of consumer spending, include [clothing | housing].

ANS: b

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

43. Four categories, accounting for 75% of consumer spending, include [entertainment | food].

ANS: b

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

44. Personal financial software is mostly available for [free | a fee].

ANS: a

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

PROBLEM

1. Jean and Jim have liquid assets of \$3,600 and other assets of \$42,800. Their total liabilities equal \$26,000. What is their net worth? (Show all work.)

ANS:

Total Assets \$46,400

Less: Total Liabilities 26,000
Equal: Net Worth \$20,400

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

2. Rosa and Jose have liquid assets of \$5,000 and other assets of \$50,000. Their total liabilities equal \$26,000. What is their net worth? (Show all work.)

ANS:

Total Assets \$50,000

Less: Total Liabilities 26,000 Equal: Net Worth \$29,000

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

3. The Hart family spends 30 percent of their disposable income on housing, 5 percent on medical expenses, 25 percent on food, 10 percent on clothing, 14 percent on loan repayments, and 8 percent on entertainment. How much of their disposable income is available for savings and investment? (Show all work.)

ANS:

100% - [30 + 5 + 25 + 10 + 14 + 8%] = 100% - 92% = 8% for savings

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

4. Construct a balance sheet from the following information. Be sure the format is correct. (Show all work.)

Cash on hand	\$ 75
Bank credit card balance	1,200
Utility bill (over due)	100
Auto loan balance	3,500
Mortgage	75,000
Primary residence	105,000
Jewelry	2,000
Stocks	17,500
Coin collection	2,500
2001 Toyota	7,500

ANS:

Assets:			Liabilities:		
Cash on hand	\$	75			
Primary residence	105	5,000	Utilities	\$	100
2001 Toyota	7	,500	Bank credit cards		1,200
Jewelry	2	2,000	Auto loan		3,500
Stocks	17	,500	Mortgage	<u>7</u>	5.000
Coin Collection	2	2.500			
Total Assets	\$134	,575	Total Liabilities	\$	79,800
Net Worth	\$ 54,	775			

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

5. Construct a balance sheet from the following information. Be sure the format is correct. (Show all work.)

Cash on hand	\$ 500
Bank credit card balance	750
Taxes due	500
Utility bills (over due)	120
Auto loan balance	6,000
Mortgage	45,000
Primary residence	60,000
Jewelry	1,200
Stocks	6,000
Coin collection	2,500
2001 Toyota	7,500
Auto payment	250

ANS:

11110.			
Assets:		Liabilities:	
Cash on hand	\$ 500	Utilities	\$ 120
Primary residence	60,000	Taxes	500
2001 Toyota	7,500	Bank credit cards	750
Jewelry	1,200	Auto loan	6,000
Stocks	6,000	Mortgage	45.000
Coin Collection	2.500		
Total Assets	\$77,700	Total Liabilities	\$52,370

Net Worth \$25,330

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

6. Inflation this coming year is expected to be 4 percent. If Mr. Gonza earned \$37,000 this year, how much must be earn the following year just to keep up with inflation and maintain the balance between his income and his increasing expenditures? (Show all work.)

ANS: \$37,000 + .04(\$37,000) \$37,000 + \$1,480 = \$38,480 OR \$37,000 0 1.04 = \$38.480

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

7. Inflation this coming year is expected to be 3 percent. If Mr. Gonza earned \$45,000 this year, how much must be earn the following year just to keep up with inflation and maintain the balance between his income and his increasing expenditures? (Show all work.)

ANS: \$45,000 + .03(\$45,000) \$45,000 + \$1,350 = \$46,350 OR \$45,000 0 1.03 = \$46,350

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

8. Jamie wants to have \$1,000,000 for her retirement in 25 years. How much should she save annually if she thinks she can earn 10% on her investments?

ANS:

FV = 1,000,000 N = 25 I = 10 PMT = 10,168.07

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

9. The Hamptons want to have \$1,750,000 for their retirement in 30 years. How much should they save annually if they think they can earn 8% on their investments?

ANS:

FV = 1,750,000 N = 30 I = 8 PMT = 15,448

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

10. The Flemings will need \$80,000 annually for 20 years during retirement. How much will they need at retirement if they can earn a 4% rate of return?

ANS:

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation