Test Bank for Precalculus A Right Triangle Approach 5th Edition Beecher Penna Bittinger 0321969553 9780321969552

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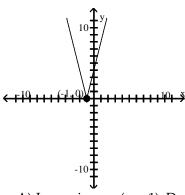
Test Bank:

https://testbankpack.com/p/test-bank-for-precalculus-a-right-triangle-approach-5th-edition-beecher-pennabittinger-0321969553-9780321969552/

Solution Manual:

 $\frac{https://testbankpack.com/p/solution-manual-for-precalculus-a-right-triangle-approach-5th-edition-beecher-penna-bittinger-0321969553-9780321969552/$

Determine the intervals on which the function is increasing, decreasing, and constant.

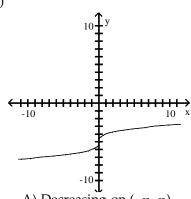


- A) Increasing on $(-\infty, 1)$; Decreasing on $(1, \infty)$
- 1)
- C) Increasing on $(-1, \infty)$; Decreasing on $(-\infty, -1)$
- Answer: C

B) Increasing on $(1, \infty)$; Decreasing on $(-\infty)$,

D) Increasing on $(-\infty, -1)$; Decreasing on $(-\infty, -1)$

2)

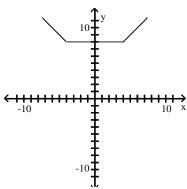


- A) Decreasing on $(-\infty, \infty)$
- ∞ , 0) C) Increasing on ($-\infty$, 0); Decreasing on (0, ∞)

Answer: D

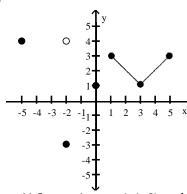
B) Increasing on $(0, \infty)$; Decreasing on (-D) Increasing on $(-\infty, \infty)$

3)



- A) Increasing on $(4, \infty)$; Decreasing on $(-4, \infty)$; Constant on $(-4, \infty)$
- 4) B) Increasing on $(4, \infty)$; Decreasing on $(-\infty, -4)$; Constant on
- (-4,4) C) Increasing on $(-\infty,4)$; Decreasing on $(-4,\infty)$; Constant on
- $(4, \infty)$ D) Increasing on $(-\infty, 4)$; Decreasing on $(-\infty, -4)$; Constant on $(4, \infty)$

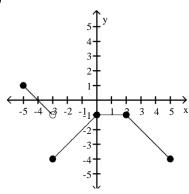
Answer: B



- A) Increasing on (-1, 0) and (3, 5); Decreasing on (0, 3); Constant on (-5, -3) B) Increasing on (1, 3); Decreasing on (-2, 0) and (3, 5); Constant on
- C) Increasing on (-2, 0) and (3, 4); Decreasing on (-5, -2) and (1, 3)
- D) Increasing on (-2, 0) and (3, 5); Decreasing on (1, 3); Constant on (-5, -2)

Answer: D

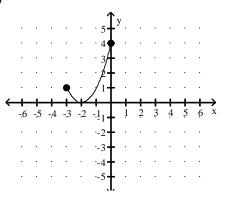
5)



- A) Increasing on (-3, 0); Decreasing on (-5, -3) and (2, 5); Constant on (0,
- 2) B) Increasing on (-5, -3) and (2, 5); Decreasing on (-3, 0); Constant on
- (0, 2) C) Increasing on (-3, 1); Decreasing on (-5, -3) and (0, 5); Constant on (1, 2)
- D) Increasing on (-3, -1); Decreasing on (-5, -2) and (2, 4); Constant on (-
- 1, 2) Answer: A

Determine the domain and range of the function.

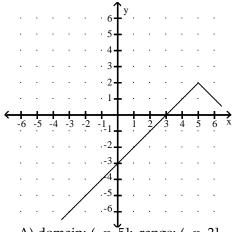
6)



- A) domain: [0, 3]; range: $(-\infty, 4]$
- 3] C) domain: [0, 4]; range: [-3, 0]

[0, 4]

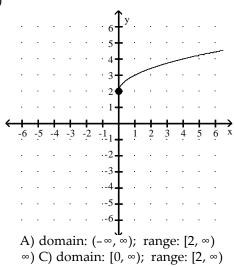
B) domain: $(-\infty, 4]$; range: [0, D) domain: [-3, 0]; range:



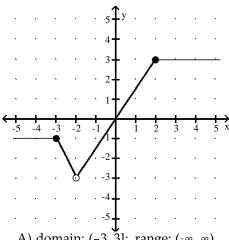
- A) domain: $(-\infty, 5]$; range: $(-\infty, 2]$ 2] C) domain: $(-\infty, 5) \cup (5, \infty)$; range: $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$ $(-\infty, \infty)$
- Answer: B

B) domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$; range: $(-\infty, D)$ domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$; range:

8)



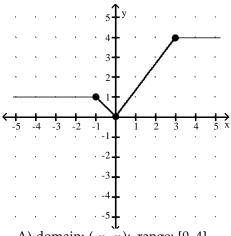
 $(-\infty, \infty)$ Answer: C B) domain: [0, ∞); range: [0, D) domain: [0, ∞); range:



- A) domain: (-3, 3]; range: $(-\infty, \infty)$ 3] C) domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$; range: [-3, 3)
- (-3, 3]

Answer: D

10)



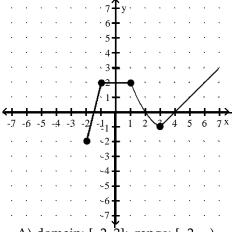
- A) domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$; range: [0, 4]
- 4) C) domain: (0, 4); range: (-∞, ∞)

∞,∞)

Answer: A

B) domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$; range: [-3,D) domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$; range:

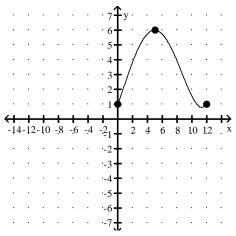
B) domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$; range: $(0, \infty)$ D) domain: [0, 4]; range: (-



- A) domain: $[-2, \frac{7}{2}]$; range: $[-2, \infty)$
- C) domain: [-2, ∞); range: [-2, 2]

Answer: D

12)



- A) domain: (1, 6); range: (0, 12)
- 6] C) domain: [1, 6]; range: [0, 12]
- (1, 6)

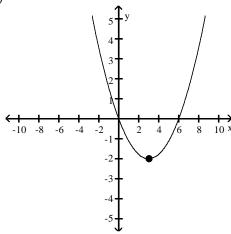
Answer: B

- B) domain: $(-2, \infty)$; range: $(-2, \infty)$ D) domain: $[-2, \infty)$; range: $[-2, \infty)$

B) domain: [0, 12]; range: [1, D) domain: (0, 12); range:

Using the graph, determine any relative maxima and relative minima of the function.

13)



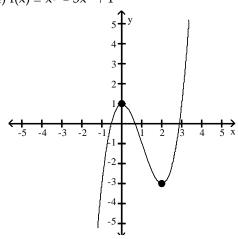
A) Relative maximum: -2 at x = 3.

-2. C) Relative minimum: 3 at y = -2.

x = 3.

Answer: D

14) $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 1$



A) Relative maximum: 1 at x = 0; Relative minimum: none

B) Relative maximum: -3 at x = 2; Relative minimum: 1 at x = 0

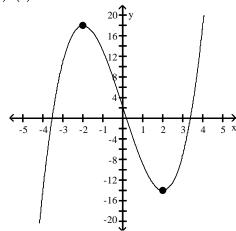
C) Relative maximum: none; Relative minimum: -3 at x = 2

D) Relative maximum: 1 at x = 0; Relative minimum: -3 at x = 2

Answer: D

B) Relative maximum: 3 at y = D) Relative minimum: -2 at

15) $f(x) = x^3 - 12x + 2$

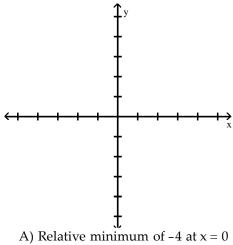


- A) Relative minimum: -14 at x = 2; Relative maximum: 18 at x = -2
- B) Relative maximum: -14 at x = 2; Relative minimum: 18 at x = -2
- C) Relative maximum: 18 at x = -2 and 0 at x = 0; Relative minimum: -14 at x = 2
- D) No relative maxima or minima

Answer: A

Graph the function. Use the graph to find any relative maxima or minima.

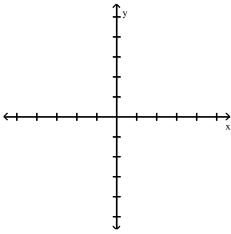
16)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 4$$



- C) Relative maximum of -4 at x = 0
- Answer: A

- B) No relative extrema
- D) Relative minimum of -4 at x = 1

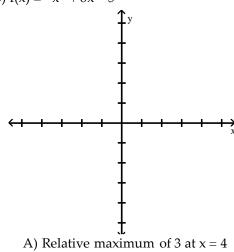
17)
$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4$$



- A) Relative maximum of 4 at x = 0
- B) Relative maximum of 4 at x = 0 and relative minimum at x = 3
- C) Relative minimum of 4 at x = 0
- D) No relative extrema

Answer: A

18)
$$f(x) = -x^2 + 6x - 5$$

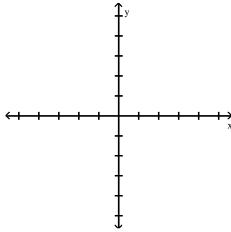


- C) Relative maximum of 4 at x = 3

Answer: C

- B) Relative minimum of 4 at x = 3
- D) No relative extrema

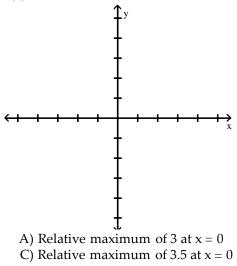
19)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 8x +$$



- A) Relative maximum of -2.2 at x = -4.1C) Relative minimum of -2 at x = -4

Answer: C

20)
$$f(x) = 3 - |x|$$

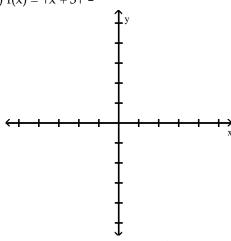


Answer: A

- B) Relative minimum of -2.2 at x = -4.1
- D) Relative maximum of -2 at x = -4

- B) No relative extrema
- D) Relative minimum of 3 at x = 0

21) f(x) = |x + 3| -



- A) Relative maximum of 1 at x = -3
- C) Relative minimum of -1 at x = -3

- B) Relative minimum of 0.7 at x = -3
- D) Relative minimum of 1.2 at x = -3

Answer: C

Solve.

22) Elissa wants to set up a rectangular dog run in her backyard. She has 46 feet of fencing to work with and wants to use it all. If the dog run is to be x feet long, express the area of the dog run as a function of x.

A)
$$A(x) = 22x - x^2$$
 B) $A(x) = 24x - x^2$ C) $A(x) = 25x^2 - x$ D) $A(x) = 23x - x^2$

B)
$$A(x) = 24x - x^2$$

C)
$$A(x) = 25x^2 - x$$

D)
$$A(x) = 23x - x^2$$

Answer: D

23) Bob wants to fence in a rectangular garden in his yard. He has 70 feet of fencing to work with and wants to use it all. If the garden is to be x feet wide, express the area of the garden as a function of x.

A)
$$A(x) = 35x - x^2$$

B)
$$A(x) = 37x^2 - x$$
 C) $A(x) = 34x - x^2$

C)
$$A(x) = 34x - x^2$$

D)
$$A(x) = 36x - x^2$$

Answer: A

24) A rocket is shot straight up in the air from the ground at a rate of 67 feet per second. The rocket is tracked by a rangefinder that is 413 feet from the launch pad. Let d represent the distance from the rocket to the rangefinder and t represent the time, in seconds, since "blastoff". Express d as a function of t.

A)
$$d(t) = \sqrt{67^2 + (413t)^2}$$

C)
$$d(t) = 413^2 + (67t)^2$$

B)
$$d(t) = 413 + 67t^2$$

D) d(t) =
$$\sqrt{413^2 + (67t)^2}$$

Answer: D

25) Sue wants to put a rectangular garden on her property using 70 meters of fencing. There is a river that runs through her property so she decides to increase the size of the garden by using the river as one side of the rectangle. (Fencing is then needed only on the other three sides.) Let x represent the length of the side of the rectangle along the river. Express the garden's area as a function of x.

A)
$$A(x) = 36x - 2x^2$$

 x^2

B)
$$A(x) = 35x^2 - x$$

B)
$$A(x) = 35x^2 - x$$
 C) $A(x) = 34x - \frac{1}{2}x^2$ D) $A(x) = 35x - \frac{1}{2}x^2$

D)
$$A(x) = 35x - \frac{1}{x^2}$$

2

26) A farmer's silo is the shape of a cylinder with a hemisphere as the roof. If the height of the silo is 62 feet and the radius of the hemisphere is r feet, express the volume of the silo as a function of r.

A)
$$V(r) = 62\pi r^2 + \frac{8}{3}\pi r^3$$

B)
$$V(r) = \pi(62 - r)r^3 + \frac{4}{3}\pi r^2$$

C)
$$V(r) = \pi(62 - r) + \frac{4}{3} \pi r^2$$

D)
$$V(r) = \pi(62 - r)r^2 \frac{2}{3} \pi r^3$$

Answer: D

27) A farmer's silo is the shape of a cylinder with a hemisphere as the roof. If the radius of the hemisphere is 10 feet

and the height of the silo is h feet, express the volume of the silo as a function of h.

A) V(h) =
$$100 \pi h + \frac{4000}{3} \pi h^2$$

B) V(h) = 4100
$$\pi$$
(h - 10) + $\frac{500}{7}$ π

C) V(h) = 100
$$\pi$$
(h² - 10) + $\frac{5000}{3}$ π

D) V(h) =
$$100 \pi (h - 10) + \frac{2000}{3} \pi$$

Answer: D

28) A rectangular sign is being designed so that the length of its base, in feet, is 20 feet less than 4 times the height,

h. Express the area of the sign as a function of h.

A)
$$A(h) = -20h + 4h^2$$

A)
$$A(h) = -20h + 4h^2$$
 B) $A(h) = -20h + h^2$ C) $A(h) = -20h^2 + 2h$ D) $A(h) = 20h - 2h^2$

C)
$$A(h) = -20h^2 + 2h$$

D)
$$A(h) = 20h - 2h^2$$

Answer: A

29) From a 38-inch by 38-inch piece of metal, squares are cut out of the four corners so that the sides can then be folded up to make a box. Let x represent the length of the sides of the squares, in inches, that are cut out. Express the volume of the box as a function of x.

A)
$$V(x) = 2x^3 - 114x^2 + 38x$$

B)
$$V(x) = 4x^3 - 152x^2$$

C)
$$V(x) = 2x^3 - 114x^2$$

D)
$$V(x) = 4x^3 - 152x^2 + 1444x$$

Answer: D

30) A rectangular box with volume 548 cubic feet is built with a square base and top. The cost is \$1.50 per square foot for the top and the bottom and \$2.00 per square foot for the sides. Let x represent the length of a side of the base. Express the cost the box as a function of x.

A)
$$C(x) = 3x^2 + \frac{43}{84}$$

S)
$$C(x) = 3x^2 + \frac{2}{9}$$

C)
$$C(x) = 4x + \frac{438}{4}$$

C)
$$C(x) = 4x + \frac{438}{4}$$
 D) $C(x) = 2x^2 + \frac{43}{84}$ x^2 x

Answer: A

31) A rectangle that is x feet wide is inscribed in a circle of radius 32 feet. Express the area of the rectangle as a function of x.

A)
$$A(x) = x\sqrt{4096 - x^2}$$

B)
$$A(x) = \sqrt{3072 - x}$$

C)
$$A(x) = x^2 \sqrt{2048 - x^2}$$

D)
$$A(x) = x(4096 -$$

 x^2) Answer: A

32) From a 15-inch by 15-inch piece of metal, squares are cut out of the four corners so that the sides can then be folded up to make a box. Let x represent the length of the sides of the squares, in inches, that are cut out. Express the volume of the box as a function of x. Graph the function and from the graph determine the value of x, to the nearest tenth of an inch, that will yield the maximum volume.

12

A) 2.3 inches

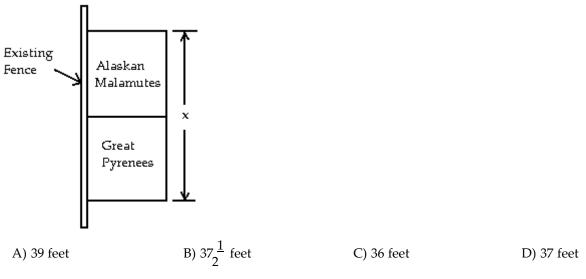
B) 3.1 inches

C) 2.8 inches

D) 2.5 inches

33)	be folded up to make a box. Le Express the volume of the box value of x, to the nearest tenth A) 4.0 inches Answer: A	et x represent the length of the as a function of x. Graph the	ne sides of the squares, in inc e function and from the grap	ches, that are cut out.
34)	A rectangular box with volum square foot for the top and the a side of the base in feet. Exprethe graph find the value of x, to A) 7.92 feet Answer: B	bottom and \$2.00 per squares the cost of the box as a fu	e foot for the sides. Let x rep nction of x and then graph th	resent the length of his function. From
35)	A rectangular box with volum square foot for the top and the a side of the base in feet. Exprethe graph find the value of x, to A) 8.79 feet Answer: B	bottom and \$2.00 per squares the cost of the box as a fu	e foot for the sides. Let x rep nction of x and then graph th	resent the length of his function. From
	A rectangle that is x feet wide as a function of x. Graph the fu of a foot, which will maximize A) 29.1 feet Answer: B A rectangle that is x feet wide	unction and from the graph of the area of the rectangle. B) 28.3 feet is inscribed in a circle of rad	determine the value of x, to to C) 27.9 feet ius 32 feet. Express the area	he nearest tenth D) 28.7 feet of the rectangle
	as a function of x. Graph the fu of a foot, which will maximize A) 45.7 feet Answer: B		determine the value of x, to t C) 44.5 feet	he nearest tenth D) 44.9 feet

38) Elissa sells two breeds of dogs, Alaskan Malamutes and Great Pyrnees. She has 74 feet of fencing to enclose two adjacent rectangular dog kennels, one for each breed. An existing fence is to form one side of the kennels, as in the drawing below. Suppose the total length of the two kennels is x feet. Express the total area of the two kennels as a function of x. Graph the function and from the graph determine the value of x that will yield the maximum area.



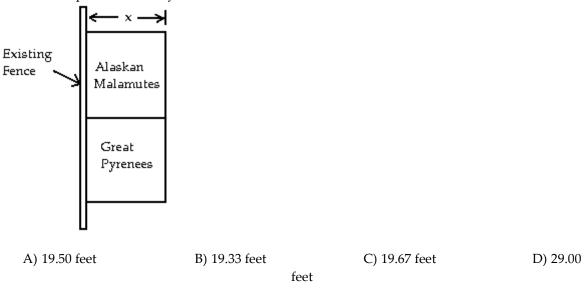
Answer: D

39) Elissa sells two breeds of dogs, Alaskan Malamutes and Great Pyrnees. She has 116 feet of fencing to enclose

two adjacent rectangular dog kennels, one for each breed. An existing fence is to form one side of the kennels, as

in the drawing below. Let x represent the measurement indicated. Express the total area of the two kennels as a

function of x. Graph the function and from the graph determine the value of x, rounded to the hundredths place, that will yield the maximum area.



Answer: B

For the piecewise function, find the specified function value.

40)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x, & \text{for } x \le -1 \\ 1, x - 9, & \text{for } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

f(-5) A) 25

B) -14

C) -4

D) -25

Answer: D

41)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 8, & \text{for } x < 8, \\ 2 - x, & \text{for } x \ge 8 \end{cases}$$

A) -8

B) 0

C) 2

D) -6

Answer: A

42)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x + 3, & \text{for } x \le 0, \\ 7 - 7x, & \text{for } 0 < x < 7, x, & \text{for } x \ge 7 \end{cases}$$

A) 8

B) 7

C) 43

D) -49

Answer: A

43)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4x + 1, & \text{for } x < 1, \\ 7x, & \text{for } 7 \le x \le 10, \\ 7 - 8x, & \text{for } x > 10 \end{cases}$$

$$f(7)$$

A) 81

B) 49

C) -49

D) 5

Answer: B

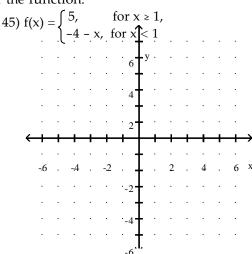
44)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 7x + 1, & \text{for } x < 7, \\ 7x, & \text{for } 7 \le x \le 9, \\ 7 - 4x, & \text{for } x > 9 \end{cases}$$

A) -48 Answer: A B) 50

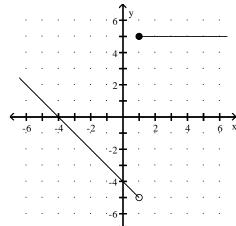
C) -49

D) 35

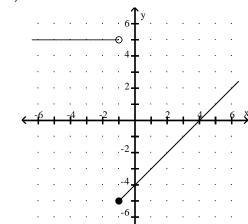
Graph the function.





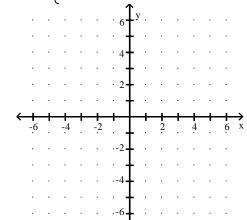


C)

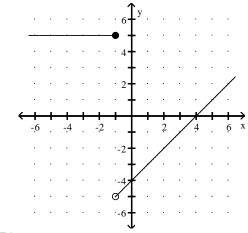


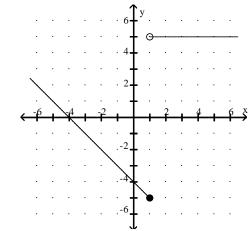
Answer: A

46)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 5, & \text{for } x > 0, \\ -4, & \text{for } x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

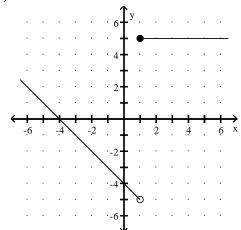


B)

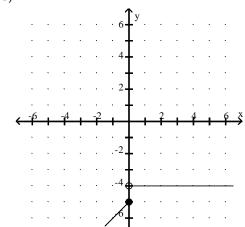




A)

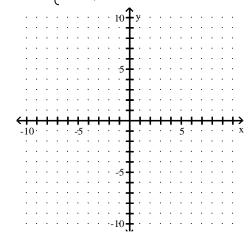


C)

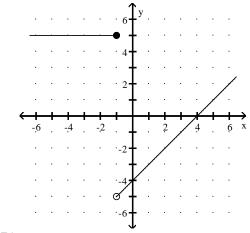


Answer: A

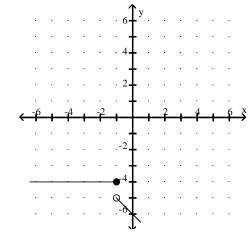
47)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 - x, & \text{for } x \le 2, \\ 1 - 2x, & \text{for } x > 2 \end{cases}$$



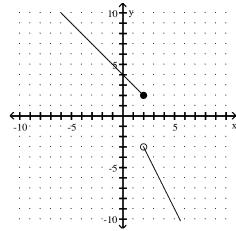




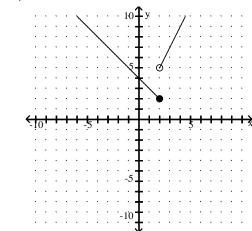
D)





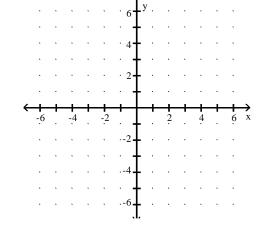


C)

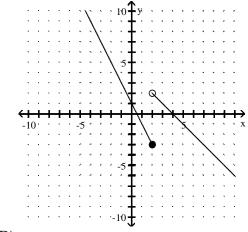


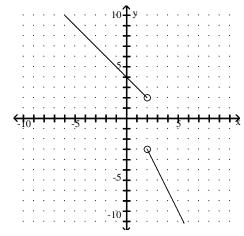
Answer: A

48)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x+3'} & \text{for } x \neq -3, \\ 1, & \text{for } x = -3 \end{cases}$$

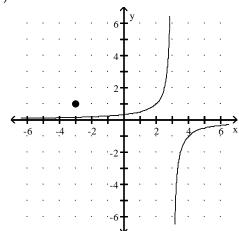




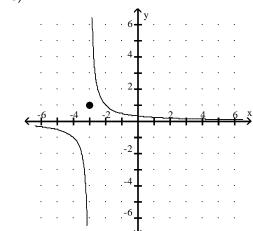






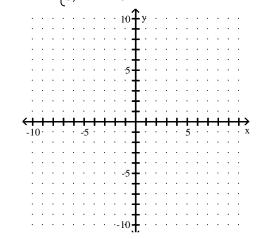


C)

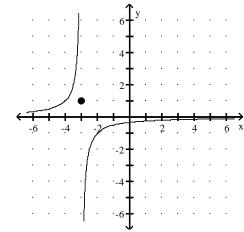


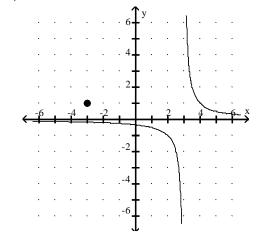
Answer: C

49)
$$f(x) =\begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 2}, & \text{for } x \neq -2, \\ 3, & \text{for } x = -2 \end{cases}$$

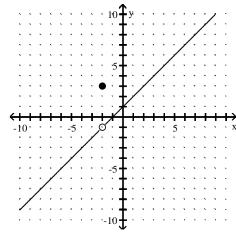


B)

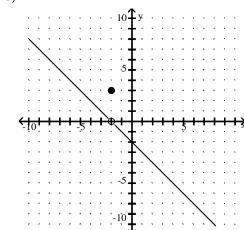




A)

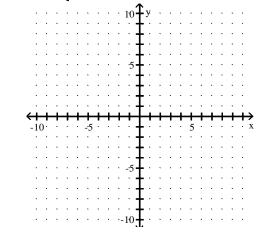


C)

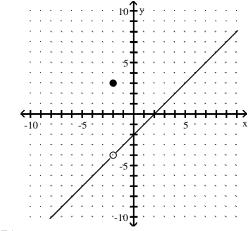


Answer: B

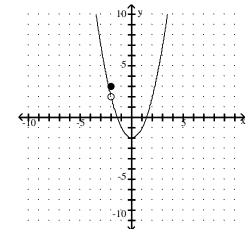
50)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}, & \text{for } x \neq -3, \\ -4, & \text{for } x = 3 \end{cases}$$



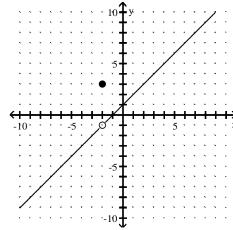
B)



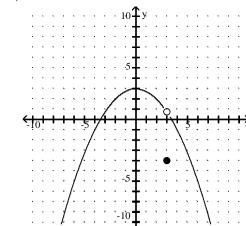
D)



A)

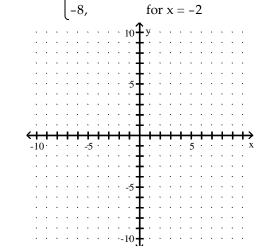


C)

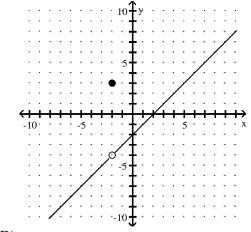


Answer: B

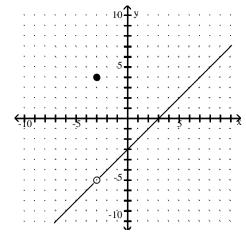
51)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{x + 2}, & \text{for } x \neq -2 \end{cases}$$



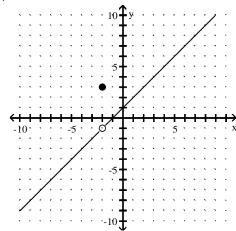
B)



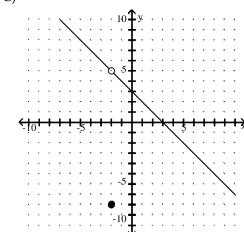
D)



A)

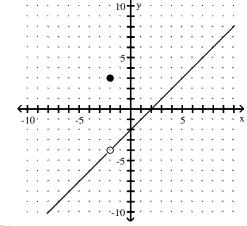


C)

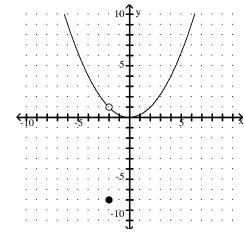


Answer: B

B)

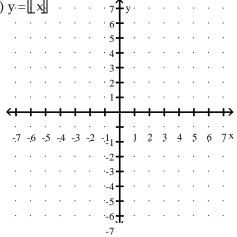


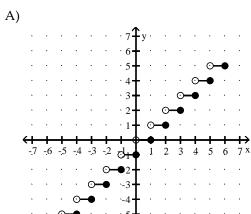
D)

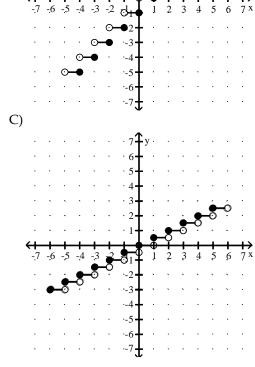


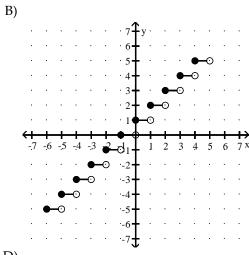
Graph the equation. 52) y = [x]

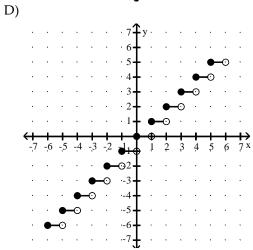




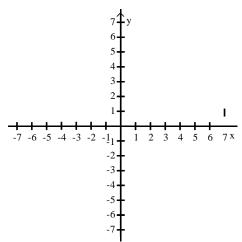


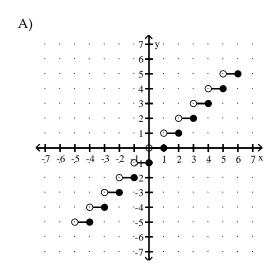


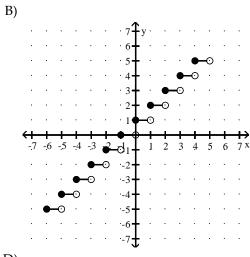


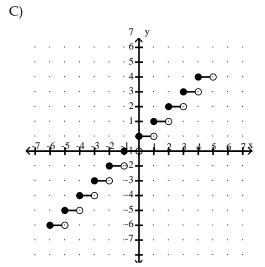


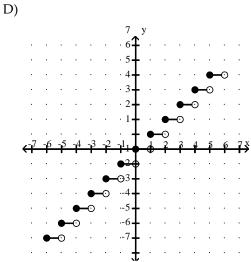
53)
$$y = \frac{1}{2} [x]$$



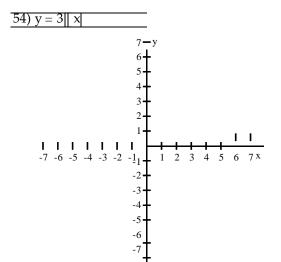


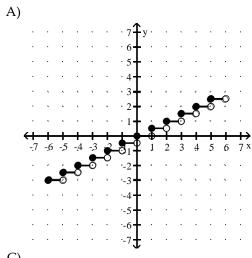


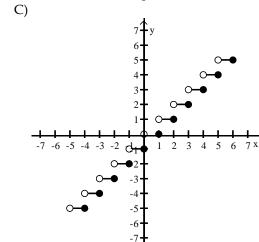




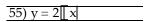
Answer: A

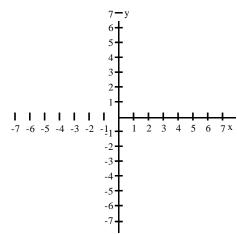


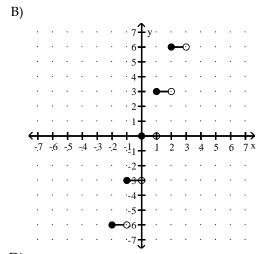


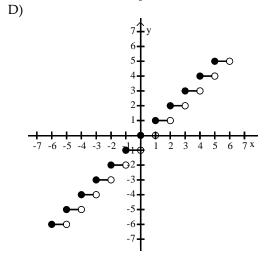


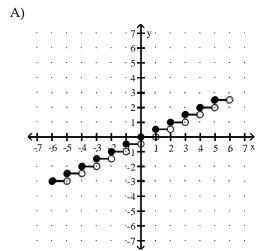
Answer: B

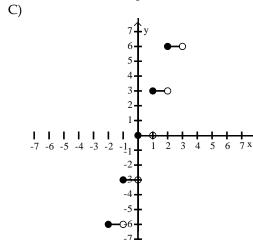


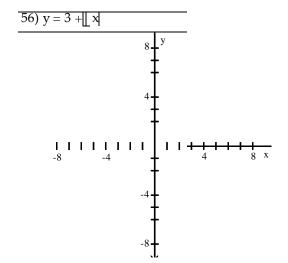


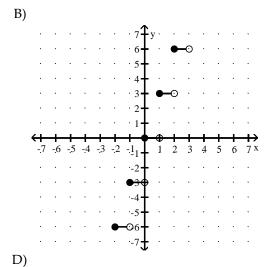


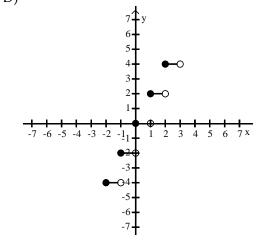




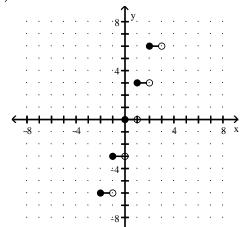


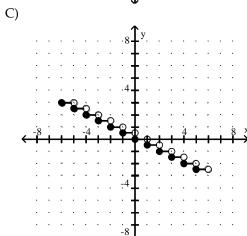




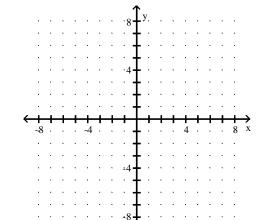




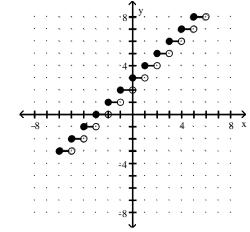


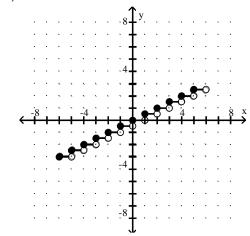


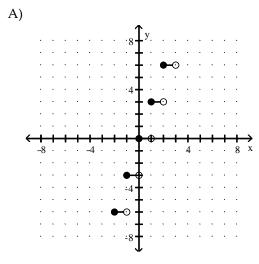
Answer: B 57)
$$y = \frac{1}{2} [x] - 3$$

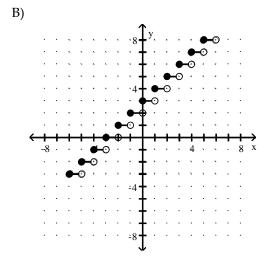


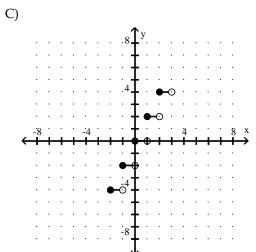
B)

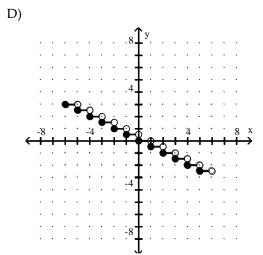








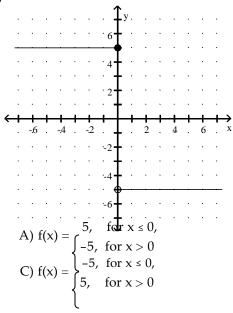




Answer: A

Write an equation for the piecewise function.

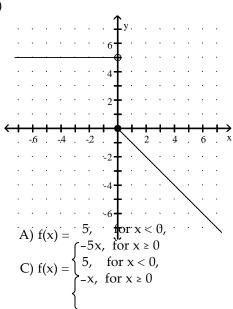
58)



Answer: A

B) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x, & \text{for } x \le 0, \\ -5x, & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$ D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 5, & \text{for } x < 0, \\ -5, & \text{for } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$

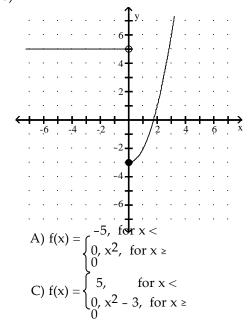
59)



Answer: C

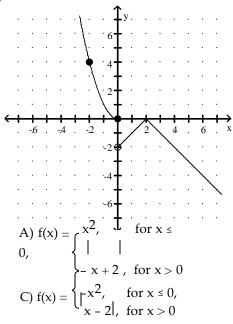
B)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5, & \text{for } x \le 0, \\ -x, & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 5, & \text{for } x < 0, \\ 0, & \text{for } x \ge 0, \end{cases}$



Answer: C

61)

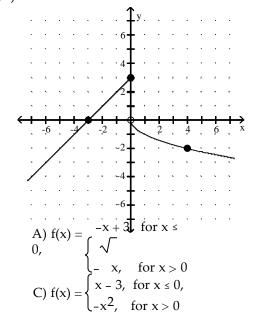


Answer: B

B)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -5, & \text{for } x \le \\ 0, x^2 - 3, & \text{for } x < 0, \\ > 0 \end{cases}$$
D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} -5, & \text{for } x < 0, \\ |x| - 3, & \text{for } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$

B)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & \text{for } x \le 0, \\ -|x-2|, & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

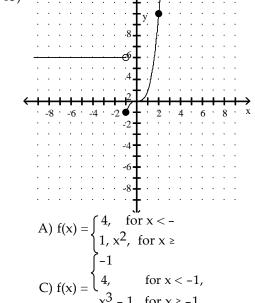
D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} -|x-2|, & \text{for } x < 0, \\ 0, & \text{for } x \ge 0, \end{cases}$



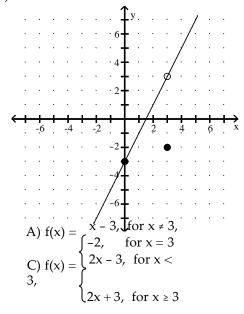
B) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+3, & \text{for } x \le \\ 0, x, & \text{for } x \\ \sqrt{>0} \end{cases}$ D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+3, & \text{for } x \le 0, \\ -\sqrt{x}, & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$

Answer: D

63)



B) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4, & \text{for } x < -1 \\ 1, x^2 - 1, & \text{for } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} -1 \\ 4, & \text{for } x < -1, \\ x^3, & \text{for } x \ge -1 \end{cases}$

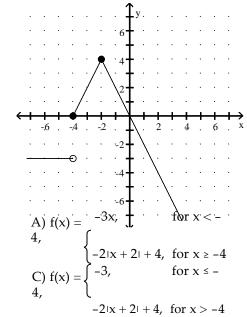


B)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 3, & \text{for } x \neq 3, \\ -3, & \text{for } x = 3 \end{cases}$$

D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 3, & \text{for } x \neq 3, \\ -2, & \text{for } x = 3 \end{cases}$

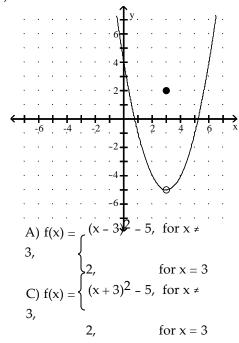
Answer: D

65)



B)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -3x, & \text{for } x \le -4, \\ -2|x+2|+4, & \text{for } x > -4 \end{cases}$$

D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} -3x, & \text{for } x < -4, \\ -3, & \text{for } x < -4, \\ -2|x+2|+4, & \text{for } x \ge -4 \end{cases}$

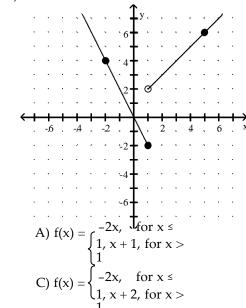


B) $f(x) = (x - 3)^2 - 5$

D)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} |x - 3| - 5, & \text{for } x \neq 3, \\ 2, & \text{for } x = 3 \end{cases}$$

Answer: A

67)



B) $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x, & \text{for } x \le 1, \\ 2x + 1, & \text{for } x > 1 \end{cases}$ D) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & \text{for } x \le 1, \\ 1, & \text{x} + 1, & \text{for } x > 1, \end{cases}$

Answer: A

For the pair of functions, find the indicated sum, difference, product, or quotient.

68)
$$f(x) = x - 3$$
, $g(x) = x - 7$
Find $(f + g)(1)$.

A) 6

B) -2

C) 12

D) -8

69) $f(x) = x^2 - 7$, g(x) = 4x + 5Find (f + g)(4).

B) 14

C) 18

D) 30

70)
$$f(x) = -4x^2 + 3$$
, $g(x) = x + 1$
Find $(f - g)(5)$.

Answer: A

71)
$$f(x) = x + 3$$
, $g(x) = 4x^2 + 10x - 2$
Find $(fg)(-2)$.

Answer: B

72)
$$f(x) = 5x - 5$$
, $g(x) = 3x^2 + 14x + 2$
Find $(f/g)(-2)$.

A)
$$-\frac{3}{14}$$

B)
$$-\frac{5}{14}$$

C)
$$\frac{15}{14}$$

D)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

Answer: C

73)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 2$$
, $g(x) = 4x + 1$

Find
$$(f/g\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)$$
.

B)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

C)
$$-\frac{2}{3}$$

D) does not exist

Answer: D

74)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 1$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 1$

Find
$$(f/g)(\sqrt{11})$$
.

A)
$$\frac{20 - \sqrt{11}}{45}$$

B)
$$\frac{\sqrt{11} - 1}{2}$$

C)
$$\frac{19\sqrt{11} + 10}{21}$$

D)
$$\frac{20\sqrt{11} - 10}{43}$$

Answer: D

75)
$$h(x) = x + 1$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 2}$
Find $(h + g)(23)$.

D) 29

Answer: D

76)
$$f(x) = x + 7$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 2}$
Find $(f - g)(-7)$.

A) 0

B) does not exist

C) 9

D) 2

 $\sqrt{}$

Answer: B

77)
$$h(x) = x - 7$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 6}$
Find $(hg)(-4)$.

A)
$$-11 - \sqrt{2}$$

B)
$$3\sqrt{2}$$

78)
$$f(x) = 9x - 8$$
, $g(x) = 7x - 2$
Find $(f - g)(x)$.

A)
$$-2x + 6$$

C)
$$2x - 6$$

D)
$$2x - 10$$

Answer: C

79)
$$f(x) = 8x^2 - 9x$$
, $g(x) = x^2 - 6x - 27$
Find $(f/g)(x)$.

A)
$$\frac{8x^2 - 9x}{x^2 - 6x - 27}$$

B)
$$\frac{8x}{x+1}$$

C)
$$\frac{8-x}{27}$$

D)
$$\frac{8x - 9}{-6}$$

Answer: A

80)
$$f(x) = 4 - 3x$$
, $g(x) = -6x + 3$

Find
$$(f + g)(x)$$
.
A) $-9x + 7$

B)
$$3x + 7$$

D)
$$-6x + 4$$

Answer: A

81)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{4x + 4}$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{9x - 16}$
Find $(fg)(x)$.

A)
$$(4x + 4)(3x - 4)$$

16) C)
$$(3x - \sqrt{4})(4x + 4)$$

16)

B)
$$(\sqrt{4x+4})(\sqrt{9x-4})$$

D) $(4x+4)(9x-4)$

Answer: B

82)
$$f(x) = 5x - 8$$
, $g(x) = 3x + 2$
Find $(fg)(x)$.

A)
$$15x^2 - 14x - 16$$
 B) $8x^2 - 14x - 6$

B)
$$8x^2 - 14x - 6$$

C)
$$15x^2 - 16$$

D)
$$15x^2 - 22x - 16$$

Answer: A

83)
$$f(x) = 9x - 5$$
, $g(x) = 6x - 6$

Find
$$(f/g)(x)$$
. $9x - 5$

A)
$$\frac{9x-5}{6x-7}$$

B)
$$\frac{6x-7}{9x-5}$$

$$C)\frac{6x+7}{9x+5}$$

$$D) \frac{9x+5}{6x+7}$$

Answer: A

84)
$$f(x) = 1 + x$$
, $g(x) = 2|x|$ Find $(g/f)(x)$.

A)
$$\frac{2|x|}{1+x}$$

B)
$$2|x| - 1 + x$$

C)
$$\frac{1+x}{2|x|}$$

$$D) \frac{2|x|}{1} + x$$

Answer: A

85)
$$f(x) = 16 - x^2$$
; $g(x) = 4 - x$
Find $(f + g)(x)$.

A)
$$4 + x$$

B)
$$-x^2 - x + 20$$

B)
$$-x^2 - x + 20$$
 C) $-x^2 + x + 12$

D)
$$x^3 - 4x^2 - 16x +$$

Answer: B

64

86)
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x-6}$$
, $g(x) = \frac{1}{5+x}$

Find (ff)(x).

$$A) \frac{9}{(x-6)^2}$$

B)
$$\frac{9}{(x-6)(5+x)}$$
 C) $\frac{3}{(x-6)^2}$

C)
$$\frac{3}{(x-6)^2}$$

D)
$$\frac{9}{x - 6^2}$$

Answer: A

87)
$$f(x) = \frac{9}{x-5}$$
, $g(x) = \frac{1}{4+x}$

Find (f/g)(x).

$$A) \frac{x-5}{9(4+x)}$$

B)
$$\frac{9}{(x-5)(4+x)}$$
 C) $\frac{9(4+x)}{x-5}$

C)
$$\frac{9(4+x)}{x-5}$$

$$D)\frac{4+x}{9(x-5)}$$

Answer: C

For the pair of functions, find the indicated domain.

88)
$$f(x) = 2x - 5$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 10}$

Find the domain of f + g.

D) $[10, \infty)$

Answer: C

89)
$$f(x) = 2x - 5$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 4}$

Find the domain of

D) [0,

∞) Answer: C

90)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 16$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 3$

Find the domain of f -

A)
$$[4, \infty)$$
 g.

D) $(-\infty, \infty)$

Answer: D

91)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 64$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 3$

Find the domain of

A)
$$\left(-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}\right) \cup \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \infty\right)$$
 B) $(-8, 8)$

D)
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$
, ∞

Answer: A

92)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 4$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 3$

Find the domain of g/f.

A)
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

B) $-\frac{3}{2}, \infty$

D)
$$-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\cup \left(\frac{3}{2}, \infty\right)$$

Answer: C

93) For
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x-5}$

Find the domain of

fg. A) $[3,5) \cup (5,\infty)$

B) $(3, 5) \circ (5, \infty)$

C) [3, ∞)

D) $[0,5) \circ (5,$

Answer: A

94)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{3 - x}$$
; $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 2}$

Find the domain of

fg. A) $(-\infty, 6) \cup (6, \infty)$

B) [2, 3]

C)(2,3)

D) $(-\infty, 2) \cup (3,$

Answer: B

95)
$$f(x) = 4x + 2$$
, $g(x) = \frac{2}{x+1}$

Find the domain of f + g.

A) $(-\infty, -2)$ or $(-2, \infty)$

B) $(0, \infty)$

C) $(-\infty, -1)$ or $(-1, \infty)$ D) $(-\infty,$

∞) Answer: C

96)
$$f(x) = \frac{2x}{x-1}$$
, $g(x) = \frac{4}{x+4}$

Find the domain of f + g.

A) $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$

B) $(-\infty, \infty)$

C) $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$

D) $(-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$

Answer: A

97)
$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 5$$
, $g(x) = 2x^3 - 8$

Find the domain of f + g.

A) $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$

B) $(0, \infty)$

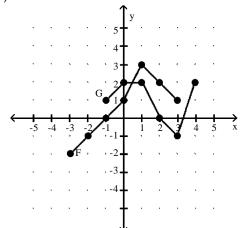
C) $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ∞)

D) (-∞,

Answer: D

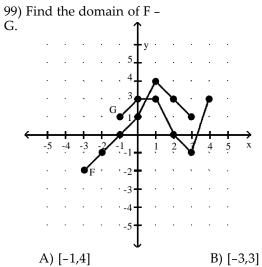
Consider the functions F and G as shown in the graph. Provide an appropriate response.

98) Find the domain of F + G.



-5

A) [-1,3] B) [-3,3] C) [-3,4] D) [-1,4] Answer: A

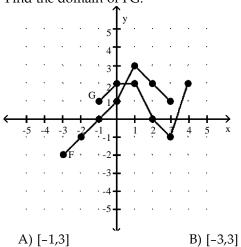


C) [-1,3]

D) [-

3,4] Answer: C

100) Find the domain of FG.

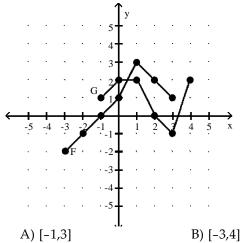


1,4] Answer: A

C) [-3,4]

D) [-

101) Find the domain of F/G.

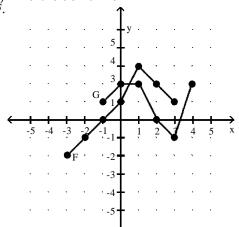


1,4) Answer: C

C) [-1,2) · (2,3]

D) [-3,-1) · (-

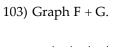
102) Find the domain of G/F.

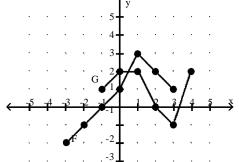


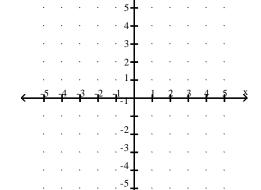
A) [-3,3] 3,4] Answer: C B) [-1,2) · (2,3)

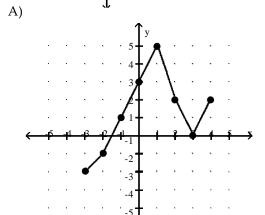
C) (-1,3]

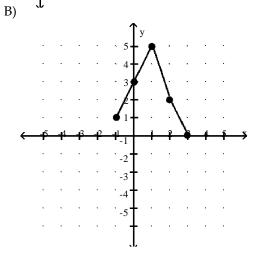
D) [-

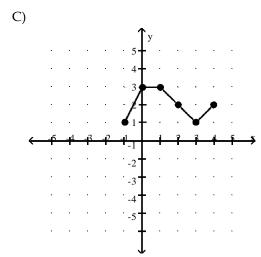


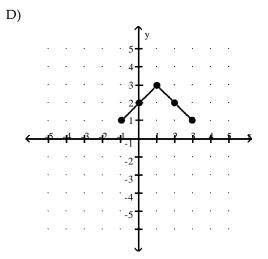




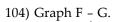


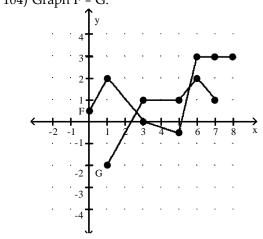


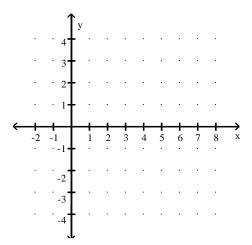


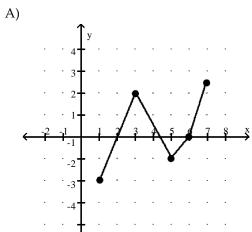


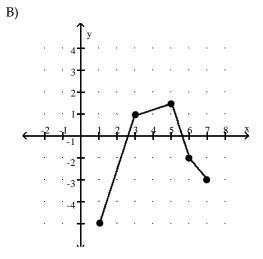
Answer: B

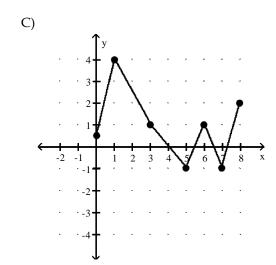


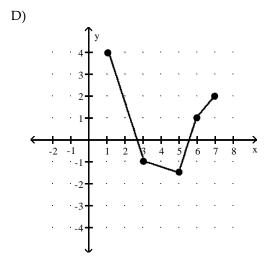


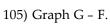


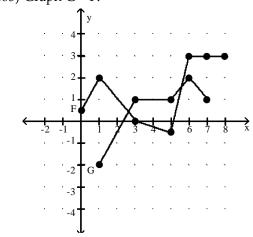


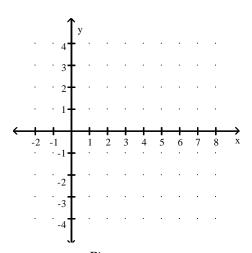


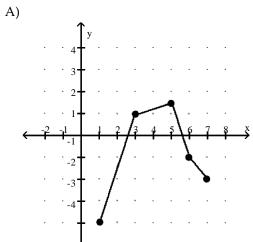


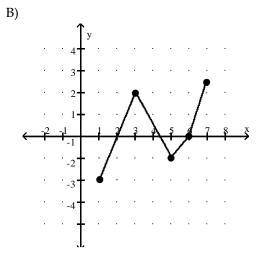




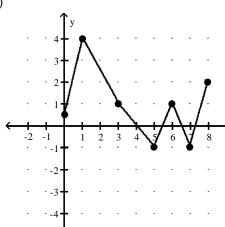




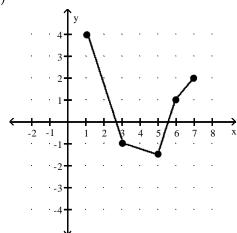




C)



D)



Answer: A

Solve.

106) At Allied Electronics, production has begun on the X-15 Computer Chip. The total revenue function is given by $R(x) = 58x - 0.3x^2$ and the total cost function is given by C(x) = 9x + 14, where x represents the number of boxes of computer chips produced. The total profit function, P(x), is such that P(x) = R(x) - C(x). Find P(x).

A)
$$P(x) = 0.3x^2 + 49x - 28$$

B)
$$P(x) = -0.3x^2 + 40x + 14$$

C)
$$P(x) = -0.3x^2 + 49x - 14$$

D)
$$P(x) = 0.3x^2 + 40x - 42$$

Answer: C

107) At Allied Electronics, production has begun on the X-15 Computer Chip. The total revenue function is given by $R(x) = 45x - 0.3x^2$ and the total profit function is given by $P(x) = -0.3x^2 + 42x - 14$, where x represents the number of boxes of computer chips produced. The total cost function, C(x), is such that C(x) = R(x) - P(x). Find C(x).

A)
$$C(x) = 4x + 19$$

B)
$$C(x) = 3x + 14$$

C)
$$C(x) = 5x + 10$$

D)
$$C(x) = -0.3x^2 + 6x + 14$$

Answer: B

108) At Allied Electronics, production has begun on the X-15 Computer Chip. The total cost function is given by C(x) = 8x + 12 and the total profit function is given by $P(x) = -0.3x^2 + 43x - 12$, where x represents the number of boxes of computer chips produced. The total revenue function, R(x), is such that R(x) = C(x) + P(x). Find R(x).

A)
$$R(x) = 51x + 0.3x^2$$

 $0.3x^2$

B)
$$R(x) = 51x - 0.3x^2$$

C)
$$R(x) = 50x - 0.6x^2$$

D)
$$R(x) = 53x -$$

0.07

Answer: B

109) AAA Technology finds that the total revenue function associated with producing a new type of computer chip is $R(x) = 78 - 0.3x^2$, and the total cost function is C(x) = 5x + 28, where x represents the number of units of chips produced. Find the total profit function, P(x).

A)
$$P(x) = -0.03x^2 + 5x - 50$$

B)
$$P(x) = 0.03x^2 + 5x + 52$$

C)
$$P(x) = -0.03x^2 + 5x + 106$$

D)
$$P(x) = -0.03x^2 - 5x + 50$$

110) Acme Communication finds that the total revenue function associated with producing a new type of cellular phone is $R(x) = 202x - x^2$, and the total cost function is C(x) = 7000 + 6x, where x represents the number of units of cellular phones produced. Find the total profit function, P(x).

A)
$$P(x) = x^4 - 196x^2 + 7000$$

B)
$$P(x) = -x^2 + 196x - 7000$$

C)
$$P(x) = -2x^2 + 214x - 8000$$

D)
$$P(x) = -x^2 + 208x + 7000$$

Answer: B

f(x+h) – For the function f, construct and simplify the difference quotient $\frac{f(x)}{h}$.

111)
$$f(x) = 4x + 8$$

A) 0

C)
$$4 + \frac{8(x+8)}{h}$$

D) 4

Answer: D

112) $f(x) = \frac{1}{8x}$

A) 0

 $B)_{8x}$

C) $\frac{-1}{8x(x+h)}$

D) $\frac{-1}{x(x+h)}$

Answer: C

113)
$$f(x) = \frac{15}{x+13}$$

A)
$$-\frac{15}{(x+h+13)(x+13)}$$

C)
$$\frac{15}{(x+h+13)(x+13)}$$

B) $-\frac{15}{(x+15)^2}$

D)
$$-\frac{195}{(x+h+13)(x+13)}$$

Answer: A

114)
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{6-x}$$

A)
$$\frac{x}{(6-x+h)(6-x)}$$

B)
$$\frac{hx}{(6-x-h)(6+x)}$$

C)
$$\frac{6}{(6-x-h)(6-x)}$$

A)
$$\frac{x}{(6-x+h)(6-x)}$$
 B) $\frac{hx}{(6-x-h)(6+x)}$ C) $\frac{6}{(6-x-h)(6-x)}$ D) $-\frac{6}{(6-x+h)(6-x)}$

Answer: C

115)
$$f(x) = \frac{x-5}{x+3}$$

A)
$$\frac{8}{(x+h+3)(x+3)}$$
 B) $-\frac{8}{x(x+3)}$

$$B) - \frac{8}{x(x+3)}$$

C)
$$\frac{9}{(x+3)(x-3)}$$
 D) $\frac{8(x+h+3)}{(x+3)}$

D)
$$\frac{8(x+h+3)}{(x+3)}$$

Answer: A

116)
$$f(x) = 14 - 2x^3$$

A)
$$-2(3x^2 - 3x - h^2)$$

A)
$$-2(3x^2 - 3x - h)$$
 B) $-2(x^2 - xh - h^2)$

C)
$$-42x^2$$

D)
$$-2(3x^2 + 3xh +$$

117)
$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 2x$$

A) $6x^2 + 3h + 2x$

B)
$$6x + 2$$

C)
$$9x - 5h + 4$$

D) 6x + 3h +

Answer: D

2

118)
$$f(x) = 2|x| + 9x$$

C)
$$\frac{-2|x+h|-10h+2|x|}{h}$$

B) -8h

D)
$$\frac{2|x+h| - 9h - 2|x|}{h}$$

Answer: D

Find the requested function

value.

119)
$$f(x) = \frac{x-2}{6}$$
, $g(x) = 8x + 3$

A)
$$\frac{113}{6}$$

D) 230

Answer: C

120)
$$f(x) = -8x + 9$$
, $g(x) = -5x^2 - 2x + 9$

Find $(f \circ g)(-8)$.

D) -502

Answer: A

121)
$$f(x) = 7x + 6$$
, $g(x) = -3x^2 + 5x - 7$
Find $(g \cdot f)(-4)$.

D) -99

Answer: B

122)
$$f(x) = \frac{x-4}{9}$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 5$

Find $(g \circ f)(40)$.

D) 13

For the pair of functions, find the indicated composition.

123)
$$f(x) = 6x + 8$$
, $g(x) = 5x - 1$

Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.

A)
$$30x + 2$$

B)
$$30x + 7$$

C)
$$30x + 39$$

D) 30x + 14

Answer: A

124)
$$f(x) = -2x + 3$$
, $g(x) = 4x + 3$

Find $(g \cdot f)(x)$.

A)
$$-8x + 9$$

B)
$$-8x + 15$$

C)
$$8x + 15$$

D)
$$-8x - 9$$

Answer: B

125)
$$f(x) = \frac{6}{x - 5}$$
, $g(x) = \frac{6}{5x}$

Find $(f \cdot g)(x)$.

$$A) \frac{30x}{6 + 25x}$$

B)
$$\frac{30x}{6 - 25x}$$

C)
$$\frac{6x - 30}{30x}$$

$$D) \frac{6x}{6 - 25x}$$

Answer: B

126)
$$f(x) = \frac{x-6}{7}$$
, $g(x) = 7x + 6$

Find $(g \circ f)(x)$.

A)
$$x - \frac{6}{7}$$

B)
$$7x + 36$$

C)
$$x + 12$$

Answer: D

127)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$$
, $g(x) = 8x - 7$
Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.

A)
$$2\sqrt{2x+1}$$

B)
$$8\sqrt{x+3} - 7$$

C)
$$8\sqrt{x-4}$$

D)
$$2\sqrt{2x-1}$$

Answer: D

128)
$$f(x) = 4x^2 + 3x + 7$$
, $g(x) = 3x - 3$
Find $(g \circ f)(x)$.

A)
$$4x^2 + 3x + 4$$

B)
$$4x^2 + 9x + 18$$

C)
$$12x^2 + 9x + 18$$

D)
$$12x^2 + 9x + 24$$

Answer: C

129)
$$f(x) = \frac{8}{5x^4}, g(x) =$$

Find $(g \cdot f)(x)$.

$$A)\frac{8}{5x^4}$$

B)
$$\frac{5x^4}{8}$$

C)
$$\frac{5x^4}{4096}$$

D)
$$\frac{20,480}{x^4}$$

Answer: D

130)
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x$$
, $g(x) = -\frac{2}{3}x$

Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.

Answer: C

131)
$$f(x) = x^4 + 5$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt[4]{x - 5}$
Find $(g \circ f)(x)$.

B)
$$x^4$$

C)
$$|x|$$

132)
$$f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 - 2x - 2$$
, $g(x) = x - 1$
Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.

A)
$$x^3 - 10x^2 + 15x - 8$$

B)
$$x^3 - 7x^2 - 2x - 3$$

A)
$$x^3 - 10x^2 + 15x - 8$$
 B) $x^3 - 7x^2 - 2x - 3$ C) $x^3 - 7x^2 - 2x - 1$ D) $x^3 - 4x^2 - 13x - 1$

D)
$$x^3 - 4x^2 - 13x -$$

Answer: A

For the pair of functions, find the indicated domain.

133)
$$f(x) = 4x + 28$$
, $g(x) = x + 2$

Find the domain of f •

B)
$$(-\infty, -9) \cup (-9, \infty)$$
 C) $(-\infty, -9] \cup [-9, \infty)$

D)
$$(-\infty, 9) \cup (9,$$

∞) Answer: A

134)
$$f(x) = \frac{9}{x+3}$$
, $g(x) = x+10$

Find the domain of $f \mathrel{\raisebox{1pt}{\tiny\circ}}$

B)
$$(-\infty, -13) \cup (-13, \infty)$$
 C) $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$

∞) Answer: B

135)
$$f(x) = \frac{9}{x+3}, g(x) = x+2$$

Find the domain of g •

f. A)
$$(-\infty, -3] \cup [-3, \infty)$$

B)
$$(-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, \infty)$$
 C) $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$

C)
$$(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$$

∞) Answer: C

136)
$$f(x) = 2x - 5$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 8}$

Find the domain of $f \mathrel{\raisebox{1pt}{\tiny\circ}}$

∞) Answer: C

137)
$$f(x) = 2x - 5$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 7}$

Find the domain of g •

7) Answer: C

138)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 4$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 3$

Find the domain of f •

∞) Answer: D

139)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 36$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 3$

Find the domain of g •

A)
$$\left(-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}\right) \cup \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \infty\right)$$
 B) $(-6, 6)$

D)
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$
, ∞

Answer: C

140) $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, g(x) = 2x + 6Find the domain of $f \circ g$.

A) [-3, ∞)

B) (-∞, ∞)

C) (-∞, -3] ∪ [0, ∞)

D) [0,

∞) Answer: A

141)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 25$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 3$

Find the domain of g •

B)
$$(-5, 5)$$

$$D\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \infty\right)$$

$$D\left(-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

Answer: C

Find f(x) and g(x) such that $h(x) = (f \cdot g)(x)$.

142)
$$h(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 8}$$

A)
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$
, $g(x) = x - 8$

C)
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{8}$$
, $g(x) = x^2 - 8$

Answer: B

B)
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$
, $g(x) = x^2 - 8$

D)
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$
, $g(x) = -\frac{1}{8}$

143) h(x) = |7x + 1|

A)
$$f(x) = |-x|, g(x) = 7x - 1$$

C)
$$f(x) = |x|, g(x) = 7x + 1$$

Answer: C

B)
$$f(x) = x$$
, $g(x) = 7x + 1$

D)
$$f(x) = |-x|, g(x) = 7x + 1$$

144) $h(x) = \frac{7}{x^2} + 3$

A)
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$
, $g(x) = \frac{7}{x} + 3$

C)
$$f(x) = x + 3$$
, $g(x) = \frac{7}{x^2}$

B) $f(x) = \frac{7}{2}$, g(x) = 3

D)
$$f(x) = x$$
, $g(x) = \frac{7}{3} + \frac{7}{3}$

Answer: C

145)
$$h(x) = \frac{9}{\sqrt{2x+4}}$$

A)
$$f(x) = \frac{9}{\sqrt{x}}$$
, $g(x) = 2x + 4$

C)
$$f(x) = 9$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{2x + 4}$

B) $f(x) = \frac{9}{x}$, g(x) = 2x + 4

D)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x + 4}$$
, $g(x) = 9$

Answer: A

146) $h(x) = (-6x - 5)^9$

A)
$$f(x) = -6x^9$$
, $g(x) = x - 5$

C)
$$f(x) = -6x - 5$$
, $g(x) = x^9$

B)
$$f(x) = (-6x)^9$$
, $g(x) = -5$

D)
$$f(x) = x^9$$
, $g(x) = -6x - 5$

A)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{57x^2}$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{37}$
C) $f(x) = 57x^2 + 37$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$

B)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{57x + 37}$$
, $g(x) = x^2$

D)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$
, $g(x) = 57x^2 + 37$

148)
$$h(x) = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{x - 5}$$

A) $f(x) = \sqrt{5 - x}$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 5}$
C) $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 5}$, $g(x) = \sqrt{5}$

B)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-5}$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt{x-5}$
D) $f(x) = \sqrt{5+x}$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x-5}$

149)
$$h(x) = (x-2)^6 + 4(x-2)^5 - 6(x-2)^3 + 4$$

A)
$$f(x) = x^6 - 4x^5 + 6x^3 + 4$$
, $g(x) = x + 2$

C)
$$f(x) = x^6 + 4x^5 - 6x^3 + 4$$
, $g(x) = x - 2$

B)
$$f(x) = x^6 + 4x^5 - 6x^3$$
, $g(x) = x - 6$
D) $f(x) = x^6 + x^5 - x^3 + 4$, $g(x) = x - 2$

Solve the problem.

150) A balloon (in the shape of a sphere) is being inflated. The radius is increasing at a rate of 1 cm per second. Find a

function, r(t), for the radius in terms of t. Find a function, V(r), for the volume of the balloon in terms of r. Find

$$(V \circ r)(t)$$
.

A)
$$(V \circ r)(t) = \frac{4\pi t^3}{3}$$

A)
$$(V \circ r)(t) = \frac{4\pi t^3}{3}$$
 B) $(V \circ r)(t) = \frac{4\pi}{\sqrt{5}}$ C) $(V \circ r)(t) = \frac{7\pi t^3}{3}$

C)
$$(V \circ r)(t) = \frac{7\pi t^3}{2}$$

D)
$$(\mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{r})(\mathbf{t}) = \frac{5\pi \mathbf{t}^2}{3}$$

Answer: A

151) A stone is thrown into a pond. A circular ripple is spreading over the pond in such a way that the radius is increasing at the rate of 2.9 feet per second. Find a function, r(t), for the radius in terms of t. Find a function, A(r), for the area of the ripple in terms of r. Find $(A \circ r)(t)$.

A)
$$(A \cdot r)(t) = 2.9\pi t^2$$

B)
$$(A \circ r)(t) = 8.41\pi^2 t$$

C)
$$(A \cdot r)(t) = 5.8\pi t^2$$

D)
$$(A \circ r)(t) =$$

 $8.41\pi t^{2}$

Answer: D

152) Ken is 6 feet tall and is walking away from a streetlight. The streetlight has its light bulb 14 feet above the ground, and Ken is walking at the rate of 3 feet per second. Find a function, d(t), which gives the distance Ken is from the streetlight in terms of time. Find a function, S(d), which gives the length of Ken's shadow in terms of d. Then find $(S \cdot d)(t)$.

A)
$$(S \cdot d)(t) = 5.07t$$

B)
$$(S \circ d)(t) = 1.65t$$

C)
$$(S \cdot d)(t) = 2.25t$$

D)
$$(S \circ d)(t) = 2.85t$$

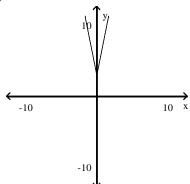
Answer: C

Determine if the graph is symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and/or the origin. 153)

-10

A) x-axis

Answer: B



A) x-axis origin

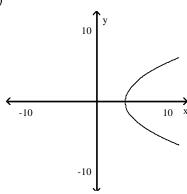
B) y-axis

C) Origin

D) x-axis,

Answer: B

155)



A) x-axis

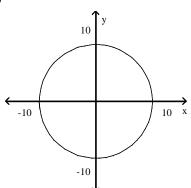
Answer: A

B) x-axis, origin

C) Origin

D) y-axis

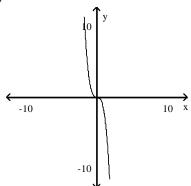
156)



J.
A) x-axis, y-axis, origin
C) x-axis, origin

B) x-axis D) Origin

Answer: A

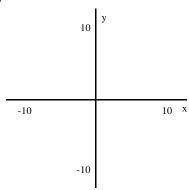


A) Origin Answer: A B) y-axis

C) x-axis, origin

D) x-axis

158)



A) y-axis axis

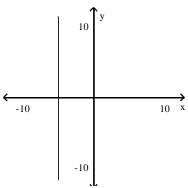
B) y-axis, origin

C) x-axis

D) x-axis, y-

Answer: A

159)



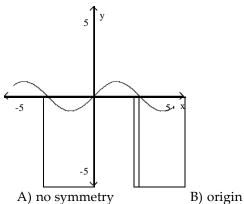
A) x-axis, y-axis symmetry

B) x-axis

C) y-axis

D) no

Answer: B



Answer: B

D) x-axis

Determine algebraically whether the graph is symmetric with respect to the x-axis, the y-axis, and the origin.

161)
$$y = 3x^2 - 4$$

- A) x-axis only
- C) x-axis, y-axis, origin

- B) Origin only
- D) y-axis only

C) y-axis

Answer: D

162)
$$x^2 + 4y^4 = 4$$

- A) Origin only
- C) y-axis only

B) x-axis only

D) x-axis, y-axis, origin

Answer: D

163)
$$xy = 4$$

- A) x-axis only
- C) Origin only

B) x-axis, y-axis, origin

D) y-axis only

Answer: C

164)
$$2x = 2y^2 + 4$$

- A) x-axis only
- C) Origin only

D) y-axis only

B) x-axis, y-axis, origin

Answer: A

165)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 10$$

- A) Origin only
- C) x-axis, y-axis, origin

B) y-axis only

D) x-axis only

Answer: C

166)
$$x^2 + xy^2 = 4$$

- A) x-axis only
- C) Origin only

B) y-axis only

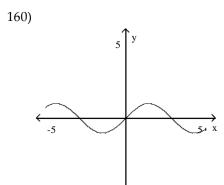
D) x-axis, y-axis, origin

Answer: A

167)
$$y = (x - 2)(x + 2)$$

- A) x-axis, y-axis, origin
- C) Origin only

- B) x-axis only
- D) y-axis only



168)
$$x^4 + y^4 = 10$$

- A) Origin only
- C) y-axis only

B) x-axis, y-axis, origin

D) x-axis only

Answer: B

- 169) y = |3x|
 - A) x-axis, y-axis, origin
 - C) y-axis only

B) x-axis only

D) Origin only

Answer: C

- 170) 6x = |y|
 - A) Origin only
 - C) y-axis only

- B) x-axis only
- D) x-axis, y-axis, origin

Answer: B

Find the point that is symmetric to the given point with respect to the requested axis.

171) Symmetric with respect to the y-axis

(1.5, -1.75)

- A) (-1.75, 1.5) 1.75)
- B) (-1.5, -1.75)
- C) (1.5, -1.5)
- D) (-1.5,

Answer: B

172) Symmetric with respect to the y-axis

(1.5, 1.75)

- A) (-1.5, -1.75)
- B) (1.5, -1.5)
- C) (1.75, 1.5)
- D) (-1.5,

1.75) Answer: D

173) Symmetric with respect to the x-axis

(7, 2)

A) (-7, 2)

B) (7, -2)

C)(2,7)

D) (-7, -

2) Answer: B

174) Symmetric with respect to the origin

 $\begin{pmatrix}
3, \frac{27}{2} \\
A) \begin{pmatrix}
-3, -\frac{27}{2} \\
2
\end{pmatrix}$

B) $\left(3, \frac{27}{2} \right)$

- C) $\left(-\frac{27}{2},3\right)$
- D) 3, 27

Answer: A

175) Symmetric with respect to the origin

(-1, 4)

A) (4, -1)

B) (1, 4)

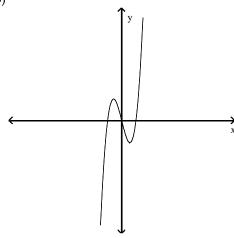
C) (1, -4)

D) (-1, -

4) Answer: C

Determine whether the given function is even, odd, or neither even nor odd.

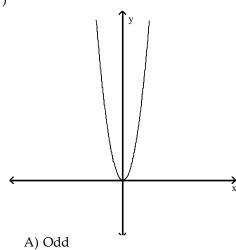
176)



A) Neither Answer: C B) Even

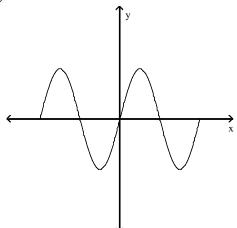
C) Odd

177)



A) Odd Answer: B B) Even

C) Neither

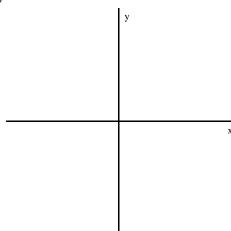


A) Even Answer: C

en B) Neither

C) Odd

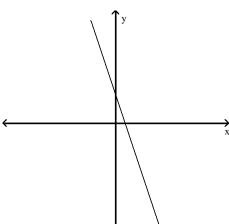
179)



A) Neither Answer: C B) Odd

C) Even

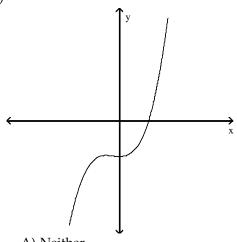
180)



A) Odd

B) Neither

C) Even



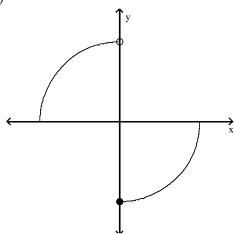
A) Neither

Answer: A

B) Odd

C) Even

182)



A) Odd

B) Neither

C) Even

Answer: B

Determine algebraically whether the function is even, odd, or neither even nor odd.

- 183) $f(x) = 5x^2 + 4$
 - A) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

Answer: A

- 184) $f(x) = -6x^5 + 3x^3$
 - A) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

- Answer: B
- 185) $f(x) = 0.96x^2 + |x| + 9$
 - A) Even Answer: A

B) Odd

54

C) Neither

186) $f(x) = 6x^4 + 2x + 4$

A) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

Answer: C

187) $f(x) = x + \frac{9}{x}$

A) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

Answer: B

188) $f(x) = 12\sqrt[3]{x}$

A) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

Answer: B

189) $f(x) = \frac{4}{x^2}$

A) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

Answer: A

190) f(x) = 13x - 5

A) Evon Answer: C B) Odd

C) Neither

191) f(x) = 9

Á) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

Answer: A

192) $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 15}$

A) Even

B) Odd

C) Neither

Answer: A

Answer the question.

- 193) How can the graph of f(x) = -4|x| be obtained from the graph of y = |x|?
 - A) Stretch it vertically by multiplying each y-coordinate by -4. Reflect it across the x axis.
 - B) Stretch it vertically by multiplying each y-coordinate by -4. Reflect it across the y axis.
 - C) Stretch it vertically by multiplying each y-coordinate by 4. Reflect it across the y axis.
 - D) Stretch it vertically by multiplying each y-coordinate by 4. Reflect it across the x

axis. Answer: D

194) How can the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x+8}$ be obtained from the graph of $y \neq x$?

- A) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the left. Reflect it across the y-axis.
- B) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the right. Reflect it across the x-axis.
- C) Shift it horizontally -8 units to the left. Reflect it across the x-axis. D) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the left. Reflect it across the x-axis.

- 195) How can the graph of $f(x) = (x 1)^2 6$ be obtained from the graph of $y = x^2$?
 - A) Shift it 1 units horizontally to the left. Shift it 6 units upward.
 - B) Shift it 1 units horizontally to the right. Shift it 6 units downward.
 - C) Shift it 1 units horizontally to the left. Shift it 6 units downward.
 - D) Shift it 6 units horizontally to the right. Shift it 1 units downward.

Answer: B

- 196) How can the graph of $f(x) = -10x^3 + 8$ be obtained from the graph of $y = x^3$?
 - A) Stretch it horizontally by a factor of -10. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 8 units downward. B) Stretch it vertically by a factor of 10. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 8 units upward.
 - C) Stretch it vertically by a factor of 10. Reflect it across the y-axis. Shift it 8 units upward.
 - D) Stretch it horizontally by a factor of 8. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 10 units upward.

Answer: B

- 197) How can the graph of f(x) = 0.7 |x 10| + 1.5 be obtained from the graph of y = |x|?
 - A) Shift it horizontally 7 units to the left. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.10. Shift it 1.5 units upward.
 - B) Shift it horizontally 10 units to the left. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 7. Shift it 1.5 units upward.
 - C) Shift it horizontally 1.5 units to the right. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 7. Shift it 10 units downward. D) Shift it horizontally 10 units to the right. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.7. Shift it 1.5 units upward.

Answer: D

- 198) How can the graph of $y = 0.6\sqrt{-x}$ be obtained from the graph of $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$
 - A) Reflect it across the y-axis. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.6. B) Reflect it across the x-axis. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 6. C) Reflect it across the y-axis. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 6. D) Reflect it across the x-axis. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.6.

Answer: A

- 199) How can the graph of $f(x) = 0.31 x^{1} 10$ be obtained from the graph of $y = \frac{1}{|x|^{2}}$
 - A) Reflect it across the x-axis. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 3. Shift it horizontally 10 units to the right. B) Reflect it across the x-axis. Stretch it horizontally by a factor of 10. Shift it horizontally 3 units to the left. C) Reflect it across the y-axis. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.3. Shift it vertically 10 units downward.
 - D) Reflect it across the y-axis. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.3. Shift it vertically 10 units upward.

Answer: C

- 200) How can the graph of $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+8)^2 1$ be obtained from the graph of $y = x^2$?
 - A) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the left. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 2. Shift it 1 units down.
 - B) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the right. Shrink it vertically by a factor $9f^{\frac{1}{2}}$. Shift it 1 units down.
 - C) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the left. Shrink it vertically by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$. Shift it 1 units down.

D) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the right. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 2. Shift it 1 units up. Answer: $\,C\,$

201) How can the graph of $f(x) = \frac{2}{x} + 11$ be obtained from the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$?

- A) Stretch it vertically by a factor of 2. Shift it 11 units up.
- B) Shift it horizontally 2 units to the left. Shift it 11 units down.
- C) Shift it horizontally 2 units to the right. Shift it 11 units up.
- D) Shrink it vertically a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$. Shift it 11 units up.

Answer: A

202) How can the graph of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+8}$ - 4 be obtained from the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$?

A) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the right. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 4. B) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the left. Shift it 4 units down.

- C) Shrink it horizontally by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$. Shift it 4 units down.
- D) Shift it horizontally 8 units to the left. Shift it 4 units up. Answer: B

203) How can the graph of $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} - 3$ be obtained from the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}$?

A) Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 3 units up. B) Reflect it across the y-axis. Shift it 3 units down. C) Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 3 units down. D) Reflect it across the y-axis. Shift it 3 units up.

Answer: B

204) How can the graph of $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x} + 5$ be obtained from the graph of $y_x = \frac{1}{x}$?

A) Reflect it across the y-axis. Shift it 5 units up. down. C) Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 5 units up. D) Reflect it across the y-axis. Shift it 5 units up. units down.

Answer: C

205) How can the graph of $f(x) = -(x - 7)^2 + 6$ be obtained from the graph of $y = x^2$?

- A) Shift it horizontally 7 units to the left. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 6 units up.
- B) Shift it horizontally 7 units to the right. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 6 units
- up. C) Shift it horizontally 7 units to the right. Reflect it across the y-axis. Shift it 6 units up.
- D) Shift it horizontally 7 units to the right. Reflect it across the y-axis. Shift it 6 units down.

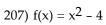
Answer: B

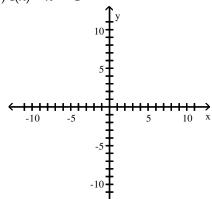
206) How can the graph of $f(x) = 0.2(x + 1)^2 - 4$ be obtained from the graph of $y = x^2$?

- A) Shift it horizontally 1 units to the right. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.2. Shift it 4 units up.
- B) Shift it horizontally 1 units to the left. Shrink it vertically by a factor of 0.2. Shift it 4 units down.
- C) Shift it horizontally 1 units to the left. Shrink it horizontally by a factor of 0.2. Shift it 4 units down.
- D) Shift it horizontally 4 units to the left. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 4. Shift it 1 units

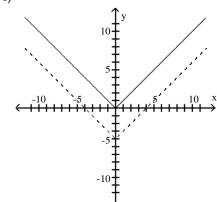
down. Answer: B

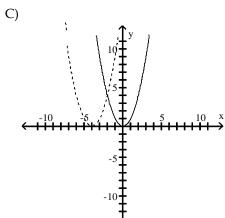
Graph the basic function using a solid line and the transformed function using a dotted line.





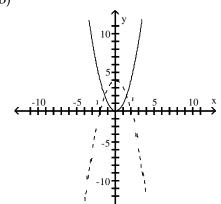
A)



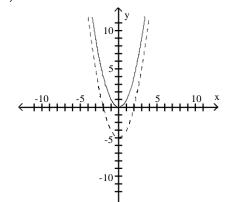


Answer: D

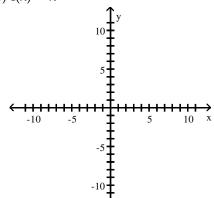




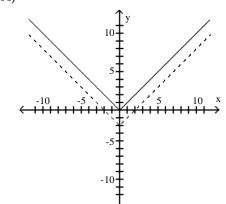
D)



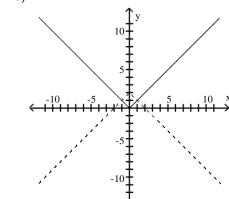




A)

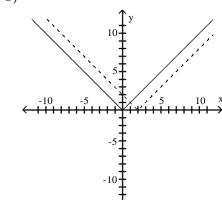


C)

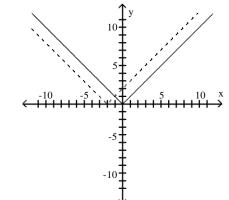


Answer: B

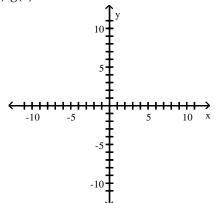




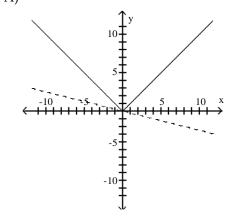




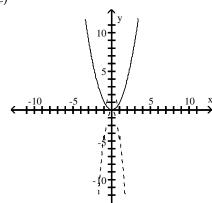
209)
$$g(x) = -$$



A)

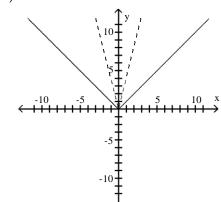


C)

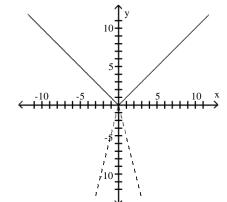


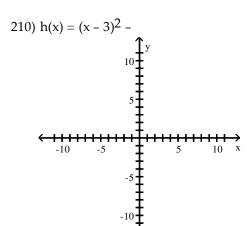
Answer: D



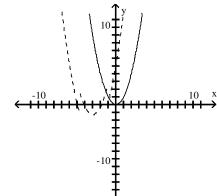


D)

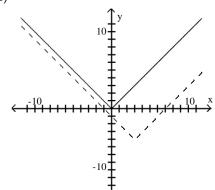






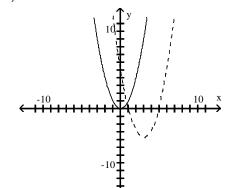


C)

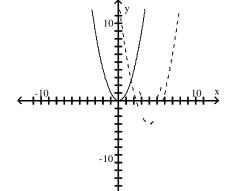


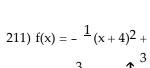
Answer: B

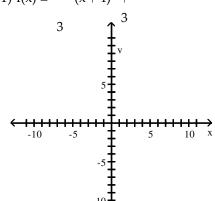
B)



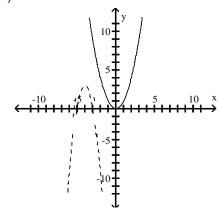




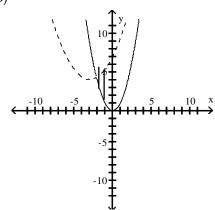




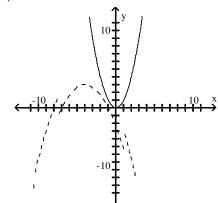
A)



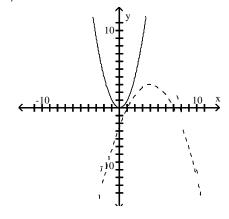
B)



C)

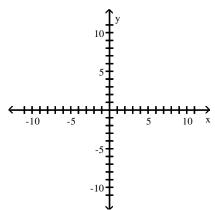


D)

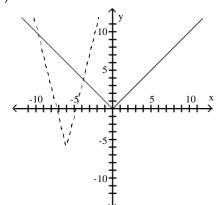


Answer: C

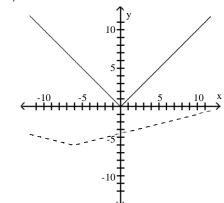
212)
$$h(x) = \frac{1}{4}|x + 6| - 5$$



A)

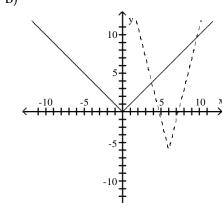


C)

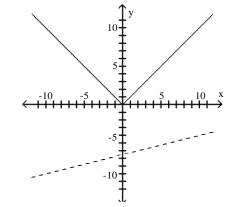


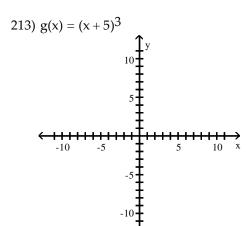
Answer: C

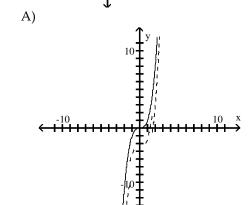


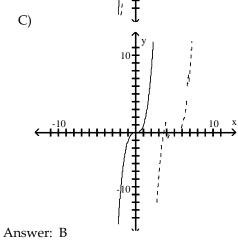


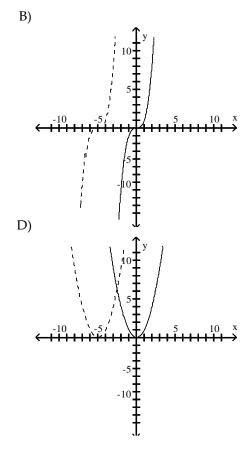
D)

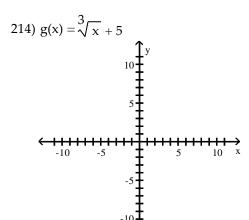


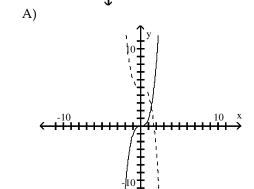


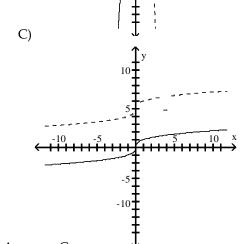




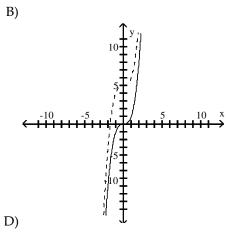


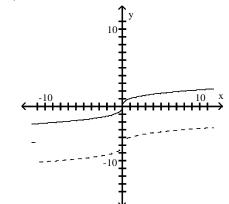


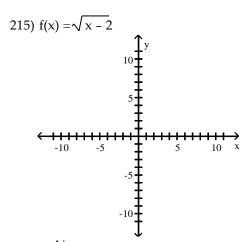


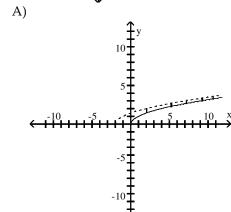


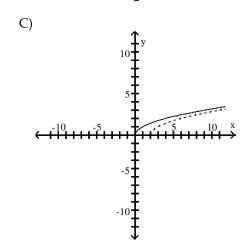




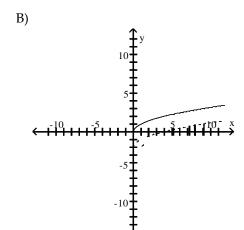


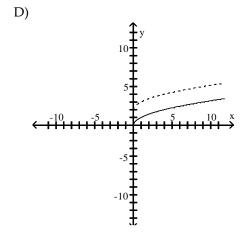


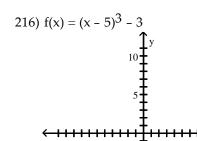






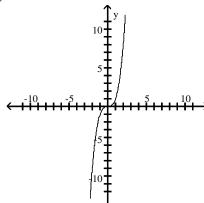




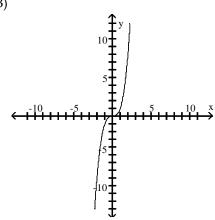


-10

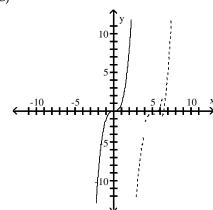
A)



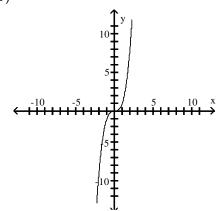
B)



C)



D)



Answer: C

The given point is on the graph of y = f(x). Find a point on the graph of y = g(x).

217)
$$g(x) = f(x) + 1$$
; (6, 16)

A) (6, 18)

B) (6, 21)

C) (6, 15)

D) (6, 17)

Answer: D

218)
$$g(x) = f(x) - 5$$
; (8, 21)

A) (8, 14)

B) (8, 17)

C) (8, 20)

D) (8, 16)

219)
$$g(x) = f(x - 1); (7, 18)$$

A) $(6, 18)$ B) $(8, 18)$ C) $(7, 19)$ D) $(7, 17)$
Answer: B

220)
$$g(x) = f(x + 1); (8, 19)$$

A) $(9, 19)$ B) $(8, 20)$ C) $(8, 18)$ D) $(7, 19)$
Answer: D

221)
$$g(x) = f(x - 1) + 3$$
; (8, 19)
A) (20, 22) B) (9, 22) C) (9, 16) D) (20, 16)
Answer: B

222)
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x)$$
; (-2, 10)
A) (-2, 5) B) (-2, -5) C) (1, 5) D) (-1, -5) Answer: A

223)
$$g(x) = \left(-\frac{1}{8}x\right); (5, -8)$$

$$A)\left(\frac{1}{40}, -5\right)$$

$$B)\left(-\frac{5}{8}, -5\right)$$

$$C) (-40, -8)$$

$$D) (40, 8)$$

224)
$$g(x) = 3f(x)$$
; (2, 4)
A) (2, 6) B) (5, 2) C) (6, 4) D) (2, 12)
Answer: D

225)
$$g(x) = f(-8x); (3, -8)$$

 $A) \left(-\frac{3}{8}, -8\right)$
B) (24, 8) $C\left(\frac{1}{24}, -3\right)$
Answer: A

Given the function f, match the function g with a transformation of f.

226)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 1$$
, $g(x) = (x + 3)^2 - 1$
A) $f(x) + 3$ B) $f(x) - 3$ C) $f(x + 3)$ D) $f(x - 3)$
Answer: C

227)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 1$$
, $g(x) = x^2 - 3$
A) $f(x - 4)$ B) $f(x) + 4$ C) $f(x + 4)$ D) $f(x) - 4$
Answer: D

228)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 8$$
, $g(x) = 2x^2 - 16$
A) $f(2x)$ B) $f(x) + 2$ C) $f(x + 2)$ D) $2f(x)$
Answer: D

229)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 1$$
, $g(x) = 4x^2 - 1$
A) $2f(x)$ B) $f(x + 2)$ C) $f(2x)$ D) $f(x) + 2$
Answer: C

Write an equation for a function that has a graph with the given characteristics.

230) The shape of $y = x^2$, but upside-down and vertically stretched by a factor of 8.

A)
$$f(x) = 8x^2$$

B)
$$f(x) = 8(x - 8)x^2$$

C)
$$f(x) = (x - 8)^2$$

D)
$$f(x) = -8x^2$$

Answer: D

231) The shape of $y = x^3$ is shifted 3.9 units to the right and then vertically shrunk by a factor of 0.3.

A)
$$f(x) = 0.3(x - 3.9)^3$$

B)
$$f(x) = 3.9(x - 0.3)^3$$
 C) $f(x) = 0.3(x + 3.9)^3$

C)
$$f(x) = 0.3(x + 3.9)^3$$

D)
$$f(x) = 0.3x^3 + 3.9$$

Answer: A

232) The shape of y = |x| is vertically stretched by a factor of 3.6. This graph is then reflected across the x-axis. Finally, the graph is shifted 0.63 units downward.

A)
$$f(x) = 3.6|-x| - 0.63$$

B)
$$f(x) = 3.6 | x - 0.63 |$$

C)
$$f(x) = 3.6|x| - 0.63$$

D)
$$f(x) = -3.6|x|$$
 -

0.63

Answer: D

233) The shape of y $\sqrt[3]{x}$ is shifted 1.1 units to the left. This graph is then vertically stretched by a factor of 8.7.

Finally, the graph is reflected across the x-axis.

A)
$$f(x) = -8.7\sqrt{x+1.1}$$
 B) $f(x) = 8.7\sqrt{x+1.1}$ C) $f(x) = -1.1\sqrt{x+8.7}$ D) $f(x) = -8.7\sqrt{x-1.1}$

B)
$$f(x) = 8.7\sqrt{x+1.1}$$

C)
$$f(x) = -1.1\sqrt[3]{x + 8.7}$$

D)
$$f(x) = -8.7 \sqrt[3]{x - 1.1}$$

Answer: A

234) The shape of $y = \sqrt{x}$ is shifted 8 units to the left. Then the graph is shifted 2 units upward.

A)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+8} + 2$$
 B) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+2} + 8$ C) $f(x) = \sqrt{x-8} + 2$ D) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+8} + 8$

B)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+2} + 8$$

C)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-8} + \frac{1}{2}$$

D)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x + 8}$$

Answer: A

235) The shape of y = |x| is reflected across the y-axis. This graph is then vertically stretched by a factor of 3.1. Finally, the graph is shifted 9 units downward.

A)
$$f(x) = 3.1 |-x| + 9$$

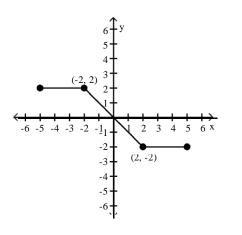
B)
$$f(x) = -3.1|x| - 9$$

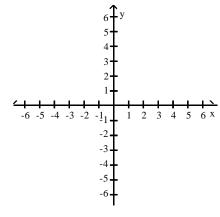
C)
$$f(x) = 9|-x| - 3.1$$
 D) $f(x) = 3.1|-x| - 9$

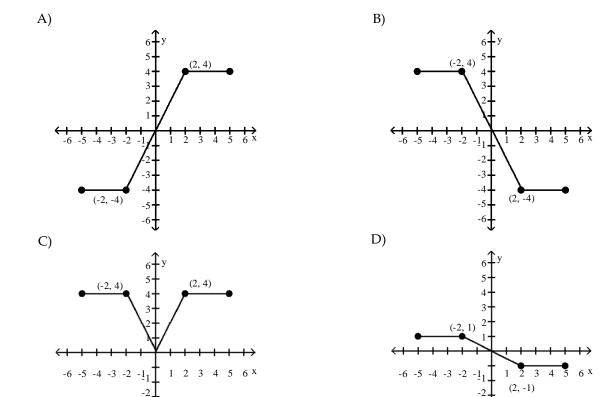
D)
$$f(x) = 3.1 - x - 9$$

Answer: D

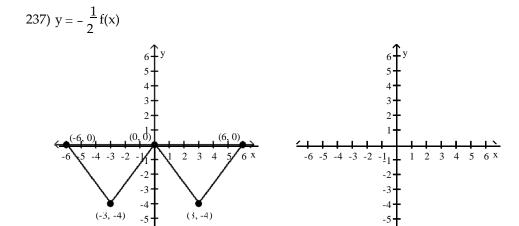
A graph of y = f(x) follows. No formula for f is given. Graph the given equation. 236) y = 2f(x)

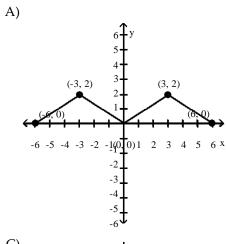


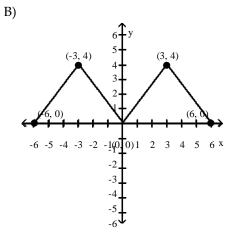


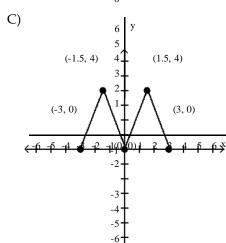


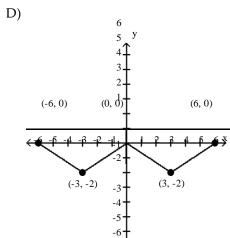
Answer: B





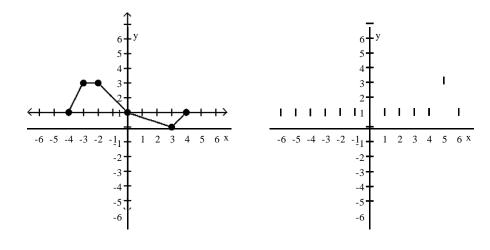




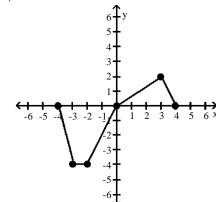


Answer: A

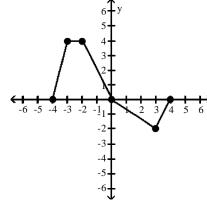
238) y = f(2x)



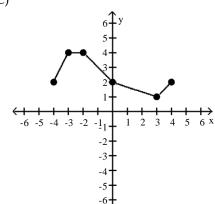
A)



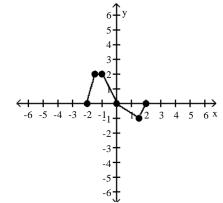
B)



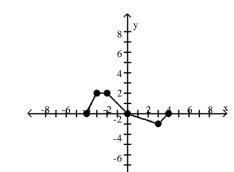
C)

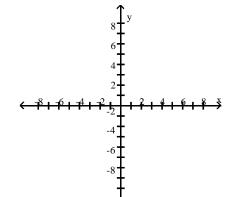


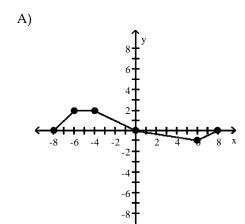
D)

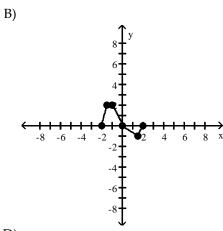


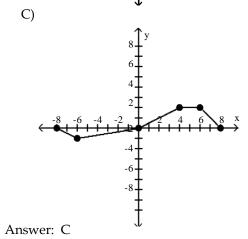
$$239) y = f\left(-\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

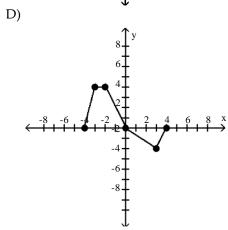






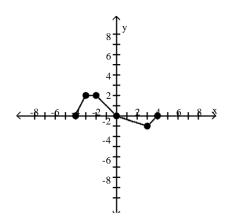


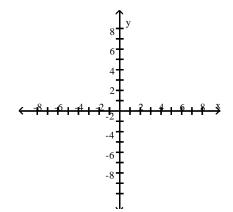


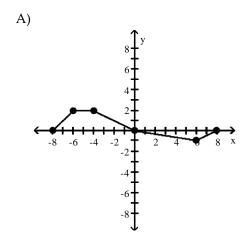


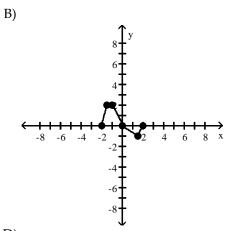
mower. c

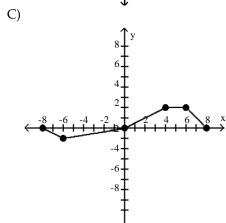
240)
$$y = -2f(x+1) - 3$$

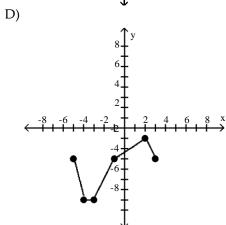




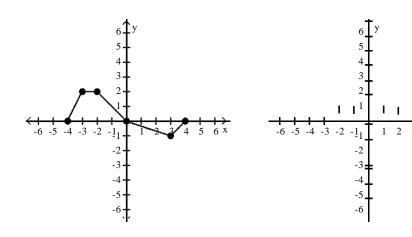


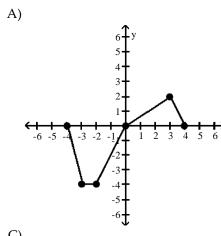


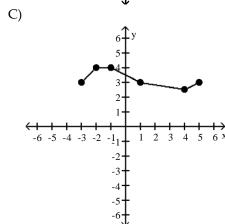


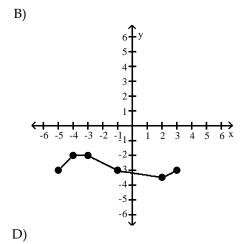


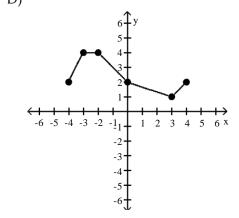
241)
$$y = \frac{1}{2}f(x-1) + 3$$







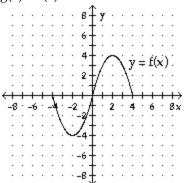




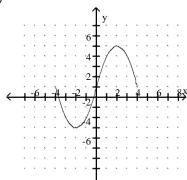
Answer: C

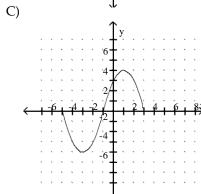
The graph of the function f is shown below. Match the function g with the correct graph.

242) g(x) = f(x) + 1



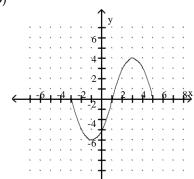
A)



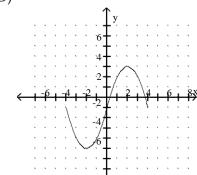


Answer: A

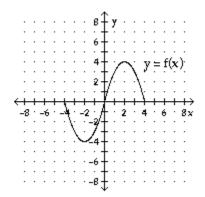
B)



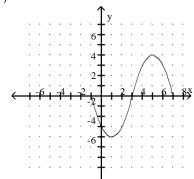
D)

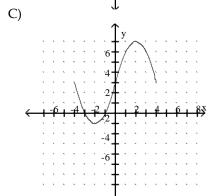


243)
$$g(x) =$$



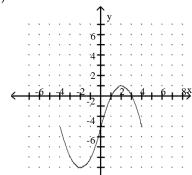
A)



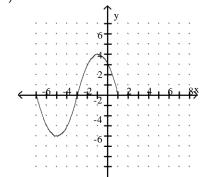


Answer: D

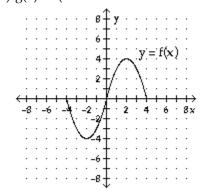
B)



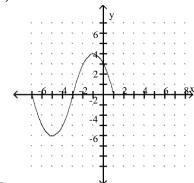
D)

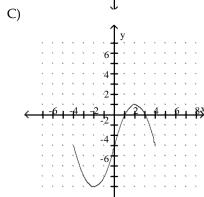


244)
$$g(x) = f(x-$$



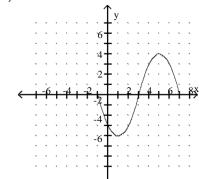
A)



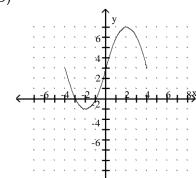


Answer: B

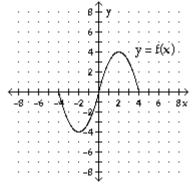
B)



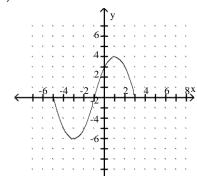
D)

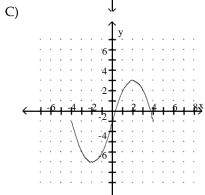


245)
$$g(x) = f(x) -$$



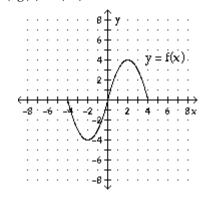
A)



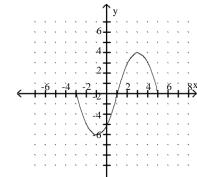


Answer: C

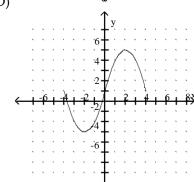
246)
$$g(x) = f(-x) + 3$$

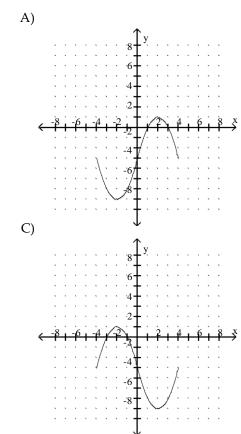




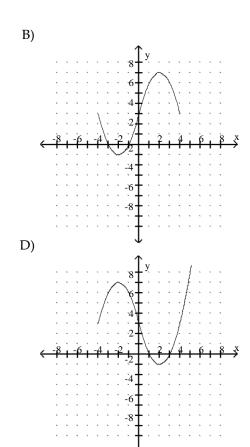




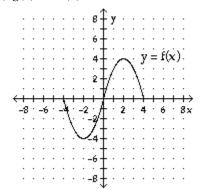




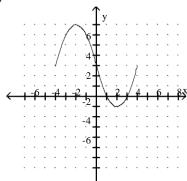




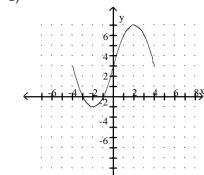
247)
$$g(x) = -f(x) -$$



A)

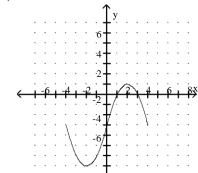


C)

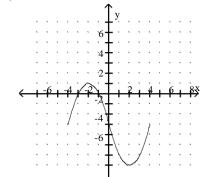


Answer: D

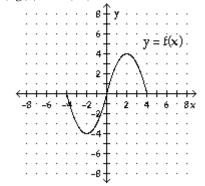
B)



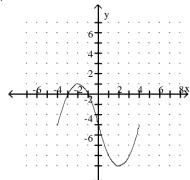
D)



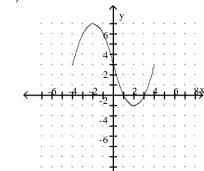
248)
$$g(x) = -f(-x) +$$



A)

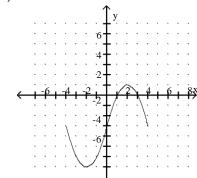


C)

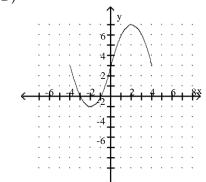


Answer: D

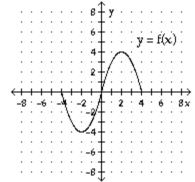
B)



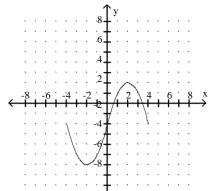
D)

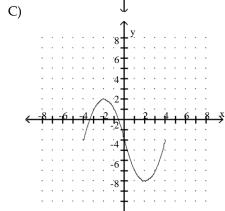


249)
$$g(x) = -f(-x) -$$



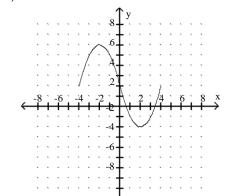
A)



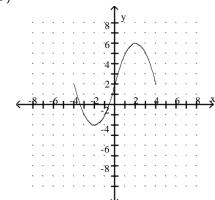


Answer: A

B)

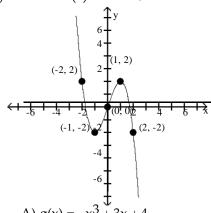


D)



Given the graph of the function $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x$; find a formula for g(x).

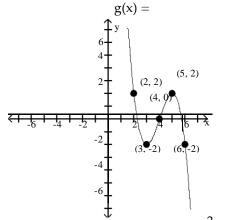
$$f(x) = -x^3 + 3x$$



A)
$$g(x) = -x^3 + 3x + 4$$

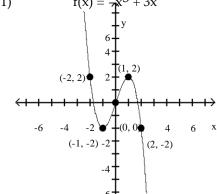
4) C)
$$g(x) = -(x-4)^3 + 3(x-4)$$

Answer: C



B)
$$g(x) = -(x+4)^3 + 3(x+4)$$

D) $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x - 4$



A)
$$g(x) = -(x+3)^3 + 3(x+3)$$

C)
$$g(x) = -(x-3)^3 + 3(x-3)$$

Answer: A

B)
$$g(x) = -x^3 + 3x - 3$$

D)
$$g(x) = -x^3 + 3x + 3$$

252)
$$f(x) = -x^{3} + 3x$$

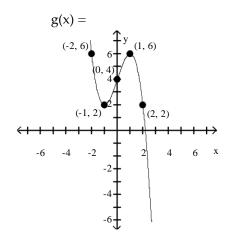
$$(-2, 2) \bullet 2$$

$$(-2, 2) \bullet 2$$

$$(-1, -2) -2$$

$$(0, 0) \bullet 4 \quad 6$$

$$(2, -2)$$



A)
$$g(x) = -x^3 + 3x + 4$$

4) C) $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x - 4$
- 4)

B)
$$g(x) = -(x+4)^3 + 3(x+1)^3$$

D) $g(x) = -(x-4)^3 + 3(x+1)^3$

Answer: A

253)
$$f(x) = -x^{3} + 3x$$

$$(-2, 2) = 2$$

$$(-1, -2) -2$$

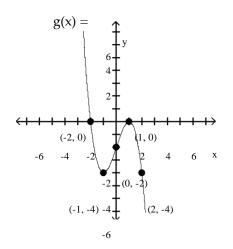
$$(-4)$$

$$(-6)$$

$$(-1, -2) -2$$

$$(-4)$$

$$(-6)$$



A)
$$g(x) = -x^3 + 3x - 2$$

2) C) $g(x) = -(x+2)^3 + 3(x+2)$

B)
$$g(x) = -(x-2)^3 + 3(x-2)$$

D) $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x + 2$

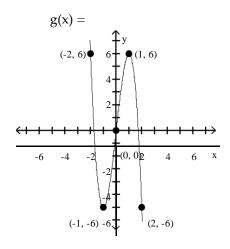
Answer: A

254)
$$f(x) = -x^{3} + 3x$$

$$(-2, 2) \qquad 2 \qquad (1, 2)$$

$$-6 \qquad -4 \qquad -2 \qquad (0, 0) \qquad 4 \qquad 6 \qquad 2$$

$$(-1, -2) -2 \qquad (2, -2)$$



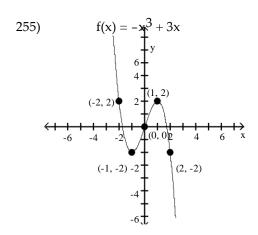
A)
$$g(x) = -(x+3)^3 + 3(x+3)$$

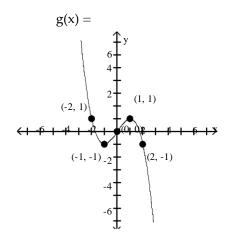
B)
$$g(x) = -x^3 + 3x + 3$$

C)
$$g(x) = 3(-x^3 + 3x)$$

D)
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{3}(-x^3 + 3x)$$

Answer: C





A)
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(-x^3 + 3x)$$

B)
$$g(x) = 2(-x^3 + 3x)$$

C)
$$g(x) = -x^3 + 3x -$$

B)
$$g(x) = 2(-x^3 + 3x)$$
 C) $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x$ D) $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x + \frac{1}{2}$

2

2

2

Answer: A

Find an equation of variation for the given situation.

256) y varies directly as z, and y = 18 when z = 126.

A)
$$y = -2z$$

B)
$$y = 7z$$

C)
$$y = \frac{1}{7} z$$

D)
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}z$$

Answer: C

257) m varies directly as p, and m = 24 when p = 6.

A)
$$m = 30 p$$

B)
$$m = 4p$$

C)
$$m = \frac{1}{4} p$$

D) m = 18 p

Answer: B

258) p varies directly as q, and p = 1 when $q = \frac{1}{20}$.

A)
$$p = 20q$$

B)
$$p = 21q$$

C)
$$p = 19q$$

D) $p = \frac{1}{20} q$

Answer: A

259) r varies directly as s, and r = 0.05 when s = 1.

A)
$$r = 0.05s$$

B)
$$r = 19 s$$

C)
$$r = 20s$$

D)
$$r = 21s$$

Answer: A

260) y varies directly as x, and y = 0.1 when x = 0.5.

A)
$$y = \frac{1}{5}x$$

B)
$$y = 0.6 x$$

C)
$$y = 5x$$

D)
$$y = -0.4x$$

Answer: A

261) y varies inversely as x, and y = 12 when x = 3

A)
$$y = \frac{1}{36x}$$

B)
$$y = \frac{36}{x}$$

C)
$$y = \frac{x}{36}$$

D)
$$y = 36x$$

Answer: B

262) y varies inversely as x, and y = 5 when x = 5

A)
$$y = \frac{x}{25}$$

B)
$$y = \frac{1}{2}$$

C)
$$y = \frac{1}{25x}$$

D)
$$y = 25x$$

Answer: B

5 x

263) y varies inversely as x and y = 50 when $x = \frac{1}{10}$

A)
$$y = \frac{5}{x}$$

B)
$$y = \frac{1}{0}$$

C)
$$y = \frac{-5}{x}$$

D)
$$y = \frac{15}{x}$$

Answer: A

>

264) y varies inversely as x and y = 0.1 when x = 0.7

0.7

A)
$$y = 0.14x$$

B)
$$y = \frac{0.0}{7}$$

$$(2) y = \frac{0.1}{4 x}$$

D)
$$y = \frac{0.8}{x}$$

Answer: B

265) y varies inversely as x and y = 5.25 when x = 0.44

A)
$$y = \frac{2.71}{x}$$

C)
$$y = \frac{2.3}{1}x$$

D)
$$y = 11.93x$$

Answer: C

266) y varies inversely as x and y = 0.875 when x = 0.875

A

) y

В		
y = 7	C) $y = \frac{1}{8}$	D) $y = \frac{10}{10}$
_	X	X
Y		

Answer: B

Solve.					
2	267) The distance D that a sp	oring is stretched by a ha object.	nging object varies directly as If a	the weight W of the	
	25-kg object stretches a spring 65 cm, how far will a 14-kg weight stretch the spring? A) 2.6 cm B) 36.4 cm C) 104 cm D) 5.3846 cm				
	Answer: B				
26	68) The number G of gears a		es directly as the time T it oper	ates. If it can make 6334	
	8 hours, how many gears of	0	rs in		
	A) 0.0114 gears	B) 791.75 gears	C) 7125.75 gears	D) 6351 gears	
	Answer: C				
269)	269) According to Ohm's law, the electric current I, in amperes, in a circuit varies directly as the voltage When 6 volts are applied, the current is 2 amperes. What is the current when 24 volts are applied? A) 72 amp B) 3 amp C) 32 amp D) 8 amp				
	Answer: D	2) 0 u p	<i>5</i> , <i>52</i> mp	2) 0 4111	
Mower. B					
270)	270) The weight W of an object on the Moon varies directly as the weight E on earth. A person who weight on earth weighs 21 lb on the Moon. How much would a 138-lb person weigh on the Moon?				
	A) 0.2 lb	B) 27.6 lb	C) 264 lb	D) 690 lb	
	Answer: B				
271)	271) The time T necessary to make an enlargement of a photo negative varies directly as the area A of the enlargement. If 50 seconds are required to make a 5-by-5 enlargement, find the time required for by-7 enlargement.				
	A) 168 sec	B) 84 sec	C) 126 sec	D) 42 sec	
	Answer: B				
272) The weight of a liquid varies directly as its volume V. If the weight of the liquid in a coon a side is 375 g, find the weight of the liquid in a cubical container 4 cm on a side.					
	A) 64 g	B) 44 g	C) 12 g	D) 192 g	
	Answer: D				
	problem. The pitch P of a musical tone varies inversely as its wavelength W. One tone has a pitch of 260 vibrations per second and a wavelength of 13.8 ft. Find the wavelength of another tone that has a pitch of 249				
	vibrations per second.	igui of 15.6 ft. Find the	wavelength of another tone	that has a pitch of 249	
	A) 4691.3 ft	B) 0.07 ft	C) 14.4 ft	D) 0.000213 ft	
	Answer: C				
274)			rsely as the resistance R of the cons. What is the current when the		

275) The number of miles per gallon of gasoline that a vehicle averages varies inversely as the average speed the car travels. A vehicle gets 16 miles per gallon at 78 mph. How many miles per gallon will it get at 52 mph?

A) 10.7 mpg

A) 0.24 amp

Answer: D

B) 0.09 mpg

B) 15.5 amp

C) 0.04 mpg

C) 0.06 amp

D) 24 mpg

D) 4.1 amp

	$\frac{7}{1}$ inches of tread left. He	NAV TRAILED TROOM TATILL BO LOTE OF	
44,000	16	ow much fread will be left of	i a tire that has travele
miles? A) $\frac{637}{704}$ in.	B) 208,000 in.	C) $\frac{1}{208000}$ in.	D) $\frac{704}{637}$ in.
Answer: A			
10-m beam can support A) 750 kg			
If it takes 20 hours for 9		, ,	. ,
A) 35 hr	B) 5.1 hr	C) 40 hr	D) 15.8
Answer: B	111		
_	gas e of 18 kg/cm ² . What will B) 350 cm ³	is be its volume under a pressu C) 315 cm ³	
Answer: A			
travels a fixed distance a			
A) $\frac{3}{80}$ mph	B) $\frac{80}{3}$ mph	C) 60 mph	D) $\frac{15}{4}$ mph
quation of variation for	S	n x	
A) $y = 21x^2$	B) $y = \frac{61}{x^2}$	C) $y = 21x$	D) $y = \frac{63}{x^2}$
	Answer: A The weight that a horizo 10-m beam can support A) 750 kg Answer: A The time it takes to complifit takes 20 hours for 9 completes and job? A) 35 hr Answer: B The volume V of a gas at 210 cm ³ under a pressur A) 126 cm ³ Answer: A The speed of a vehicle is travels a fixed distance a distance in 10 minutes? A) $\frac{3}{80}$ mph Answer: C quation of variation for y varies inversely as the	A) $\frac{637}{704}$ in. B) 208,000 in. Answer: A The weight that a horizontal beam can support var 10-m beam can support 150 kg. How many kilogra A) 750 kg B) 0.0013 kg Answer: A The time it takes to complete a certain job varies in If it takes 20 hours for 9 carpenters to frame a hous same job? A) 35 hr B) 5.1 hr hr Answer: B The volume V of a gas at constant temperature va gas 210 cm ³ under a pressure of 18 kg/cm ² . What will A) 126 cm ³ B) 350 cm ³ cm Answer: A The speed of a vehicle is inversely proportional to travels a fixed distance at 40 miles per hour in 15 m distance in 10 minutes? A) $\frac{3}{80}$ mph B) $\frac{80}{3}$ mph Answer: C quation of variation for the given situation. y varies inversely as the square of x, and y = 7 where	A) $\frac{637}{704}$ in. B) 208,000 in. C) $\frac{1}{208000}$ in. Answer: A The weight that a horizontal beam can support varies inversely as the length of 10-m beam can support 150 kg. How many kilograms can a 2-m beam support A) 750 kg B) 0.0013 kg C) 0.1333 kg Answer: A The time it takes to complete a certain job varies inversely as the number of per lif it takes 20 hours for 9 carpenters to frame a house, then how long will it take same job? A) 35 hr B) 5.1 hr C) 40 hr hr Answer: B The volume V of a gas at constant temperature varies inversely as the pressure gas is 210 cm ³ under a pressure of 18 kg/cm ² . What will be its volume under a pressure A) 126 cm ³ B) 350 cm ³ C) 315 cm ³ cm ³ Answer: A The speed of a vehicle is inversely proportional to the time it takes to travel a fit travels a fixed distance at 40 miles per hour in 15 minutes, how fast must it travel distance in 10 minutes? A) $\frac{3}{80}$ mph B) $\frac{80}{3}$ mph C) 60 mph Answer: C quation of variation for the given situation. y varies inversely as the square of x, and y = 7 when x

282) y varies inversely as the square of x, and y = 0.15 when x = 0.4

A) $y = \frac{0.06}{x^2}$ B) $y = .57x^2$ C) $y = \frac{0.02}{4x^2}$ D) $y = \frac{0.06}{x}$

283) s varies directly as the square of t, and $s=\,27\,$ when $t=\,3$.

A)
$$s = \frac{1}{3}t^2$$

B)
$$s = 9t^2$$

C)
$$s = 3t^2$$

D)
$$s = \frac{1}{9}t^2$$

Answer: C

284) y varies directly as the square of x, and y = 7.2 when x = 4.

A) $y = 0.49\sqrt{x}$

B) $y = 0.5x^2$

C) $y = 2.02x^2$

D) $y = 0.45x^2$

Answer: D

285) y varies jointly as x and z, and y = 240 when x = 8 and z = 6

A) y = 5xz

B) y = 30x

D) y = 7xz

Answer: A

286) y varies jointly as x and the square of z, and y = 450 when x = 9 and z = 5

A) y = 10xz

B) $y = 2xz^2$

C) $y = 3xz^2$

D) $y = \frac{90}{x_{2}\sqrt{z}}$

Answer: B

287) y varies jointly as x and z, and y = 101.92 when x = 5.2 and z = 7

A) y = 0.28xz

B) y = 5.8xz

C) y = 2.8xz

Answer: C

288) y varies jointly as x and the square of z, and y = 384.5052 when x = 0.9 and z = 5.8

A) $y = 11.43x^2z^2$

B) $y = 14.9xz^2$

C) $y = 13.2\sqrt{z}$

D) y =

 $12.7xz^{2}$ Answer: D

- 289) y varies directly as x and inversely as z, and y = 9 when x = 18 and z = 14.

A) $y = \frac{7x}{z}$

C) y = 7xz

D) y = 9xz

Answer: A

290) y varies jointly as x and z and inversely as w, and $y = \frac{189}{2}$ when x = 7, z = 9, and w = 2.

A) y = 3xzw \underline{xz}

B) $y = \frac{189}{}$ C) $y = \frac{3xz}{}$

D) $y = \frac{189}{xzw}$

2 w

w

2

Answer: C

291) y varies jointly as x and the square of z and inversely as w, and $y = \frac{21}{2}$ when x = 3, z = 2, and w = 8.

A) $y = \frac{14xz}{w}$

B) $y = \frac{14xz^2}{w}$ C) $y = \frac{7xz^2}{w}$

D) $y = \frac{7xz}{x}$

Answer: C

292) y varies directly as x and inversely as z, and y = 6 when x = 2 and z = 7.

A)
$$y = \frac{20z}{x}$$

B)
$$y = \frac{25 x}{z}$$

C)
$$y = 24xz$$

D)
$$y = \frac{21}{x}$$

293) y varies directly as x and inversely as z, and y = 5.8 when x = 2 and z = 2.8.

A)
$$y = \frac{15.69x}{z}$$

B)
$$y = \frac{x}{z}$$

C)
$$y = 15.24xz$$

$$y = \frac{8.1}{2x}$$

Answer: D

294) y varies jointly as x and w and inversely as z, and $y = \frac{33}{5}$ when x = 2, y = 3, and z = 30.

A)
$$y = 28xwz$$

B)
$$y = \frac{30x}{w}$$
 z^2

C)
$$y = \frac{22z}{xw}$$

D)
$$y = \frac{33xw}{z}$$

Answer: D

295) y varies jointly as x and p and inversely as the square of s, and $y = \frac{7}{2}$ when x = 1, p = 7, and s = 6.

A)
$$y = 11xps^2$$

3)
$$y = \frac{22x}{p^2}$$

C)
$$y = \frac{18x}{p}$$

D)
$$y = \frac{108x^2p}{s^2}$$

Answer: C

296) y varies jointly as x and z and inversely as the product of w and p, and $y_5 = \frac{9}{5}$ when x = 1, z = 9, w = 15 and

A)
$$y = \frac{18xz}{wp}$$

B)
$$y = 57pwxz$$

C)
$$y = \frac{21w}{p_{xx}}$$

$$D) y = \frac{162xz}{wp}$$

Answer: A

Solve the problem.

- 297) The distance an object falls when dropped from a tower varies directly as the square of the time it falls. If the object falls 144 feet in 3 seconds, how far will it fall in 19 seconds?
 - A) 6498 ft
- B) 5776 ft

- C) 5054 ft
- D) 304 ft

Answer: B

298) The distance it takes to stop a car varies directly as as the square of the speed of the car. If it takes 112 feet for a car traveling at 40 miles per hour to stop, what distance is required for a speed of 58 miles per hour? A) 235.48 ft D) 201.84 ft

- B) 235.82 ft
- C) 247.78 ft

Answer: A

- 299) The area of a circle varies directly as the square of the radius of the circle. If a circle with a radius of 5 inches has an area of 78.5 square inches, what is the area of a circle with a radius of 14 inches?
 - A) 617.84 in²
- B) 615.44 in²
- C) 43.96 in^2
- D) 87.92 in^2

Answer: B

- 300) The intensity I of light varies inversely as the square of the distance D from the source. If the intensity of illumination on a screen 5 ft from a light is 4 foot-candles, find the intensity on a screen 20 ft from the light.
 - A) $1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ foot-candles B) $\frac{1}{2}$ foot-candle
- C) 2 foot-candles
- D) foot-candle

5

4

Answer: B

301)	, , ,		• •	is multiplied by 3? ight is divided by 3.	
	Answer: C				
302) The gravitational attraction A	A between two masses varies them.	s inversely as the square of the	he distance between	
	The force of attraction is 2.25 6 ft		apart, what is the attraction	when the masses are	
	apart? A) 2 lb	B) 4 lb	C) 3 lb	D) 1 lb	
	Answer: D	<i>b)</i> 4 <i>b</i>	C) 5 15	D) 1 10	
303)	The weight of a person on or a the person is from the center of the radius of the earth is 3900 surface? Round your answer	of the earth. If a person weight miles, what will the person	hs 180 pounds on the surface weigh if he or she is 225 mile	e of the earth and	
	A) 160.40 lb Answer: B	B) 160.90 lb	C) 162.30 lb	D) 161.30 lb	
	Allswel. D				
304)	The intensity of light from a li Suppose the the intensity is 40 of 12 feet? Round your answe A) 27.8 foot-candles candles) foot-candles at a distance of	-		
	Answer: A				
305)	The intensity of a radio signal station. Suppose the the intensition distance of	sity is 8000 units at a distanc			
	13 miles? Round your answer A) 153 units	to the nearest unit. B) 215 units	C) 172 units	D) 189 units	
	Answer: D				
306)	The volume V of a given mass	s of gas varies directly as the P. If	e temperature T and inversely	y as the pressure	
	$V = 260.0 \text{ in.}^3 \text{ when } T = 400^{\circ}$	and $P = 20 \text{ lb/in.}^2$, what is t	he volume when T = 260 ° a	nd $P = 15 \text{ lb/in.}^2$?	
	A) 235.3 in ³	B) 225.3 in ³	C) 185.3 in ³	D) 205.3 in ³	
	Answer: B	,	,	ŕ	
307)	At a fixed temperature, the resistance is resistance when the diameter	1.2 ohm when the diameter	is 1 mm and the length is 24	-	
	A) 140.25 ohm	B) 0.584 ohm	C) 2.338 ohm	D) 116.875 ohm	
	Answer: B				

308) Wind resistance or atmospheric drag tends to slow down moving objects. Atmospheric drag varies jointly as an object's surface area A and velocity v. If a car traveling at a speed of 60 mph with a surface area of 34

 $\rm ft^2$ experiences a drag of 326.4 N (Newtons), how fast must a car with 44 $\rm ft^2$ of surface area travel in order to experience a drag force of 316.8 N?

A) 47 mph

B) 50 mph

C) 42 mph

D) 45 mph

309)	The cost of stainless steel tubin length with diameter 2 inches A) \$466.37	, ,		0	
	Answer: B				
310)	The resistance of a wire varies diameter of the wire. A 20 foo What would the resistance be A) 687 ohms	ot length of wire with a diam	eter of 0.1 inch has a resistan	ce of 3 ohms.	
	Answer: B				
311)	The force needed to keep a car from skidding on a curve varies jointly as the weight of the car and the square of the car's speed, and inversely as the radius of the curve. If a force of 3600 pounds is needed to keep an 1800 pound car traveling at 20 mph from skidding on a curve of radius 600 feet, what force would be required to keep the same car from skidding on a curve of radius 540 feet at 40 mph? Round your answer to the nearest pound of force?				
	A) 16,000 lb	B) 15,868 lb	C) 16,032 lb	D) 16,570 lb	
	Answer: A				
312)	The volume of wood in a tree varies jointly as the height of the tree and the square of the distance around the tree trunk. If the volume of wood is 15.84 cubic feet when the height is 22 feet and the distance around the trunk is 3 feet, what is the volume of wood obtained from a tree that is 31 feet tall having a measurement of 5 feet around the trunk?				
	A) 66 ft ³	B) 54 ft ³	C) 62 ft ³	D) 71 ft ³	
	Answer: C				