Test Bank for Principles of General Organic and Biological Chemistry 2nd Edition Smith 0073511196 9780073511191

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Chapter 2: Atoms and the Periodic Table

1.	Which el	lement is a nonmetal?
	A)	K B) Co C) Br D) Al
	•	Difficulty: Easy
2.	Which el	lement is a metal?
	A)	Li
	B)	Si
	Ć)	
	D)	
	*	More than one of the elements above is a metal. Ans: A Difficulty:
	,	Easy
3.	Which el	lement is a metalloid?
	A)	B B) C C) Ar D) Al
		Difficulty: Easy
4.	What is t	the mass number of the isotope with the symbol ³⁷ ₁₇ C1?
	A)	17 B) 18 C) 35.45 D) 37
	Ans: D	Difficulty: Medium
5.	What is t	the atomic number of the isotope with the symbol ³⁷ Cl?

A) 17 B) 18 C) 35.45 D) 37

6.	How ma	nny protons are in the isotope with the symbol ³⁷ ₁₇ C1?
	A)	17 B) 18 C) 35.45 D) 37
	Ans: A	Difficulty: Medium
7.		has three naturally occurring isotopes: Si-28, Si-29 and Si-30. If the average
		mass of silicon is 28.09, which isotope has the highest isotopic abundance?
	A)	Si-28
	B)	Si-29
	C)	
	D)	All isotopes have the same isotopic abundance. Ans: A Difficulty: Difficult
		Difficult
8.	The activ	ve ingredient in the drug Fosamax is a compound with the chemical formula
0.		Na $O_{10}P_2$. Which statement concerning the chemical formula of this compound
	is <u>false</u> ?	
	A)	Atoms of six different elements make up this compound.
	B)	Carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, sodium, oxygen, and potassium atoms are
	,	present in this compound.
	C)	The ratio of carbon atoms to oxygen atoms is 4:10.
	D)	There is only one atom of nitrogen present in this compound.
	Ans: B	Difficulty: Medium
9.	Which e	element is a transition metal in period 4?
	A)	K B) Hf C) Sn D) Sc
	Ans: D	Difficulty: Medium
10	******	
10.		element is a noble gas?
	A)	H Ne
	B) C)	Pr
	D)	Ra
	E)	More than one of the elements listed is a noble gas. Ans: B Difficulty:
	L)	Easy
		Lmby
11.	. Which e	element is not an alkali metal?

A)	Li
B)	K
C)	Rb
D)	Н
E)	All of the above elements are alkali metals.
Ans: D	Difficulty: Medium
12. Which el	lement is not an alkali metal?
A)	Li
B)	Kr
C)	Rb
D)	Na
E)	All of the above elements are alkali metals.
Ans: B	Difficulty: Easy
13. Which of	f the following determines the chemical reactivity of an element?
A)	The number of protons in an atom of the element
B)	The number of valence electrons in an atom of the element
C)	The number of neutrons in an atom of the element
D)	The number of protons and neutrons in an atom of the element
Ans: B	Difficulty: Easy
14. The elem	nent symbol for manganese is
A)	M B) Ma C) Mg D) Mn
Ans: D	Difficulty: Medium
15. The elem	nent symbol for sulfur is
A)	S B) Su C) Sf D) Sl
Ans: A	Difficulty: Easy
16. Which st atom?	atement is not part of the modern description of the electronic structure of an
A)	Electrons occupy discrete energy levels.
В)	Electrons move freely in space.
C)	The energy of electrons is quantized.
D)	The energy of electrons is restricted to specific values.
Ans: B	Difficulty: Difficult
	the maximum number of electrons that can occupy the third $(n=3)$ shell?
A)	2 B) 3 C) 6 D) 8 E) 18
Ans: E	Difficulty: Difficult

18. Which of the following properly represents relative energy of the orbitals?	the ord	ler of orbital filling based on the
A) $1s,2s,2p,3s,3p,3d,4s,4p$	C)	1 <i>s</i> ,2 <i>s</i> ,2 <i>p</i> ,3 <i>s</i> ,3 <i>p</i> ,4 <i>s</i> ,3 <i>d</i> ,4 <i>p</i>
B) 1s,2s,3s,4s,2p,3p,4p,3d	D)	
Ans: C Difficulty: Difficult	,	, , 1 , , , , 1 , , 1
•		
19. Which atom has the largest atomic radius? A) K B) Ga C) Br D) Rb Ans: D Difficulty: Medium		
20. Which atom has the smallest atomic radius? A) K B) Ga C) Br D) Rb Ans: C Difficulty: Medium		
21. Which element has the smallest ionization e	nergy?	•
A) K B) Ga C) Br D) Rb		
Ans: D Difficulty: Medium		
22. How many protons are in the isotope ²³⁸ ₉₂ U	?	
A) 238 B) 146 C) 92 D) 330		
Ans: C Difficulty: Medium		
23. How many neutrons are in the isotope $^{238}_{92}$ U	?	
A) 238 B) 146 C) 92 D) 330		
Ans: B Difficulty: Difficult		
24. How many electrons are in the isotope ²³⁸ ₉₂ U	J ?	
A) 238 B) 146 C) 92 D) 330		
Ans: C Difficulty: Medium		
25 77711		
25. Which isotope is not possible?		
A) ¹ 1H		
B) 49Be		
C) 24195Am		

	D)	2 1 \mathbf{H}
	E)	More than one of the above isotopes is not possible. Ans: B Difficulty: Difficult
26.	electrons? A) B) C)	of the isotope chlorine-37 consists of how many protons, neutrons, and (p = proton, n = neutron, e = electron) 18 p, 37 n, 18 e D) 37 p, 37 n, 17 e 17 p, 20 n, 17 e E) 37 p, 20 n, 37 e 17 p, 20 n, 18 e Difficulty: Medium
27.	A)	ents in a column of the periodic table are collectively referred to as Metals B) A period C) A group D) A series E) Metalloids Difficulty: Easy
28.	A)	ment is most likely to be a good conductor of electricity? Ar B) N C) F D) Ni E) O Difficulty: Medium
29.	Which ele A)	ment is chemically similar to lithium? Sulfur B) Magnesium C) Iron D) Lanthanum E) Potassium Ans: E Difficulty: Medium
30.	Which ele A)	ment is chemically similar to chlorine? Sulfur B) Calcium C) Oxygen D) Bromine E) Argon Ans: D Difficulty: Medium
31.	A) B) C) E) None of	ment is an s block element? S Ar He D) La of these elements is an s block element. Difficulty: Difficult
32.	Which ele A) B) C) D) E)	ment is a <i>d</i> block element? S Ar Ag As None of these elements is a <i>d</i> block element.

- Ans: C Difficulty: Medium
- 33. The proper electron-dot symbol for aluminum is

Ans: Al Difficulty: EasyAl Al B) C) D)

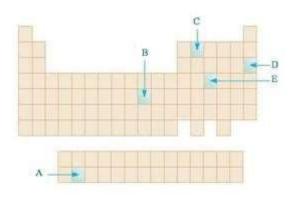
- 34. The electron configuration of chlorine is 1s²2s²2p⁶3s²3p⁵. Which statement about chlorine is <u>incorrect</u>?
 - A) Chlorine has five valence electrons
 - B) Chlorine's valence shell is the third shell
 - C) Chlorine has five electrons in the 3p subshell
 - D) Chlorine has 17 total electrons

Ans: A Difficulty: Medium

- 35. What is the symbol for the isotope with A = 31 and Z = 15?
 - A) $^{15}_{31}P$ B) $^{46}_{15}P$ C) $_{15}^{31}Ga$ D) $_{15}^{31}P$

Ans: D Difficulty: Medium

36. In the diagram below, which highlighted element is an f block element?



A) A B) B C) C D) D E) E

Ans: A Difficulty: Easy

- 37. Which statement describing atoms is <u>false</u>?
 - A) The number of protons in an atom is referred to as the atomic number of the atom.
 - B) The total number of protons, neutrons, and electrons in an atom is referred to as the mass number of the atom.
 - C) Protons and neutrons are located in the nucleus of an atom.
 - D) Electrons are located in the space outside the nucleus called the electron cloud. Ans: B Difficulty: Easy
- 38. Antimony is a metalloid containing 51 protons that is alloyed with lead and used in car batteries. What is the element symbol for antimony?
 - A) A B) An C) At D) Sb E) Cr

Ans: D Difficulty: Medium

- 39. Which statement concerning the elements fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine is <u>incorrect</u>?
 - A) These elements are all halogens.
 - B) These elements all have the same valence shell.
 - C) These elements are all nonmetals.
 - D) These elements all have the same number of valence electrons.

Ans: B Difficulty: Medium

- 40. A sulfur atom has a larger atomic radius than an oxygen atom. Which statement best explains why?
 - A) Sulfur contains more electrons than oxygen does.
 - B) Sulfur contains more protons than oxygen does.
 - C) The valence shell of sulfur is farther away from the nucleus than the valence shell of oxygen is.
 - D) The larger number of protons in an oxygen atom pulls its electrons closer to the nucleus than a sulfur atom.

Ans: C Difficulty: Difficult

- 41. Zirconium (Zr) is an element classified as a metal. Which property cannot be assumed based on its classification as a metal?
 - A) Zr has a relatively high density C) Zr is a good conductor of electricity
 - B) Zr is a trace element in the body Ans: B D) Zr is a shiny solid

Difficulty: Medium

A) True B) False

42. Protons and electrons reside in the nucleus of an atom.

	A)		True	B)	False
	Ans:	В	Difficu	ılty:	Easy
43.		trons	are neg	gativ	ely charged and have the smallest mass of the three subatomic
44.			eus cont	tains	most of the mass of an atom and is positively charged.
	A)		True	B)	False
	Ans	: A	Diffic	ulty:	Medium
45.	A)		s of the True Difficu	B)	
16	۸	.11	:	.4	of two or more alaments that has motallic managed as
40.	An a	шоу			of two or more elements that has metallic properties. False
		Λ	Difficu		
	Alis.	Λ	Diffict	iiiy.	Lasy
47.	Fl is	the e	element	sym	bol for fluorine.
	A)		True	B)	False
	Ans:	В	Difficu	ılty:	Easy
48.	The	elem	ent sym	bol :	S represents sodium.
	A)		•		False
	Ans:	В	Difficu		
49.	A)	Ü	True	B)	n group 1A but it is not considered an alkali metal. False Medium
50.				•	for iron is Fe.
	A)		•		False
	Ans:	A	Difficu	ılty:	Easy
51.	Heli Ans:				element. A) True B) False Difficult
	A) T Ans:		B) Fa Diffict		Medium

52. Nonmetals have a shiny appearance, and they are generally poor conductors of heat and electricity.

A) True B) False Ans: B Difficulty: Easy

53. All elements have at least two naturally occurring isotopes.

A) True B) False Ans: B Difficulty: Medium

- 54. Oxygen, carbon, hydrogen, and nitrogen are called the building-block elements because they make up the majority of the mass of the human body.
- 55. A compound is a pure substance formed by chemically combining two or more elements together.

A) True B) False Ans: A Difficulty: Medium

56. The farther a shell is from the nucleus, the larger its volume becomes, and the more electrons it can hold.

A) True B) False Ans: A Difficulty: Medium

57. The mass of a neutron is equal to the mass of a proton plus the mass of an electron.

A) True B) False Ans: B Difficulty: Easy

58. The 5s orbital is lower in energy than the 4d orbital.

A) True B) False Ans: A Difficulty: Medium

59. The electron-dot symbol for barium is Ba.

A) True B) False Ans: B Difficulty: Easy

A) True B) False

- 60. All of the elements in group 2A are metals.
 - A) True B) False

Ans: A Difficulty: Easy

- 61. All of the elements in group 6A are nonmetals.
 - A) True B) False

Ans: B Difficulty: Medium

- 62. All metals are solids at room temperature.
 - A) True B) False

Ans: B Difficulty: Medium

- 63. The maximum number of electrons that can occupy the 3d subshell is ten (10).
 - A) True B) False

Ans: A Difficulty: Medium

- 64. Phosphorus has 15 valence electrons.
 - A) True B) False

Ans: B Difficulty: Medium

65. A bromine atom is smaller than a potassium atom.

A) True B) False

66. Iodine has smaller ionization energy than chlorine.

A)	True B) False
Ar	s: A Difficulty: Medium
67. Th	the electron configuration for calcium is $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^64s^2$.
A)	
Ans	s: A Difficulty: Medium
	hen orbitals are equal in energy, one electron is added to each orbital until the orbitals half-filled, before any orbital is completely filled.
A)	True B) False
Ans	s: A Difficulty: Medium
	hen two electrons occupy the same orbital they have paired spins—that is, the spins e opposite in direction.
A)	True B) False
Ans	s: A Difficulty: Medium
70. Gr	oup 6A elements have the general electron configuration of ns^2np^6 .
A)	True B) False
Ans	s: B Difficulty: Medium
71. Th	e electron cloud contains most of the volume of an atom.
A)	True B) False
Ans	s: A Difficulty: Easy
72. Br	omine is abbreviated by the two-letter symbol BR.
A)	True B) False
Ans	s: B Difficulty: Easy
73. A	column in the periodic table is called a period.
A)	True B) False
Ans	s: B Difficulty: Easy
74. Ar	a atom with $A = 21$ and $Z = 10$ is an isotope of an atom with $A = 20$ and $Z = 10$.
A)	True B) False

Ans: A Difficulty: Difficult

75.	The atomic weight of an element is the sum of the masses of the naturally occurring isotopes of the element.
	A) True B) False
	Ans: B Difficulty: Medium
76.	Strontium and barium have similar chemical properties.
	A) True B) False
	Ans: A Difficulty: Medium
77.	The number of electrons that an orbital can contain depends on the type of orbital.
	A) True B) False
	Ans: B Difficulty: Medium
78.	Fluorine has higher ionization energy than neon.
	A) True B) False
	Ans: B Difficulty: Medium
79.	An iodine atom is larger than both a krypton atom and a tellurium atom.
	A) True B) False
	Ans: B Difficulty: Difficult
80.	Radium is a noble gas.
	A) True B) False
	Ans: B Difficulty: Medium
81.	The chemical formula S ₈ represents a compound.
	A) True B) False
	Ans: B Difficulty: Medium
	The ground state electron configuration for is $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^64s^I$. Ans: potassium or K Difficulty: Medium
83.	The electron configuration of aluminum using the noble gas notation is Ans: $[\text{Ne}]3s^23p^1$

]	Difficulty: Medium
	The electrons in the outermost shell of an atom are called the electrons. Ans: valence
j	Difficulty: Medium
	The name of the halogen in period 3 is Ans: chlorine Difficulty: Medium
	The isotope 49 ₂₂ Ti has $A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ and $Z = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. Ans: 49, 22
]	Difficulty: Medium
	Isotopes of the same element have the same number of Ans: protons Difficulty: Easy
	Elements in the same group have the same number of Ans: valence electrons
]	Difficulty: Easy
	Iron-56 contains neutrons. Ans: 30 or thirty
]	Difficulty: Medium
	Tungsten is a metal containing 74 protons that is widely used in the electronics industry. What is the elemental symbol for tungsten? Ans: W Difficulty: Medium