Test Bank for Production of Reality Essays and Readings on Social Interaction 6th Edition OBrien 1452217831 9781452217833

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Part II: Language and Self-Awareness

Essay: Shared Meaning Is the Basis of Humanness

- 1. If someone kicks you in the knee, your response is most likely to depend on:
 - a. their intention and motivation
 - b. your level of health insurance
 - c. whether you are in pain
 - *d. how you interpret the incident
- 2. According to the basic premises of symbolic interactionism, which of the following individuals has the least potential of behaving as a social human being?
 - a. A 50-year-old shipwrecked sailor who has been alone on an island for 20 years.
 - b. A convicted rapist and murderer.
 - *c. An adult afflicted with brain damage that has impaired her ability for language use and memory.
 - d. An adult who has lost his ability to see and hear.
- 3. Which of the following is NOT one of Blumer's premises of symbolic interactionism?
- a. Human beings act toward the physical objects and other beings in their environment on the basis of the meanings those things have for them.
 - *b. Human beings hold objective perspectives of environmental meanings.
 - c. Meanings derive from the social interaction between and among individuals.
 - d. Meanings are established and modified through an interpretive process.
- 4. According to the author, there is nothing inherently distasteful about spit. Many people tend to react negatively to the thought of drinking spit because:
 - *a. the meanings we attach to the object named spit are negative.
 - b. human saliva is more pungent than the saliva of other mammals.
 - c. once saliva goes outside of the mouth, it is not meant to go back in.
 - d. drinking spit is nauseating.
- 5. A flag is a symbol not only of the nation "for which it stands" but for the social convention of:
 - a. schooling funded by public taxes
 - *b. dividing the world into mutually exclusive geopolitical units
 - c. serving time in the peace corps
 - d. asking our leaders to donate their time to charitable activities

- 6. The primary way by which humans exchange symbolic meaning is through:
 - a. exchange
 - b. dissolution
 - *c. language
 - d. farce
- 7. Studies of "feral children" (those raised in isolation from human interaction) show us that:
 - *a. social intercourse is necessary for the development of language and intellectual activity
 - b. feral children as the same as other children
 - c. social intercourse is necessary for the development of survival instincts
 - d. feral children have more violent tendencies than other children

- 8. If you hear a story about a secretary and assume the secretary is female, you are relying on:
 - a. prejudice
 - b. past experience
 - c. cultural referents
 - *d. default assumptions
- 9. Humans negotiate abstract meaning with others and with themselves through:
 - *a. language
 - b. time
 - c. space
 - d. computation

Short answer/essay options

Identify the three premises of symbolic interactionism as they were described by Blumer (1969) and provide a scenario example for each.

Identify a profession/occupation that relies on the use of symbols and then discuss some of the specific ways in which this occurs.

Reading: That Powerful Drop

- 1. Which of the following statements is true in the Hughes' piece *The Powerful Drop*?
 - a. The reading discusses abolition.
 - b. The reading discusses prohibition.
 - c. The reading discusses the social construction of gender.
 - *d. The reading discusses the social construction of notions of race.
- 2. Based on the Hughes' reading (*The Powerful Drop*), which of the following best describes the idea of racial identification?
 - a. If one of your parents was black and one white then you are considered biracial.
 - b. If your skin appears to be white then you are considered white.
 - c. If your skin appears to have some pigmentation to it then you are considered black.
 - *d. If you have one drop of black blood in your ancestry then you are considered to be black.
- 3. Which of the following authors wrote about the "one drop" of blood rule?
 - a. Langston Hughes*
 - b. Ernst Claster
 - c. Oliver Sacks
 - d. Jodi O'Brien
- 4. What was the name of the character reading the newspaper in *The Powerful Drop*?
 - a. Brian
 - b. Simple*
 - c. Charming
 - d. John

- 5. Which of the following race/ethnicities was not discussed in *The Powerful Drop?*
 - a. Negro
 - b. Native American*
 - c. Jewish
 - d. Irish

Reading: A Clue to the Nature of Man: The Symbol

- 1. Cassirer (A Clue to the Nature of Man: The Symbol) suggests the need to extend the classical definition of man beyond which of the following?
 - a. animal rationale
 - *b. animal emotionale
 - c. Homo sapiens
 - d. Homo erectus
- 2. If, as Cassirer (*A Clue to the Nature of Man: The Symbol*) states, the symbolic system mediates the receptor and effector systems, then:
 - a. all people should react to the same stimulus in a similar way.
 - b. a person's reaction to a stimulus will depend on the meaning of that stimulus.
 - *c. people with the same symbolic system always react to the same stimulus in the same way.
 - d. people will respond in a rational way to the same stimulus.
- 3. According to Cassirer:
 - a. humans are always rational.
 - *b. humans are rarely rational.
 - c. humans are both rational and irrational.
 - d. humans are always irrational.
- 4. Cassirer (A Clue to the Nature of Man: The Symbol) suggests that instead of defining man as an animal rational, we should define him as which of the following?
 - a. Homo sapiens
 - b. Homo erectus
 - c. animal emotionale
 - *d. animal symbolicum
- 5. According to Cassirer (A Clue to the Nature of Man: The Symbol), which of the following is part of the symbolic universe?
 - *a. language
 - b. art
 - c. religion
 - d. all of the above

Reading: Yes, Father-Sister

- 1. In Yes, Father-Sister, which of the following is not a listed response to Mrs. B's personality changes?
 - a. The nurses said Mrs B. was "a riot."
 - b. Her friends felt she no longer cared about anything at all.
 - c. The doctor suggested she had been "de-souled."
 - *d. Her husband felt betrayed by her perceived inattention.
- 2. In Yes, Father-Sister, which of the following best characterizes Mrs. B's disorder?
 - a. An inability to create abstract ideas
 - b. An inability to determine good from evil, beautiful from ugly
 - c. An inability to see how things relate to one another or oneself
 - *d. A loss of the brain function that computes and categorizes objects.
- 3. In Yes, Father-Sister, what type of illness did Mrs. B have?
 - a. schizophrenia
 - *b. cerebral tumor
 - c. heart disease
 - d. bipolar disorder
- 4. In Yes, Father-Sister, which of the following best describes the behavior of Mrs. B?
 - a. angry, hostile
 - b. paranoid
 - *c. high-spirited, funny
 - d. depressed
- 5. In Yes, Father-Sister, what was Mrs. B's former profession?
 - a. librarian
 - b. waitress
 - c. teacher
 - *d. chemist

Reading: Final Note on a Case of Extreme Isolation

- 1. Which of the following is true about Anna and Isabelle (*Final Note on a Case of Extreme Isolation* by Davis)?
 - a. Neither developed the capacity to engage in symbolic interaction.
 - b. Anna had a low IQ while Isabelle did not.
- c. Isabelle progressed much more rapidly than Anna because she had more contact with other humans at an earlier age.
- *d. Intensive training helped Isabelle to quickly pass through the developmental stages and acquire language.
- 2. Which of the following appears to be the key to "recovering" feral children?
 - a. Sports
 - *b. Language
 - c. Music
 - d. Art

- 3. What were the names of the two children that were profiled in *Final Note on a Case of Extreme Isolation*?
 - a. Jimmy and John
 - b. John and Isabelle
 - c. Isabelle and Jimmy
 - *d. Anna and Isabelle
- 4. Which of the following best summarizes the research into Isabelle's case in *Final Note on a Case of Extreme Isolation*?
 - *a. Extreme isolation up to age six does not prevent subsequent acquisition of language.
 - b. Extreme isolation up to age six does prevent subsequent acquisition of language and culture.
 - c. Isabelle's case is not illustrative because it is believed that she was intellectually disabled.
 - d. None of the above.
- 5. What distinguished Anna's case from Isabelle's case in the *Final Note on a Case of Extreme Isolation* reading?
 - a. Anna was able to catch up developmentally after being discovered.
 - *b. Isabelle reached a normal speech level by age eight-and-a-half years.
 - c. Neither of the girls were able to attain language after being discovered.
 - d. Both girls acquired normal speech patterns within the first year after discovery.

Reading: Mindfulness and Mindlessness

- 1. When "mindless," people treat information as:
 - *a. context-free
 - b. critical to the situation
 - c. existing in more than one category
 - d. something to meditate upon
- 2. Langer describes "mindlessness" as all of the following, except:
 - a. trapped by categories
 - b. automatic behavior
 - *c. in specific rationalization
 - d. something to meditate upon
- 3. The creation of new categories is:
 - a. a trap
 - *b. mindful activity
 - c. a type of automatic behavior
 - d. a clue that one is acting from a single perspective
- 4. In the Mindfulness and Mindlessness reading, what did the man offer \$10,000 for?
 - a. a ride to the airport
 - b. a diamond ring
 - *c. a piece of wood three foot by seven foot
 - d. a pitbull

- 5. In the Mindfulness and Mindlessness reading, what activity was included in Langer's social experiment?
 - a. riding a bus
 - *b. using a copy machine
 - c. buying a magazine
 - d. trying on perfume

Reading: Metaphors We Live By

- 1. Which if the following is stated by Lakoff and Johnson in *Metaphors We Live By*?
 - a. There is no truth without an objectivist view.
 - b. Metaphor can be understood as the opposite of "imaginative rationality."
 - c. Metaphor is mostly irrational in nature.
 - *d. Metaphors can be self-fulfilling prophecies.
- 2. Based on the article *Metaphors We Live By* by Lakoff and Johnson, which of the following statements is NOT true?
 - a. Metaphors always emphasize certain features and hide others.
 - b. Metaphors can create reality.
 - *c. Metaphors are used mostly by people in power.
 - d. Metaphors often reflect larger cultural assumptions.
- 3. According to Lakoff and Johnson, why is it socially and politically dangerous to believe there is no objective truth?
 - a. Because this perspective blinds us to the fact that there is objective truth.
 - *b. Because many metaphors are imposed upon us by people in power.
 - c. Because this perspective will make people give up hope.
 - d. Because some metaphors are more accurate than others.
- 4. In the *Metaphors We Live By* reading, what metaphor do Lakoff and Johnson use for arguments?
 - a. love
 - *b. war
 - c. game
 - d. riding a bus
- 5. Which metaphor do Lakoff and Johnson discuss in *Metaphors We Live By* as being related to the Westernization of cultures throughout the world?
 - a. ideas are food
 - b. argument is war
 - *c. time is money
 - d. vitality is a substance

Reading: A Person Paper on Purity in Language

- 1. What topic is the focus in A Person Paper on Purity in Language?
 - a. virginity
 - b. gender
 - c. sexism
 - *d. racism
- 2. Which of the following best describes A Person Paper on Purity in Language?
 - a. comedy
 - b. biography
 - *c. satire
 - d. none of the above
- 3. In addition to racist language, what other topic does Satire discuss in A Person Paper on Purity in Language?
 - *a. sexist language
 - b. classist language
 - c. homophobic language
 - d. profanity
- 4. In regard to publishing *A Person Paper on Purity in Language*, what reputation did Satire's friends warn him that he might earn?
 - a. that of a sexist
 - b. that of a bigot
 - c. that of a homophobe
 - *d. that of a racist
- 5. Which of the following is used satirically in A Person Paper on Purity in Language?
 - a. Holy Bible
 - b. poetry
 - c. Declaration of Independence
 - *d. all of the above