Test Bank for Social Marketing Changing Behaviors for Good 5th Edition Lee and Kotler 1452292140 9781452292144

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CHAPTER 2 10 STEPS IN THE STRATEGIC MARKETING PLANNING PROCESS

Type: E

1. For the Marketing Highlight discussing WaterSense, what similar effort did EPA leverage to inspire this effort.

*a. ENERGY STAR.

Type: E

2. What is the essence of the Product Concept?

*a. "Build it and they will come."

Type: E

3. What is the essence of the Selling Concept?

*a. Left alone, consumers won't buy enough to meet goals so marketers must undertake an aggressive selling and promotion effort.

Type: E

4. What is the essence of the Marketing Concept?

*a. Instead of a "make and sell" philosophy, it is a "sense and respond." In other words, a customer orientation.

Type: E

5. Step 1: Give an example of a social issue that a social marketing effort might address.

*a. A wicked problem in the area of health, safety, environment, community, or financial well-being

Use the social issue you identified in Q5 to answer Q6, Q7 and Q8:

Type: E

6. Step 1: Give an example of a background statement related to that social issue.

*a. Some fact, statistic or trend related to the social issue identified.

Type: E

7. Step 1: Give an example of a purpose statement for a social marketing effort related to that social issue

*a. Most often begins with "decrease, increase, improve, eliminate, reduce."

Type: E

8. Step 1: Give an example of a focus for a social marketing effort to contribute to this purpose.

*a. Can be a strategy, a population, a practice

Type: E

- 9. Step 2: What are the five major components of a Situation Analysis?
- *a. Internal Strengths, Internal Weaknesses, External Opportunities, External Threats, Past or Similar Efforts

Type: E

- 10. Step 3: Select Target Audience. Why do you select a target audience before you set the behavior objective?
- *a. The desired behavior often varies by target audience.

Type: E

- 11. Step 4: What is a behavior objective?
- *a. What your effort will be created to influence a target audience to Do.

For questions 12-16, consider an effort to get teenagers not to text and drive.

- 12. Step 5: Which one of the following is not a potential Barrier for texting and driving?
- a. Not feeling at risk
- b. Thinking it can't wait;
- *c. Worried I'll get caught
- d. Wanting to fit in
- e. Enjoy the distraction
- 13. Step 5: Which one would not be a potential perceived Benefit for not texting and driving?
- a. Not getting in an accident
- b. Not getting a ticket
- *c. My friend knows if I am running late and when I'll be there
- d. Not getting in trouble with my parents

Type: E

- 14. Step 5: What would be a potential Motivator for not texting and driving?
- *a. Knowing of someone like me who was in an accident; having it become a primary law where can be pulled over if seen; if my phone wouldn't work when driving; if my phone was out of reach

Type: E

- 15. Step 5: What is the Competition for not texting and driving?
- *a. The norm for this group to be texting and driving

Type: E

- 16. Step 5: Who is an Influential Other that you might tap to influence the teen?
- *a. A friend, peer or older sibling who had an accident or a close call. A parent deciding not to text and drive in the future

Type: E

- 17. Step 6: Positioning: In the Litter case example, what are at least two things that program managers wanted people who litter to believe:
- *a. They will be seen; they will get caught; fines are steeper than they thought; disposing of litter is a better, cheaper option.

Type: MR

18. Step 7: Marketing Mix. Which ones of the following are not one of the intervention tools in the marketer's toolbox? a. Product *b. Positioning c. Price *d. Policy e. Place f. Promotion *g. Partners
For Q19-Q22, think back to the Litter Case Example:
Type: E 19. Step 7: What was the major product used to support the anti-littering effort? *a. The Hotline to report littering
Type: E 20. Step 7: What was a price strategy for the litter campaign? *a. The emphasis on fines for littering
Type: E 21. Step 7: What was a place strategy mentioned for the litter campaign? *a. The Hotline was available 24/7 for reporting littering, as was the website
Type: E 22. Step 7: What was one of the major promotion strategies for the litter campaign? *a. Paid advertising, road signs, mailings, posters, publicity, Web sites, stickers, decals, special events
Type: E 23. Step 8: Evaluation Plan. Why is the Evaluation Plan completed before Steps 9? *a. So that there will be planned funding for it
Type: MR 24. Step 9: Budget. Which of the following are not a component of the Plan's budget: a. Product-Related Strategies *b. Formative Research c. Price-Related Strategies d. Distribution-Related Strategies e. Promotions f. Evaluation *g. Pretesting
Type: E 25. Step 10: Implementation Plan. What are the 4 major components of an Implementation Plan? *a. 1) Who will do 2) What, 3) When, for 4) How much.
Type: F 26. Each step should be considered a prior to completing a plan, because you may need to go back and make a revision to a prior step. *a. Draft

Type: E
27. Give an example of a step that might need to be revised based on information gleaned when developing a subsequent step.
*a. Target Audience, Goals, Positioning, 4Ps