# Test Bank for Statistics Informed Decisions Using Data 5th Edition Sullivan III 9780134133539 

## Full Link Download:

Test Bank:
https://testbankpack.com/p/test-bank-for-statistics-informed-decisions-using-data-5th-edition-sullivan-iii-9780134133539/

## Solution Manual:

## https://testbankpack.com/p/solution-manual-for-statistics-informed-decisions-using-data-5th-edition-sullivan-iii-9780134133539/

## Ch. 2 Organizing and Summarizing Data

### 2.1 Organizing Qualitative Data

1 Organize qualitative data in tables.
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question. Provide an appropriate response. Round relative frequencies to thousandths.

1) Scott Tarnowski owns a pet grooming shop. His prices for grooming dogs are based on the size of the dog. His
records from last year are summarized below. Construct a frequency distribution and a relative frequency distribution. Show the percentage represented by each relative frequency.

| Class | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| Large | 345 |
| Medium | 830 |
| Small | 645 |

2) The results of a survey about a recent judicial appointment are given in the table below. Construct a relative frequency distribution.

| Response | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: |
| Strongly Favor | 7 |
| Favor | 8 |
| Neutral | 18 |
| Oppose | 38 |
| Strongly | 129 |

3) The preschool children at Elmwood Elementary School were asked to name their favorite color. The results are
listed below. Construct a frequency distribution and a relative frequency distribution.

|  | purple <br> blue | purple <br> blue | green <br> purple | red | blue |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| blue |  |  |  |  |  |
| green |  |  |  |  |  |

green blue red blue yellow
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.
4) True or False: The sum of all the relative frequencies of a distribution will always add up to 1 .
A) False
B) True
5) True or False: Relative frequency is the proportion (or percent) of observations within a category and is found using the formula: relative frequency $\underset{\text { frequency }}{=}$ sum of all frequencies.
A) False
B) True

2 Construct bar graphs.
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. The bar graph shows the number of tickets sold each week by the garden club for their annual flower show.

Number of Tickets Sold Each Week

6) During which week was the most number of tickets sold?
A) week 4
B) week 5
C) week 2
D) week 1
7) During which week was the fewest number of tickets sold?
A) week 2
B) week 4
C) week 6
D) week 5
8) Approximately how many tickets were sold during week 2 ?
A) 11 tickets
B) 30 tickets
C) 59 tickets
D) 40 tickets

Provide an appropriate response.
9) The payroll amounts for 26 major-league baseball teams are shown below. Aprroximately what percentage of the payrolls were in the $\$ 20-\$ 30$ million range? Round to the nearest whole percent.

A) $38 \%$
B) $10 \%$
C) $59 \%$
D) $11 \%$

Page 3
10) Retailers are always interested in determining why a customer selected their store to make a purchase. A sporting goods retailer conducted a customer survey to determine why its customers shopped at the store. The results are shown below. What percentage of the customers responded that the merchandise was the reason they shopped at the store? Round to the nearest whole percent

A) $43 \%$
B) $30 \%$
C) $50 \%$
D) $29 \%$
11) The bar graph below shows the political party affiliation of 1000 registered U.S. voters. What percentage of the

1000 registered U.S. voters belonged to one of the traditional two parties (Democratic and Republican)?

A) $75 \%$
B) $40 \%$
C) $35 \%$
D) $25 \%$
12) The Excel frequency bar graph below describes the employment status of a random sample of U.S. adults. What is the percentage of those having no job?

Frequency Bar Graph

A) $15 \%$
B) $20 \%$
C) $40 \%$
D) cannot determine

The following double-bar graph illustrates the revenue for a company for the four quarters of the year for two different years. Use the graph to answer the question.

13) In what quarter was the revenue the greatest for Year 1?
A) fourth quarter
B) first quarter
C) second quarter
D) third quarter
14) In what quarter was the revenue the least for Year 1 ?
A) second quarter
B) first quarter
C) fourth quarter
D) third quarter
15) What was the revenue for the third quarter of Year 2 ?
A) $\$ 50$ million
B) $\$ 10$ million
C) $\$ 35$ million
D) $\$ 7$ million

## SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Provide an appropriate response.
16) The grade point averages for 40 evening students are listed below. Construct a frequency bar graph and a relative frequency bar graph.

| Grade Point | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0.5-0.9$ | 4 |
| $1.0-1.4$ | 2 |
| $1.5-1.9$ | 7 |
| $2.0-2.4$ | 9 |
| $2.5-2.9$ | 2 |
| $3.0-3.4$ | 10 |
| $3.5-3.9$ | 2 |
| $4.0-4.4$ | 4 |

17) The local police, using radar, checked the speeds (in mph) of 30 motorists in a construction area. The results are
listed below. Construct a frequency bar graph and a relative frequency bar graph.

| Speed | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $33-35$ | 3 |
| $36-38$ | 6 |
| $39-41$ | 6 |
| $42-44$ | 6 |
| $45-47$ | 3 |
| $48-50$ | 6 |

18) Listed below are the ACT scores of 40 randomly selected students at a major university.

| 18 | 22 | 13 | 15 | 24 | 24 | 20 | 19 | 19 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16 | 25 | 14 | 19 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 13 |
| 26 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 19 | 17 | 18 | 15 | 13 | 21 |
| 19 | 19 | 14 | 24 | 20 | 21 | 23 | 22 | 19 | 17 |

a) Construct a relative frequency bar graph of the data, using eight classes.
b) If the university wants to accept the top $90 \%$ of the applicants, what should the minimum score be?
c) If the university sets the minimum score at 17 , what percent of the applicants will be accepted?

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.
19) Given the bar graph shown below, the Pareto chart that would best represent the data should have the bars in the following order.

A) D A E C F B
B) B F C E A D
C) CADEFB
D) B F E D A C

3 Construct pie charts.
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.
The pie chart shows the percentage of votes received by each candidate in the student council presidential election. Use the pie chart to answer the question.
20)

Student Council President


500 total votes
Who got the most votes?
A) Ann
B) Ted
C) Jim
D) Lili
21)


200 total votes
Who got the fewest votes?
A) Matt
B) Ted
C) Ben
D) Lili
22)

> Student Council President


200 total votes
What percent of the votes did Ted and Jim receive together?
A) $42 \%$
B) $58 \%$
C) $18 \%$
D) $24 \%$

## SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the

question. Construct a pie chart for the data. Label each category with its percentage.
23) A study was conducted to determine how people get jobs. Four hundred subjects were randomly selected and
the results are listed below. Round percents to whole numbers.

| Job Sources of <br> Survey Respondents | Frequenc |
| :--- | :---: |
| Newspaper want ads | 72 |
| Online services | 124 |
| Executive search | 69 |
| Mailings | 32 |
| Networking | 103 |

24) Scott Tarnowski owns a pet grooming shop. His prices for grooming dogs are based on the size of the dog. His records from last year are summarized below. Round percents to whole numbers.

| Class | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| Large | 345 |
| Medium | 830 |
| Small | 645 |

## MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the

 question. Provide an appropriate response.25) A two-pound bag of assorted candy contained 100 caramels, 83 mint patties, 93 chocolate squares, 80 nut clusters, and 79 peanut butter taffy pieces. To create a pie chart of this data, the angle for the slice representing each candy type must be computed. What is the degree measure of the slice representing the mint patties rounded to the nearest degree?
A) $69^{\circ}$
B) $19^{\circ}$
C) $5^{\circ}$
D) $52^{\circ}$

### 2.2 Organizing Quantitative Data: The Popular Displays

1 Organize discrete data in tables.
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question. Construct a frequency distribution for the data.

1) A random sample of 30 high school students is selected. Each student is asked how much time he or she spent
on the Internet during the previous week. The following times (in hours) are obtained:
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}4 & 12 & 6 & 9 & 6 & 4 & 6 & 5 & 3 & 9\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}7 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 6 & 3 & 3 & 8 & 5\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}3 & 5 & 12 & 7 & 4 & 8 & 4 & 7 & 6 & 5\end{array}$
Construct a frequency distribution for the data.
2) A sample of 25 service project scores is taken and is recorded below. Construct a frequency distribution for this data.

| 97 | 96 | 96 | 95 | 96 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 99 | 97 | 97 | 100 | 99 |
| 95 | 98 | 95 | 96 | 100 |
| 95 | 98 | 96 | 96 | 100 |
| 95 | 97 | 99 | 97 | 98 |

## 2 Construct histograms of discrete data.

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the
question. Construct the specified histogram.
3) A random sample of 30 high school students is selected. Each student is asked how much time he or she spent
on the Internet during the previous week. The following times (in hours) are recorded:
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}6 & 14 & 8 & 11 & 8 & 6 & 8 & 7 & 5 & 11\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}9 & 7 & 7 & 6 & 9 & 8 & 5 & 5 & 10 & 7\end{array}$

| 5 | 7 | 14 | 9 | 6 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Construct a frequency histogram for this
data.
4) A sample of 25 community service projects is obtained and the scores are recorded. The results are shown below. Construct a frequency histogram for this data.

| 97 | 96 | 96 | 95 | 96 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 99 | 97 | 97 | 100 | 99 |
| 95 | 98 | 95 | 96 | 100 |
| 95 | 98 | 96 | 96 | 100 |
| 95 | 97 | 99 | 97 | 98 |

3 Organize continuous data in tables.

## MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the

 question. Provide an appropriate response.5) The class width is the difference between
A) Two successive lower class limits
B) The high and the low data values
C) The upper class limit and the lower class limit of a class
D) The largest frequency and the smallest frequency
6) Determine the number of classes in the frequency table below.

| Class |  |
| :--- | :---: | Frequency

A) 5
B) 6
C) 20
D) 2
7) Find the class width for the frequency table below.

| Class |  |
| :--- | :---: | Frequency

A) 2
B) 1
C) 1.5
D) 2.5
8) Use the following frequency distribution to determine the class limits of the third class.

| Class |  |
| :--- | :--- | Frequency

A) lower limit: 18; upper limit: 21
B) lower limit: 17.5 ; upper limit: 21.5
C) lower limit: 18; upper limit: 22
D) lower limit: 17; upper limit: 22
9) A researcher records the number of employees of each of the IT companies in the town of Westmoore. The results are summarized in the table.

| Number of | Number of IT |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-249$ | 33 |
| $250-499$ | 22 |
| $500-749$ | 8 |
| $750-999$ | 7 |
| $1000-1249$ | 7 |

Find the class width.
A) 250
B) 1249
C) 249.5
D) 5
10) A researcher records the number of employees of each of the IT companies in the town of Westmoore. The results are summarized in the table.

| Number of | Number of IT |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-749$ | 39 |
| $750-1499$ | 22 |
| $1500-2249$ | 5 |
| $2250-2999$ | 7 |
| $3000-3749$ | 5 |

Find the class limits of the third class.
A) lower limit: 1500; upper limit: 2249
B) lower limit: 1500; upper limit: 2250
C) lower limit: 1499.5; upper limit: 2249.5
D) lower limit: 1499; upper limit: 2250
11) The weights (in pounds) of babies born at St Mary's hospital last month are summarized in the table.

| Weight (lb) | Number of |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5.0-6$ | 7 |
| $6.1-7.1$ | 19 |
| $7.2-8.2$ | 20 |
| $8.3-9.3$ | 10 |
| $9.4-10.4$ | 3 |

Find the class width.
A) 1.1 lb
B) 1 lb
C) 1.15 lb
D) 1.05 lb
12) The weights (in pounds) of babies born at St Mary's hospital last month are summarized in the table.

| Weight (lb) | Number of |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5.0-5.8$ | 7 |
| $5.9-6.7$ | 18 |
| $6.8-7.6$ | 18 |
| $7.7-8.5$ | 8 |
| $8.6-9.4$ | 3 |

Find the class limits for the second class.
A) lower limit: 5.9 ; upper limit: 6.7
B) lower limit: 5.9; upper limit: 6.8
C) lower limit: 5.85; upper limit:6.75
D) lower limit: 5.8; upper limit: 6.8
13) The table below summarizes the weights of the almonds (in grams) in a one-pound bag. What is the class width?

| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0.7585-0.8184$ | 1 |
| $0.8185-0.8784$ | 1 |
| $0.8785-0.9384$ | 1 |
| $0.9385-0.9984$ | 3 |
| $0.9985-1.0584$ | 157 |
| $1.0585-1.1184$ | 171 |
| $1.1185-1.1784$ | 8 |

A) 0.06
B) 0.059
C) 0.408
D) 0.4

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question. Construct the requested frequency distribution.
14) The June precipitation amounts (in inches) for 40 cites are listed below. Construct a frequency distribution and
a relative frequency distribution using eight classes.

| 2.0 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 0.8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 1.8 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 1.1 |
| 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.2 |

15) The commute times (in minutes) of 30 executives are listed below. Construct a frequency distribution and a relative frequency distribution using five classes. Round relative frequency values to three decimal places.

| 70 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 73 | 69 | 68 | 70 | 71 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 67 | 71 | 70 | 74 | 69 | 68 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 72 |
| 69 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 73 | 74 | 70 | 71 | 69 | 68 |

16) The March utility bills (in dollars) of 30 homeowners are listed below. Construct a frequency distribution and a
relative frequency distribution using six classes.

| 44 | 38 | 41 | 50 | 36 | 36 | 43 | 42 | 49 | 48 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35 | 40 | 37 | 41 | 43 | 50 | 45 | 45 | 39 | 38 |
| 50 | 41 | 47 | 36 | 35 | 40 | 42 | 43 | 48 | 33 |

## Provide an appropriate

 response.17) A sample of 15 Boy Scouts was selected and their weights (in pounds) were recorded as follows:

| 97 | 120 | 137 | 124 | 117 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 108 | 134 | 126 | 123 | 106 |
| 130 | 110 | 100 | 120 | 140 |

a. Using a class width of 10 , give the upper and lower limits for five classes, starting with a lower limit of 95 for
the first class.
b. Construct a frequency distribution for the data

## 4 Construct histograms of continuous data.

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the
question. Construct the specified histogram.
18) For the data below, construct a frequency distribution and a relative frequency distribution.

| Height (in | Frequenc |
| :---: | :---: |
| $50-52$ | 5 |
| $53-55$ | 8 |
| $56-58$ | 12 |
| $59-61$ | 13 |
| $62-64$ | 11 |

19) For the data below, construct a frequency histogram and a relative frequency histogram.

| Weight (in | Frequenc |
| :---: | :---: |
| $135-139$ | 6 |
| $140-144$ | 4 |
| $145-149$ | 11 |
| $150-154$ | 15 |
| $155-159$ | 8 |

20) The 30 students in Mrs Harrison's literature class were asked how many cousins they had. The results are shown below. Create a frequency histogram for the data using a class width of 2 .

| 10 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 7 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 11 | 1 |
| 5 | 4 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 11 |
| 0 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 7 |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 0 |

21) The 30 students in Mrs Harrison's literature class were asked how many cousins they had. The results are shown below. Construct a relative-frequency histogram using a class width of 2 .

| 10 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 7 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 11 | 1 |
| 5 | 4 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 11 |
| 0 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 7 |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 0 |

22) A sample of 15 Girl Scouts was selected and their weights (in pounds) were recorded. The results are listed
below. Construct a frequency histogram for the data using a class width of 10 and using 95 as the lower limit of the first class.

| 97 | 120 | 137 | 124 | 117 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 108 | 134 | 126 | 123 | 106 |
| 130 | 110 | 100 | 120 | 140 |

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.
Provide an appropriate response.
23) What is the difference between a bar chart and a histogram?
A) The bars on a bar chart do not touch while the bars of a histogram do touch.
B) The bars in a bar chart may be of various widths while the bars of a histogram are all the same width.
C) The bars in a bar chart are all the same width while the bars of a histogram may be of various widths. D) There is no difference between these two graphical displays.

5 Draw stem-and-leaf plots.
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. Provide an appropriate response.
24) For the stem-and-leaf plot below, what are the maximum and minimum entries?

78
666789
0112344566
77788999
3011234455
66678899
458
A) max: 48; min: 17
B) max: 38; min: 7
C) max: 47; min: 18
$\underset{17}{\text { D) }} \max : 45$; min:

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.
Determine the original set of data.
25)

| Stem | Leaves |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 5 |  |  |
| 8 | 3 |  |  |
| 9 | 0 | 2 |  |
| 10 | 6 |  |  |
| 11 | 6 | 7 |  |
| 12 | 6 | 9 |  |
| 13 | 6 | 7 | 9 |
| 14 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| 15 | 8 | 9 |  |
| 1 | 8 |  |  |

Legend: 55 represents 55
26)

| Stem | Leaves |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 3 |  |  |
| 6 | 4 |  |  |
| 7 | 0 | 9 |  |
| 8 | 3 |  |  |
| 9 | 1 | 7 |  |
| 10 | 6 | 9 |  |
| 11 | 6 | 7 | 9 |
| 12 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| 13 | 1 | 9 |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |

Legend: 53 represents 5.3

## Construct a stem-and-leaf plot for the

data.
27) The number of home runs that Mark McGwire hit in the first 13 years of his major league baseball career are
listed below. (Source: Major League Handbook) Construct a stem-and-leaf plot for this data.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}
3 & 49 & 32 & 33 & 39 & 22 & 42 & 9 & 9 & 39 & 52 & 58 & 70
\end{array}
$$

28) The numbers of runs batted in by Mark McLemore in the first 13 years of his major league baseball career are listed below. (Source: Major League Handbook) Construct a stem-and-leaf plot for this data.
```
0
```

29) The heights (in inches) of 30 mechanics are listed below. Construct a stem -and-leaf plot for the data.

| 70 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 73 | 69 | 68 | 70 | 71 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 67 | 71 | 70 | 74 | 69 | 68 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 72 |
| 69 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 73 | 74 | 70 | 71 | 69 | 68 |

30) The March utility bills (in dollars) of 30 homeowners are listed below. Construct a stem-and-leaf plot for the data.
```
44
35
50
```

31) The scores for an economics test are listed below. Create a stem-and-leaf plot for the data.

| 87 | 76 | 98 | 77 | 90 | 95 | 88 | 85 | 66 | 89 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 79 | 93 | 50 | 96 | 83 | 88 | 82 | 52 | 11 | 69 |

## 6 Draw dot plots.

## SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the

question. Construct a dot plot for the data.
32) The local police, using radar, checked the speeds (in mph) of 30 motorists at a busy intersection. The results are
listed below. Construct a dot plot for the data.

| 44 | 38 | 41 | 50 | 36 | 36 | 43 | 42 | 49 | 48 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35 | 40 | 37 | 41 | 43 | 50 | 45 | 45 | 39 | 38 |
| 50 | 41 | 47 | 36 | 35 | 40 | 42 | 43 | 48 | 33 |

33) The heights (in inches) of 30 mechanics are listed below. Construct a dot plot for the data.

| 70 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 73 | 69 | 68 | 70 | 71 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 67 | 71 | 70 | 74 | 69 | 68 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 72 |
| 69 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 73 | 74 | 70 | 71 | 69 | 68 |

## 7 Identify the shape of a distribution.

## MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the

 question. Construct a frequency distribution for the data using five classes. Describe the shape of the
## distribution.

34) The data set: Pick Three Lottery Outcomes for 10 Consecutive Weeks
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}3 & 6 & 7 & 6 & 0 & 6 & 1 & 7 & 8 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 & 7 & 5 & 9 & 1 & 5 & 3 & 9 & 9 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 8 & 8 & 4 & 0 & 2 & 4\end{array}$
A) uniform
B) bell shaped
C) skewed to the left
D) skewed to the right
35) The data set: ages of dishwashers (in years) in 20 randomly selected households

$$
\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrr}
12 & 6 & 4 & 9 & 11 & 1 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 8 \\
9 & 13 & 5 & 15 & 7 & 6 & 8 & 8 & 2 & 1
\end{array}
$$

A) bell shaped
B) uniform
C) skewed to the
D) skewed to the
1nft
nirht
36) The data set: weekly grocery bills (in dollars) for 20 randomly selected households

| 135 | 120 | 115 | 132 | 136 | 124 | 119 | 145 | 98 | 110 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 | 120 | 115 | 130 | 140 | 105 | 116 | 121 | 125 | 108 |

A) bell shaped
B) uniform
C) skewed to the left
D) skewed to the nioht

## Describe the shape of the distribution.

37) 


A) skewed to the right
B) skewed to the
left
C) uniform
D) bell shaped
38)

A) skewed to the left
B) skewed to the right
C) uniform
D) bell shaped

Use the histograms shown to answer the question.
39)


Number of Inspections Inspections

Is either histogram
symmetric?
A) Neither is
symmetric.
B) The first is symmetric, but the second is not symmetric.
C) The second is symmetric, but the first is not symmetric. D) Both are symmetric.

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.
Describe the shape of the distribution.
40) A sample of 15 Little League players was selected and their weights (in pounds) were recorded as follows:

| 97 | 120 | 137 | 124 | 117 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 108 | 134 | 126 | 123 | 106 |
| 130 | 110 | 100 | 120 | 140 |

### 2.3 Additional Displays of Quantitative Data

1 Construct frequency polygons.
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question. Construct a frequency polygon for the data.
1)

| Height (in | Frequenc |
| :---: | :---: |
| $50-52$ | 5 |
| $53-55$ | 8 |
| $56-58$ | 12 |
| $59-61$ | 13 |
| $62-64$ | 11 |

2) 

| Weight (in | Frequenc |
| :---: | :---: |
| $135-139$ | 6 |
| $140-144$ | 4 |
| $145-149$ | 11 |
| $150-154$ | 15 |
| $155-159$ | 8 |

3) The grade point averages for 40 evening students are listed below. Construct a frequency polygon using eight classes.

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllll}
2.0 & 3.2 & 1.8 & 2.9 & 0.9 & 4.0 & 3.3 & 2.9 & 3.6 & 0.8 \\
3.1 & 2.4 & 2.4 & 2.3 & 1.6 & 1.6 & 4.0 & 3.1 & 3.2 & 1.8 \\
2.2 & 2.2 & 1.7 & 0.5 & 3.6 & 3.4 & 1.9 & 2.0 & 3.0 & 1.1 \\
3.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1.1 & 0.5 & 3.2 & 3.0 & 2.2
\end{array}
$$

4) The local police, using radar, checked the speeds (in mph ) of 30 motorists in a construction area. The results are
listed below. Construct a frequency polygon using six classes and a class width of 3 .

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllll}
44 & 38 & 41 & 50 & 36 & 36 & 43 & 42 & 49 & 48 \\
35 & 40 & 37 & 41 & 43 & 50 & 45 & 45 & 39 & 38 \\
50 & 41 & 47 & 36 & 35 & 40 & 42 & 43 & 48 & 33
\end{array}
$$

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.
Determine whether the statement is true or false.
5) A frequency polygon always begins and ends with a frequency of zero.
A) True
B) False
6) The class midpoint can be determined by adding to the lower class limit one-half of the class width.
A) True
B) False

2 Create cumulative frequency and relative frequency tables.
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the
question. Construct the requested frequency distribution.
7) The April precipitation amounts (in inches) for 40 cities are listed below. Construct a frequency distribution, a
relative frequency distribution, a cumulative frequency distribution, and a relative cumulative frequency distribution using eight classes.

| 2.0 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 0.8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 1.8 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 1.1 |
| 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.2 |

8) The commute time (in minutes) of 30 executives are listed below. Construct a frequency distribution, a relative
frequency distribution, a cumulative frequency distribution, and a relative cumulative frequency distribution
using five classes.

| 70 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 73 | 69 | 68 | 70 | 71 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 67 | 71 | 70 | 74 | 69 | 68 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 72 |
| 69 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 73 | 74 | 70 | 71 | 69 | 68 |

9) The local police, using radar, checked the speeds (in mph) of 30 motorists in a construction area. The results are
listed below. Construct a frequency distribution, a relative frequency distribution, a cumulative frequency distribution, and a relative cumulative frequency distribution using six classes.
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}44 & 38 & 41 & 50 & 36 & 36 & 43 & 42 & 49 & 48\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}35 & 40 & 37 & 41 & 43 & 50 & 45 & 45 & 39 & 38\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}50 & 41 & 47 & 36 & 35 & 40 & 42 & 43 & 48 & 33\end{array}$

## 3 Construct frequency and relative frequency ogives.

## SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the

 question. Construct the requested ogive.10) The grade point averages for 40 evening students are listed below. Construct a frequency ogive using eight classes.

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllll}
2.0 & 3.2 & 1.8 & 2.9 & 0.9 & 4.0 & 3.3 & 2.9 & 3.6 & 0.8 \\
3.1 & 2.4 & 2.4 & 2.3 & 1.6 & 1.6 & 4.0 & 3.1 & 3.2 & 1.8 \\
2.2 & 2.2 & 1.7 & 0.5 & 3.6 & 3.4 & 1.9 & 2.0 & 3.0 & 1.1 \\
3.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1.1 & 0.5 & 3.2 & 3.0 & 2.2
\end{array}
$$

11) The heights (in inches) of 30 lawyers are listed below. Construct a frequency ogive using five classes.

| 70 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 73 | 69 | 68 | 70 | 71 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 67 | 71 | 70 | 74 | 69 | 68 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 72 |
| 69 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 73 | 74 | 70 | 71 | 69 | 68 |

12) The local police, using radar, checked the speeds (in mph ) of 30 motorists on a rural road. The results are listed
below. Construct a frequency ogive using six classes.

| 44 | 38 | 41 | 50 | 36 | 36 | 43 | 42 | 49 | 48 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35 | 40 | 37 | 41 | 43 | 50 | 45 | 45 | 39 | 38 |
| 50 | 41 | 47 | 36 | 35 | 40 | 42 | 43 | 48 | 33 |

Page 18
13) The grade point averages for 40 evening students are listed below. Construct a relative frequency ogive using eight classes.

| 2.0 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 0.8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 1.8 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 1.1 |
| 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.2 |

14) The heights (in inches) of 30 lawyers are listed below. Construct a relative frequency ogive using five classes.

| 70 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 73 | 69 | 68 | 70 | 71 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 67 | 71 | 70 | 74 | 69 | 68 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 72 |
| 69 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 73 | 74 | 70 | 71 | 69 | 68 |

15) The local police, using radar, checked the speeds (in mph ) of 30 motorists on a rural road. The results are listed
below. Construct a relative frequency ogive using six classes.

| 44 | 38 | 41 | 50 | 36 | 36 | 43 | 42 | 49 | 48 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35 | 40 | 37 | 41 | 43 | 50 | 45 | 45 | 39 | 38 |
| 50 | 41 | 47 | 36 | 35 | 40 | 42 | 43 | 48 | 33 |

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

## Provide an appropriate response.

16) An ogive is a graph that represents cumulative frequencies or cumulative relative frequencies. The points labeled on the horizontal axis are the
A) Upper class limits
B) Lower class limits
C) Midpoints
D) Frequencies

## 4 Draw time-series graphs.

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the
question. Use a time series plot to display the data. Comment on the trend,
17) The data below represent the consumption of high-energy drinks (in gallons) by adult Americans over a nine-year period.

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption (gal) | 10 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 13 |

18) A transportation engineer wishes to use the following data to illustrate the number of deaths from the collision
of passenger cars with motorcycles on a particular highway.

| Year | Number of |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 12 |
| 2 | 17 |
| 3 | 22 |
| 4 | 21 |
| 5 | 16 |
| 6 | 13 |
| 7 | 11 |

19) Women were allowed to enter the Boston Marathon for the first time in 1972. Listed below are the winning women's times (in minutes) for the first 10 years.

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time | 190 | 186 | 167 | 162 | 167 | 168 | 165 | 155 | 154 |  |

### 2.4 Graphical Misrepresentations of Data

1 Describe what can make a graph misleading or deceptive.
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. Explain what is misleading about the graphic.
1)


The volume of our sales has doubled!!!
A) The length of a side has doubled, but the area has been multiplied by 4. B) The length of a side has doubled, but the area has been multiplied by 8 . C) The length of a side has doubled, but the area has been unchanged.
D) The graphic is not misleading.
2)

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A) The vertical scale does not begin at zero. } & \text { B) The horizontal label is incomplete. }\end{array}$
C) The trend is depicted in the wrong direction.
D) The graphic is not misleading.

A) The graphic may give the impression that drivers over age 65 had no DUI's in 2012. B) The graphic only includes information for one year.
C) The horizontal scale does not begin at zero. D) The graphic is not misleading.

Provide an appropriate response.
4) The following graph shows the number of car accidents occurring in one city in each of the years 2006 through

2011 (Year $1=2006$, Year $2=2007$ etc). The number of accidents dropped in 2008 after a new speed limit was imposed. How is the bar graph misleading? How would you redesign the graph to be less misleading?

5) A parcel delivery store finds that their delivery rates increased over the past year. Last year it delivered 3402 parcels. This year it delivered 8942 parcels.


How many times larger should the graphic for this year be than the graphic for last year?

## Ch. 2 Organizing and Summarizing Data

## Answer Key

### 2.1 Organizing Qualitative Data

1 Organize qualitative data in tables.

| 1) Class | Frequency | Relative Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percentage |  |
| Large | 345 | 0.190 |
|  | 19.0 | 0.456 |
| Medium | 830 |  |
|  | 45.6 | 0.354 |
| Small | 645 |  |
|  | 35.4 | 1.000 |

2) 

| Response | Frequency | Relative |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Strongly Favor | 7 | 0.035 |
| Favor | 8 | 0.04 |
| Neutral | 18 | 0.09 |
| Oppose | 38 | 0.19 |
| Strongly | 129 | 0.645 |

3) 

| Color | Frequency | Relative Frequency |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| purple | 3 | 0.15 |
| green | 4 | 0.20 |
| red | 5 | 0.25 |
| blue | 7 | 0.35 |
| yellow | 1 | 0.05 |

4) A
5) A

2 Construct bar graphs.
6) A
7) A
8) $A$
9) A
10) A
11) $A$
12) $A$
13) $A$
14) $A$
15) A
16)


17)

18) a) See graph below
b) The minimum score $=14$
c) The university will accept $76.57 \%$ of the applicants.

19) A

3 Construct pie charts.
20) A
21) $A$
22) A
23)

24)

25) A
2.2 Organizing Quantitative Data: The Popular Displays

1 Organize discrete data in tables.
1)

Hours Number of

| On Net | HS |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 4 |
| 4 | 5 |
| 5 | 6 |
| 6 | 5 |
| 7 | 4 |
| 8 | 2 |
| 9 | 2 |
| 12 | 2 |

2) 

| Measure | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| 95 | 5 |
| 96 | 6 |
| 97 | 5 |
| 98 | 3 |
| 99 | 3 |
| 100 | 3 |

2 Construct histograms of discrete data.
3)

4)


3 Organize continuous data in tables.
5) A
6) A
7) A
8) A
9) A
10) A
11) $A$
12) $A$
13) $A$
14)

| Precip. | Frequency | Relative Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.5-0.9$ | 4 | 0.10 |
| $1.0-1.4$ | 2 | 0.05 |
| $1.5-1.9$ | 7 | 0.175 |
| $2.0-2.4$ | 9 | 0.225 |
| $2.5-2.9$ | 2 | 0.05 |
| $3.0-3.4$ | 10 | 0.25 |
| $3.5-3.9$ | 2 | 0.05 |
| $4.0-4.4$ | 4 | 0.10 |

15) 

| Commute Time (in | Frequency | Relative Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $67.0-68.4$ | 6 | 0.200 |
| $68.5-69.9$ | 5 | 0.167 |
| $70.0-71.4$ | 13 | 0.433 |
| $71.5-72.9$ | 2 | 0.067 |
| $73.0-74.4$ | 4 | 0.133 |

16) 

| Util. Bill (dollars) | Frequency | Relative Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $33-35$ | 3 | 0.10 |
| $36-38$ | 6 | 0.20 |
| $39-41$ | 6 | 0.20 |
| $42-44$ | 6 | 0.20 |
| $45-47$ | 3 | 0.10 |
| $48-50$ | 6 | 0.20 |

b.

| Weight (lb) | Tally | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $95-104$ | $1 l$ | 2 |
| $105-114$ | 111 | 3 |
| $115-124$ | 11111 | 5 |
| $125-134$ | 1ll | 3 |
| $135-144$ | ll | 2 |

4 Construct histograms of continuous data.
18)


Height (in inches)
19) Frequency Histogram:

20)

21)

22)

23) $A$

## 5 Draw stem-and-leaf plots.

24) A
25) $75,83,90,92,106,116,117,126,129,136,137,139,142,143,148,149,158,159$
26) $5.3,6.4,7.0,7.9,8.3,9.1,9.7,10.6,10.9,11.6,11.7,11.9,12.2,12.3,12.8,12.9,13.1,13.9$
27) 

0|399
$1 \mid$
$2 \mid 2$
3|2399
$4 \mid 29$
5| 28
$6 \mid 0$
28)
$0 \mid 099$
$1 \mid$
$2 \mid 5$
$3 \mid$
4
5166
7
$8 \mid 8$
91
10 2
114
122
13
14
150
$16 \mid 5$
29) $6 \mid 77888899999$
$7 \mid 0000011111111223344$
30) $3 \mid 3556667889$
$4 \mid 00111223334557889$ 5|000
31) The stem will consist of the tens digit and range from 1 to 9 . The leaves will be drawn in the appropriate stems based on the data values.

```
Stem|Leaves
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{11} \\
\hline 2 & \\
\hline 3 & \\
\hline 4 & \\
\hline & 02 \\
\hline & 69 \\
\hline & 679 \\
\hline & 7859382 \\
\hline & 80536 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

6 Draw dot plots.
32)

33)


7 Identify the shape of a distribution.
34) A
35) A
36) A
37) A
38) A
39) $A$
40) symmetric
2.3 Additional Displays of Quantitative Data

1 Construct frequency polygons.
1)

2)

3)

4)

5) A
6) A

2 Create cumulative frequency and relative frequency tables.
7)

| Precip (in.) | Frequency | Relative <br> Frequency | Cumulative <br> Frequency | Cumulative <br> Relative |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.5-0.9$ | 4 | 0.10 | 4 | 0.10 |
| $1.0-1.4$ | 2 | 0.05 | 6 | 0.15 |
| $1.5-1.9$ | 7 | 0.175 | 13 | 0.325 |
| $2.0-2.4$ | 9 | 0.225 | 22 | 0.55 |
| $2.5-2.9$ | 2 | 0.05 | 24 | 0.60 |
| $3.0-3.4$ | 10 | 0.25 | 34 | 0.85 |
| $3.5-3.9$ | 2 | 0.05 | 36 | 0.90 |
| $4.0-4.4$ | 4 | 0.10 | 40 | 1 |

8) 

| Commute Time (in | Frequency | Relative <br> Frequency | Cumulative <br> Frequency | Cumulative <br> Relative |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $67.0-68.4$ | 6 | 0.20 | 6 | 0.20 |
| $68.5-69.9$ | 5 | 0.167 | 11 | 0.367 |
| $70.0-71.4$ | 13 | 0.433 | 24 | 0.80 |
| $71.5-72.9$ | 2 | 0.067 | 26 | 0.867 |
| $73.0-74.4$ | 4 | 0.133 | 30 | 1 |

9) 

| Speed (in mph) | Frequency | Relative <br> Frequency | Cumulative <br> Frequency | Cumulative <br> Relative |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $33-35$ | 3 | 0.10 | 3 | 0.10 |
| $36-38$ | 6 | 0.20 | 9 | 0.30 |
| $39-41$ | 6 | 0.20 | 15 | 0.50 |
| $42-44$ | 6 | 0.20 | 21 | 0.70 |
| $45-47$ | 3 | 0.10 | 24 | 0.80 |
| $48-50$ | 6 | 0.20 | 30 | 1 |

3 Construct frequency and relative frequency ogives.
10)

11)

12)

13)

14)


Height (in inches)
15)

16) A

4 Draw time-series graphs.
17) In general, there is an increasing trend in high-energy drinks consumption of adult Americans. However, beginning in Year 9, there is sign of a decreasing trend.

18)


From Year 1 to Year 3, there was an increasing trend in the number of collision deaths. Subsequently, there was a decreasing trend.
19)


In general, there was a decreasing trend in women's Boston marathon times.
2.4 Graphical Misrepresentations of Data

1 Describe what can make a graph misleading or deceptive.

1) $A$
2) $A$
3) $A$
4) The bar graph is misleading because the vertical axis starts at 60 instead of 0 . This tends to indicate that the number of accidents decreased at a faster rate than they actually did. The graph would be less misleading if the vertical scale began at 0 or if a symbol were used to clearly indicate that the vertical scale is truncated and has a gap.
5) roughly 3 times larger
