# Test Bank for Auditing and Assurance Services 7th Edition Louwers Blay Sinason Strawser Thibodeau 1259573281 9781259573286

### **Full Link Download:**

### **Test Bank:**

https://testbankpack.com/p/test-bank-for-auditing-and-assurance-services-7th-edition-louwers-blay-sinason-strawser-thibodeau-1259573281-9781259573286/

### **Solution Manual:**

https://testbankpack.com/p/solution -manual-for-auditing-andassurance-services-7th-editionlouwers-blay-sinason-strawserthibodeau-1259573281-9781259573286/

# Auditing & Assurance Services, 7e (Louwers) Chapter 2 Professional Standards

- 1) Control risk is
- A) the probability that a material misstatement could not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control policies and procedures.
- B) the probability that a material misstatement could occur and not be detected by auditors' procedures.
- C) the risk that auditors will not be able to complete the audit on a timely basis.
- D) the risk that auditors will not properly control the staff on the audit engagement.
- 2) The responsibilities principle under generally accepted auditing standards does *not* include which of the following?
- A) Competence and capabilities
- B) Independent attitude
- C) Due care
- D) Planning and supervision
- 3) Which of the following types of auditors' reports does *not* require an additional paragraph to support the opinion?
- A) Unmodified opinion
- B) Adverse opinion

- C) Qualified opinion
- D) Disclaimer of opinion
- 4) Which of the following is an element of a system of quality control that should be considered by a public accounting firm in establishing its quality control policies and procedures?
- A) Lending credibility to a client's financial statements
- B) Using statistical sampling techniques
- C) Acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements
- D) Membership in the Center for Public Company Audit Firms
- 5) Which of the following presumptions does *not* relate to the reliability of audit evidence?
- A) The more effective the client's internal control, the more assurance it provides about the accounting data and financial statements.
- B) The auditors' opinion, to be economically useful, is formed within reasonable time and based on evidence obtained at a reasonable cost.
- C) Evidence obtained from independent sources outside the entity is more reliable than evidence secured solely within the entity.
- D) The independent auditors' direct personal knowledge, obtained through observation and inspection, is of higher quality than information obtained indirectly.
- 6) An important role of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board is to oversee the
- A) issuance of statements by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.
- B) preparation and grading of the Uniform CPA Examination.
- C) peer review of member firms of the Private Companies Practice Section.
- D) regulation of firms that audit public entities.

- 7) Audit evidence is usually considered sufficient when
- A) it is reliable.
- B) there is enough quantity to afford a reasonable basis for an opinion on financial statements.
- C) it has the qualities of being relevant, objective, and free from unknown bias.
- D) it has been obtained through random selection methods.
- 8) Which of the following is *not* considered a type of audit evidence?
- A) The entity's trial balance
- B) Auditors' calculations
- C) Physical observation
- D) Verbal statements made by client personnel
- 9) An audit of the financial statements of Camden Corporation is being conducted by external auditors. The external auditors are expected to:
- A) certify the correctness of Camden's financial statements.
- B) make a complete examination of Camden's records and verify all of Camden's transactions.
- C) give an opinion on the fair presentation of Camden's financial statements in conformity with the applicable financial reporting framework (e.g., GAAP, IFRS).
- D) give an opinion on the attractiveness of Camden for investment purposes and critique the wisdom and legality of its business decisions.
- 10) Auditors try to achieve independence in appearance in order to:
- A) maintain public confidence in the profession.
- B) become independent in fact.
- C) comply with the responsibilities principle.
- D) maintain an unbiased mental attitude.
- 11) The preparation of an audit plan prior to the beginning of field work is appropriately considered documentation of
- A) planning.
- B) supervision.
- C) information evaluation.
- D) quality assurance.
- 12) Which of the following procedures would provide the most reliable audit evidence?
- A) Inquiries of the client's accounting staff held in private
- B) Inspection of pre-numbered client shipping documents
- C) Inspection of bank statements obtained directly from the client's financial institution
- D) Analytical procedures performed by auditors on the client's trial balance

- 13) Which of the following would most likely be a violation of the independence requirement found in the responsibilities principle under generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) An auditor on the engagement has a distant relative who is employed by a vendor that does a significant amount of business with clients.
- B) The client's Chief Executive Officer graduated from the same university as the partner in charge of the accounting firm.
- C) An auditor on the engagement owns a financial interest in the stock of the client.
- D) The client provides financial support to a number of charitable causes that also receive support from the accounting firm.
- 14) A vendor's invoice received and held by the client would be considered what type of evidence?
- A) External
- B) Internal
- C) External-internal
- D) Written representation
- 15) Which of the following statements is generally correct about the appropriateness of audit evidence?
- A) Auditors' direct personal knowledge, obtained through observation and inspection, is of higher quality than information obtained indirectly from independent outside sources.
- B) To be reliable, audit evidence must be either valid or relevant, but need not be both.
- C) Client accounting data alone may be considered sufficient appropriate audit evidence to issue an unmodified opinion on client financial statements.
- D) Appropriateness of audit evidence refers to the amount of corroborative evidence to be obtained.
- 16) The standard auditors' report refers to standards of the PCAOB and GAAP in which paragraph?
- A) Standards of the PCAOB: Scope only; GAAP: Opinion only
- B) Standards of the PCAOB: Introductory only; GAAP: Scope and opinion
- C) Standards of the PCAOB: Introductory and scope; GAAP: Opinion only
- D) Standards of the PCAOB: Introductory only; GAAP: All paragraphs
- 17) Which of the following is *not* included in the auditors' standard report representing an unmodified opinion?
- A) A brief indication of the responsibility of auditors and management for the financial statements
- B) An indication that all appropriate disclosures have been made and included in the financial statements
- C) An indication that the audit was conducted in accordance with standards established by the PCAOB
- D) The auditors' opinion on the fairness of the financial statements

- 18) Internal evidence
- A) is obtained directly from third parties independent of the client.
- B) originates outside of the client's system but has been received and processed by the client.
- C) consists of documents that are produced, used, and stored within the client's information system.
- D) consists of representations made by the client's officers, directors, owners, and employees.
- 19) Which of the following presumptions is correct about the reliability of audit evidence?
- A) Information obtained indirectly from outside sources is the most reliable form of audit evidence.
- B) To be reliable, audit evidence should be convincing rather than persuasive.
- C) Reliability of audit evidence refers to the amount of corroborative evidence obtained.
- D) An effective system of internal control provides more assurance about the reliability of audit evidence.
- 20) The auditors' responsibility to express an opinion on the financial statements is
- A) implicitly represented in the auditors' standard report.
- B) explicitly represented in the introductory paragraph of the auditors' standard report.
- C) explicitly represented in the scope paragraph of the auditors' standard report.
- D) explicitly represented in the opinion paragraph of the auditors' standard report.
- 21) Which of the following is *not* a concept from the performance principle under generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) The auditor must plan the work and properly supervise any assistants.
- B) The auditor must express an opinion in accordance with the auditor's findings.
- C) The auditor must obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about whether material misstatements exist.
- D) The auditor must determine and apply an appropriate materiality level throughout the audit.
- 22) Under generally accepted auditing standards, which of the following relates to the responsibilities principle?
- A) The initial planning of the audit engagement
- B) The confirmation of accounts receivable
- C) The completion of an internal control questionnaire
- D) Maintaining professional skepticism and exercising professional judgment
- 23) Which of the following represent audit quality guides that remain stable over time and are applicable for all audits?
- A) Auditing procedures
- B) Auditing standards
- C) Due care
- D) System of quality control

- 24) Which of the following situations would most likely be in conflict with the responsibilities principle?
- A) Auditors perform the engagement with the performance level expected of prudent auditors, but not expert auditors.
- B) Auditors obtain expertise in their client's industry as they are conducting the audit examination.
- C) Auditors are directly involved with a client manager in a strategic decision-making capacity.
- D) Auditors fail to document their assessment of control risk following their study of internal control.
- 25) Which of the following statements is *not* true with respect to the evidence that would be gathered when assessments of control risk are high?
- A) Auditors would be required to rely on external (rather than internal) forms of evidence.
- B) Auditors would be required to perform procedures at interim periods, rather than at year end.
- C) Auditors would be required to confirm a larger number of customer accounts receivable balances.
- D) Auditors would be required to obtain more evidence through direct personal observation.
- 26) As it relates to audit evidence, appropriateness refers to the
- A) originality of evidence gathered.
- B) quality of evidence gathered.
- C) quantity of evidence gathered.
- D) timeliness of evidence gathered.
- 27) Which of the following information would *not* be included in the auditors' standard report?
- A) The names of the financial statements audited
- B) A description of the nature of an audit
- C) An indication that all necessary disclosures have been presented
- D) An opinion on the entity's financial statements
- 28) The primary purpose of the auditors' study of internal control for a nonpublic entity is:
- A) to provide constructive suggestions to the client for improving its internal control.
- B) to report on internal control as required by Auditing Standard No. 5.
- C) to identify and detect fraud and irregularities perpetrated by client personnel.
- D) to determine the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures.
- 29) Which reporting options do auditors have if the client's financial statements are not presented according to the applicable financial framework (e.g., GAAP, IFRS)?
- A) Unmodified opinion or disclaimer of opinion
- B) Qualified opinion or disclaimer of opinion
- C) Unmodified opinion or adverse opinion
- D) Qualified opinion or adverse opinion

- 30) Which of the following statements is true with respect to the quality of audit evidence?
- A) Quality is related to the relevance of evidence, but not the reliability of evidence.
- B) Evidence is considered of higher quality when gathered prior to year-end than following year-end.
- C) Evidence obtained under environments of stronger internal control is of higher quality than evidence obtained under environments of weaker internal control.
- D) In evaluating quality, sufficiency of evidence is of greater importance than appropriateness of evidence.
- 31) Which of the following concepts is least related to the risk of material misstatement?
- A) Control risk
- B) Detection risk
- C) Inherent risk
- D) Materiality
- 32) Which of the following statements describes an appropriate relationship with respect to the reliability of audit evidence?
- A) Receiving confirmation from third parties as to the existence of securities is more reliable than the auditors' personal inspection of those securities.
- B) Verbal inquiries received from the client regarding sales made to customers are more reliable than sales invoices prepared by the client for its customers.
- C) A bank confirmation received directly by the auditor is more reliable than a bank confirmation initially received by the client and forwarded to the auditor.
- D) Evidence drawn from a document prepared by the client is more reliable than evidence drawn from a document prepared by an external party that is forwarded to the auditor by the client.
- 33) A periodic review of an audit firm's system of quality control by the PCAOB is referred to as a(n):
- A) inspection.
- B) peer review.
- C) principles review.
- D) quality review.
- 34) The performance principle would include all of the following *except*:
- A) the auditors' determination of materiality levels.
- B) the auditors' evaluation of independence with respect to their clients.
- C) the auditors' evaluation of the risk of material misstatement.
- D) the auditors' determination of the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures.
- 35) Which of the following is most closely associated with the responsibilities principle?
- A) Due care
- B) Planning
- C) Qualified audit opinion
- D) Risk of material misstatement

- 36) Which of the following statements is *not* true with respect to the responsibility for establishing generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) The PCAOB issues auditing standards for the audit of public entities, subject to SEC approval.
- B) Standards issued by the Auditing Standards Board after 2003 apply to the audits of both public and private entities.
- C) The Auditing Standards Board currently issues auditing standards for the audit of nonpublic entities.
- D) Prior to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the Auditing Standards Board issued auditing standards for the audits of both public and private entities.
- 37) Which of the following would normally be considered earliest in the audit examination?
- A) Determination of materiality levels for use during the audit
- B) Consideration of the ability of the entity's internal control to prevent or detect errors
- C) Preparation of a written audit plan
- D) Evaluation of the type of audit opinion to be issued, based on the auditor's findings
- 38) The state of mind that characterizes the auditors' appropriate questioning and critical assessment of audit evidence is referred to as:
- A) due care.
- B) independence in appearance.
- C) professional judgment.
- D) professional skepticism.
- 39) Which of the following is least related to the concept of independence in appearance?
- A) The auditors' objectivity and ability to act impartially toward the client
- B) The perceptions of individuals who rely on the financial statements and auditors' opinion on the financial statements
- C) The ownership of a financial interest in a client by the auditor
- D) The employment of the auditor's family member in an important position with the client
- 40) The concept of \_\_\_\_\_ recognizes that a GAAS audit may fail to detect all material misstatements.
- A) absolute assurance
- B) due care
- C) reasonable assurance
- D) risk of material misstatement
- 41) Generally accepted auditing standards are
- A) specific actions performed by auditors during an examination.
- B) standards that guide the conduct of an audit examination.
- C) legal requirements auditors must observe during the audits of public entities.
- D) standards used by entities in deciding whether to engage or retain the services of auditors.

42) Which of the following could serve as a source of professional guidance in the audit of a public entity?

	Auditing standards issued	Statements on auditing
	by the PCAOB	standards issued by the ASB
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D
- 43) Which of the following is *not* true with respect to the responsibilities for establishing generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) Auditing standards for both public and private entities must be formally approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- B) Interpretive publications are issued by the AICPA to provide guidance on the application of generally accepted auditing standards in specific circumstances.
- C) The PCAOB is the body with formal authority for the creation of auditing standards for the audits of public entities.
- D) If specific guidance is not provided by PCAOB *Auditing Standards*, auditors may refer to *Statements on Auditing Standards* that have not been amended or superseded.
- 44) Which of the following is *not* related to the responsibilities principle?
- A) Continuing professional education to ensure that professionals' knowledge keeps pace with changes in the accounting and auditing profession
- B) Firm-wide policies to evaluate the financial and professional relationships of its professionals
- C) Specific auditing procedures designed to determine the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting
- D) The auditors' use of professional judgment throughout the examination
- 45) A level of performance that would be exercised by reasonable auditors in similar circumstances is referred to as
- A) due care.
- B) independence.
- C) professional judgment.
- D) professional skepticism.

46) During which stages of an audit examination are auditors required to exhibit the appropriate use of professional judgment?

	Gathering evidence	Drawing conclusions
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D
- 47) Which of the following is *not* true with respect to the concept of reasonable assurance?
- A) Reasonable assurance allows for mistakes and misinterpretations by the audit team throughout the examination.
- B) The nature of many audit procedures is such that they cannot always be relied upon to detect misstatements.
- C) Audit teams should evaluate all transactions and components of an account balance or class of transactions.
- D) Auditors should control the overall risk in an audit to an acceptably low level.
- 48) Which of the following factors influences the risk of material misstatement?

	Susceptibility of the account	Nature, timing, and extent
	balance to misstatement	of further audit procedures
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D
- 49) Which of the following is *not* true with respect to the auditors' report for a public entity?
- A) The report title should contain the word "independent."
- B) The report provides a detailed listing of major auditing procedures performed during the examination.
- C) The opinion assesses the financial statements against an applicable financial reporting framework.
- D) The report specifically identifies the financial statements and years examined by the auditor.

- 50) Which of the following paragraphs references the conduct of the audit in accordance with PCAOB standards?
- A) Introductory paragraph
- B) Scope paragraph
- C) Opinion paragraph
- D) Internal control paragraph
- 51) Which of the following is true with respect to the PCAOB inspection process?
- A) All firms performing audits of public entities are inspected every year.
- B) PCAOB inspections are conducted by partners of other CPA firms.
- C) PCAOB inspection teams review a sample of audit engagements conducted by the firm as well as the firm's system of quality control.
- D) Deficiencies from sample audit engagements reviewed by the inspection team and deficiencies in the firm's system of quality control are publicly disclosed on the PCAOB's website.
- 52) Which of the following would be evaluated during the PCAOB inspection process?

	Firm's system of	Financial viability
	quality control	of the firm
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D
- 53) The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board was established by which of the following?
- A) The Financial Accounting Standards Board
- B) The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- C) The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- D) The International Accounting Standards Board
- 54) Which of the following types of audit evidence provides the *least* assurance of reliability?
- A) Receivable confirmations received from the client's customers
- B) Prenumbered receiving reports completed by the client's employees
- C) Prior months' bank statements obtained from the client
- D) Municipal property tax bills prepared in the client's name

- 55) A CPA firm would provide itself reasonable assurance of meeting its responsibility to offer professional services that conform with professional standards by
- A) establishing an understanding with each client concerning individual responsibilities in a signed engagement letter.
- B) assessing the risk that errors and fraud may cause the financial statements to contain material misstatements.
- C) developing specific audit objectives to support management's assertions that are embodied in the financial statements.
- D) maintaining a comprehensive system of quality control that is suitably designed in relation to its organizational structure.
- 56) Which of the following courses of action is most appropriate if an auditor concludes that there is a high risk of material misstatement?
- A) Use smaller, rather than larger, sample sizes.
- B) Perform substantive tests as of an interim date.
- C) Select more effective substantive tests.
- D) Increase tests of controls.
- 57) Which of the following actions should a CPA firm take to comply with the AICPA's quality control standards?
- A) Establish procedures that comply with the standards of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- B) Use attributes sampling techniques in testing internal controls.
- C) Consider inherent risk and control risk before determining detection risk.
- D) Establish policies to ensure that the audit work meets applicable professional standards.
- 58) Which of the following is a definition of control risk?
- A) The risk that a material misstatement will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by the client's internal controls
- B) The risk that the auditor will not detect a material misstatement
- C) The risk that the auditor's assessment of internal controls will be at less than the maximum level
- D) The susceptibility of material misstatement assuming there are no related internal control policies or procedures
- 59) Prior to, or in conjunction with, the information-gathering procedures for an audit, audit team members should discuss the potential for material misstatement due to fraud. Which of the following best characterizes the mind-set that the audit team should maintain during this discussion?
- A) Presumptive
- B) Judgmental
- C) Criticizing
- D) Questioning

- 60) An independent auditor must have which of the following?
- A) A pre-existing and well-informed point of view with respect to the audit
- B) Technical training that is adequate to meet the requirements of a professional
- C) A background in many different disciplines
- D) Experience in taxation that is sufficient to comply with generally accepted auditing standards
- 61) What type of evidence would provide the highest level of assurance in an attestation engagement?
- A) Evidence secured solely from within the entity
- B) Evidence obtained from independent sources
- C) Evidence obtained indirectly
- D) Evidence obtained from multiple internal inquiries
- 62) Which of the following is an important consideration during the planning of the audit?
- A) Considering the independence of members of the audit team
- B) Performing some of the audit procedures prior to the end of the year under audit
- C) Considering the ability and expertise of the audit team with respect to accounting and auditing issues in the client's industry
- D) Considering the impact of tests of controls on the overall assessment of control risk
- 63) The initial development of auditing standards was in response to
- A) a scandal involving embezzlement that was not detected during an audit engagement.
- B) auditors' concerns that all components of the financial statements were not being verified.
- C) independent inquiries of the public accounting profession made by the SEC.
- D) requests by companies for greater assurance with respect to the auditors' ability to detect financial statement misstatements.
- 64) All of the following statements are true regarding generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) *except*:
- A) departures from auditing standards that impose presumptively mandatory requirements on auditors are not permitted under any circumstances.
- B) Auditing Standards issued by the PCAOB serve as an appropriate source of GAAS for the audits of public entities.
- C) separate auditing standards have been developed for the audits of U.S. governmental entities and foreign entities.
- D) *Interpretive Publications*, which are officially considered less authoritative and less binding than auditing standards, are included as part of GAAS.
- 65) The particular and specialized actions that auditors undertake to obtain evidence in a specific audit engagement are known as
- A) Auditing Standards.
- B) audit procedures.
- C) Interpretive Publications.
- D) Statements on Auditing Standards.

- 66) The role of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in the standard-setting process is to develop
- A) Statements on Auditing Standards for the audits of nonpublic entities.
- B) Auditing Standards for the audits of public entities.
- C) Governmental Auditing Standards for the audits of governmental entities.
- D) International Standards on Auditing for the audits of foreign entities.
- 67) Pronouncements issued by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board are subject to formal approval by the
- A) American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
- B) Auditing Standards Board.
- C) International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.
- D) Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 68) The three fundamental principles underlying GAAS include all of the following, *except*:
- A) general principle.
- B) performance principle.
- C) reporting principle.
- D) responsibilities principle.
- 69) The fundamental principles developed by the Auditing Standards Board are best described as:
- A) ten basic standards underlying an audit.
- B) standards that apply only to audits of public entities.
- C) industry-specific guidance on how audit procedures should be conducted.
- D) guidelines for the general conduct of audit engagements.
- 70) The relevant ethical requirements relating to due care, professional skepticism, and professional judgment are responsibilities of the auditor at which stage(s) of the audit?

	Risk Assessment	Audit Evidence
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D
- 71) Which of the following does *not* directly relate to an auditor's responsibility for having appropriate competence and capabilities to perform the audit?
- A) Participating in continuing professional education
- B) Gaining experience through hands-on practice
- C) Obtaining reliable documentary evidence
- D) Attending on-the-job training

- 72) Which of the following situations would result in the issuance of a disclaimer of opinion?
- A) The audit reveals weaknesses in the client's internal control over financial reporting.
- B) The auditor is discovered to own a financial interest in the entity.
- C) The audit is performed, with limited exception, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.
- D) The entity's financial statements are not presented in conformity with the applicable financial reporting framework.
- 73) In a system of quality control, leadership responsibilities for quality within the firm are best characterized by:
- A) basing personnel performance evaluations on the employees' ability to generate revenues from existing clients or by acquiring new clients.
- B) management's evaluation of the integrity and business reputation of the client.
- C) management's clear and consistent demonstration of its own commitment to quality control and high-quality work.
- D) assigning management responsibilities in such a manner that commercial considerations are the firm's top priority.
- 74) The audit failures of both Enron and WorldCom were examples in which the leadership responsibilities for quality work within the accounting firm were overshadowed by fears that losing a key client would
- A) result in shareholder losses from reduced company profitability.
- B) require additional audit procedures and increase the fees paid by the companies to the accounting firm.
- C) negatively influence the results of the firm's inspection.
- D) negatively impact individual auditors' performance evaluations.
- 75) Which of the following is an example of the appropriate implementation of a system of quality control?
- A) The firm requires all documents obtained during the audit to be destroyed immediately following the engagement to ensure the client's information remains confidential.
- B) The firm's quality control policies have evolved through the performance of audit procedures but are not formally developed or communicated to staff members.
- C) All firm employees must verbally confirm their compliance with the appropriate independence requirements before being assigned to an engagement.
- D) The firm uses manuals and standardized forms for audit documentation to help ensure engagement performance objectives and quality standards are met.
- 76) An internal evaluation of the significant judgments made by the audit team and the conclusions reached in formulating its report for engagements meeting specified criteria is known as a(n):
- A) engagement quality control review.
- B) inspection.
- C) peer review.
- D) performance control evaluation.

- 77) Which element of a system of quality control strives to provide the firm with reasonable assurance that its policies and procedures are operating effectively?
- A) Human resources
- B) Leadership responsibilities for quality within the firm
- C) Monitoring
- D) Relevant ethical requirements
- 78) When a firm decides to withdraw from an engagement, it should document all of the following *except*:
- A) significant issues influencing the decision to withdraw from the engagement.
- B) the basis for any conclusions related to this decision to withdraw from the engagement.
- C) significant consultations related to the decision to withdraw from the engagement.
- D) significant effects the decision to withdraw from the engagement could have on the firm.
- 79) Firm A performs audits of 60 public entities, while firm B performs audits of 120 public entities. How often must each firm undergo a PCAOB inspection?
- A) Both firm A and firm B will be inspected every other year.
- B) Firm A will be inspected annually and firm B will be inspected every three years.
- C) Firm A will be inspected every three years and firm B will be inspected annually.
- D) Both firm A and firm B will be inspected annually.
- 80) PCAOB inspections are conducted by
- A) individuals selected by the PCAOB who are not current employees of public accounting firms.
- B) another public accounting firm selected by the firm being inspected.
- C) current employees of another public accounting firm selected by the PCAOB.
- D) the AICPA's Public Oversight Board.
- 81) All of the following are examples of procedures a firm can use to monitor its system of quality control *except*:
- A) discussions with firm personnel.
- B) conducting reviews of engagement documentation.
- C) devoting sufficient resources to developing a system of quality control.
- D) assessing compliance with independence policies and procedures.

For each of the items below, indicate through the appropriate letter the fundamental principle to which the item is most closely related.

- A) Reporting principle
- B) Performance principle
- C) Responsibilities principle
- 82) Maintaining professional skepticism.
- 83) An auditors' overall conclusion of the fairness of the client's financial statements.
- 84) The use of an audit plan to identify audit procedures to be performed during the engagement.
- 85) Auditors' assessment of the risk of material misstatement.
- 86) Accounting firm policies with respect to the level of expected continuing professional education.
- 87) Expressing an opinion in accordance with the auditor's findings.
- 88) Proper supervision of assistants on the audit.
- 89) Auditors' requests to obtain bank statements directly from financial institutions with whom the client does business.
- 90) An indication that an opinion cannot be expressed.
- 91) Determining and applying an appropriate materiality level.

For each of the statements below, indicate through the appropriate letter whether it relates to the PCAOB, Auditing Standards Board, both the PCAOB and Auditing Standards Board, or neither the PCAOB nor Auditing Standards Board.

- A) PCAOB
- B) Neither PCAOB nor Auditing Standards Board
- C) Auditing Standards Board
- D) Both PCAOB and Auditing Standards Board
- 92) Conducts inspections of firms that audit public entities.
- 93) Pronouncements may be used in the audit of nonpublic entities.
- 94) Pronouncements may be used in the audit of public entities.
- 95) Was created by the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- 96) Involved with the certification and licensure of public accountants.
- 97) Issues Statements on Auditing Standards.
- 98) Conducts peer reviews of firms that audit nonpublic entities.
- 99) Sanctions individual auditors for violations of generally accepted auditing standards.

For each of the items below, indicate through the appropriate letter the element of a system of quality control to which it is most closely related.

- A) Engagement performance
- B) Acceptance and continuance of clients
- C) Monitoring
- D) Leadership responsibilities
- E) Relevant ethical requirements
- 100) Reviewing selected administrative and personnel records.
- 101) Obtaining written confirmations regarding compliance with appropriate independence requirements.
- 102) Ensuring that financial considerations do not override the quality of work performed.
- 103) Establishing policies and procedures for resolving differences of opinion within the engagement team.
- 104) Devoting sufficient resources for developing, communicating, and supporting the firm's quality control policies and procedures.
- 105) Evaluating the integrity and business reputation of the client.
- 106) Identifying circumstances and relationships that create threats to auditor independence.
- 107) Ensuring the firm's ability to perform the engagement with an appropriate level of professional competence.
- 108) Maintaining engagement documentation for an appropriate period of time.
- 109) Assessing the appropriateness of the firm's guidance materials and professional aids.

110) Alan Fallon was recently promoted to senior accountant. He was put in charge of the Mellow Markets audit because of his experience with other grocery clients. Mellow Markets has a small, but growing, chain of natural food stores. This is the first year Mellow Markets has been audited. Because of their growth, Mellow Markets needs additional capital and intend to use their audited financial statements to secure a loan.

Alan has been assigned two inexperienced staff assistants for the audit. Because this is his first engagement as a senior, he intends to bring the job in on budget. To save time, he provided his assistants with a copy of the audit plan for Happy Time Food Stores. He told them that this would make things go more quickly. He also told them that he could not spend much time with them at the client's place of business, because "my time is billed out at such a high rate, we'll go right over budget." However, he did call them once a day from another audit on which he was working.

After beginning their work, the assistants told Alan that the audit plan did not always match up with what they found at Mellow Markets. Alan responded, "just cross out whatever is not relevant in the audit plan and don't add anything — it will only make us go over the budget." When Alan came to the client near the end of field work, one assistant was concerned that no inventory observation was done at the out-of-town locations of Mellow Markets (the audit plan had stipulated that inventory should be observed for in-town stores only). Happy Time had only one out-of-town location, while three of Mellow Markets' five stores were in other cities. Alan told the assistant to get inventory sheets from the client for the other stores and added "make sure that the inventory balance in the general ledger agrees with the total for all the inventory sheets." The next day, Alan reviewed all audit documentation and submitted the job for review by the manager.

## Required:

- 1. Describe the performance principle of GAAS.
- 2. Do you believe that the Mellow Markets audit complies with the performance principle? Explain.

### Auditing & Assurance Services, 7e (Louwers)

### **Chapter 2** Professional Standards

- 1) Control risk is
- A) the probability that a material misstatement could not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control policies and procedures.
- B) the probability that a material misstatement could occur and not be detected by auditors' procedures.
- C) the risk that auditors will not be able to complete the audit on a timely basis.
- D) the risk that auditors will not properly control the staff on the audit engagement.

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 2) The responsibilities principle under generally accepted auditing standards does *not* include which of the following?
- A) Competence and capabilities
- B) Independent attitude
- C) Due care
- D) Planning and supervision

Answer: D
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 3) Which of the following types of auditors' reports does *not* require an additional paragraph to support the opinion?
- A) Unmodified opinion
- B) Adverse opinion
- C) Qualified opinion
- D) Disclaimer of opinion

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Remember AACSB: Communication Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 4) Which of the following is an element of a system of quality control that should be considered by a public accounting firm in establishing its quality control policies and procedures?
- A) Lending credibility to a client's financial statements
- B) Using statistical sampling techniques
- C) Acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements
- D) Membership in the Center for Public Company Audit Firms

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 5) Which of the following presumptions does *not* relate to the reliability of audit evidence?
- A) The more effective the client's internal control, the more assurance it provides about the accounting data and financial statements.
- B) The auditors' opinion, to be economically useful, is formed within reasonable time and based on evidence obtained at a reasonable cost.
- C) Evidence obtained from independent sources outside the entity is more reliable than evidence secured solely within the entity.
- D) The independent auditors' direct personal knowledge, obtained through observation and inspection, is of higher quality than information obtained indirectly.

Answer: B

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Evaluate

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 6) An important role of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board is to oversee the
- A) issuance of statements by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.
- B) preparation and grading of the Uniform CPA Examination.
- C) peer review of member firms of the Private Companies Practice Section.
- D) regulation of firms that audit public entities.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 7) Audit evidence is usually considered sufficient when
- A) it is reliable.
- B) there is enough quantity to afford a reasonable basis for an opinion on financial statements.
- C) it has the qualities of being relevant, objective, and free from unknown bias.
- D) it has been obtained through random selection methods.

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 8) Which of the following is *not* considered a type of audit evidence?
- A) The entity's trial balance
- B) Auditors' calculations
- C) Physical observation
- D) Verbal statements made by client personnel

Answer: A

Allswel. A

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 9) An audit of the financial statements of Camden Corporation is being conducted by external auditors. The external auditors are expected to:
- A) certify the correctness of Camden's financial statements.
- B) make a complete examination of Camden's records and verify all of Camden's transactions.
- C) give an opinion on the fair presentation of Camden's financial statements in conformity with the applicable financial reporting framework (e.g., GAAP, IFRS).
- D) give an opinion on the attractiveness of Camden for investment purposes and critique the wisdom and legality of its business decisions.

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Understand AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

- 10) Auditors try to achieve independence in appearance in order to:
- A) maintain public confidence in the profession.
- B) become independent in fact.
- C) comply with the responsibilities principle.
- D) maintain an unbiased mental attitude.

Answer: A

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Understand AACSB: Ethics

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 11) The preparation of an audit plan prior to the beginning of field work is appropriately considered documentation of
- A) planning.
- B) supervision.
- C) information evaluation.
- D) quality assurance.

Answer: A

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 12) Which of the following procedures would provide the most reliable audit evidence?
- A) Inquiries of the client's accounting staff held in private
- B) Inspection of pre-numbered client shipping documents
- C) Inspection of bank statements obtained directly from the client's financial institution
- D) Analytical procedures performed by auditors on the client's trial balance

Answer: C Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 13) Which of the following would most likely be a violation of the independence requirement found in the responsibilities principle under generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) An auditor on the engagement has a distant relative who is employed by a vendor that does a significant amount of business with clients.
- B) The client's Chief Executive Officer graduated from the same university as the partner in charge of the accounting firm.
- C) An auditor on the engagement owns a financial interest in the stock of the client.
- D) The client provides financial support to a number of charitable causes that also receive support from the accounting firm.

Answer: C Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Analyze AACSB: Ethics

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 14) A vendor's invoice received and held by the client would be considered what type of evidence?
- A) External
- B) Internal
- C) External-internal
- D) Written representation

Answer: C Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

15) Which of the following statements is generally correct about the appropriateness of audit

evidence?

- A) Auditors' direct personal knowledge, obtained through observation and inspection, is of higher quality than information obtained indirectly from independent outside sources.
- B) To be reliable, audit evidence must be either valid or relevant, but need not be both.
- C) Client accounting data alone may be considered sufficient appropriate audit evidence to issue an unmodified opinion on client financial statements.
- D) Appropriateness of audit evidence refers to the amount of corroborative evidence to be obtained.

Answer: A Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Evaluate

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 16) The standard auditors' report refers to standards of the PCAOB and GAAP in which paragraph?
- A) Standards of the PCAOB: Scope only; GAAP: Opinion only
- B) Standards of the PCAOB: Introductory only; GAAP: Scope and opinion
- C) Standards of the PCAOB: Introductory and scope; GAAP: Opinion only
- D) Standards of the PCAOB: Introductory only; GAAP: All paragraphs

Answer: A
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Remember AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

- 17) Which of the following is *not* included in the auditors' standard report representing an unmodified opinion?
- A) A brief indication of the responsibility of auditors and management for the financial statements
- B) An indication that all appropriate disclosures have been made and included in the financial statements
- C) An indication that the audit was conducted in accordance with standards established by the PCAOB
- D) The auditors' opinion on the fairness of the financial statements

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Remember AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

18) Internal evidence

A) is obtained directly from third parties independent of the client.

- B) originates outside of the client's system but has been received and processed by the client.
- C) consists of documents that are produced, used, and stored within the client's information system.
- D) consists of representations made by the client's officers, directors, owners, and employees.

Answer: C Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 19) Which of the following presumptions is correct about the reliability of audit evidence?
- A) Information obtained indirectly from outside sources is the most reliable form of audit evidence.
- B) To be reliable, audit evidence should be convincing rather than persuasive.
- C) Reliability of audit evidence refers to the amount of corroborative evidence obtained.
- D) An effective system of internal control provides more assurance about the reliability of audit evidence.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 20) The auditors' responsibility to express an opinion on the financial statements is
- A) implicitly represented in the auditors' standard report.
- B) explicitly represented in the introductory paragraph of the auditors' standard report.
- C) explicitly represented in the scope paragraph of the auditors' standard report.
- D) explicitly represented in the opinion paragraph of the auditors' standard report.

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report. Blooms: Remember AACSB:

Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

- 21) Which of the following is *not* a concept from the performance principle under generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) The auditor must plan the work and properly supervise any assistants.
- B) The auditor must express an opinion in accordance with the auditor's findings.
- C) The auditor must obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about whether material misstatements exist.
- D) The auditor must determine and apply an appropriate materiality level throughout the audit.

Answer: B

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 22) Under generally accepted auditing standards, which of the following relates to the responsibilities principle?
- A) The initial planning of the audit engagement
- B) The confirmation of accounts receivable
- C) The completion of an internal control questionnaire
- D) Maintaining professional skepticism and exercising professional judgment

Answer: D
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 23) Which of the following represent audit quality guides that remain stable over time and are applicable for all audits?
- A) Auditing procedures
- B) Auditing standards
- C) Due care
- D) System of quality control

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 24) Which of the following situations would most likely be in conflict with the responsibilities principle?
- A) Auditors perform the engagement with the performance level expected of prudent auditors, but not expert auditors.
- B) Auditors obtain expertise in their client's industry as they are conducting the audit examination.
- C) Auditors are directly involved with a client manager in a strategic decision-making capacity.
- D) Auditors fail to document their assessment of control risk following their study of internal control.

Answer: C Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 25) Which of the following statements is *not* true with respect to the evidence that would be gathered when assessments of control risk are high?
- A) Auditors would be required to rely on external (rather than internal) forms of evidence.
- B) Auditors would be required to perform procedures at interim periods, rather than at year end.
- C) Auditors would be required to confirm a larger number of customer accounts receivable balances.
- D) Auditors would be required to obtain more evidence through direct personal observation.

Answer: B Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 26) As it relates to audit evidence, appropriateness refers to the
- A) originality of evidence gathered.
- B) quality of evidence gathered.
- C) quantity of evidence gathered.
- D) timeliness of evidence gathered.

Answer: B Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 27) Which of the following information would *not* be included in the auditors' standard report?
- A) The names of the financial statements audited
- B) A description of the nature of an audit
- C) An indication that all necessary disclosures have been presented
- D) An opinion on the entity's financial statements

Answer: C

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Remember AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

- 28) The primary purpose of the auditors' study of internal control for a nonpublic entity is:
- A) to provide constructive suggestions to the client for improving its internal control.
- B) to report on internal control as required by Auditing Standard No. 5.
- C) to identify and detect fraud and irregularities perpetrated by client personnel.
- D) to determine the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 29) Which reporting options do auditors have if the client's financial statements are not presented according to the applicable financial framework (e.g., GAAP, IFRS)?
- A) Unmodified opinion or disclaimer of opinion
- B) Qualified opinion or disclaimer of opinion
- C) Unmodified opinion or adverse opinion
- D) Qualified opinion or adverse opinion

Answer: D
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Remember AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

- 30) Which of the following statements is true with respect to the quality of audit evidence?
- A) Quality is related to the relevance of evidence, but not the reliability of evidence.
- B) Evidence is considered of higher quality when gathered prior to year-end than following year-end.
- C) Evidence obtained under environments of stronger internal control is of higher quality than evidence obtained under environments of weaker internal control.
- D) In evaluating quality, sufficiency of evidence is of greater importance than appropriateness of evidence.

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 31) Which of the following concepts is least related to the risk of material misstatement?
- A) Control risk
- B) Detection risk
- C) Inherent risk
- D) Materiality

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 32) Which of the following statements describes an appropriate relationship with respect to the reliability of audit evidence?
- A) Receiving confirmation from third parties as to the existence of securities is more reliable than the auditors' personal inspection of those securities.
- B) Verbal inquiries received from the client regarding sales made to customers are more reliable than sales invoices prepared by the client for its customers.
- C) A bank confirmation received directly by the auditor is more reliable than a bank confirmation initially received by the client and forwarded to the auditor.
- D) Evidence drawn from a document prepared by the client is more reliable than evidence drawn from a document prepared by an external party that is forwarded to the auditor by the client.

Answer: C Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 33) A periodic review of an audit firm's system of quality control by the PCAOB is referred to as a(n):
- A) inspection.
- B) peer review.
- C) principles review.
- D) quality review.

Answer: A

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 34) The performance principle would include all of the following *except*:
- A) the auditors' determination of materiality levels.
- B) the auditors' evaluation of independence with respect to their clients.
- C) the auditors' evaluation of the risk of material misstatement.
- D) the auditors' determination of the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures.

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 35) Which of the following is most closely associated with the responsibilities principle?
- A) Due care
- B) Planning
- C) Qualified audit opinion
- D) Risk of material misstatement

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 36) Which of the following statements is *not* true with respect to the responsibility for establishing generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) The PCAOB issues auditing standards for the audit of public entities, subject to SEC approval.
- B) Standards issued by the Auditing Standards Board after 2003 apply to the audits of both public and private entities.
- C) The Auditing Standards Board currently issues auditing standards for the audit of nonpublic entities.
- D) Prior to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the Auditing Standards Board issued auditing standards for the audits of both public and private entities.

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

37) Which of the following would normally be considered earliest in the audit examination?

A) Determination of materiality levels for use during the audit

- B) Consideration of the ability of the entity's internal control to prevent or detect errors
- C) Preparation of a written audit plan
- D) Evaluation of the type of audit opinion to be issued, based on the auditor's findings

Answer: A Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 38) The state of mind that characterizes the auditors' appropriate questioning and critical assessment of audit evidence is referred to as:
- A) due care.
- B) independence in appearance.
- C) professional judgment.
- D) professional skepticism.

Answer: D
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 39) Which of the following is least related to the concept of independence in appearance?
- A) The auditors' objectivity and ability to act impartially toward the client
- B) The perceptions of individuals who rely on the financial statements and auditors' opinion on the financial statements
- C) The ownership of a financial interest in a client by the auditor
- D) The employment of the auditor's family member in an important position with the client

Answer: A Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Evaluate AACSB: Ethics

40) The concept of \_\_\_\_\_ recognizes that a GAAS audit may fail to detect all material

misstatements.

- A) absolute assurance
- B) due care
- C) reasonable assurance
- D) risk of material misstatement

Answer: C Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 41) Generally accepted auditing standards are
- A) specific actions performed by auditors during an examination.
- B) standards that guide the conduct of an audit examination.
- C) legal requirements auditors must observe during the audits of public entities.
- D) standards used by entities in deciding whether to engage or retain the services of auditors.

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation 42) Which of the following could serve as a source of professional guidance in the audit of a public entity?

	Auditing standards issued	Statements on auditing
	by the PCAOB	standards issued by the ASB
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 43) Which of the following is *not* true with respect to the responsibilities for establishing generally accepted auditing standards?
- A) Auditing standards for both public and private entities must be formally approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- B) Interpretive publications are issued by the AICPA to provide guidance on the application of generally accepted auditing standards in specific circumstances.
- C) The PCAOB is the body with formal authority for the creation of auditing standards for the audits of public entities.
- D) If specific guidance is not provided by PCAOB *Auditing Standards*, auditors may refer to *Statements on Auditing Standards* that have not been amended or superseded.

Answer: A

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards.
Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 44) Which of the following is *not* related to the responsibilities principle?
- A) Continuing professional education to ensure that professionals' knowledge keeps pace with changes in the accounting and auditing profession
- B) Firm-wide policies to evaluate the financial and professional relationships of its professionals
- C) Specific auditing procedures designed to determine the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting
- D) The auditors' use of professional judgment throughout the examination

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this

principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 45) A level of performance that would be exercised by reasonable auditors in similar circumstances is referred to as
- A) due care.
- B) independence.
- C) professional judgment.
- D) professional skepticism.

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this

principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

46) During which stages of an audit examination are auditors required to exhibit the appropriate use of professional judgment?

	Gathering evidence	Drawing conclusions
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 47) Which of the following is *not* true with respect to the concept of reasonable assurance?
- A) Reasonable assurance allows for mistakes and misinterpretations by the audit team throughout the examination.
- B) The nature of many audit procedures is such that they cannot always be relied upon to detect misstatements.
- C) Audit teams should evaluate all transactions and components of an account balance or class of transactions.
- D) Auditors should control the overall risk in an audit to an acceptably low level.

Answer: C Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

48) Which of the following factors influences the risk of material misstatement?

	Susceptibility of the account	Nature, timing, and extent
	balance to misstatement	of further audit procedures
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D

Answer: A

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 49) Which of the following is *not* true with respect to the auditors' report for a public entity?
- A) The report title should contain the word "independent."
- B) The report provides a detailed listing of major auditing procedures performed during the examination.
- C) The opinion assesses the financial statements against an applicable financial reporting framework.
- D) The report specifically identifies the financial statements and years examined by the auditor.

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Understand AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

50) Which of the following paragraphs references the conduct of the audit in accordance with

PCAOB standards?

- A) Introductory paragraph
- B) Scope paragraph
- C) Opinion paragraph
- D) Internal control paragraph

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the

basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Remember AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

- 51) Which of the following is true with respect to the PCAOB inspection process?
- A) All firms performing audits of public entities are inspected every year.
- B) PCAOB inspections are conducted by partners of other CPA firms.
- C) PCAOB inspection teams review a sample of audit engagements conducted by the firm as well as the firm's system of quality control.
- D) Deficiencies from sample audit engagements reviewed by the inspection team and deficiencies in the firm's system of quality control are publicly disclosed on the PCAOB's website.

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

52) Which of the following would be evaluated during the PCAOB inspection process?

	Firm's system of	Financial viability
	quality control	of the firm
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D

Answer: A

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 53) The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board was established by which of the following?
- A) The Financial Accounting Standards Board
- B) The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- C) The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- D) The International Accounting Standards Board

Answer: C

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Remember

- 54) Which of the following types of audit evidence provides the *least* assurance of reliability?
- A) Receivable confirmations received from the client's customers
- B) Prenumbered receiving reports completed by the client's employees
- C) Prior months' bank statements obtained from the client
- D) Municipal property tax bills prepared in the client's name

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 55) A CPA firm would provide itself reasonable assurance of meeting its responsibility to offer professional services that conform with professional standards by
- A) establishing an understanding with each client concerning individual responsibilities in a signed engagement letter.
- B) assessing the risk that errors and fraud may cause the financial statements to contain material misstatements.
- C) developing specific audit objectives to support management's assertions that are embodied in the financial statements.
- D) maintaining a comprehensive system of quality control that is suitably designed in relation to its organizational structure.

Answer: D
Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Evaluate

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 56) Which of the following courses of action is most appropriate if an auditor concludes that there is a high risk of material misstatement?
- A) Use smaller, rather than larger, sample sizes.
- B) Perform substantive tests as of an interim date.
- C) Select more effective substantive tests.
- D) Increase tests of controls.

Answer: C

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Evaluate

- 57) Which of the following actions should a CPA firm take to comply with the AICPA's quality control standards?
- A) Establish procedures that comply with the standards of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- B) Use attributes sampling techniques in testing internal controls.
- C) Consider inherent risk and control risk before determining detection risk.
- D) Establish policies to ensure that the audit work meets applicable professional standards.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 58) Which of the following is a definition of control risk?
- A) The risk that a material misstatement will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by the client's internal controls
- B) The risk that the auditor will not detect a material misstatement
- C) The risk that the auditor's assessment of internal controls will be at less than the maximum level
- D) The susceptibility of material misstatement assuming there are no related internal control policies or procedures

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 59) Prior to, or in conjunction with, the information-gathering procedures for an audit, audit team members should discuss the potential for material misstatement due to fraud. Which of the following best characterizes the mind-set that the audit team should maintain during this discussion?
- A) Presumptive
- B) Judgmental
- C) Criticizing
- D) Questioning

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this

principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 60) An independent auditor must have which of the following?
- A) A pre-existing and well-informed point of view with respect to the audit
- B) Technical training that is adequate to meet the requirements of a professional
- C) A background in many different disciplines
- D) Experience in taxation that is sufficient to comply with generally accepted auditing standards

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this

principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 61) What type of evidence would provide the highest level of assurance in an attestation engagement?
- A) Evidence secured solely from within the entity
- B) Evidence obtained from independent sources
- C) Evidence obtained indirectly
- D) Evidence obtained from multiple internal inquiries

Answer: B

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 62) Which of the following is an important consideration during the planning of the audit?
- A) Considering the independence of members of the audit team
- B) Performing some of the audit procedures prior to the end of the year under audit
- C) Considering the ability and expertise of the audit team with respect to accounting and auditing issues in the client's industry
- D) Considering the impact of tests of controls on the overall assessment of control risk

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 63) The initial development of auditing standards was in response to
- A) a scandal involving embezzlement that was not detected during an audit engagement.
- B) auditors' concerns that all components of the financial statements were not being verified.
- C) independent inquiries of the public accounting profession made by the SEC.
- D) requests by companies for greater assurance with respect to the auditors' ability to detect financial statement misstatements.

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Remember

- 64) All of the following statements are true regarding generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) *except*:
- A) departures from auditing standards that impose presumptively mandatory requirements on auditors are not permitted under any circumstances.
- B) Auditing Standards issued by the PCAOB serve as an appropriate source of GAAS for the audits of public entities.
- C) separate auditing standards have been developed for the audits of U.S. governmental entities and foreign entities.
- D) *Interpretive Publications*, which are officially considered less authoritative and less binding than auditing standards, are included as part of GAAS.

Answer: A

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Evaluate

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 65) The particular and specialized actions that auditors undertake to obtain evidence in a specific audit engagement are known as
- A) Auditing Standards.
- B) audit procedures.
- C) *Interpretive Publications*.
- D) Statements on Auditing Standards.

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Remember

- 66) The role of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in the standard-setting process is to develop
- A) Statements on Auditing Standards for the audits of nonpublic entities.
- B) Auditing Standards for the audits of public entities.
- C) Governmental Auditing Standards for the audits of governmental entities.
- D) International Standards on Auditing for the audits of foreign entities.

Answer: B Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 67) Pronouncements issued by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board are subject to formal approval by the
- A) American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
- B) Auditing Standards Board.
- C) International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.
- D) Securities and Exchange Commission.

Answer: D Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 68) The three fundamental principles underlying GAAS include all of the following, *except*:
- A) general principle.
- B) performance principle.
- C) reporting principle.
- D) responsibilities principle.

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 69) The fundamental principles developed by the Auditing Standards Board are best described as:
- A) ten basic standards underlying an audit.
- B) standards that apply only to audits of public entities.
- C) industry-specific guidance on how audit procedures should be conducted.
- D) guidelines for the general conduct of audit engagements.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-01 Understand the development and source of generally accepted

auditing standards. Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

70) The relevant ethical requirements relating to due care, professional skepticism, and professional judgment are responsibilities of the auditor at which stage(s) of the audit?

	Risk Assessment	Audit Evidence
A.	Yes	No
B.	Yes	Yes
C.	No	Yes
D.	No	No

- A) Option A
- B) Option B
- C) Option C
- D) Option D

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this

principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Apply

- 71) Which of the following does *not* directly relate to an auditor's responsibility for having appropriate competence and capabilities to perform the audit?
- A) Participating in continuing professional education
- B) Gaining experience through hands-on practice
- C) Obtaining reliable documentary evidence
- D) Attending on-the-job training

Answer: C Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Responsibilities

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe the fundamental principle of responsibilities and how this

principle relates to the characteristics and qualifications of auditors.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 72) Which of the following situations would result in the issuance of a disclaimer of opinion?
- A) The audit reveals weaknesses in the client's internal control over financial reporting.
- B) The auditor is discovered to own a financial interest in the entity.
- C) The audit is performed, with limited exception, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.
- D) The entity's financial statements are not presented in conformity with the applicable financial reporting framework.

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Reporting (AU 700, AU 705, AS 3101)

Learning Objective: 02-04 Understand the fundamental principle of reporting and identify the basic contents of the auditors' report.

Blooms: Remember AACSB: Communication Accessibility:

**Keyboard Navigation** 

- 73) In a system of quality control, leadership responsibilities for quality within the firm are best characterized by:
- A) basing personnel performance evaluations on the employees' ability to generate revenues from existing clients or by acquiring new clients.
- B) management's evaluation of the integrity and business reputation of the client.
- C) management's clear and consistent demonstration of its own commitment to quality control and high-quality work.
- D) assigning management responsibilities in such a manner that commercial considerations are the firm's top priority.

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 74) The audit failures of both Enron and WorldCom were examples in which the leadership responsibilities for quality work within the accounting firm were overshadowed by fears that losing a key client would
- A) result in shareholder losses from reduced company profitability.
- B) require additional audit procedures and increase the fees paid by the companies to the accounting firm.
- C) negatively influence the results of the firm's inspection.
- D) negatively impact individual auditors' performance evaluations.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 75) Which of the following is an example of the appropriate implementation of a system of quality control?
- A) The firm requires all documents obtained during the audit to be destroyed immediately following the engagement to ensure the client's information remains confidential.
- B) The firm's quality control policies have evolved through the performance of audit procedures but are not formally developed or communicated to staff members.
- C) All firm employees must verbally confirm their compliance with the appropriate independence requirements before being assigned to an engagement.
- D) The firm uses manuals and standardized forms for audit documentation to help ensure engagement performance objectives and quality standards are met.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 76) An internal evaluation of the significant judgments made by the audit team and the conclusions reached in formulating its report for engagements meeting specified criteria is known as a(n):
- A) engagement quality control review.
- B) inspection.
- C) peer review.
- D) performance control evaluation.

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Remember

- 77) Which element of a system of quality control strives to provide the firm with reasonable assurance that its policies and procedures are operating effectively?
- A) Human resources
- B) Leadership responsibilities for quality within the firm
- C) Monitoring
- D) Relevant ethical requirements

Answer: C Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 78) When a firm decides to withdraw from an engagement, it should document all of the following *except*:
- A) significant issues influencing the decision to withdraw from the engagement.
- B) the basis for any conclusions related to this decision to withdraw from the engagement.
- C) significant consultations related to the decision to withdraw from the engagement.
- D) significant effects the decision to withdraw from the engagement could have on the firm.

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 79) Firm A performs audits of 60 public entities, while firm B performs audits of 120 public entities. How often must each firm undergo a PCAOB inspection?
- A) Both firm A and firm B will be inspected every other year.
- B) Firm A will be inspected annually and firm B will be inspected every three years.
- C) Firm A will be inspected every three years and firm B will be inspected annually.
- D) Both firm A and firm B will be inspected annually.

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Apply

- 80) PCAOB inspections are conducted by
- A) individuals selected by the PCAOB who are not current employees of public accounting firms.
- B) another public accounting firm selected by the firm being inspected.
- C) current employees of another public accounting firm selected by the PCAOB.
- D) the AICPA's Public Oversight Board.

Answer: A Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 81) All of the following are examples of procedures a firm can use to monitor its system of quality control *except*:
- A) discussions with firm personnel.
- B) conducting reviews of engagement documentation.
- C) devoting sufficient resources to developing a system of quality control.
- D) assessing compliance with independence policies and procedures.

Answer: C

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Evaluating the Quality of Public Accounting Firms' Practices

Learning Objective: 02-05 Understand the role of a system of quality control and monitoring efforts in enabling public accounting firms to meet appropriate levels of professional quality.

Blooms: Apply

For each of the items below, indicate through the appropriate letter the fundamental principle to which the item is most closely related.

- A) Performance principle
- B) Responsibilities principle
- C) Reporting principle
- 82) Maintaining professional skepticism.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

83) An auditors' overall conclusion of the fairness of the client's financial statements.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

84) The use of an audit plan to identify audit procedures to be performed during the engagement.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

85) Auditors' assessment of the risk of material misstatement.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

86) Accounting firm policies with respect to the level of expected continuing professional education.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

87) Expressing an opinion in accordance with the auditor's findings.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

88) Proper supervision of assistants on the audit.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

89) Auditors' requests to obtain bank statements directly from financial institutions with whom the client does business.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

90) An indication that an opinion cannot be expressed.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

91) Determining and applying an appropriate materiality level.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

Learning Objective: 02-02 Responsibilities Principle; 02-03 Performance Principle; 02-04

Reporting Principle Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Answers: 82) B 83) C 84) A 85) A 86) B 87) C 88) A 89) A 90) C 91) A

For each of the statements below, indicate through the appropriate letter whether it relates to the PCAOB, Auditing Standards Board, both the PCAOB and Auditing Standards Board, or neither the PCAOB nor Auditing Standards Board.

A) Auditing Standards Board

B) Neither PCAOB nor Auditing Standards Board

C) Both PCAOB and Auditing Standards Board

D) PCAOB

92) Conducts inspections of firms that audit public entities.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

93) Pronouncements may be used in the audit of nonpublic entities.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

94) Pronouncements may be used in the audit of public entities.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

95) Was created by the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

96) Involved with the certification and licensure of public accountants.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

97) Issues Statements on Auditing Standards.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

98) Conducts peer reviews of firms that audit nonpublic entities.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

99) Sanctions individual auditors for violations of generally accepted auditing standards.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: PCAOB; Auditing Standards Board

Learning Objective: 02-01 Generally Accepted Auditing Standards; 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Answers: 92) D 93) A 94) C 95) D 96) B 97) A 98) B 99) B

For each of the items below, indicate through the appropriate letter the element of a system of quality control to which it is most closely related.

- A) Monitoring
- B) Leadership responsibilities
- C) Relevant ethical requirements
- D) Acceptance and continuance of clients
- E) Engagement performance

100) Reviewing selected administrative and personnel records.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

101) Obtaining written confirmations regarding compliance with appropriate independence requirements.

Difficulty: 3 Hard
Topic: Quality Control

Topic. Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

102) Ensuring that financial considerations do not override the quality of work performed.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

103) Establishing policies and procedures for resolving differences of opinion within the engagement team.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

104) Devoting sufficient resources for developing, communicating, and supporting the firm's quality control policies and procedures.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

105) Evaluating the integrity and business reputation of the client.

Difficulty: 3 Hard Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

106) Identifying circumstances and relationships that create threats to auditor independence.

Difficulty: 3 Hard Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

107) Ensuring the firm's ability to perform the engagement with an appropriate level of professional competence.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

108) Maintaining engagement documentation for an appropriate period of time.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

109) Assessing the appropriateness of the firm's guidance materials and professional aids.

Difficulty: 3 Hard Topic: Quality Control

Learning Objective: 02-05 Quality Control

Blooms: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Answers: 100) A 101) C 102) B 103) E 104) B 105) D 106) C 107) D 108) E 109) A

110) Alan Fallon was recently promoted to senior accountant. He was put in charge of the Mellow Markets audit because of his experience with other grocery clients. Mellow Markets has a small, but growing, chain of natural food stores. This is the first year Mellow Markets has been audited. Because of their growth, Mellow Markets needs additional capital and intend to use their audited financial statements to secure a loan.

Alan has been assigned two inexperienced staff assistants for the audit. Because this is his first engagement as a senior, he intends to bring the job in on budget. To save time, he provided his assistants with a copy of the audit plan for Happy Time Food Stores. He told them that this would make things go more quickly. He also told them that he could not spend much time with them at the client's place of business, because "my time is billed out at such a high rate, we'll go right over budget." However, he did call them once a day from another audit on which he was working.

After beginning their work, the assistants told Alan that the audit plan did not always match up with what they found at Mellow Markets. Alan responded, "just cross out whatever is not relevant in the audit plan and don't add anything – it will only make us go over the budget." When Alan came to the client near the end of field work, one assistant was concerned that no inventory observation was done at the out-of-town locations of Mellow Markets (the audit plan had stipulated that inventory should be observed for in-town stores only). Happy Time had only one out-of-town location, while three of Mellow Markets' five stores were in other cities. Alan told the assistant to get inventory sheets from the client for the other stores and added "make sure that the inventory balance in the general ledger agrees with the total for all the inventory sheets." The next day, Alan reviewed all audit documentation and submitted the job for review by the manager.

## Required:

- 1. Describe the performance principle of GAAS.
- 2. Do you believe that the Mellow Markets audit complies with the performance principle? Explain.

Answer: According to the performance principle, to obtain reasonable assurance, which is high but not an absolute level of assurance, the auditor:

- 1. Plans the work and properly supervises any assistants.
- 2. Determines and applies appropriate materiality level or levels throughout the audit.
- 3. Identifies and assesses risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, based on an understanding of the entity and its environment, including the entity's internal control.
- 4. Obtains sufficient appropriate audit evidence about whether material misstatements exist, through designing and implementing appropriate responses to the assessed risks.

The Mellow Markets audit does not comply with the performance principle. With respect to planning, the failure to prepare an appropriate audit plan and lack of time and attention the inexperienced staff received from Alan violate the performance principle. In addition, there is no indication that any steps were taken to either understand the client's business or its internal control. Finally, these deficiencies suggest that the appropriate procedures were not performed to collect sufficient appropriate evidence. Further, the lack of a relevant plan to observe inventory in other cities and Alan's decision to limit inventory procedures to agreeing the inventory sheets and the general ledger inventory balance demonstrates the failure to gather sufficient appropriate evidence and represents an overall violation of the performance principle.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Fundamental Principle: Performance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Describe the fundamental principle of performance and identify the

major activities performed in an audit.

Blooms: Apply